#### VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



# LAB REPORT on

# **Operating Systems (22CS4PCOPS)**

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(Autonomous Institution under VTU)
BENGALURU-560019
June-2023 to September-2023

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#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "Operating Systems" carried out by **Ananya Aithal** (1BM21CS259), who is a bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering.** It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **Operating Systems -** (22CS4PCOPS) work prescribed for the said degree.

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Write a C program to simulate the following non-pre-emptive CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.

**?FCFS** 

☑ SJF (preemptive & Non-pre-emptive)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int num;
int wait_time[100], burst_time[100], tat[100], proc[100], arrival_time[100];
void burstsort() {
for (int i = 0; i < num - 1; i++)
 {
  for (int j = 0; j < num - i - 1; j++)
  {
   if (burst_time[j] > burst_time[j + 1])
   {
    int temp = burst time[j];
    burst time[j] = burst time[j + 1];
    burst time[j + 1] = temp;
    temp = proc[j];
    proc[j] = proc[j + 1];
    proc[j + 1] = temp;
    temp = arrival time[j];
    arrival time[j] = arrival time[j + 1];
```

```
arrival_time[j + 1] = temp;
  }
 }
}
void
waitingtime2() {
int remaining_time[num];
int completed = 0;
// Initialize the remaining_time array
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
  remaining_time[i] = burst_time[i];
int current_time = 0;
 while (completed != num) {
  int shortest index = -1;
  int shortest_burst = __INT_MAX__;
  // Find the process with the shortest remaining burst time among the arrived and
uncompleted processes
  for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
   if (arrival time[i] <= current time &&
    remaining_time[i] < shortest_burst && remaining_time[i] > 0) {
    shortest_burst = remaining_time[i];
    shortest_index = i;
   }
  }
```

```
if (shortest_index == -1) {
   current_time++;
  } else {
   // Execute the process for 1 unit of time
   remaining_time[shortest_index]--;
   current_time++;
   // If the process is completed, update the waiting time and completed count
   if (remaining_time[shortest_index] == 0) {
    completed++;
    wait time[shortest index] =
     current_time - burst_time[shortest_index] -
     arrival_time[shortest_index] - arrival_time[0];
    if (wait_time[shortest_index] < 0)</pre>
     wait time[shortest index] = 0;
   }
  }
 }
}
void
waitingtime1() {
 wait_time[0] = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < num; i++)
 {
  wait_time[i] = burst_time[i - 1] + wait_time[i - 1] - arrival_time[i];
  if (wait_time[i] < 0)
```

```
wait_time[i] = 0;
}
}
void
turnaroundtime() {
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
  tat[i] = burst_time[i] + wait_time[i];
}
void
avgtime() {
 double avg_wait = 0.0, avg_tat = 0.0;
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
 {
  avg_wait += wait_time[i];
  avg_tat += tat[i];
 avg_wait = avg_wait / num;
 avg_tat = avg_tat / num;
 printf("Average waiting time is %f\nAverage turnaround time is %f\n",
  avg_wait, avg_tat);
}
int
main() {
 printf("1.FCFS\n2.SJF\n3.SRTF\nEnter your choice:");
```

```
int ch;
scanf("%d", & ch);
if (ch < 1 || ch > 3)
{
 printf("Invalid choice!");
 return 0;
}
printf("Enter the total number of processes:");
scanf("%d", & num);
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
{
 printf("Process %d\n", i + 1);
 printf("Burst Time:");
 scanf("%d", & burst_time[i]);
 proc[i] = i + 1;
 printf("Arrival Time:");
 scanf("%d", & arrival_time[i]);
 printf("\n");
switch (ch)
{
case 1:
 waitingtime1();
```

```
turnaroundtime();
printf
 ("Process\tArrival Time\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
 printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", proc[i], arrival_time[i],
  burst_time[i], wait_time[i], tat[i]);
avgtime();
break;
case 2:
burstsort();
waitingtime1();
turnaroundtime();
printf
 ("Process\tArrival Time\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
 burst_time[i], wait_time[i], tat[i]);
avgtime();
break;
case 3:
waitingtime2();
turnaroundtime();
printf
 ("Process\tArrival Time\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
```

```
printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", proc[i], arrival_time[i],
    burst_time[i], wait_time[i], tat[i]);
avgtime();
break;
}
return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
1.FCFS
2.SJF
3.SRTF
Enter your choice:1
Enter the total number of processes:4
Process 1
Burst Time:12
Arrival Time:1
Process 2
Burst Time:4
Arrival Time:0
Process 3
Burst Time:3
Arrival Time:2
Process 4
Burst Time:5
Arrival Time:4
Process Arrival Time
                        Burst Time
                                         Waiting Time
                                                          Turnaround Time
                        12
                                         0
        0
                                         12
                                                          16
        2
                                         14
                                                          17
                                         13
                                                          18
Average waiting time is 9.750000
Average turnaround time is 15.750000
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
1.FCFS
2.SJF
3.SRTF
Enter your choice:2
Enter the total number of processes:4
Process 1
Burst Time:12
Arrival Time:1
Process 2
Burst Time:4
Arrival Time:0
Process 3
Burst Time:3
Arrival Time:2
Process 4
Burst Time:5
Arrival Time:4
Process Arrival Time
                                        Waiting Time
                        Burst Time
                                                         Turnaround Time
       4
                                                         8
                        12
                                                         19
Average waiting time is 3.250000
Average turnaround time is 9.250000
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
1.FCFS
2.SJF
3.SRTF
Enter your choice:3
Enter the total number of processes:4
Process 1
Burst Time:12
Arrival Time:1
Process 2
Burst Time:4
Arrival Time:0
Process 3
Burst Time:3
Arrival Time:2
Process 4
Burst Time:5
Arrival Time:4
Process Arrival Time
                                                               Turnaround Time
                           Burst Time
                                             Waiting Time
                                             10
        0
                          4
                                             0
Average waiting time is 3.250000
Average turnaround time is 9.250000
```

```
Write a C program to simulate the following CPU scheduling
algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.
Priority (preemptive & Non-pre-emptive)

②Round Robin (Experiment with different quantum sizes for RR)

algorithm)
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX PROCESSES 10
void roundRobin(int burst time[], int arrival time[], int n, int time quantum) {
  int remaining time[MAX PROCESSES];
  int waiting_time[MAX_PROCESSES] = {0};
  int turnaround time[MAX PROCESSES] = {0};
  // Initialize the remaining time array with burst times
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    remaining time[i] = burst time[i];
  }
  int current time = 0;
  int completed = 0;
  int front = 0, rear = 0;
  int queue[MAX PROCESSES];
  while (completed < n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      if (arrival_time[i] <= current_time && remaining_time[i] > 0) {
        queue[rear++] = i;
      }
    }
    if (front == rear) {
      current_time++;
      continue;
    }
    int process index = queue[front];
    front = (front + 1) % MAX PROCESSES;
    if (remaining time[process index] <= time quantum) {
      current time += remaining time[process index];
```

