Week 6 – First-level fMRI data analysis

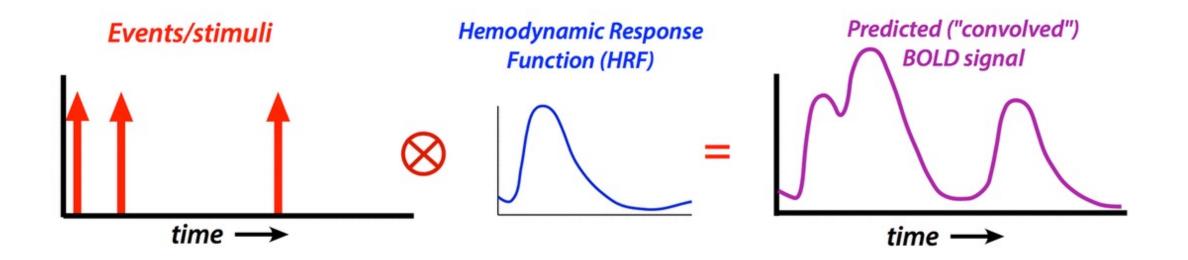
L06-01. HRF modeling – Reasons for using basis functions

Byeol, Hongji, and Jungwoo

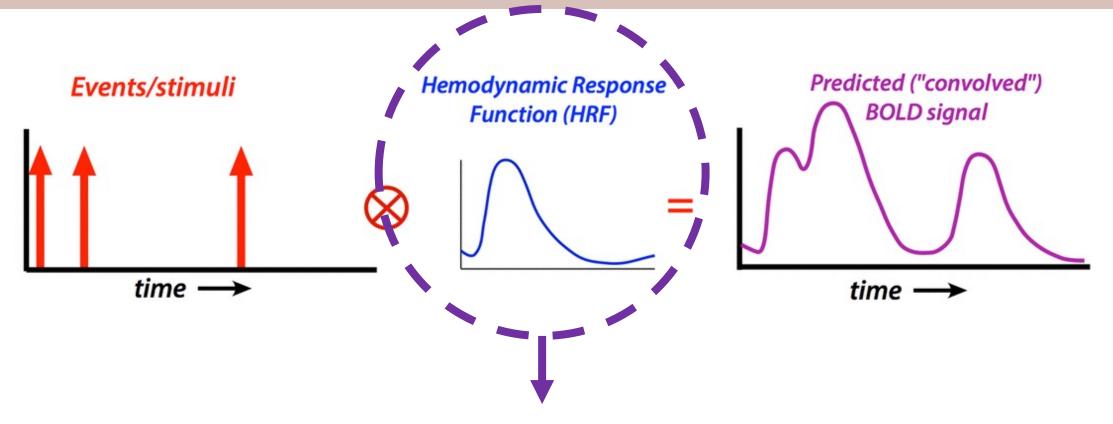
2 April 2021







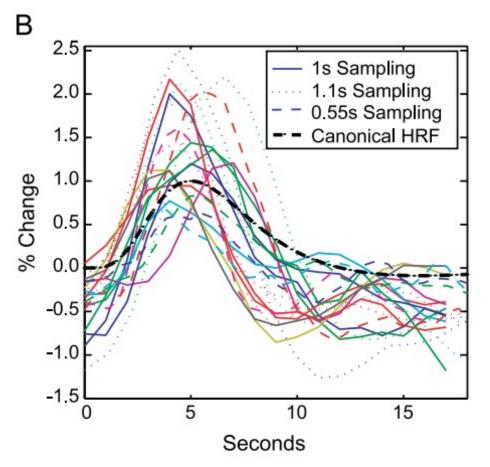




Is this model good enough for capturing our BOLD signal?



HRF difference across subjects in M1



HRF is different across

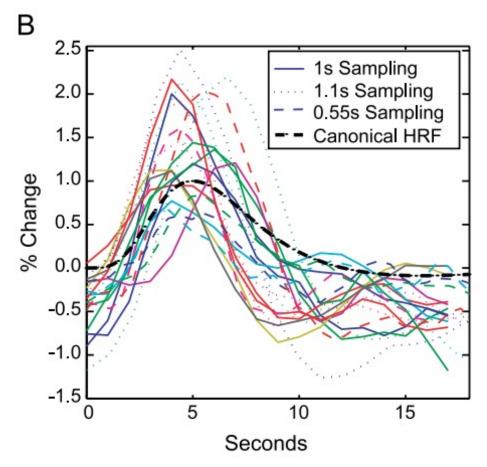
- regions
- species
- subjects

etc...

