

# Assignment 2

1.

a. c

$$b. I(x; y) = h(x) - h(x|y)$$

because  $x$  and  $y$  are independent  $h(x) = h(x|y)$   
 $I(x; y) = 0$

$$2. a.) P(X_A = 0, X_B = 1) = \frac{N_b - N_{AB}}{N}$$

$$P(X_A = 0, X_B = 0) = \frac{N - (N_A + N_B + N_{AB})}{N}$$

$$b.) I(X_{\text{computer}}, X_{\text{program}}) =$$

$$\sum_{u \in \{0,1\}} \sum_{v \in \{0,1\}} P(X_{\text{computer}} = u, X_{\text{program}} = v) \log \frac{P(X_{\text{computer}}, X_{\text{program}})}{P(X_{\text{computer}}) P(X_{\text{program}})}$$

$$P(X_{\text{computer}} = 0, X_{\text{program}} = 0) = \frac{27,9821}{26,314} = 0.7708$$

$$P(X_{\text{computer}} = 0, X_{\text{program}} = 1) = \frac{2021}{26,314} = 0.07657$$

$$p(X_{\text{computer}}=1; X_{\text{program}}=0) = \frac{1041}{26394} = .03944$$

$$p(X_{\text{computer}}=1, X_{\text{program}}=1) = \frac{349}{26394} = .01322$$

$$p(X_{\text{computer}}=0) = \frac{25004}{26394} = .94734$$

$$p(X_{\text{computer}}=1) = \frac{1390}{26394} = .05266$$

$$p(X_{\text{program}}=0) = \frac{21024}{26394} = .91021$$

$$p(X_{\text{program}}=1) = \frac{2370}{26394} = .08979$$

$$I(X_{\text{computer}}; X_{\text{program}}) =$$

$$(.9705) \cdot \log \left[ \frac{.9705}{(.91021)(.94734)} \right] + .07657 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{.07657}{(.94734)(.08979)} \right]$$

$$+ .03944 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{.03944}{(.05266)(.91021)} \right] + .01322 \cdot \log \left[ \frac{.01322}{(.05266)(.08979)} \right]$$

$$= .01239 + -.01162 = .01077$$

$$\boxed{.0097}$$

$$f(x_{\text{computer}}; x_{\text{backlog}})$$

$$p(x_{\text{computer}}=0, x_{\text{backlog}}=0) = .6698$$

$$p(x_{\text{computer}}=0, x_{\text{backlog}}=1) = .07675$$

$$p(x_{\text{computer}}=1, x_{\text{backlog}}=0) = .05179$$

$$p(x_{\text{computer}}=1, x_{\text{backlog}}=1) = .006714$$

$$p(x_{\text{computer}}=1) = .05866$$

$$p(x_{\text{computer}}=0) = .94734$$

$$p(x_{\text{backlog}}=1) = .06123$$

$$p(x_{\text{backlog}}=0) = .93877$$

$$L(x_{\text{computer}}; x_{\text{backlog}}) =$$

$$.6698 \cdot \log\left(\frac{.6698}{(.94734)(.93877)}\right) + .07675 \cdot \log\left(\frac{.07675}{(.94734)(.06123)}\right)$$

$$+ .05179 \cdot \log\left(\frac{.05179}{(.05866)(.93877)}\right) + .006714 \cdot \log\left(\frac{.006714}{(.05866)(.06123)}\right)$$

$$= -.004906 + .002623 + .005015 + -.000$$

$$= \boxed{.002732}$$

2.C

$$I(\text{computer}; \text{basketball}) > I(\text{computer}; \text{basketball})$$

which makes sense because program is more related to computer than basketball

2.D

top 10 pair count

$$(\text{January paper}) = 161$$

$$(\text{language programming}) = 153$$

$$(\text{January time}) = 150$$

$$(\text{January program}) = 149$$

$$(\text{January system}) = 149$$

$$(\text{data, January}) = 143$$

$$(\text{January presented}) = 141$$

$$(\text{January programming}) = 139$$

$$(\text{program program}) = 133$$

$$(\text{January method}) = 125$$

2.E

best mutual information

$$(\text{Input, output}) = .0941$$

$$(\text{information retrieval}) = .0624$$

$$(\text{language language}) = .068$$

$$(\text{language programming}) = .0637$$

$$(\text{JR, Thatcher}) = .05996$$

$$(\text{differential equation}) = .05945$$

$$(\text{memory virtual}) = .05579$$

These top 10 show words that are more related to each other, than the other top 10, because it normalizes number of occurrences.



top 5 words programming:

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{programming, language}) &= .064 \\ (\text{programming, language}) &= .05576 \\ (\text{programming, program}) &= .019 \\ (\text{programming, programs}) &= .01897 \\ (\text{programming, paper}) &= .0168 \end{aligned}$$

Yes this list seems to be reasonable

3.) a KL divergence  $\geq 0$  if two distributions are equal, the KL divergence will be 0

b.)			
$x$	$p(x=x)$	$y$	$p(x=y)$
1	.10	1	.70
2	.40	2	.15
3	.50	1	.05
4		4	
5		5	
		6	

$\uparrow$   
 $P$

$\uparrow$   
 $Q$

$$D(P||Q) = \sum_x P(x) \log \left( \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)} \right) = 1.937$$

$$D(Q||P) = \sum_x Q(x) \log \left( \frac{Q(x)}{P(x)} \right) = 2.032$$

4)

when  $q(x) = 0$

the denominator becomes 0 in

$$\sum p(x) \log\left(\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}\right)$$

we can fix this issue by using a smoothing formula to make sure probabilities can't be 0