

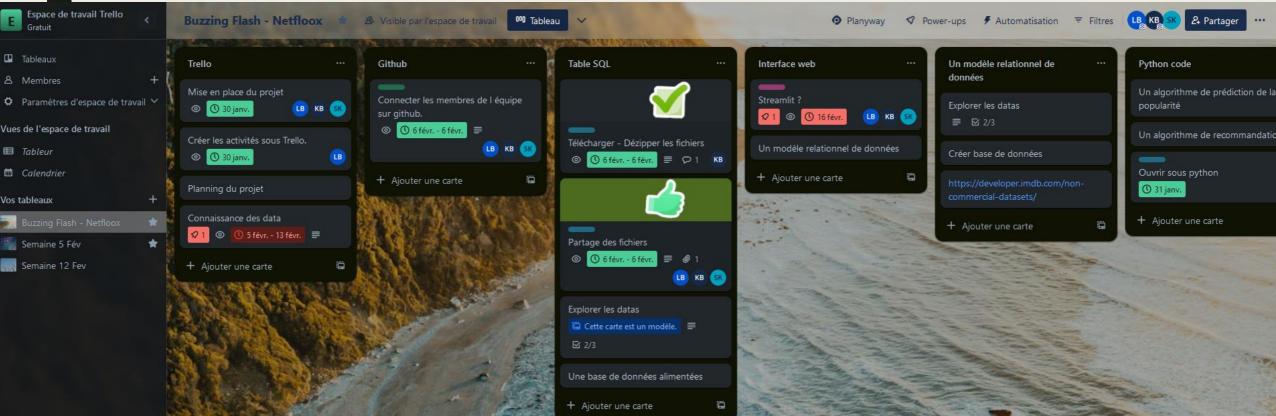
PROJET NETFLOOX

KAËLIG B. LAURENCE B. SAEEDULLAH R.Z.

B Trello









Ordre du jour :







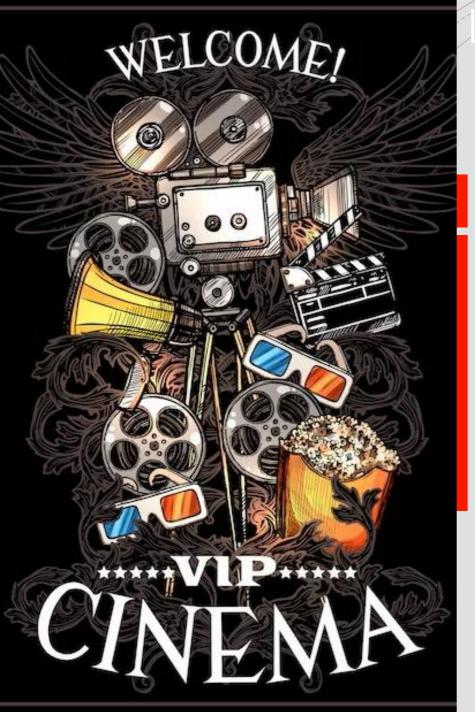


Introduction

Modèles

Résultats

Applications



Les besoins : '





és besoins :





Nous avons la solution!

Un service qui peut vous aider à faire le tri entre tous les contenus qui vous sont proposés et qui vous aidera à trouver les films et séries qui correspondent à vos critères.

« Popcorn Movies»







