

# Database Systems Lecture #04

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### **Objectives**



- ◆ To learn conceptual modeling using the entityrelationship (ER) model
  - Concept of entity-relationship model
  - Entity-relationship diagram
  - Conceptual data modeling



#### **Outline**



- ◆ Constraints on Relationship Types
- Attributes of Relationship Types
- ◆ Weak Entity Types
- ◆ Refining the Conceptual Design for a COMPANY Database
- ◆ Entity-Relationship Diagram



#### **Constraints on Relationship Types**



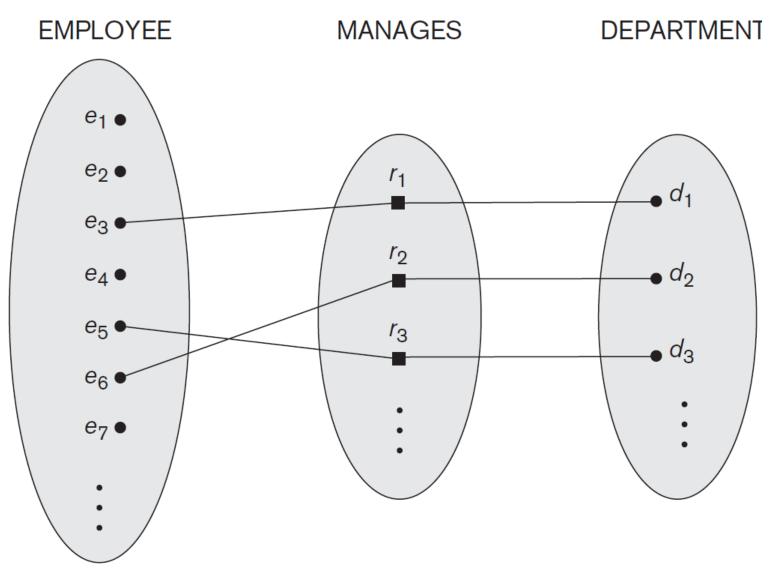
- Cardinality ratio constraint
  - Maximum number of relationship instances that an entity can participate in
  - Three types of cardinality ratios for a binary relationship
    - **1:1**
    - 1:N
    - M:N