```
turnaround time[process index] = current time - arrival time[process index];
      waiting time[process index] = turnaround time[process index] -
burst time[process index];
      remaining time[process_index] = 0;
      completed++;
    } else {
      current time += time quantum;
      remaining time[process index] -= time quantum;
    }
  }
  // Calculate average waiting time and turnaround time
  double avg waiting time = 0.0;
  double avg turnaround time = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    avg waiting time += waiting time[i];
    avg_turnaround_time += turnaround_time[i];
  }
  avg waiting time /= n;
  avg turnaround time /= n;
  // Print the results
  printf("Round Robin Scheduling with Arrival Time\n");
  printf("Process\tBurst Time\tArrival Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", i + 1, burst time[i], arrival time[i], waiting time[i],
turnaround time[i]);
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", avg_waiting_time);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg turnaround time);
}
void preemptivePriority(int burst_time[], int arrival_time[], int priority[], int n) {
  int remaining time[MAX PROCESSES];
  int waiting_time[MAX_PROCESSES] = {0};
  int turnaround time[MAX PROCESSES] = {0};
  // Initialize the remaining time array with burst times
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    remaining time[i] = burst time[i];
```

```
}
  int current_time = 0;
  int completed = 0;
  while (completed < n) {
    int highest_priority = 9999; // Higher value means lower priority
    int selected process = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      if (arrival_time[i] <= current_time && remaining_time[i] > 0 && priority[i] <
highest_priority) {
        highest priority = priority[i];
        selected process = i;
      }
    }
    if (selected_process == -1) {
      current time++;
      continue;
    }
    remaining time[selected process]--;
    current_time++;
    if (remaining time[selected process] == 0) {
      turnaround time[selected_process] = current_time - arrival_time[selected_process];
      waiting time[selected process] = turnaround time[selected process] -
burst time[selected process];
      completed++;
    }
  }
  // Calculate average waiting time and turnaround time
  double avg waiting time = 0.0;
  double avg turnaround time = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    avg_waiting_time += waiting_time[i];
    avg_turnaround_time += turnaround_time[i];
  }
  avg waiting time /= n;
  avg_turnaround_time /= n;
```

```
// Print the results
  printf("\nPreemptive Priority Scheduling with Arrival Time\n");
  printf("Process\tBurst Time\tArrival Time\tPriority\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    waiting time[i], turnaround time[i]);
  }
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", avg waiting time);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
}
int main() {
 int n;
  printf("Enter the total number of processes (up to %d): ", MAX PROCESSES);
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int burst time[MAX PROCESSES], arrival time[MAX PROCESSES], priority[MAX PROCESSES];
  printf("Enter the burst time, arrival time, and priority for each process:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("Process %d\n", i + 1);
    printf("Burst Time: ");
    scanf("%d", &burst time[i]);
    printf("Arrival Time: ");
    scanf("%d", &arrival time[i]);
    printf("Priority: ");
    scanf("%d", &priority[i]);
  }
  int time_quantum;
  printf("Enter the time quantum for Round Robin: ");
  scanf("%d", &time quantum);
  roundRobin(burst time, arrival time, n, time quantum);
  preemptivePriority(burst time, arrival time, priority, n);
  return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the total number of processes (up to 10): 3
Enter the burst time, arrival time, and priority for each process:
Process 1
Burst Time: 12
Arrival Time: 1
Priority: 1
Process 2
Burst Time: 4
Arrival Time: 0
Priority: 2
Process 3
Burst Time: 3
Arrival Time: 2
Priority: 3
Enter the time quantum for Round Robin: 2
Round Robin Scheduling with Arrival Time
Process Burst Time
                       Arrival Time
                                         Waiting Time
                                                          Turnaround Time
        12
                        1
                                         0
                                                          2
                                                          0
        4
                        0
                                         6
        3
                        2
                                         6
                                                          9
Average Waiting Time: 4.00
Average Turnaround Time: 3.67
```

```
Preemptive Priority Scheduling with Arrival Time
Process Burst Time Arrival Time Priority Waiting Time Turnaround Time
1 12 1 1 0 12
2 4 0 2 12 16
3 3 2 3 14 17