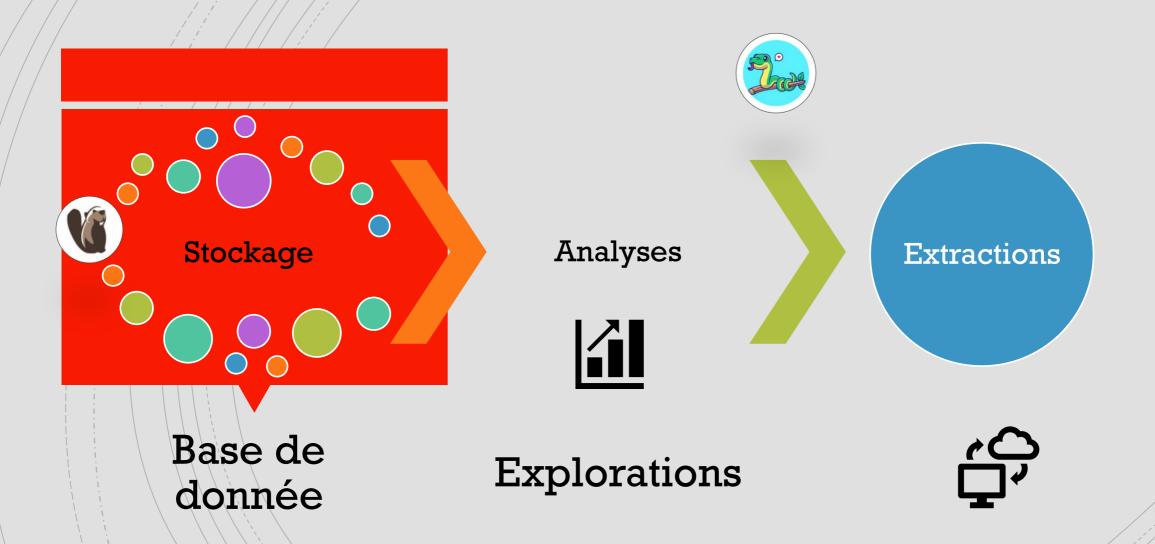
Il s'agit tout simplement d'un service de recommandation de films qui prend en compte vos préférences en matière de films.

Recommandations personnalisées en fonction d'un film qui vous a plu.





Les données : 'Internet Movie Database (littéralement «Base de données cinématographiques d'Internet »).

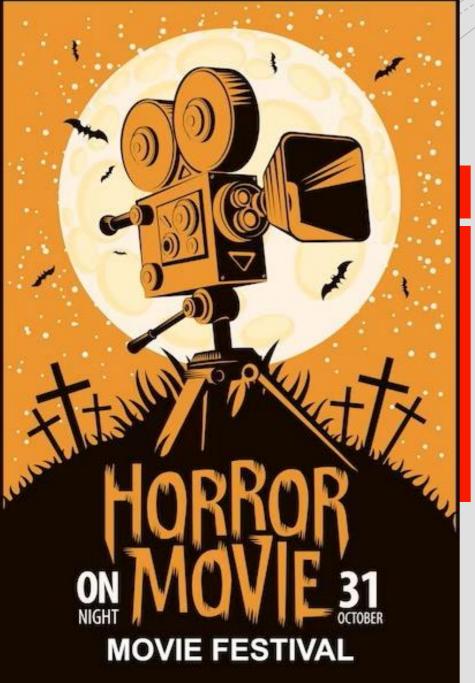




Base de données :