DB



### 1:1 Cardinality Ratio

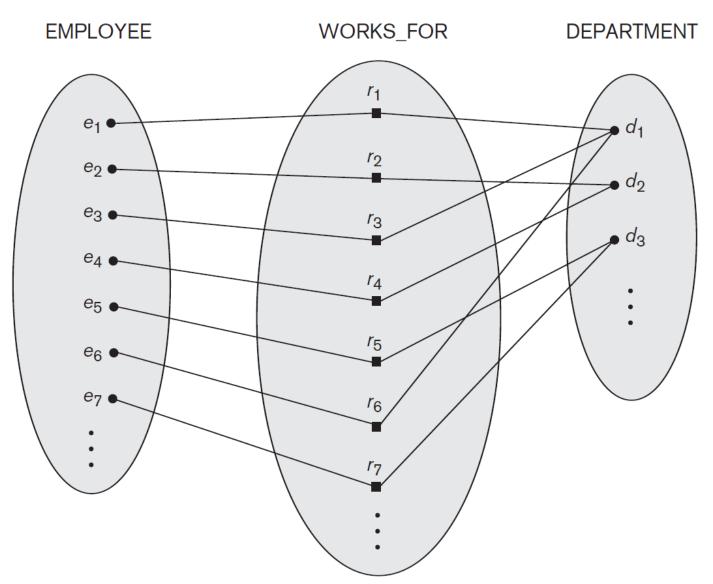






### 1:N Cardinality Ratio

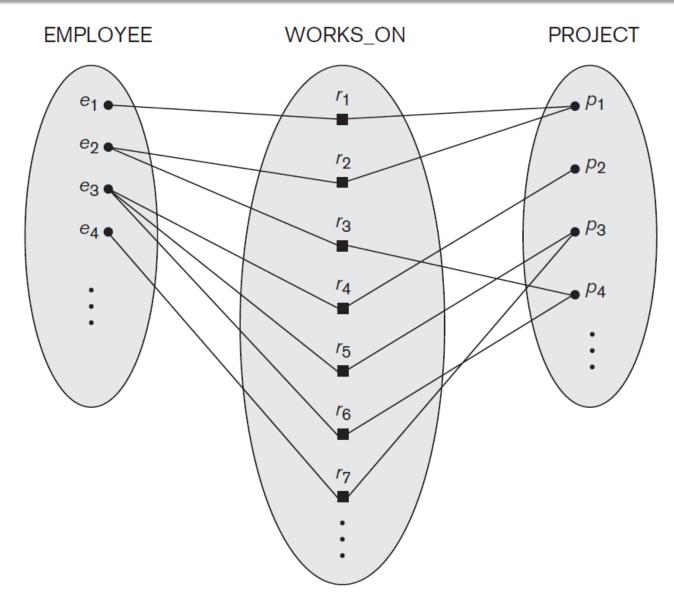






### M:N Cardinality Ratio







### **Constraints on Relationship Types**



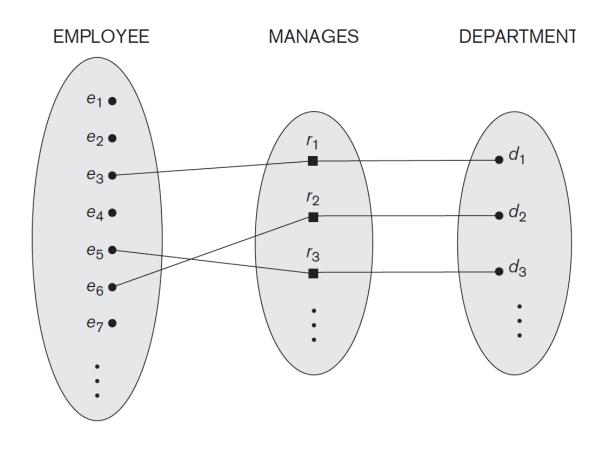
#### **♦** Participation constraint

- Specifies whether the existence of an entity depends on its being related to another entity
- Types: total and partial
  - Total: every entity should participate in the relationship



### **Constraints on Relationship Types**







entity



• EMPLOYEE – partial participation

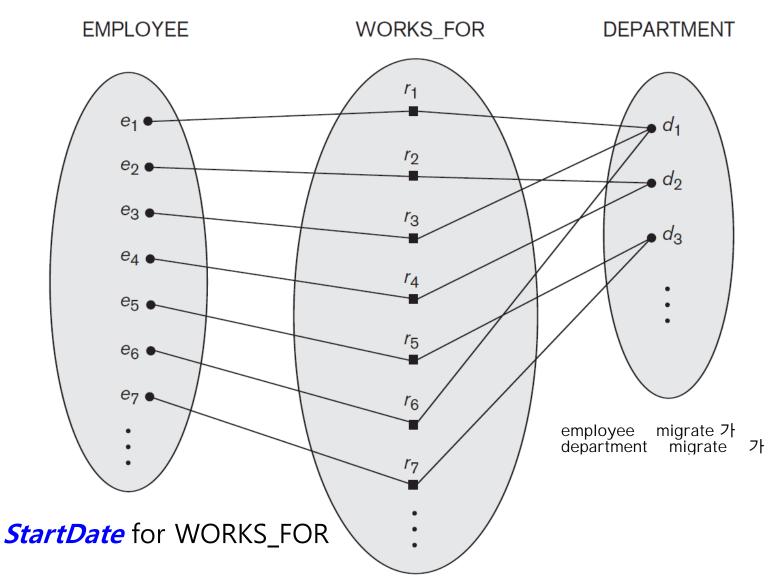
entity



- ◆ Relationship types can also have attributes
  - Determined by a combination of participating entities
  - Represent the characteristics of each *relationship* instance
  - Used when the attributes are not proper for one participating entity type
- Proper for M:N relationship types
  - The attributes of 1:1 or 1:N relationship types can be migrated to one entity type