Handwerker et al. Neuroimage. 2004



HRF difference across subjects in M1



HRF is different across

- regions
- species
- subjects

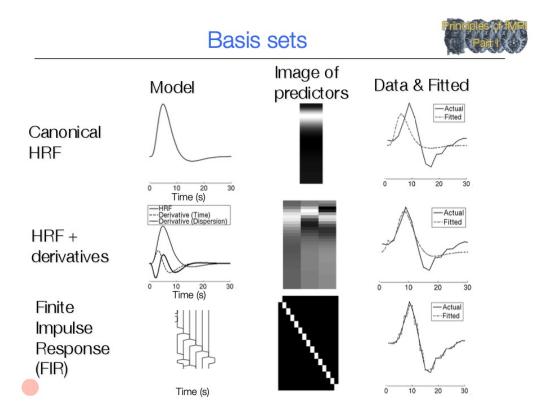
etc...

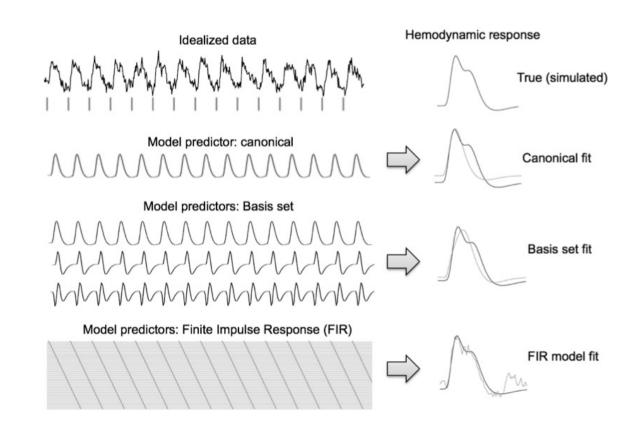
Then HOW?

Handwerker et al. Neuroimage. 2004



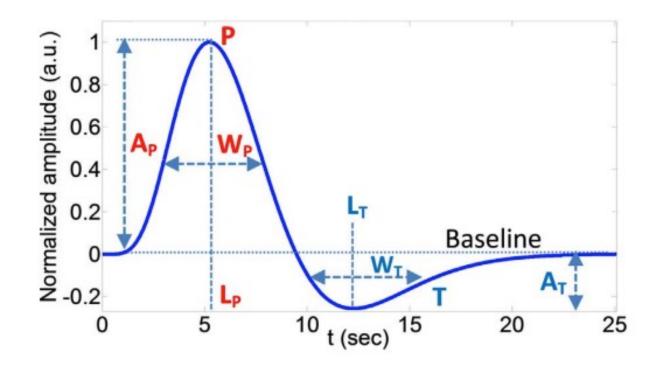
3. Single-trial model - Basis sets





Contents credit: Tor Wager





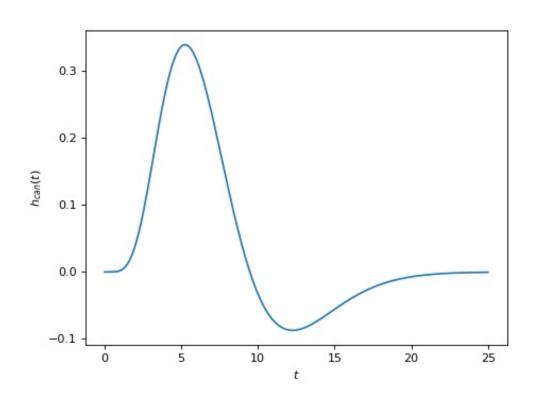
In HRF...

There are several parameters that define its shape.

- width
- height
- time to peak
- post dip



Advatages and Disadvatages of using canonical HRF



Advantages

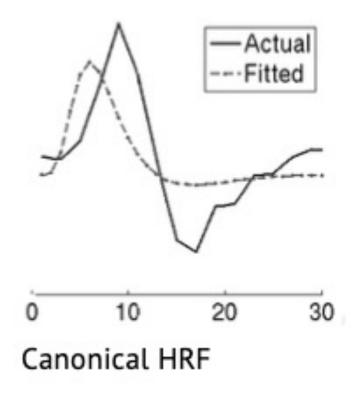
- Simple analysis
- Easy to interpret

Disdvantages

- If canonical HRF is incorrect…biased!