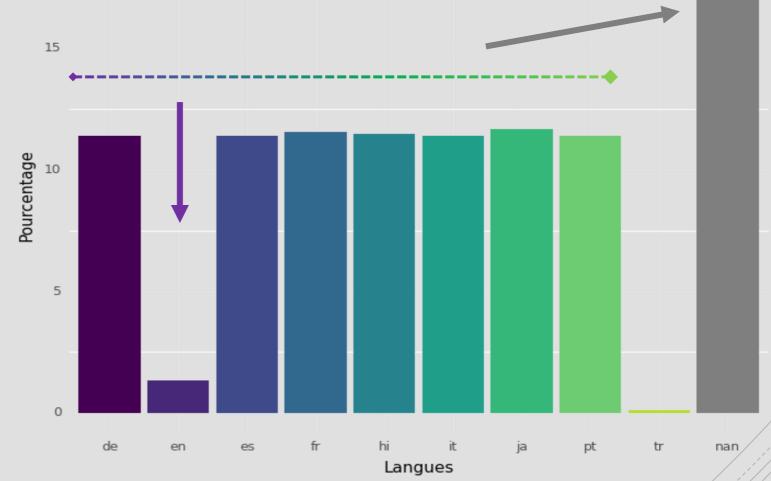


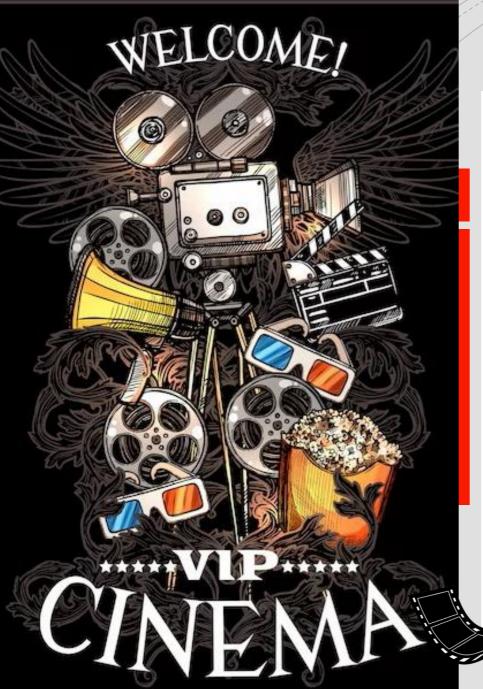
== public.title_episode	== public.title_principals	== public.name_basics	🖶 public.nbr_language
tconst varchar(50) NOT NULL	tconst varchar(11) NOT NULL	nconst varchar(11) NOT NULL	language varchar(5)
parenttconst varchar(50)	ordering int4 NOT NULL	primaryname varchar(50)	nbr int8
seasonnumber int4	nconst varchar(11)	birthyear int2	
episodenumber int4	category varchar(25)	deathyear int2	🖶 public.nbr_region
	job varchar(40)	primaryprofession varchar(50)	region varchar(5)
== public.title_ratings	characters varchar(85)	knownfortitles text	nbr int8
tconst varchar(10) NOT NULL	•	profession _text	
averagerating float4		connu_pour _text	😇 public.title_crew_view
numvotes int4	== public.title_basics	== public.title crew	tconst varchar(20)
numvotes	tconst varchar(11)		directors _varchar
	titletype varchar(500)		writers _varchar _
public.title_akas	primarytitle varchar(500)	directors text	
tconst varchar(11) NOT NULL	originaltitle varchar(250)	writers text	public.vote_etoile_films
ordering int4 NOT NULL	isadult int2	😇 public.view_fin	numvotes int4
title varchar(600)	startyear int2	directors _varchar	averagerating float4
region varchar(5)	endyear int2	writers _varchar	primarytitle varchar(500)
language varchar(5)	runtimeminutes int4	genres_type _varchar	
types varchar(20)		titletype varchar(500)	₩ public.acteur
attributes varchar(60)	genres_type _varchar	runtimeminutes int4	actor _text
isoriginal title int4		tconst varchar(11)	tconst varchar(11)
■ public.recommendations		language _text	teorist varenar(11)
id serial4 NOT NULL		actor _text	□ public.category_job
		originaltitle varchar(250)	category varchar(25)
movie_name varchar(255) recommended movie varchar(255)		averagerating float4	compte int8
recommended_movie varchar(255)		-	compte



