BeagleSystems Documentation

BeagleSystems GmbH

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CHAPTER

ONE

HOWTOS

1.1 Install the BeagleSystems Software on a drone

To gain access to the repository, we first have to do some setup:

```
$ git config --global http.postBuffer 524288000
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "your_email@beaglesystems.com"
$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
```

Upload the public key to your github settings to be able to download the repository.

```
$ mkdir Development
$ cd Development
$ git clone git@github.com:BeagleSystems/BeagleComrade -b develop
```

Create the file ~/.beaglerc with the following content.

1.2 Install FT4232H

```
..code-block:: sh
sudo apt-get install libconfuse-dev
```

1.3 Compile the documentation

We adhere to the recommendations described on https://www.writethedocs.org/guide/ and https://documentation.divio.com/reference/. Reference guides are kept in a similar style as http://mavlink.io/en/services/mission.html.

```
sudo pip3 install sphinxcontrib-mermaid sudo pip3 install sphinx-jinja sphinxcontrib-napoleon sphinx-rtd-theme
```

Install sphinx-bootstrap-theme:

```
cd ~/Development/beaglesystems
git clone git@github.com:dayjaby/sphinx-bootstrap-theme
cd sphinx-bootstrap-theme
sudo python3 setup.py install
```

Modify the CSS:

Create the documentation:

```
sphinx-apidoc -f -o source/mqtt_bridge ../BeagleComrade/src/mqtt_bridge/src/mqtt_

⇒bridge

make clean && make html
```

Instead of 'make html' you can create the documentation via

```
python3 -msphinx . _build
```

1.3.1 To generate a pdf using latex

```
sudo apt install texlive-full
sudo apt install texlive-latex-extra
make latexpdf
```

The pdf file is located in doc/_build/latex/

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1.4 Debug PX4 topics

NuttX shell, list all available commands and list all uORB topics:

```
nsh> help
nsh> uorb top
q
```

If you have GPS problems, please check:

```
nsh> listener vehicle_gps_position
```

Is jamming indicator below 40? If not, make sure that all USB3.0 cables are far away from the GPS sensor.

In a SITL environment, we can use GDB to analyze. I assume that you run PX4 via a robot_upstarted launch file. Make sure that the PX4 ros node is commented out. First, we have to compile PX4 in GDB mode:

```
DONT_RUN=1 make px4_sitl_default gazebo___gdb
```

Next, we start the node as root.

One example how to break on certain mavlink messages, e.g. with mavlink message ID 212:

```
<ctrl-c> if GDB is running already
(gdb) break MavlinkReceiver::handle_message
(qdb) continue
Thread 75 "mavlink_rcv_if1" hit Breakpoint 1, MavlinkReceiver::handle_message_
\hookrightarrow (this=0x7fff8c000b20, msg=0x7fffc6ffad90)
at ../../src/modules/mavlink/mavlink_receiver.cpp:132
132
(gdb) x/20i $pc
=> 0x55555561d420 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)>:
                                                                                  push _
   0x55555561d421 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+1>:
                                                                                  push _
  0x55555561d422 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+2>:
                                                                                  mov
→ %rsi,%rbx
  0x55555561d425 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+5>:
                                                                                  mov
  0x55555561d428 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+8>:
                                                                                  sub
→ $0x8, %rsp
  0x55555561d42c <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*) +12>:
→movzbl 0xa(%rbx),%eax
  0x55555561d430 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+16>:
→movzbl 0x9(%rsi), %esi
  0x55555561d434 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*) +20>:
→movzbl 0xb(%rbx),%edx
  0x55555561d438 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+24>:
                                                                                  shl

$0x8, %rax
```

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```
0x55555561d43c <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+28>:
 0x55555561d43f <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+31>:
                                                                                shl
→ $0x10,%rdx
  0x55555561d443 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+35>:
→ %rdx,%rax
  0x55555561d446 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+38>:
                                                                                cmp
→ $0x8a, %eax
  0x55555561d44b <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+43>:
                                                                                jе
→ 0x55555561d8d0 <MavlinkReceiver::handle_message(__mavlink_message*)+1200>
(gdb) delete
(gdb) break *0x55555561d446 if $eax == 212
(gdb) info registers $eax
(qdb) continue
```

1.5 How to debug USB

```
sudo apt install libboost-dev libpcap-dev
git clone https://github.com/aguinet/usbtop
cd usbtop
mkdir build && cd build
cmake -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release ..
make
sudo make install
sudo modprobe usbmon
sudo usbtop
```

Compare that with the USB devices found via Isusb.

USB devices can fail if the voltage drops below 5V. To check the voltage on Jetson Nano, run:

```
cat /sys/bus/i2c/drivers/ina3221x/6-0040/iio:device0/in_voltage0_input
```

4 Chapter 1. HowTos

CHAPTER

TWO

HARDWARE

2.1 Payloads

2.1.1 EH2000

Test commands for the NuttX shell

Get the device information and reported feedback from the gimbal:

```
listener gimbal_device_information listener gimbal_device_attitude_status
```

Do a camera trigger test:

```
camera_trigger test
```

Do a continuous camera trigger test until stopped:

```
camera_trigger test_interval camera_trigger test_interval stop
```

Make the camera look forward and follow yaw:

```
eh2000 test follow
```

Make the camera look down and follow yaw:

```
eh2000 test lookdown
```

Make the camera look left/right with a pitch of 45 degrees down:

```
eh2000 test lookleft
eh2000 test lookright
```

We provide commands to test the camera zoomed in (50mm) and zoomed out (16mm) and automatically focussed:

```
eh2000 test zoomin
eh2000 test zoomout
eh2000 test focus
```

Prepare the camera for precision landing, which includes the following commands:

• zoom out (MAV_CMD_SET_CAMERA_ZOOM)

- auto focus (MAV CMD SET CAMERA FOCUS)
- follow yaw (MAV_CMD_DO_GIMBAL_MANAGER_PITCHYAW)
- lookdown (MAV_CMD_DO_GIMBAL_MANAGER_PITCHYAW)

```
eh2000 test precland
```

We prepared some profiles for the camera:

```
eh2000 test profile_auto
eh2000 test profile_shutter
```

Be aware that these commands do certain other things: They flash the SD card and set the save path, so that images are written to the SD card.

As a fallback option, ssh to the drone and run these commands:

```
# Format the SD card
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=formatMedia"
# Switch to manual mode
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=shootMode&mode=5"
# Set aperture to F5.6
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=apertureMode&
⊶mode=16"
# Set ISO mode to AUTO
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=isoMode&mode=0"
# Set shutter speed to 1/2500
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=shutterSpeedMode&
→mode=18"
# Set exposure compensation to -0.3EV
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?
→action=exposureCompensationMode&mode=4"
# Set zoom to 0 (completely zoomed out)
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=setZoomValue&
⇒value=0"
# Save images to SD card
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=setSavePath&path=1"
# Do a single capture
curl -G "http://192.168.42.108:80/cgi-bin/configManager.cgi?action=capture&mode=0"
```

CHAPTER THREE

REFERENCE

napter 3. Reference

3.1 ROS Messages

3.1.1 ROS message definitions

Table 1: Mapping of MQTT and ROS topics

ROS message	Data format
beagle_interfaces/RtcmData	string house_id string rtcm_id uint32 length string data

3.2 MQTT interface

Connecting to MQTT

The MQTT broker is hosted on 40.87.148.13:1883.

Table 2: Mapping of MQTT and ROS topics

MQTT topic	In/Out	ROS topic	Data format	Timestamp ¹
house/+/rtcm/+/raw	\rightarrow	/rtk/rtcm	beagle_interfaces/RtcmData	

¹ The timestamp is an additional field in a message and is based on time.time() at the time of transmission of the data. Timestamps of the samples themselves are not included if not stated otherwise.

3.2.1 MQTT interface configuration

```
mqtt:
 client:
   protocol: 4 # MQTTv311
   client_id_from_mac: ["eth2", "eno1", "eth1", "eth0"]
 connection:
   host: "40.87.148.13"
   port: 1883
   keepalive: 10
 account:
   username: "beagle"
   password: "beagleB0o12"
 will:
   topic: ~/disconnected
   payload: "{}"
   qos: 2
 disconnect_on_shutdown: False
serializer: json:dumps
deserializer: json:loads
bridge:
 - factory: mqtt_bridge.bridge:MqttToRosBridge
   msg_type: beagle_interfaces.msg:RtcmData
   topic_from: house/+/rtcm/+/raw
   topic_to: /rtk/rtcm
   wildcards: ["house_id", "rtcm_id"]
```

3.3 mqtt_bridge

3.3.1 mqtt_bridge package

Submodules

```
mqtt_bridge.app module
```

```
mqtt_bridge.app.mqtt_bridge_node()
```

mqtt bridge.bridge module

```
class mqtt_bridge.bridge.Bridge
Bases: object
Bridge base class
```

Parameters

- _mqtt_client (mqtt.Client) MQTT client
- _serialize message serialize callable
- _deserialize message deserialize callable

```
static is_service()
```

Bridge from MQTT to ROS topic

Parameters

- topic_from (str) incoming MQTT topic path
- topic_to (str) outgoing ROS topic path
- msq type (class) subclass of ROS Message
- **frequency** (float | None) publish frequency
- queue_size (int) ROS publisher's queue size
- wildcards (list-of-str/None) list of wildcards. If it is not None, replace any + in topic_from with the values in this list.
- latch (bool/False) whether to latch the message

Bases: mgtt bridge.bridge.Bridge

Bridge from ROS topic to MQTT

Parameters

- topic_from (str) incoming ROS topic path
- topic_to (str) outgoing MQTT topic path
- msg_type (class) subclass of ROS Message
- frequency (float | None) publish frequency
- qos (int/2) MQTT QoS
- retain (bool | False) whether to retain the message
- delete_retained_on_shutdown (bool/False) delete the message on shutdown if it was retained
- drop (list-of-str/None) if it is not None, delete all values for the given keys

class mqtt_bridge.bridge.RosToMqttServiceBridge(topic, msg_type, qos=2)
 Bases: mqtt_bridge.bridge.Bridge

Bridge from ROS topic to MQTT

Parameters

- topic (str) incoming ROS topic path
- msg_type (class) subclass of ROS Service
- qos (int/2) MQTT QoS

static is_service()

3.3. mgtt bridge

```
mqtt_bridge.bridge.create_bridge (factory, msg_type, **kwargs)
bridge generator function
```

Parameters

- factory (str/class) Bridge class
- msg_type (str/class) ROS message type
- **kwargs** (dict) a dictionary of arguments for the bridge class initialization

Return Bridge bridge object

mqtt_bridge.mqtt_client module

Parameters params (dict) – configuration parameters

Return mqtt.Client MQTT Client

mqtt_bridge.util module

Module contents

CHAPTER

FOUR

PRECISION LANDING

- 4.1 Precision Landing State Machine
- 4.2 Precision Landing Integration with Gimbal Camera

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