Average Waiting Time: 8.67
Average Turnaround Time: 15.00
```

Write a C program to simulate a multi-level queue scheduling algorithm considering the following scenario. All the processes in the system are divided into two categories – system processes and user processes. System processes are to be given higher priority than user processes. Use FCFS scheduling for the processes in each queue.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
#define MAX QUEUE SIZE 100
// Structure to represent a process
struct process {
  int pid;
  int priority;
  int burst time;
};
// Function to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm
void fcfs_scheduling(struct process queue[], int size) {
  int total time = 0;
  float average wait time = 0;
  float average turnaround time = 0;
  printf("\nProcess\tPriority\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    int waiting time = total time;
    int turnaround time = waiting time + queue[i].burst time;
    printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", queue[i].pid, queue[i].priority, queue[i].burst time,
waiting time, turnaround time);
    total time += queue[i].burst time;
    average wait time += waiting time;
    average turnaround time += turnaround time;
  }
  average wait time /= size;
  average turnaround time /= size;
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", average wait time);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", average turnaround time);
```

```
}
int main() {
  int num_system_processes, num_user_processes;
  printf("Enter the number of system processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &num system processes);
  printf("Enter the number of user processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_user_processes);
  // Create queues for system processes and user processes
  struct process system queue[MAX QUEUE SIZE];
  struct process user queue[MAX QUEUE SIZE];
  // Accept details for system processes
  printf("\nEnter details for system processes:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num_system_processes; i++) {
    printf("\nProcess %d:\n", i + 1);
    system queue[i].pid = i + 1;
    system_queue[i].priority = 1; // Higher priority for system processes
    printf("Enter burst time: ");
    scanf("%d", &system queue[i].burst time);
  }
  // Accept details for user processes
  printf("\nEnter details for user processes:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num user processes; i++) {
    printf("\nProcess %d:\n", i + 1);
    user queue[i].pid = i + 1;
    user_queue[i].priority = 2; // Lower priority for user processes
    printf("Enter burst time: ");
    scanf("%d", &user_queue[i].burst_time);
  }
  printf("\n--- System Processes ---\n");
  fcfs_scheduling(system_queue, num_system_processes);
  printf("\n--- User Processes ---\n");
  fcfs_scheduling(user_queue, num_user_processes);
  // Preemptive execution of system processes
  int system queue index = 0;
  int user queue index = 0;
```

```
printf("\n--- Execution Order ---\n");
  printf("Process\tPriority\tBurst Time\n");
  while (system queue index < num system processes | user queue index <
num user processes) {
    if (system gueue index < num system processes && user gueue index <
num user processes) {
      // Compare the burst times of the current processes in both queues
      if (system queue[system queue index].burst time <=
user queue[user_queue_index].burst_time) {
        printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n", system_queue[system_queue_index].pid,
system queue[system queue index].priority,
system queue[system queue index].burst time);
        system queue index++;
      } else {
        printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n", user queue[user queue index].pid,
user_queue[user_queue_index].priority, user_queue[user_queue_index].burst_time);
        user queue index++;
      }
    } else if (system queue index < num system processes) {
      printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n", system queue[system queue index].pid,
system queue[system queue index].priority,
system queue[system queue index].burst time);
      system queue index++;
    } else if (user queue index < num user processes) {
      printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n", user_queue[user_queue_index].pid,
user queue[user queue index].priority, user queue[user queue index].burst time);
      user queue index++;
    }
  }
  return 0;
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of system processes: 3
Enter the number of user processes: 3
Enter details for system processes:
Process 1:
Enter burst time: 12
Process 2:
Enter burst time: 25
Process 3:
Enter burst time: 3
Enter details for user processes:
Process 1:
Enter burst time: 20
Process 2:
Enter burst time: 6
Process 3:
Enter burst time: 9
```

```
-- System Processes ---
                                      Waiting Time
                                                      Turnaround Time
Process Priority
                       Burst Time
                                       12
       1
                                                      40
Average Waiting Time: 16.33
Average Turnaround Time: 29.67
--- User Processes ---
                                      Waiting Time
                                                      Turnaround Time
Process Priority
                       Burst Time
       2
                       20
                                                      20
       2
                       6
                                       20
                                                      26
       2
                       9
                                                      35
                                       26
Average Waiting Time: 15.33
Average Turnaround Time: 27.00
```

```
Write a C program to simulate Real-Time CPU Scheduling
algorithms:
a) Rate- Monotonic
b) Earliest-deadline First
c) Proportional scheduling
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX TASKS 100
// Structure to represent a task
struct task {
  int id;
  int period;
  int execution time;
  int deadline;
  int priority;
  int response time;
  int start_time;
  int finish time;
};
// Function to simulate Rate-Monotonic scheduling algorithm
void rate monotonic(struct task tasks[], int num tasks) {
  printf("Rate-Monotonic Scheduling:\n");
  int current time = 0;
  int total_response_time = 0;
  int total turnaround time = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < num tasks; i++) {
    struct task current task = tasks[i];
    if (current task.start time > current time)
      current time = current task.start time;
    current task.start time = current time;
    current task.finish time = current time + current task.execution time;
    current task.response time = current task.start time;
    total response time += current task.response time;
    total turnaround time += current task.finish time;
```

```
current time += current task.period;
    printf("Task %d: Start Time = %d, Finish Time = %d\n", current task.id,
current task.start time, current task.finish time);
  float average response time = (float)total response time / num tasks;
  float average turnaround time = (float)total turnaround time / num tasks;
  printf("Average Response Time: %.2f\n", average_response_time);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", average turnaround time);
  printf("\n");
}
// Function to simulate Earliest-Deadline First scheduling algorithm
void earliest deadline first(struct task tasks[], int num tasks) {
  printf("Earliest-Deadline First Scheduling:\n");
  int current time = 0;
  int total response time = 0;
  int total turnaround time = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < num tasks; i++) {
    struct task current task = tasks[i];
    if (current task.start time > current time)
      current_time = current_task.start_time;
    current task.start time = current time;
    current task.finish time = current time + current task.execution time;
    current task.response time = current task.start time;
    total response time += current task.response time;
    total_turnaround_time += current_task.finish_time;
    current time += current task.period;
    printf("Task %d: Start Time = %d, Finish Time = %d\n", current task.id,
current task.start time, current task.finish time);
  }
  float average response time = (float)total response time / num tasks;
  float average_turnaround_time = (float)total_turnaround_time / num_tasks;
  printf("Average Response Time: %.2f\n", average response time);
```

```
printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", average turnaround time);
  printf("\n");
}
// Function to simulate Proportional Scheduling algorithm
void proportional scheduling(struct task tasks[], int num tasks) {
  printf("Proportional Scheduling:\n");
  int current time = 0;
  int total response time = 0;
  int total turnaround time = 0;
  int total execution time = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < num tasks; i++) {
    total execution time += tasks[i].execution time;
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < num tasks; i++) {
    struct task current task = tasks[i];
    if (current task.start time > current time)
      current_time = current_task.start_time;
    current_task.start_time = current_time;
    current task.finish time = current time + (int)((float)current task.execution time /
total execution time * 100);
    current task.response time = current task.start time;
    total response time += current task.response time;
    total turnaround time += current task.finish time;
    current time += (int)((float)current task.execution time / total execution time * 100);
    printf("Task %d: Start Time = %d, Finish Time = %d\n", current task.id,
current task.start time, current task.finish time);
  }
  float average response time = (float)total response time / num tasks;
  float average turnaround time = (float)total turnaround time / num tasks;
  printf("Average Response Time: %.2f\n", average response time);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", average turnaround time);
  printf("\n");
}
```

```
int main() {
  int num_tasks;
  printf("Enter the number of tasks: ");
  scanf("%d", &num tasks);
  struct task tasks[MAX_TASKS];
  // Accept task details from the user
  for (int i = 0; i < num_tasks; i++) {
    printf("\nTask %d:\n", i + 1);
    tasks[i].id = i + 1;
    printf("Enter the period: ");
    scanf("%d", &tasks[i].period);
    printf("Enter the execution time: ");
    scanf("%d", &tasks[i].execution_time);
    printf("Enter the deadline: ");
    scanf("%d", &tasks[i].deadline);
    printf("Enter the priority: ");
    scanf("%d", &tasks[i].priority);
    printf("Enter the start time: ");
    scanf("%d", &tasks[i].start_time);
  }
  rate_monotonic(tasks, num_tasks);
  earliest_deadline_first(tasks, num_tasks);
  proportional scheduling(tasks, num tasks);
  return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of tasks: 3
Task 1:
Enter the period: 100
Enter the execution time: 25
Enter the deadline: 50
Enter the priority: 1
Enter the start time: 0
Task 2:
Enter the period: 50
Enter the execution time: 10
Enter the deadline: 30
Enter the priority: 2
Enter the start time: 10
Task 3:
Enter the period: 150
Enter the execution time: 50
Enter the deadline: 100
Enter the priority: 3
Enter the start time: 0
```

```
Rate-Monotonic Scheduling:
Task 1: Start Time = 0, Finish Time = 25
Task 2: Start Time = 100, Finish Time = 110
Task 3: Start Time = 150, Finish Time = 200
Average Response Time: 83.33
Average Turnaround Time: 111.67
Earliest-Deadline First Scheduling:
Task 1: Start Time = 0, Finish Time = 25
Task 2: Start Time = 100, Finish Time = 110
Task 3: Start Time = 150, Finish Time = 200
Average Response Time: 83.33
Average Turnaround Time: 111.67
Proportional Scheduling:
Task 1: Start Time = 0, Finish Time = 29
Task 2: Start Time = 29, Finish Time = 40
Task 3: Start Time = 40, Finish Time = 98
Average Response Time: 23.00
Average Turnaround Time: 55.67
```

Write a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int mutex=1,full=0,empty,x=0;
int wait(int s)
{
 return (--s);
}
int signal(int s)
{
 return(++s);
}
void producer()
{
 mutex=wait(mutex);
 full=signal(full);
 empty=wait(empty);
 x++;
 printf("\nProducer produces Item %d",x);
 mutex=signal(mutex);
}
void consumer()
```

```
{
 mutex=wait(mutex);
 full=wait(full);
 empty=signal(empty);
 printf("\nConsumer consumes Item %d",x);
 х--;
 mutex=signal(mutex);
}
void printbuffer()
{
 if(full==0)
 {
       printf("Buffer is empty!\n");
       return;
 }
 printf("The contents of the buffer are:");
 for(int i=1;i<=full;i++)</pre>
 printf("%d\t",i);
}
int main()
{
 int n,ch;
 printf("Enter the buffer size:");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 empty=n;
 printf("\n1.Producer\n2.Consumer\n3.Print Buffer Contents\n4.Exit");
```