Top 10 des langues pour l'ensemble de la BD

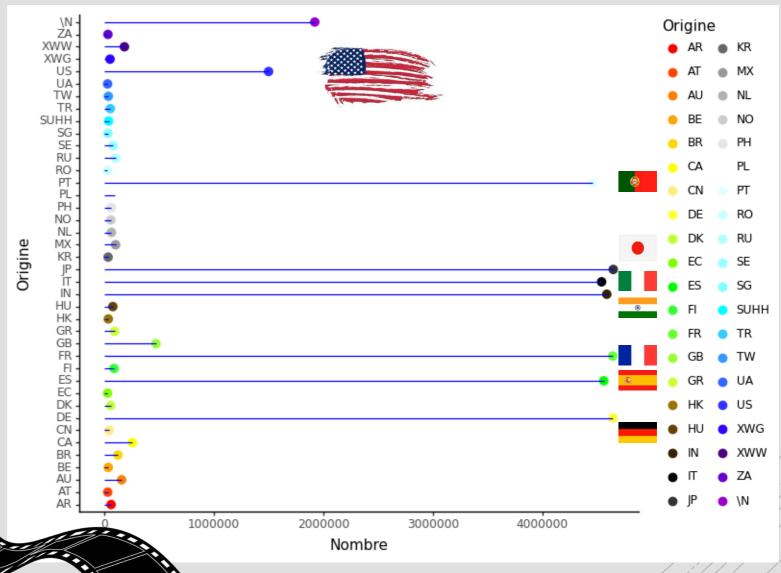






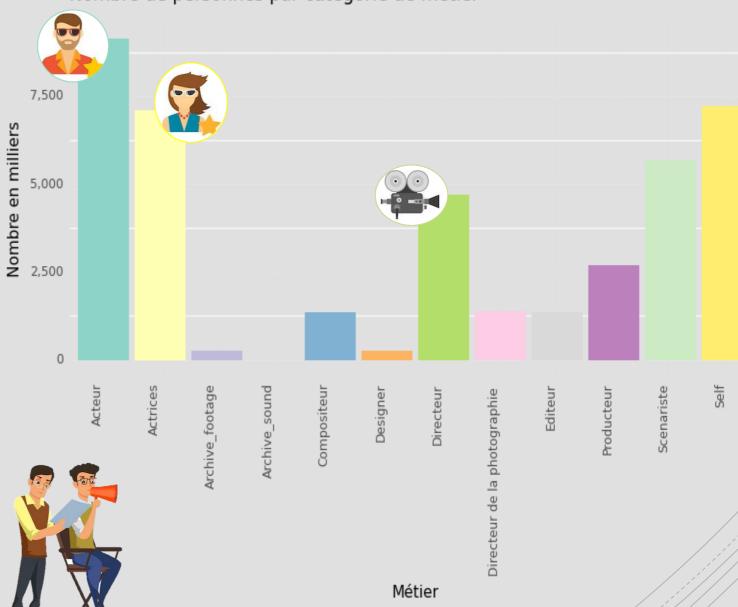
Top 40 de l'origine pour l'ensemble de la BD



