

## 1. Set Up App Databases

### Tasks:

Choose a Database Type: Decide on SQL (PostgreSQL, MySQL) or NoSQL (MongoDB, Firebase) based on your data structure.

In our case we are to use mongoDB as our primary database and Firebase as a supportive storage and authentication.

### Design Database Schema:

Nutritional data: Food items, nutritional values.

Meal plans: User-specific meal plans.

User profiles: User information, preferences.

### Create the Database:

Set up the database server (local or cloud).

Use migration tools to create tables/collections.

### Resources/Tools:

DBMS: MongoDB and Firebase.

Design Tools: Lucidchart.

Hosting: AWS RDS (Alternate use), Google Cloud SQL (Primary one to use), Firebase.

## 2. Implement Algorithms for Meal Plans and Food Recommendations

### Tasks:

Research Nutritional Guidelines: Familiarize yourself with dietary needs.

Develop Recommendation Algorithms:

Content-based filtering based on user preferences.

Collaborative filtering for shared meal plans.

Optimize Algorithms: Test with different datasets to improve accuracy.

Resources/Tools:

Programming Languages: Python, JavaScript, typescript.

Libraries: 1. NumPy, Pandas for data handling; Scikit-learn for machine learning.

2. Express js for all backend processes.

3. Develop APIs for Backend-Frontend Connection

Tasks:

Define API Endpoints: Create RESTful endpoints for fetching and storing data.

Implement API Logic: Use a suitable web framework to build your API.

Handle Requests and Responses: Ensure data is sent and received correctly.

Resources/Tools:

Frameworks: Express.js (Node.js), Flask/Django (Python).

API Testing: Postman, Insomnia.

Documentation: Swagger, Postman.

4. Implement User Authentication and Security Protocols

### Tasks:

Choose Authentication Method: Implement OAuth2 or JWT for secure logins.

In our case case, we are choosing Oauth2 as our primary method for secure logins and firebase auth as backup auth

### Set Up Security Measures:

HTTPS for data transmission.

Data encryption (e.g., bcrypt for passwords).

Input validation to prevent attacks (e.g., SQL injection).

### Resources/Tools:

Libraries: Passport.js (Node.js), Flask-JWT (Python).

Encryption Tools: bcrypt, Argon2.

Security Guidelines: OWASP best practices.

## 5. Integrate AI Tools for Custom Responses

### Tasks:

Select AI Tools: Choose from OpenAI, Dialogflow, or custom models.

Integrate AI into APIs: Develop logic to send user queries to the AI and return responses.

Test AI Responses: Ensure they are accurate and relevant.

### Resources/Tools:

AI APIs: OpenAI API, Google Cloud AI.

Integration Libraries: Axios (for API requests), TensorFlow.js if needed.

## 6. Test Backend Infrastructure for Scalability and Reliability

### Tasks:

Set Up Testing Frameworks: Use unit and integration tests to validate API functionality.

Load Testing: Simulate user traffic to assess performance and scalability.

Monitoring: Implement logging and monitoring to track server performance.

### Resources/Tools:

Testing Frameworks: Jest, Mocha (JavaScript); pytest (Python).

Load Testing Tools: Apache JMeter, Locust.

Monitoring Tools: Grafana, Prometheus, New Relic.

## General Procedures

### 1. Project Management:

Use Agile methodologies (Scrum).

Tools: Jira, Trello for task tracking.

### 2. Version Control:

Use Git for version control and collaboration (GitHub, GitLab).

### 3. Documentation:

Maintain thorough documentation of APIs, algorithms, and setup instructions using Markdown or Confluence.