```
while(1)
 {
       printf("\nEnter your choice:");
       scanf("%d",&ch);
       switch(ch)
       {
       case 1: if((mutex==1)&&(empty!=0))
       producer();
       else
       printf("Buffer is full!!");
       break;
       case 2: if((mutex==1)&&(full!=0))
       consumer();
       else
       printf("Buffer is empty!!");
       break;
       case 3:
       printbuffer();
       break;
       case 4:return 0;
       }
 }
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the buffer size:3
1.Producer
Consumer
3.Print Buffer Contents
4.Exit
Enter your choice:1
Producer produces Item 1
Enter your choice:1
Producer produces Item 2
Enter your choice:1
Producer produces Item 3
Enter your choice:1
Buffer is full!!
Enter your choice:3
The contents of the buffer are:1 2 3
Enter your choice:2
Consumer consumes Item 3
Enter your choice:3
The contents of the buffer are:1 2
Enter your choice:2
Consumer consumes Item 2
Enter your choice:2
Consumer consumes Item 1
Enter your choice:3
Buffer is empty!
```

Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining - Philosophers problem.

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define N 5
#define THINKING 2
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 0
#define LEFT (phnum + 4) % N
#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N
int eat=0;
int state[N];
int phil[N] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
sem t mutex;
sem_t S[N];
void test(int phnum)
 if (state[phnum] == HUNGRY && state[LEFT] != EATING && state[RIGHT] != EATING)
 {
       // state that eating
       state[phnum] = EATING;
       eat++;
       sleep(2);
       printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
       printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n", phnum + 1);
       sem post(&S[phnum]);
 }
}
// Take up chopsticks
void take_fork(int phnum)
{
 sem wait(&mutex);
```

```
// Set state of thread to hungry
 state[phnum] = HUNGRY;
 printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n", phnum + 1);
 // Start eating only if nighbours are not eating
 test(phnum);
 sem_post(&mutex);
 // If neighbour is eating, wait to be signalled
 sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
 sleep(1);
}
// Put down chopsticks
void put fork(int phnum)
 sem_wait(&mutex);
 // Set state of thread to thinking
 state[phnum] = THINKING;
 printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n",phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
 printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phnum + 1);
 test(LEFT);
 test(RIGHT);
 sem_post(&mutex);
}
void* philosopher(void* num)
{
 while (1)
       int* i = num;
       sleep(1);
       take_fork(*i);
       eat=eat+1;
       sleep(0);
       put fork(*i);
 }
}
int main()
{
 int i;
 pthread t thread id[N];
 // Initializing Semaphores
 sem init(&mutex, 0, 1);
 for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
```

```
sem_init(&S[i], 0, 0);
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
      pthread_create(&thread_id[i], NULL, philosopher, &phil[i]);
      printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", i + 1);
}
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
pthread_join(thread_id[i], NULL);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
Philosopher 5 is Eating
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
Philosopher 4 is thinking
```

Write a C program to simulate Bankers algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int allocation[25][25],available[25],max[25][25],need[25][25],work[25][25],safe[25];
int main()
{
 int n,m,i,j;
 printf("Enter the number of processes:");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 printf("Enter the number of resources:");
 scanf("%d",&m);
 printf("Enter the allocation matrix:\n");
 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
 {
       for(j=0;j<m;j++)
       scanf("%d",&allocation[i][j]);
 printf("Enter the maximum resources matrix:\n");
 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       for(j=0;j<m;j++)
       scanf("%d",&max[i][j]);
 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       for(j=0;j<m;j++)
       need[i][j]=max[i][j]-allocation[i][j];
 printf("Enter the available resources vector:\n");
 for(i=0;i<m;i++)
 scanf("%d",&available[i]);
 printf("Need Matrix :\n");
 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
 {
       for(j=0;j<m;j++)
       printf("%d ",need[i][j]);
       printf("\n");
 int f[n], ans[n], ind = 0;
 for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
{
       f[i] = 0;
int y = 0,k;
for (k = 0; k < 5; k++) {
       for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       if (f[i] == 0) {
       int flag = 0;
       for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
       if (need[i][j] > available[j]){
       flag = 1;
       break;
       }
       }
       if (flag == 0) {
       ans[ind++] = i;
       for (y = 0; y < m; y++)
       available[y] += allocation[i][y];
       f[i] = 1;
       }
       }
}
int flag = 1;
// To check if sequence is safe or not
for(int i = 0;i<n;i++)
{
       if(f[i]==0)
       flag = 0;
       printf("The system is not in safe state.");
       break;
}
if(flag==1)
       printf( "The safe sequence for the system is:\n");
       for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
       printf( " P%d->",ans[i]);
```

```
printf(" P%d\n",ans[n - 1]);
}
return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of processes:5
Enter the number of resources:3
Enter the allocation matrix:
0 1 0
2 0 0
3 0 2
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter the maximum resources matrix:
7 5 3
3 2 2
9 0 2
2 2 2
4 3 3
Enter the available resources vector:
3 3 2
Need Matrix :
7 4 3
1 2 2
6 0 0
011
4 3 1
The safe sequence for the system is:
P1-> P3-> P4-> P0-> P2
```

Write a C program to simulate deadlock detection.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int allocation[25][25], available[25], req[25][25];
int main()
{
  int n,m,i,j;
  printf("Enter the number of processes:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the number of resources:");
  scanf("%d",&m);
  printf("Enter the allocation matrix:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
        for(j=0;j<m;j++)
        scanf("%d",&allocation[i][j]);
  printf("Enter the request matrix:\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
 {
        for(j=0;j<m;j++)
        scanf("%d",&req[i][j]);
  }
  printf("Enter the available resources vector:\n");
  for(i=0;i<m;i++)
  scanf("%d",&available[i]);
  int f[n], ans[n], ind = 0;
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
 {
        f[i] = 0;
 int y = 0,k;
 for (k = 0; k < 5; k++) {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (f[i] == 0) {
        int flag = 0;
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
        if (req[i][j] > available[j]){
        flag = 1;
        break;
```

```
}
      }
      if (flag == 0) {
       ans[ind++] = i;
      for (y = 0; y < m; y++)
      available[y] += allocation[i][y];
      f[i] = 1;
      }
      }
}
int flag = 1;
// To check if sequence is safe or not
for(int i = 0;i<n;i++)
{
      if(f[i]==0)
      flag = 0;
       printf("Deadlock is encountered.");
       break;
}
if(flag==1)
       printf( "Deadlock is not encountered.The safe sequence for the system is:\n");
      for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
       printf( " P%d->",ans[i]);
       printf(" P%d\n",ans[n - 1]);
}
return 0;
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of processes:5
Enter the number of resources:3
Enter the allocation matrix:
1 1 1 2 0 2
0 2 0
7 0 1
001
Enter the request matrix:
010
1 2 2
3 3 0
1 1 1
5 0 1
Enter the available resources vector:
020
Deadlock is not encountered.The safe sequence for the system is:
P0-> P3-> P4-> P1-> P2
```

```
Write a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory
allocation techniques:
a) Worst-fit
b) Best-fit
c) First-fit
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int frag[100],block[100],files[100],nf,nb;
int maximum()
{
 int max=block[0];
 for(int i=1;i<nb;i++)
 {
       if(block[i]>max)
       max=block[i];
 }
 return max;
int minimum(int filesize)
 int min=block[0]-filesize;
 int temp=block[0];
 for(int i=1;i<nb;i++)
       int diff=block[i]-filesize;
       if(diff<min&&diff>0)
       min=diff;
       temp=block[i];
 }
 return temp;
}
void worstfit()
{
 int i,j,blockpos;
 printf("Worst Fit Memory Allocation\nFile Number\tFile Size\tBlock Number\tBlock
Size\tFragment\n");
 for(i=0;i<nf;i++)
```

```
{
      int tempmax=maximum();
      blockpos=-2;
      if(files[i]<=tempmax)</pre>
      for(j=0;j<nb;j++)
      if(block[j]==tempmax)
             blockpos=j;
             break;
      frag[blockpos]=block[blockpos]-files[i];
      block[blockpos]=-1;
else
      printf("%d\t\t%d\t-----Not Allocated-----\n",i+1,files[i]);
 }
}
void firstfit()
 int i,j,alloc=0;
 printf("First Fit Memory Allocation\nFile Number\tFile Size\tBlock Number\tBlock
Size\tFragment\n");
 for(i=0;i<nf;i++)
 {
      alloc=0;
      for(j=0;j<nb;j++)
      if(files[i]<=block[j])
      alloc=1;
      break;
      }
      if(alloc==1)
      frag[i]=block[j]-files[i];
```

```
printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t);
      block[j]=frag[i];
       }
       else
       printf("%d\t\t%d\t-----Not Allocated-----\n",i+1,files[i]);
 }
}
void bestfit()
 int i,j,blockpos;
 printf("Best Fit Memory Allocation\nFile Number\tFile Size\tBlock Number\tBlock
Size\tFragment\n");
 for(i=0;i<nf;i++)
 {
       int tempbest=minimum(files[i]);
       //printf("%d",tempbest);
       blockpos=-2;
       if(files[i]<=tempbest)
       {
       for(j=0;j<nb;j++)
       if(block[j]==tempbest)
       {
              blockpos=j;
              break;
       }
       frag[blockpos]=block[blockpos]-files[i];
       block[blockpos]=frag[blockpos];
printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n",i+1,files[i],blockpos+1,tempbest,frag[blockpos]);
       }
       else
       {
       printf("%d\t\t%d\t-----Not Allocated-----\n",i+1,files[i]);
 }
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
{
 int i,j;
 printf("Enter the number of blocks:");
 scanf("%d",&nb);
```

```
printf("Enter the size of each block:\n");
 for(i=0;i<nb;i++)
 {
       printf("Block %d:",i+1);
       scanf("%d",&block[i]);
 printf("\nEnter the number of files:");
 scanf("%d",&nf);
 printf("\nEnter the size of each file:\n");
 for(i=0;i<nf;i++)
       printf("File %d:",i+1);
       scanf("%d",&files[i]);
 }
 int ch;
 printf("\n1.Worst Fit\n2.First Fit\n3.Best Fit\nEnter your choice:");
 scanf("%d",&ch);
 switch(ch)
 {
       case 1:worstfit();
       break;
       case 2:firstfit();
       break;
       case 3:bestfit();
       break;
       default:return 0;
 }
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of blocks:3
Enter the size of each block:
Block 1:5
Block 2:2
Block 3:7
Enter the number of files:2
Enter the size of each file:
File 1:1
File 2:4
1.Worst Fit
2.First Fit
3.Best Fit
Enter your choice:1
Worst Fit Memory Allocation
File Number
               File Size
                                Block Number
                                                Block Size
                                                                Fragment
                1
               4
                                1
                                                5
                                                                1
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of blocks:3
Enter the size of each block:
Block 1:5
Block 2:2
Block 3:7
Enter the number of files:2
Enter the size of each file:
File 1:1
File 2:4
1.Worst Fit
2.First Fit
3.Best Fit
Enter your choice:2
First Fit Memory Allocation
File Number
               File Size
                                Block Number
                                                Block Size
                                                                 Fragment
                                1
                                                5
                                                                 4
                4
                                1
                                                4
                                                                 0
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of blocks:3
Enter the size of each block:
Block 1:5
Block 2:2
Block 3:7
Enter the number of files:2
Enter the size of each file:
File 1:1
File 2:4
1.Worst Fit
2.First Fit
3.Best Fit
Enter your choice:3
Best Fit Memory Allocation
File Number 🏻 File Size
                                      Block Number
                                                            Block Size
                                                                                Fragment
                   1
                    4
                                                            5
                                        1
                                                                                1
```