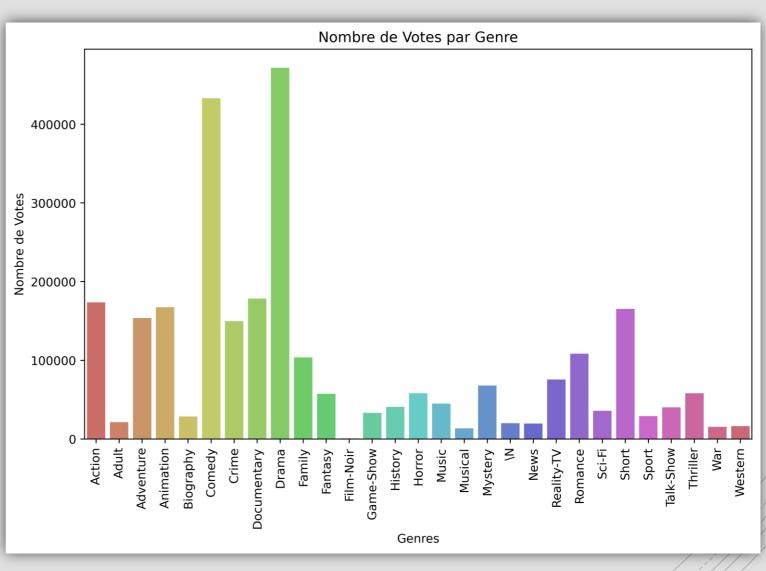


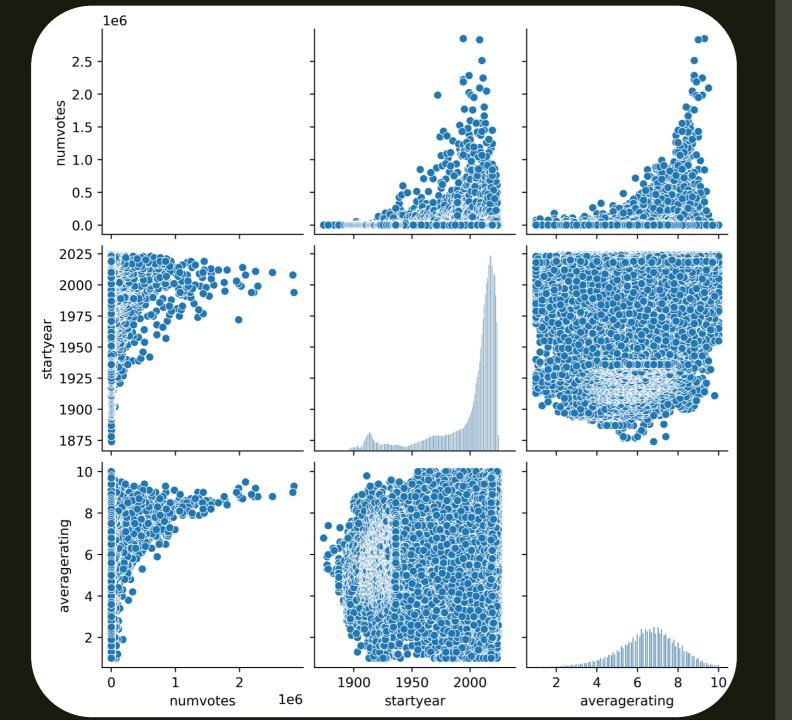


Nombre de personnes par catégorie de métier











Relation entre la notation, le nombre de vote et les années de production.







Extraction CSV

Analyses

Cosinus de similarité





Original title

Features

Directors

Writers

Genres

Numvotes

Actor

StarYear

Runtimesminutes





Recommandation



Recherche d'un film sur l'ensemble

Cosinus de similarity

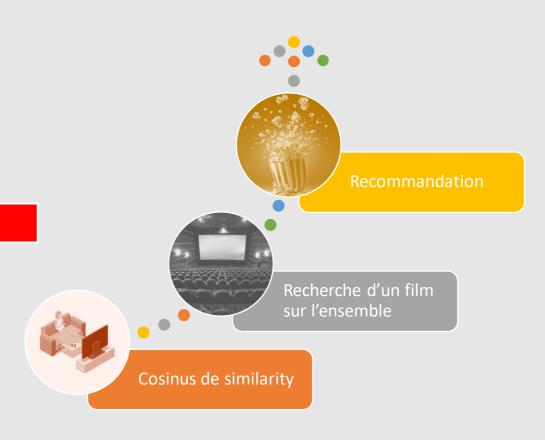
Modèle de recommandation :