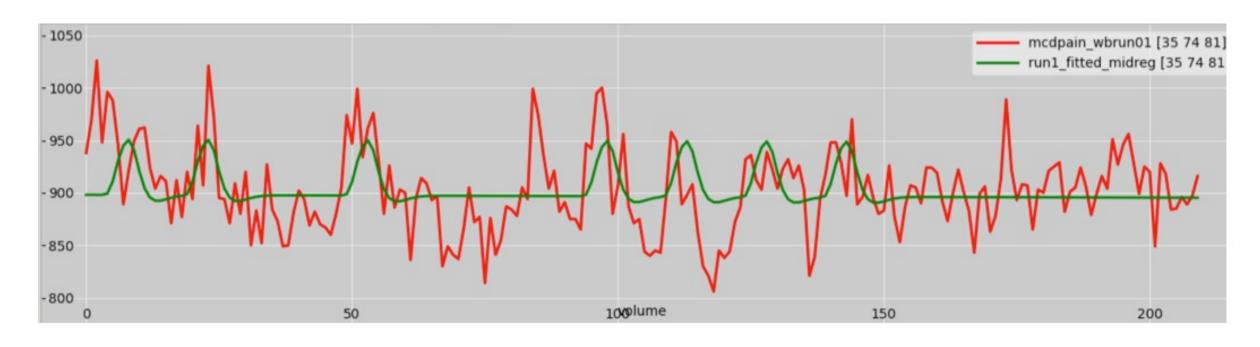


Advatages and Disadvatages of using canonical HRF





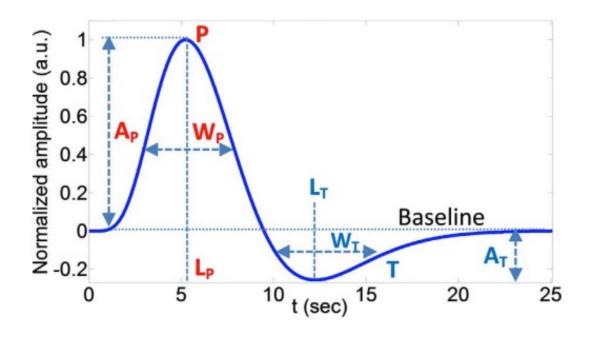
Advatages and Disadvatages of using canonical HRF



Most of all ··· works just fine



Advatages and Disadvatages of using more than two parameters



Advantages

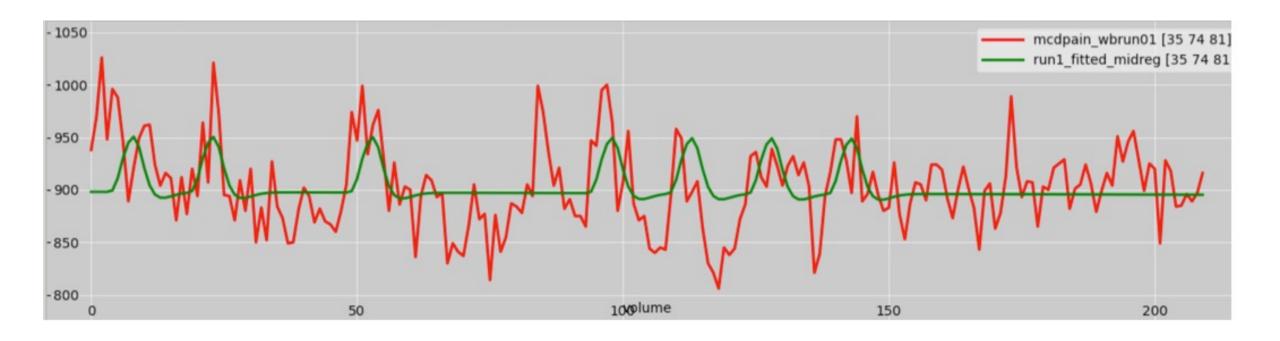
- Less biased and allows more variance.
- Possible to test hypothesis about parameters of HRF.

Disdvantages

- Possibility of overfitting
- More complicated analysis required.



Advatages and Disadvatages of using canonical HRF



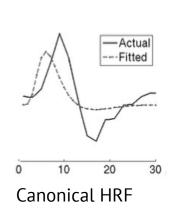


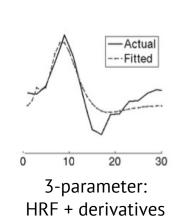
Trade-off between bias and variance

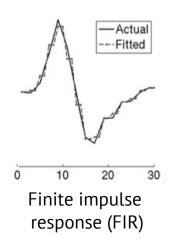
High Bias & Low variance

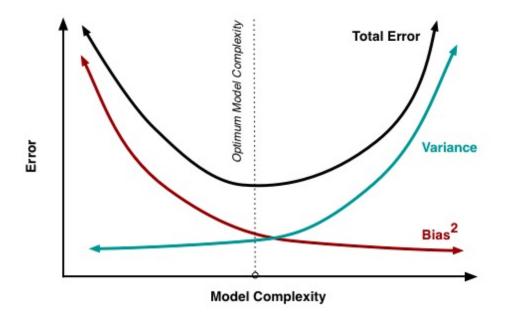
VS.

Low Bias & High Variance











Cocoan 101

https://cocoanlab.github.io