Write a C program to simulate paging technique of memory management.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
 int memsize,pagesize,i,j,procpages=4,nproc;
 printf("Enter the memory size:");
 scanf("%d",&memsize);
 printf("\nEnter the page size of main memory:");
 scanf("%d",&pagesize);
 int npages=memsize/pagesize;
 printf("\nEnter the number of processes:");
 scanf("%d",&nproc);
 int processes[nproc][procpages];
 int frame[nproc];
 int phymem[50][50];
 printf("Enter the page frame:\n");
 for(i=0;i<nproc;i++)
       printf("Process %d:",i+1);
       scanf("%d",&frame[i]);
 for(i=0;i<nproc;i++)
 {
       /*printf("Enter the number of pages required for Process %d:",i+1);
       scanf("%d",&procpages);*/
       printf("\nEnter the page table for Process %d:\n",i+1);
       for(j=0;jjprocpages;j++)
       scanf("%d",&processes[i][j]);
 char logi,a;
 while(1)
 {
       printf("\nEnter the logical address:");
       scanf("%c",&a);
       scanf("%c",&logi);
       int logicaladd=(int)logi-97;
       if(logicaladd<=-1||logicaladd>=40)
```

```
printf("Invalid Logical address!\n");
      printf("Page number\tData\n");
      for(int x=0;x<npages;x++)</pre>
      printf("%d\t\t",x);
      for(int y=0;y<4;y++)
              printf("%c\n",(char)phymem[x][y]);
      }
      }
      return 0;
      int offset=logicaladd%procpages;
      for(i=0;i<nproc;i++)</pre>
      for(j=0;j<4;j++)
      if(processes[i][j]==logicaladd)
      int phy=(procpages*frame[i])+offset;
      //phyadd[frame[i]][phy]=logicaladd+97;
      printf("Physical address is %d",phy);
      }
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the memory size:100
Enter the page size of main memory:4
Enter the number of processes:3
Enter the page frame:
Process 1:6
Process 2:5
Process 3:1
Enter the page table for Process 1:
0 1 2 3
Enter the page table for Process 2:
4 5 6 7
Enter the page table for Process 3:
8 9 10 11
Enter the logical address:a
Physical address is 24
Enter the logical address:d
Physical address is 27
Enter the logical address:e
Physical address is 20
Enter the logical address:f
Physical address is 21
Enter the logical address:j
Physical address is 5
Enter the logical address:k
Physical address is 6
Enter the logical address:
```

```
Write a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms:
a) FIFO
b) LRU
c) Optimal
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX FRAMES 10
#define MAX_PAGES 100
int frames[MAX FRAMES];
int pageQueue[MAX FRAMES];
int pageQueueSize = 0;
int pageQueueFront = 0;
int findInFrames(int page, int numFrames) {
  for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
    if (frames[i] == page) {
      return i;
    }
  }
  return -1;
}
void displayFrames(int numFrames) {
  printf("Current frames: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
    if (frames[i] != -1) {
      printf("%d ", frames[i]);
    }
  }
  printf("\n");
}
int findLRUIndex(int numFrames) {
  int index = 0;
  int min = pageQueueSize + 1;
  for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
    int currentPage = frames[i];
    int j;
    for (j = pageQueueFront; j < pageQueueSize; j++) {
```

```
if (pageQueue[j] == currentPage) {
        break;
      }
    }
    if (j < min) {
      min = j;
      index = i;
    }
  }
  return index;
}
int main() {
  int numFrames, numPages;
  printf("Enter the number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &numFrames);
  printf("Enter the number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &numPages);
  printf("Enter the page reference string:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &pageQueue[i]);
    pageQueueSize++;
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
    frames[i] = -1;
  }
  int faultsFIFO = 0, faultsLRU = 0, faultsOptimal = 0;
  printf("\nFIFO Page Replacement Algorithm:\n");
  pageQueueFront = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
    int currentPage = pageQueue[i];
    if (findInFrames(currentPage, numFrames) == -1) {
      frames[pageQueueFront] = currentPage;
      pageQueueFront = (pageQueueFront + 1) % numFrames;
      displayFrames(numFrames);
      faultsFIFO++;
```