- Possible sur nos ordinateurs

- Re-calculer le cosinus à chaque film





- Pour éviter une matrice trop importante
- 5 films les + similaires





Target

Original title



Directors

Writers

Genres

Numvotes

Actor

StarYear

Runtimesminutes



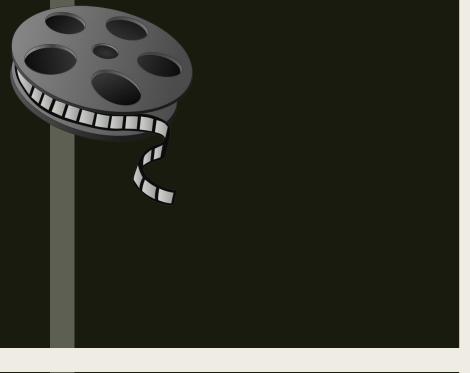


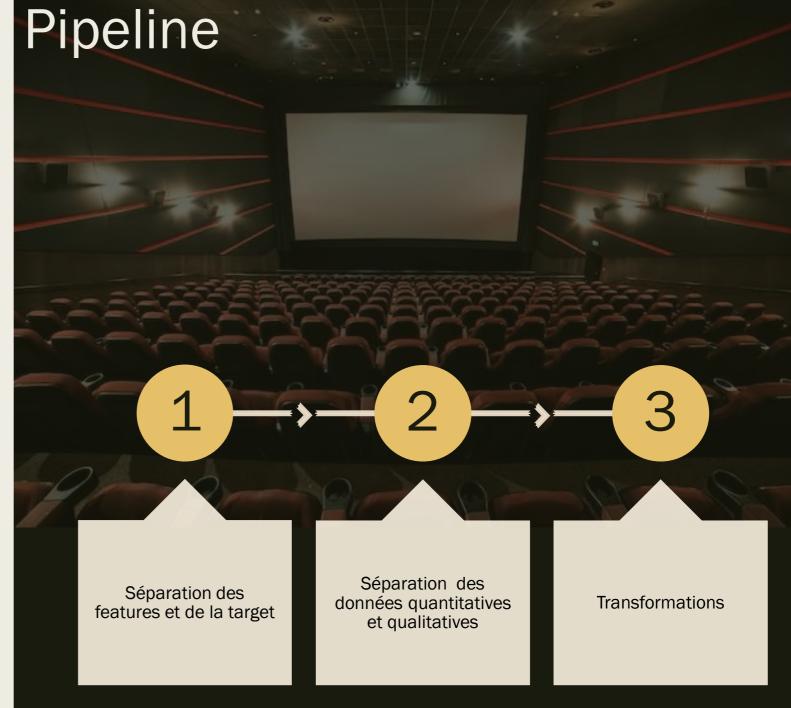
Prédiction

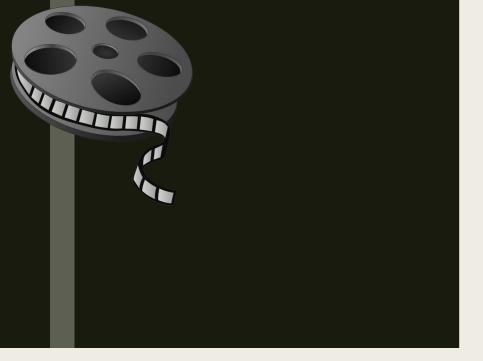


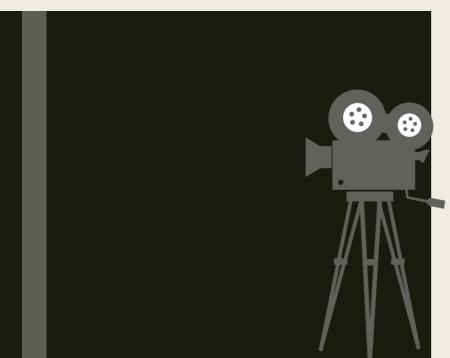
Analyses des points forts

Random Forest

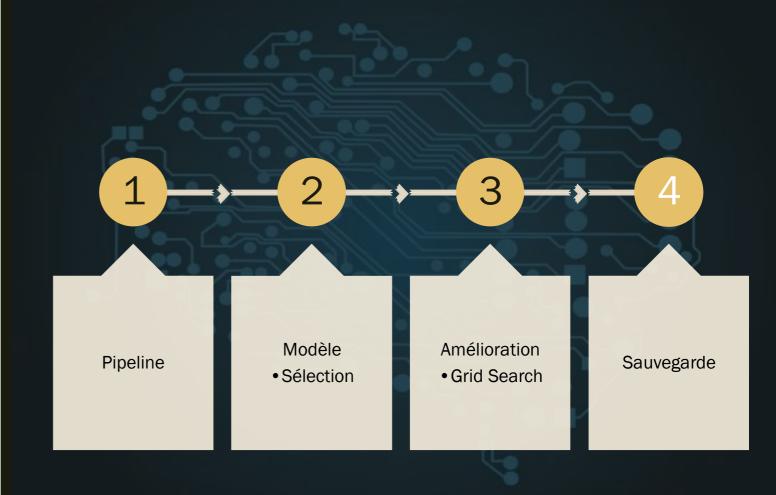








Comment entrainer le modèle





```
pipeline(model=DecisionTreeRegressor(), num=[SimpleImputer(),StandardScaler()],
          text=[OneHotEncoder(handle unknown='ignore')]):
colonne numerique=['startyear','runtimeminutes','numvotes']
colonne nominal=[colonne for colonne in X.columns if colonne not in colonne numerique]
pip num = Pipeline(steps=[(f"etape num {count}", i) for count, i in enumerate(num)])
pip text = Pipeline(steps=[(f"etape text {count}", i) for count, i in enumerate(text)])
preprocess = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('text', pip text, colonne nominal),
                                                  ('num', pip_num, colonne_numerique)])
model = Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor', preprocess), ('model', model)])
return model
    def hGS(df,param,cv):
        v = df['averagerating']
        X = df.drop(['averagerating','titletype','features'],axis=1) #df['message']
        X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.25, random state=42)
        grid = HalvingGridSearchCV(estimator=pipeline(),param grid=param,scoring='neg mean squared error',
                                cv=cv,n jobs=-1, verbose=1, error score="raise")
        grid.fit(X train, y train)
        best score = grid.best score
        best params = grid.best params
        training time = grid.cv results ['mean fit time'].mean()
        return({'best score': best score,
               'best params': best params,
               'training time': training time,
               'fitted model': grid.best estimator })
```

On regarde quoi ce soir



Application



