

Project Proposal: Image Segmentation for Ultrasound

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powered by analogic 

Project Proposer

- Franck Franck
 - DIKU Masters 2009
 - Bell Labs, Ireland 2010-2012
 - Ph.D., Trinity College Dublin 2012-2015
 - BK Ultrasound 2015 –
- ffranck@bkultrasound.com
- BK Ultrasound
 - Danish Company
 - ~100 employees in Herlev
 - Develops and builds ultrasound scanners (hardware, software, mechanics)
 - Specialized in urology, with a large world-wide market share
 - Also market-leading in surgery and neurology
- www.bkultrasound.com

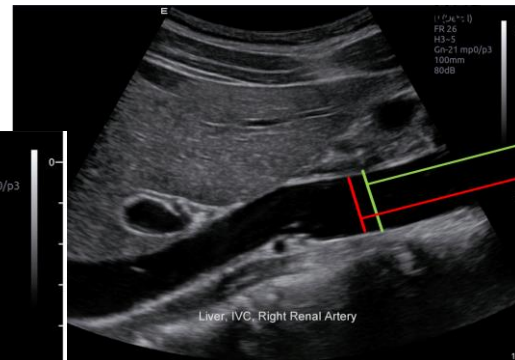
Problem

When making measurements (e.g., blood flow volume or mass sizes) in ultrasound images, the operator must manually select measurement points.

But:

Is this the best approximation to cyst volume ...

... or is this?



Is this the correct vessel diameter (outside) ...
... or is this (inside)?

Exactly how measurement points are placed is largely operator dependent. Thus, if two exams are done by different operators, results may be different.

Problem II

- Why this matters:
 - Measurements taken months apart are used to determine treatment
 - Whether a mass (cyst or tumor) is growing or shrinking can determine whether a patient needs surgery or cancer therapy
 - Whether blood flow or plaque buildup in an artery is stable or not determines whether vascular surgery is needed
- Having a stable mechanism for measurements would prevent unneeded therapy and ensure that therapy is given when needed

Proposed Solution

- Automatic, robust, real-time image segmentation
 - Use image processing algorithms in the ultrasound scanner to find the features in the images
 - Produce comparable measurements from different scanning sessions regardless of operator preferences
- Algorithm research department at BK Ultrasound have identified a good candidate for segmentation algorithm
 - Method published and freely available
 - Reference implementation available
- We need a fast, OpenCL-based implementation

Project Proposal

- Analyze the image segmentation algorithm, apply optimizations learned in PMPH, and implement in Futhark
- Compare speed and quality of produced segmented images and evaluate whether the algorithm is suitable for real-time use