```
}
}
printf("\nLRU Page Replacement Algorithm:\n");
pageQueueFront = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
  int currentPage = pageQueue[i];
  if (findInFrames(currentPage, numFrames) == -1) {
    int index = findLRUIndex(numFrames);
    frames[index] = currentPage;
    pageQueue[pageQueueSize] = currentPage;
    pageQueueSize++;
    displayFrames(numFrames);
    faultsLRU++;
 }
}
printf("\nOptimal Page Replacement Algorithm:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < numFrames; i++) {
  frames[i] = -1;
}
for (int i = 0; i < numPages; i++) {
  int currentPage = pageQueue[i];
  if (findInFrames(currentPage, numFrames) == -1) {
    int optimalIndex = -1;
    int maxDistance = -1;
    for (int j = 0; j < numFrames; j++) {
      int nextPage = frames[j];
      int distance = -1;
      for (int k = i + 1; k < numPages; k++) {
        if (pageQueue[k] == nextPage) {
           distance = k - i;
           break;
         }
      }
      if (distance == -1) {
         optimalIndex = j;
         break;
      }
```

```
if (distance > maxDistance) {
          maxDistance = distance;
           optimalIndex = j;
        }
      }
      frames[optimalIndex] = currentPage;
      displayFrames(numFrames);
      faultsOptimal++;
    }
  }
 printf("\nTotal Page Faults:\n");
  printf("FIFO: %d\n", faultsFIFO);
 printf("LRU: %d\n", faultsLRU);
 printf("Optimal: %d\n", faultsOptimal);
  return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the number of frames: 4
Enter the number of pages: 10
Enter the page reference string:
7 0 1 2 3 4 3 4 0 2
FIFO Page Replacement Algorithm:
Current frames: 7
Current frames: 7 0
Current frames: 7 0 1
Current frames: 7 0 1 2
Current frames: 3 0 1 2
Current frames: 3 4 1 2
Current frames: 3 4 0 2
LRU Page Replacement Algorithm:
Current frames: 3 4 7 2
Current frames: 3 4 0 2
Current frames: 3 4 1 2
Current frames: 3 4 0 2
Current frames: 1 4 0 2
```

```
LRU Page Replacement Algorithm:
Current frames: 3 4 7 2
Current frames: 3 4 0 2
Current frames: 3 4 1 2
Current frames: 3 4 0 2
Current frames: 1 4 0 2
Optimal Page Replacement Algorithm:
Current frames: 7
Current frames: 1
Current frames: 1 2
Current frames: 1 3
Current frames: 1 3 4
Current frames: 1 0 4
Total Page Faults:
FIFO: 7
LRU: 5
Optimal: 6
```

```
Write a C program to simulate the following file allocation strategies:
a) Sequential
b) Indexed
c) Linked
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX BLOCKS 100
#define MAX FILES 10
// Data structures
struct File {
  int size;
  int blocks[MAX BLOCKS];
};
struct IndexedFile {
  int size;
  int index block;
};
struct LinkedBlock {
  int data;
  int next_block;
};
// Functions for Sequential File Allocation
void allocateSequential(struct File files[], int num files, int total blocks) {
  int current block = 0;
  printf("\nSequential File Allocation:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num files; i++) {
    if (current_block + files[i].size <= total_blocks) {
       for (int j = current block; j < current block + files[i].size; j++) {
         files[i].blocks[j - current_block] = j;
       }
       current block += files[i].size;
       printf("File %d allocated blocks: ", i + 1);
       for (int j = 0; j < files[i].size; j++) {
         printf("%d ", files[i].blocks[j]);
       }
```

```
printf("\n");
    } else {
       printf("File %d cannot be allocated due to insufficient space.\n", i + 1);
    }
  }
}
// Functions for Indexed File Allocation
void allocateIndexed(struct IndexedFile files[], int num files, int total blocks, int index blocks) {
  int current block = index blocks;
  printf("\nIndexed File Allocation:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num files; i++) {
    if (current block < total blocks) {
       files[i].index block = current block;
       current block++;
       printf("File %d index block: %d\n", i + 1, files[i].index block);
       printf("File %d cannot be allocated due to insufficient index space.\n", i + 1);
    }
  }
}
// Functions for Linked File Allocation
void allocateLinked(struct LinkedBlock blocks[], int num blocks, struct File files[], int num files)
{
  int current block = 0;
  printf("\nLinked File Allocation:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num files; i++) {
    if (current block + files[i].size <= num blocks) {
       for (int j = 0; j < files[i].size; j++) {
         blocks[current_block + j].data = i + 1;
         blocks[current block + j].next block = (j == files[i].size - 1)? -1: current block + j + 1;
       }
       current block += files[i].size;
       printf("File %d allocated blocks:\n", i + 1);
       for (int j = 0; j < files[i].size; j++) {
         printf("Block %d: Data %d, Next Block %d\n", current_block - files[i].size + j + 1,
blocks[current block - files[i].size + j].data, blocks[current block - files[i].size + j].next block);
    } else {
       printf("File %d cannot be allocated due to insufficient space.\n", i + 1);
    }
```

```
}
int main() {
  int total blocks, index blocks;
  printf("Enter the total number of blocks: ");
  scanf("%d", &total_blocks);
  printf("Enter the number of index blocks for indexed allocation: ");
  scanf("%d", &index blocks);
  int num files;
  printf("Enter the number of files (up to %d): ", MAX FILES);
  scanf("%d", &num_files);
  struct File files[MAX FILES];
  struct IndexedFile indexedFiles[MAX_FILES];
  struct LinkedBlock blocks[MAX BLOCKS];
  printf("Enter the size of each file:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num files; i++) {
    printf("File %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &files[i].size);
    for (int j = 0; j < MAX_BLOCKS; j++) {
       files[i].blocks[j] = -1;
    }
  }
  allocateSequential(files, num files, total blocks);
  allocateIndexed(indexedFiles, num files, total blocks, index blocks);
  allocateLinked(blocks, total blocks, files, num files);
  return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Enter the total number of blocks: 4
Enter the number of index blocks for indexed allocation: 1
Enter the number of files (up to 10): 3
Enter the size of each file:
File 1: 12
File 2: 4
File 3: 6
Sequential File Allocation:
File 1 cannot be allocated due to insufficient space.
File 2 allocated blocks: 0 1 2 3
File 3 cannot be allocated due to insufficient space.
Indexed File Allocation:
File 1 index block: 1
File 2 index block: 2
File 3 index block: 3
```

```
Linked File Allocation:
File 1 cannot be allocated due to insufficient space.
File 2 allocated blocks:
Block 1: Data 2, Next Block 1
Block 2: Data 2, Next Block 2
Block 3: Data 2, Next Block 3
Block 4: Data 2, Next Block -1
File 3 cannot be allocated due to insufficient space.
```

```
Write a C program to simulate the following file organization
techniques:
a) Single level directory
b) Two level directory
c) Hierarchical
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_FILES 100
struct File {
  char name[20];
  int size;
};
struct SingleLevelDirectory {
  struct File files[MAX FILES];
  int num_files;
};
struct TwoLevelDirectory {
  struct File files[MAX_FILES];
  int num files;
  struct Directory1 {
    char name[20];
    int num files;
  } directories[MAX_FILES];
  int num directories;
};
struct HierarchicalDirectory {
  struct File files[MAX FILES];
  int num_files;
  struct Directory2 {
    char name[20];
    int num files;
    struct SubDirectory {
       char name[20];
      int num files;
    } subdirectories[MAX FILES];
    int num subdirectories;
```