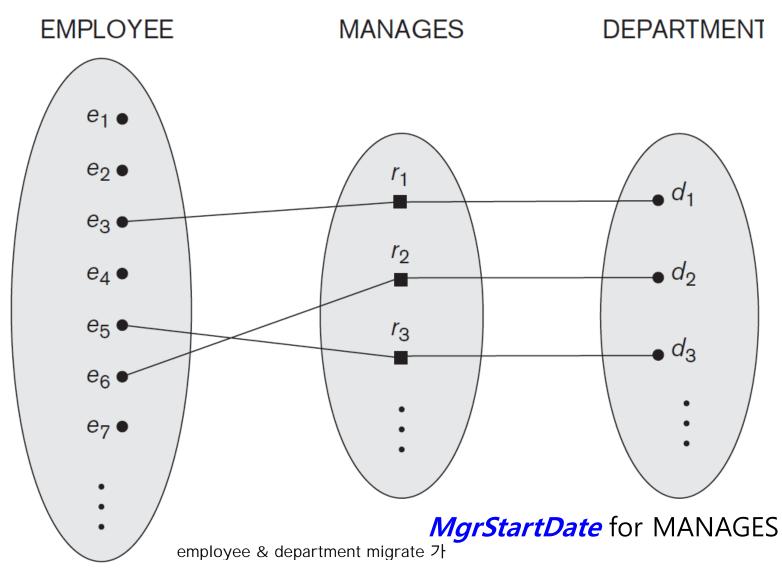




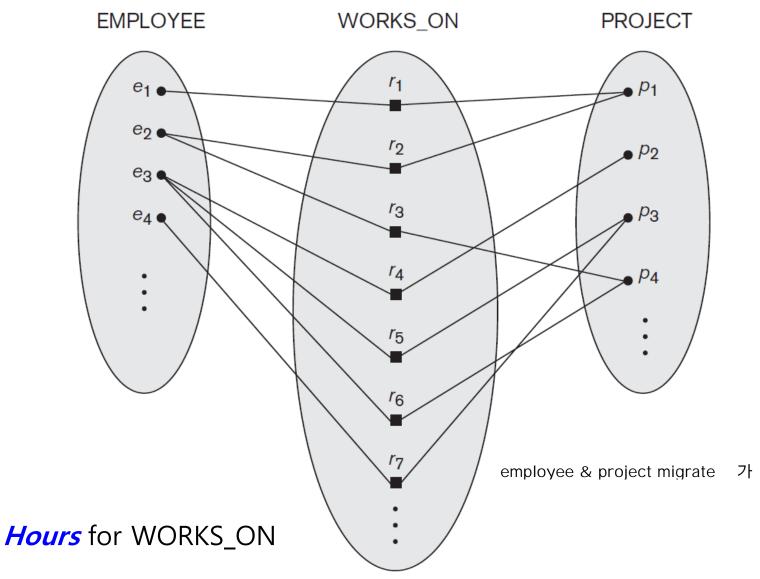














- ◆ Weak entity types
  - Do have no key attributes of their own inside the entity type
  - Example: DEPENDENT entity type
    - (DependentName, BirthDate, Sex, Relationship)
    - A's son (Gildong, 1/1/14, M, son)
    - B's son (Gildong, 1/1/14, M, son)





- ◆ Identifying owner
  - Identifies specific entities in a weak entity type
  - Example: EMPLOYEE entity type
    - Identifies DEPENDENT entities
    - A's son (Gildong, 1/1/14, M, son): linked to A
    - B's son (Gildong, 1/1/14, M, son): linked to B





- ◆ Identifying relationship type
  - Relates a weak entity type to its identifying owner
  - Always has a total participation constraint
  - Example: DEPENDENTS\_OF
    - A's son (Gildong, 1/1/14, M, son): linked to A
    - B's son (Gildong, 1/1/14, M, son): linked to B





#### ◆ Partial key

- Uniquely identify weak entities that are related to the same owner entity
  - Could be used as a key together with the identifying relationship
- Example
  - DependentName attribute of DEPENDENT entity type

key = partial key + owner



## Refining Conceptual Design for the COMPANY Database



◆ Result of the initial conceptual design

#### DEPARTMENT

Name, Number, {Locations}, Manager, ManagerStartDate

#### **PROJECT**

Name, Number, Location, ControllingDepartment

#### **EMPLOYEE**

Name(FName, MInit, LName), <u>SSN</u>, Sex, Address, Salary, BirthDate, <u>Department</u>, <u>Supervisor</u>, {WorksOn (Project, Hours)}

#### **DEPENDENT**

Employee, DependentName, Sex, BirthDate, Relationship





#### ◆ MANAGES:

- 1:1 relationship type between EMPLOYEE and DEPARTMENT
- EMPLOYEE participation is partial
- DEPARTMENT participation is total
- Has MgrStartDate attribute