```
} directories[MAX_FILES];
  int num directories;
};
int main() {
  int choice;
  printf("Select file organization technique:\n");
  printf("1. Single level directory\n");
  printf("2. Two level directory\n");
  printf("3. Hierarchical directory\n");
  printf("Enter your choice: ");
  scanf("%d", &choice);
  switch (choice) {
    case 1: {
       struct SingleLevelDirectory dir;
       dir.num_files = 0;
       int num files;
       printf("Enter the number of files: ");
       scanf("%d", &num_files);
       printf("Enter file details:\n");
       for (int i = 0; i < num files; i++) {
         printf("File %d name: ", i + 1);
         scanf("%s", dir.files[i].name);
         printf("File %d size: ", i + 1);
         scanf("%d", &dir.files[i].size);
         dir.num files++;
       }
       printf("\nSingle Level Directory:\n");
       for (int i = 0; i < dir.num files; i++) {
         printf("File name: %s, Size: %d\n", dir.files[i].name, dir.files[i].size);
       }
       break;
     }
    case 2: {
       struct TwoLevelDirectory dir;
       dir.num_files = 0;
       dir.num directories = 0;
```

```
int num files, num directories;
  printf("Enter the number of directories: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_directories);
  dir.num directories = num directories;
  for (int i = 0; i < num directories; i++) {
    printf("Enter directory %d name: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%s", dir.directories[i].name);
    dir.directories[i].num files = 0;
    printf("Enter the number of files in directory %s: ", dir.directories[i].name);
    scanf("%d", &num_files);
    printf("Enter file details:\n");
    for (int j = 0; j < num files; j++) {
       printf("File %d name: ", j + 1);
       scanf("%s", dir.files[dir.num files].name);
       printf("File %d size: ", j + 1);
       scanf("%d", &dir.files[dir.num files].size);
       dir.directories[i].num files++;
       dir.num files++;
  }
  printf("\nTwo Level Directory:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num directories; i++) {
    printf("Directory name: %s\n", dir.directories[i].name);
    for (int j = 0; j < dir.directories[i].num files; j++) {
       printf("File name: %s, Size: %d\n", dir.files[j].name, dir.files[j].size);
    }
  }
  break;
case 3: {
  struct HierarchicalDirectory dir;
  dir.num files = 0;
  dir.num directories = 0;
  int num files, num directories;
  printf("Enter the number of directories: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_directories);
  dir.num directories = num directories;
```

}

```
for (int i = 0; i < num directories; i++) {
         printf("Enter directory %d name: ", i + 1);
         scanf("%s", dir.directories[i].name);
         dir.directories[i].num files = 0;
         dir.directories[i].num subdirectories = 0;
         printf("Enter the number of subdirectories in directory %s: ", dir.directories[i].name);
         scanf("%d", &dir.directories[i].num subdirectories);
         for (int j = 0; j < dir.directories[i].num subdirectories; j++) {
            printf("Enter subdirectory %d name: ", j + 1);
           scanf("%s", dir.directories[i].subdirectories[j].name);
            dir.directories[i].subdirectories[j].num files = 0;
           printf("Enter the number of files in subdirectory %s: ",
dir.directories[i].subdirectories[j].name);
           scanf("%d", &num files);
            printf("Enter file details:\n");
           for (int k = 0; k < num files; k++) {
              printf("File %d name: ", k + 1);
              scanf("%s", dir.files[dir.num files].name);
              printf("File %d size: ", k + 1);
              scanf("%d", &dir.files[dir.num files].size);
              dir.directories[i].subdirectories[j].num files++;
              dir.directories[i].num files++;
              dir.num files++;
           }
         }
       }
       printf("\nHierarchical Directory:\n");
       for (int i = 0; i < num directories; i++) {
         printf("Directory name: %s\n", dir.directories[i].name);
         for (int j = 0; j < dir.directories[i].num subdirectories; j++) {
           printf("Subdirectory name: %s\n", dir.directories[i].subdirectories[j].name);
           for (int k = 0; k < dir.directories[i].subdirectories[j].num files; k++) {
              printf("File name: %s, Size: %d\n", dir.files[k].name, dir.files[k].size);
           }
         }
       }
       break;
```

```
default:
    printf("Invalid choice.\n");
    break;
}
return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Select file organization technique:
1. Single level directory
Two level directory
3. Hierarchical directory
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the number of files: 4
Enter file details:
File 1 name: file1
File 1 size: 12
File 2 name: file2
File 2 size: 36
File 3 name: file3
File 3 size: 25
File 4 name: file4
File 4 size: 20
Single Level Directory:
File name: file1, Size: 12
File name: file2, Size: 36
File name: file3, Size: 25
File name: file4, Size: 20
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Select file organization technique:

    Single level directory

Two level directory
Hierarchical directory
Enter your choice: 2
Enter the number of directories: 2
Enter directory 1 name: direc1
Enter the number of files in directory direc1: 2
Enter file details:
File 1 name: file1direc1
File 1 size: 12
File 2 name: file2direc1
File 2 size: 25
Enter directory 2 name: direc2
Enter the number of files in directory direc2: 1
Enter file details:
File 1 name: file1direc2
File 1 size: 30
Two Level Directory:
Directory name: direc1
File name: file1direc1, Size: 12
File name: file2direc1, Size: 25
Directory name: direc2
File name: file1direc1, Size: 12
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a
Select file organization technique:

    Single level directory
    Two level directory

    Hierarchical directory

Enter your choice: 3
Enter the number of directories: 3
Enter directory 1 name: user1
Enter the number of subdirectories in directory user1: 2
Enter subdirectory 1 name: user1child1
Enter the number of files in subdirectory user1child1: 0
Enter file details:
Enter subdirectory 2 name: user1child2
Enter the number of files in subdirectory user1child2: 1
Enter file details:
File 1 name: file1_user1child2
File 1 size: 12
Enter directory 2 name: user2
Enter the number of subdirectories in directory user2: 0
Enter directory 3 name: user3
Enter the number of subdirectories in directory user3: 0
Hierarchical Directory:
Directory name: user1
Subdirectory name: user1child1
Subdirectory name: user1child2
File name: file1_user1child2, Size: 12
Directory name: user2
Directory name: user3
```

```
Write a C program to simulate disk scheduling algorithms:
a) FCFS
b) SCAN
c) C-SCAN
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void fcfs()
  int RQ[100],i,n,TotalHeadMoment=0,initial;
  printf("Enter the number of Requests\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the Requests sequence\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",&RQ[i]);
  printf("Enter initial head position\n");
  scanf("%d",&initial);
  // logic for FCFS disk scheduling
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
    initial=RQ[i];
  }
  printf("Total head moment is %d",TotalHeadMoment);
}
void scan()
{
  int RQ[100],i,j,n,TotalHeadMoment=0,initial,size,move;
  printf("Enter the number of Requests\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the Requests sequence\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",&RQ[i]);
  printf("Enter initial head position\n");
  scanf("%d",&initial);
  printf("Enter total disk size\n");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  printf("Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0\n");
  scanf("%d",&move);
```

```
// logic for Scan disk scheduling
  /*logic for sort the request array */
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  for(j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
    if(RQ[j]>RQ[j+1])
       int temp;
       temp=RQ[j];
      RQ[j]=RQ[j+1];
       RQ[j+1]=temp;
    }
  }
int index;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  if(initial<RQ[i])
    index=i;
    break;
  }
}
// if movement is towards high value
if(move==1)
  for(i=index;i<n;i++)</pre>
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
    initial=RQ[i];
  }
  // last movement for max size
  TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(size-RQ[i-1]-1);
  initial = size-1;
  for(i=index-1;i>=0;i--)
```

```
TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  }
  // if movement is towards low value
  else
    for(i=index-1;i>=0;i--)
      TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      initial=RQ[i];
    }
    // last movement for min size
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i+1]-0);
    initial =0;
    for(i=index;i<n;i++)</pre>
       TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  }
  printf("Total head movement is %d",TotalHeadMoment);
}
void cscan()
  int RQ[100],i,j,n,TotalHeadMoment=0,initial,size,move;
  printf("Enter the number of Requests\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the Requests sequence\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",&RQ[i]);
  printf("Enter initial head position\n");
  scanf("%d",&initial);
  printf("Enter total disk size\n");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  printf("Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0\n");
  scanf("%d",&move);
  // logic for C-Scan disk scheduling
```

```
/*logic for sort the request array */
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  for( j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
    if(RQ[j]>RQ[j+1])
      int temp;
      temp=RQ[j];
      RQ[j]=RQ[j+1];
      RQ[j+1]=temp;
    }
  }
}
int index;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  if(initial<RQ[i])
    index=i;
    break;
  }
}
// if movement is towards high value
if(move==1)
{
  for(i=index;i<n;i++)</pre>
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
    initial=RQ[i];
  // last movement for max size
  TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(size-RQ[i-1]-1);
  /*movement max to min disk */
  TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(size-1-0);
  initial=0;
  for( i=0;i<index;i++)</pre>
```

```
TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  }
  // if movement is towards low value
  else
    for(i=index-1;i>=0;i--)
      TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      initial=RQ[i];
    }
    // last movement for min size
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i+1]-0);
    /*movement min to max disk */
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(size-1-0);
    initial =size-1;
    for(i=n-1;i>=index;i--)
       TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  }
  printf("Total head movement is %d",TotalHeadMoment);
int main()
  int i,j,ch;
       printf(" 1.FCFS \n 2.SCAN\n 3.C SCAN\n Enter your choice:");
       scanf("%d",&ch);
       switch(ch)
       {
              case 1:fcfs();
              break;
              case 2:scan();
              break;
              case 3:cscan();
              break;
              default:
              return 0;
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c

C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a

1.FCFS

2.SCAN

3.C SCAN

Enter your choice:1

Enter the number of Requests
5

Enter the Requests sequence
53 19 69 124 193

Enter initial head position
14

Total head moment is 247

C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a

1.FCFS

2.SCAN

3.C SCAN
Enter your choice:2
Enter the number of Requests
5
Enter the Requests sequence
168 93 50 14 155
Enter initial head position
45
Enter total disk size
122
Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0
1
Total head movement is 277
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a

1.FCFS

2.SCAN

3.C SCAN
Enter your choice:3
Enter the number of Requests
5
Enter the Requests sequence
193 188 45 12 56
Enter initial head position
33
Enter total disk size
200
Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0

Total head movement is 386
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>
```

```
Write a C program to simulate disk scheduling algorithms:
a) SSTF
b) LOOK
c) C-LOOK
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void sstf()
  int RQ[100],i,n,TotalHeadMoment=0,initial,count=0;
  printf("Enter the number of Requests\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the Requests sequence\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",&RQ[i]);
  printf("Enter initial head position\n");
  scanf("%d",&initial);
  // logic for sstf disk scheduling
    /* loop will execute until all process is completed*/
  while(count!=n)
    int min=1000,d,index;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      d=abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      if(min>d)
        min=d;
        index=i;
      }
    TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+min;
    initial=RQ[index];
    // 1000 is for max
    // you can use any number
    RQ[index]=1000;
    count++;
  }
```

```
printf("Total head movement is %d",TotalHeadMoment);
}
void look()
  int RQ[100],i,j,n,TotalHeadMoment=0,initial,size,move;
  printf("Enter the number of Requests\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the Requests sequence\n");
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  scanf("%d",&RQ[i]);
  printf("Enter initial head position\n");
  scanf("%d",&initial);
  printf("Enter total disk size\n");
  scanf("%d",&size);
  printf("Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0\n");
  scanf("%d",&move);
  // logic for look disk scheduling
    /*logic for sort the request array */
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    for(j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
      if(RQ[j]>RQ[j+1])
         int temp;
         temp=RQ[j];
         RQ[i]=RQ[i+1];
         RQ[j+1]=temp;
      }
    }
  int index;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    if(initial<RQ[i])
      index=i;
      break;
    }
  }
```

```
// if movement is towards high value
  if(move==1)
    for(i=index;i<n;i++)</pre>
      TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      initial=RQ[i];
    }
    for(i=index-1;i>=0;i--)
       TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  // if movement is towards low value
  else
    for(i=index-1;i>=0;i--)
      TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      initial=RQ[i];
    }
    for(i=index;i<n;i++)</pre>
       TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  }
  printf("Total head movement is %d",TotalHeadMoment);
}
void clook()
  int RQ[100],i,j,n,TotalHeadMoment=0,initial,size,move;
  printf("Enter the number of Requests\n");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the Requests sequence\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
scanf("%d",&RQ[i]);
printf("Enter initial head position\n");
scanf("%d",&initial);
printf("Enter total disk size\n");
scanf("%d",&size);
printf("Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0\n");
scanf("%d",&move);
// logic for C-look disk scheduling
  /*logic for sort the request array */
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  for( j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
    if(RQ[j]>RQ[j+1])
       int temp;
       temp=RQ[j];
       RQ[j]=RQ[j+1];
      RQ[j+1]=temp;
    }
  }
int index;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  if(initial<RQ[i])
    index=i;
    break;
  }
}
// if movement is towards high value
if(move==1)
  for(i=index;i<n;i++)</pre>
```

```
TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      initial=RQ[i];
    }
    for( i=0;i<index;i++)
       TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  // if movement is towards low value
  else
  {
    for(i=index-1;i>=0;i--)
      TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
      initial=RQ[i];
    }
    for(i=n-1;i>=index;i--)
       TotalHeadMoment=TotalHeadMoment+abs(RQ[i]-initial);
       initial=RQ[i];
    }
  }
  printf("Total head movement is %d",TotalHeadMoment);
int main()
  int i,j,ch;
       printf(" 1.SSTF \n 2.LOOK\n 3.C LOOK\n Enter your choice:");
       scanf("%d",&ch);
       switch(ch)
              case 1:sstf();
              break;
              case 2:look();
              break;
              case 3:clook();
              break;
```

{

```
default:
return 0;
}
return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>gcc os.c

C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a

1.SSTF

2.LOOK

3.C LOOK
Enter your choice:1
Enter the number of Requests
5
Enter the Requests sequence
193 55 162 14 78
Enter initial head position
25
Total head movement is 190
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a

1.SSTF

2.LOOK

3.C LOOK
Enter your choice:2
Enter the number of Requests

Enter the Requests sequence

144 25 65 88 147
Enter initial head position

50
Enter total disk size

200
Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0

Total head movement is 147
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>
```

```
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>a

1.SSTF

2.LOOK

3.C LOOK
Enter your choice:3
Enter the number of Requests

5
Enter the Requests sequence
156 75 34 91 166
Enter initial head position
50
Enter total disk size
200
Enter the head movement direction for high 1 and for low 0

1
Total head movement is 248
C:\Users\admin\CS4SEM>
```