- ♦ WORKS\_FOR:
  - 1:N relationship type between DEPARTMENT and PROJECT EMPLOYEE
  - Both participations are total





#### **◆** CONTROLS:

- 1:N relationship type between DEPARTMENT and EMPLOYEE PROJECT
- PROJECT participation is total
- DEPARTMENT participation is partial





#### ◆ SUPERVISON:

- 1:N relationship type between EMPLOYEE (supervisor) and EMPLOYEE (supervisee)
- Both participations are partial





- ♦ WORKS\_ON:
  - M:N relationship type between EMPLOYEE and PROJECT
  - Both participations are total
  - Has Hours attribute





- ◆ DEPENDENTS\_OF:
  - 1:N relationship type between EMPLOYEE and DEPENDENT
  - Identifying relationship for DEPENDENT
  - EMPLOYEE participation is partial
  - DEPENDENT participation is total





- Result of conceptual design using the entityrelationship model
- ◆ Displayed as a diagram (ER diagram)



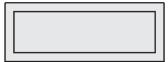


#### Symbol

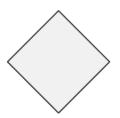
Meaning



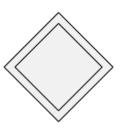
**Entity** 



Weak Entity



Relationship

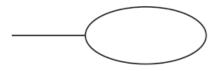


Indentifying Relationship

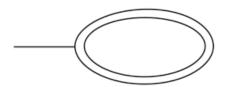




#### **Symbol**







#### Meaning

**Attribute** 

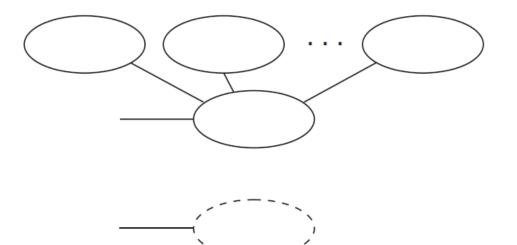
Key Attribute

Multivalued Attribute





#### **Symbol**



#### Meaning

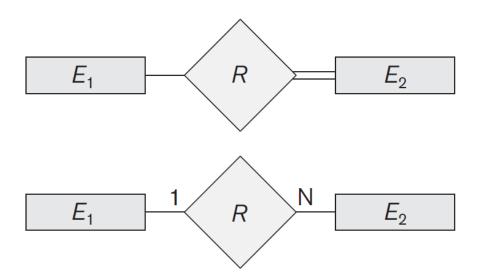
Composite Attribute

**Derived Attribute** 





#### **Symbol**



#### Meaning

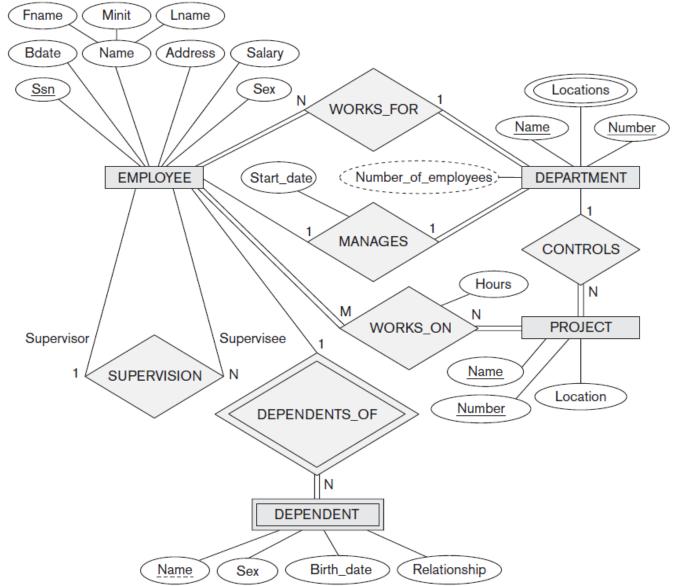
Total Participation of  $E_2$  in R

Cardinality Ratio 1: N for  $E_1:E_2$  in R



### **ER Diagram of COMPANY database**





### Summary



- ◆ Basic ER model concepts of entities and their attributes
  - Structural constraints on relationships
  - Attributes on relationships
- ◆ ER diagrams represent E-R schemas in a simple diagram



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## Have a nice day!

