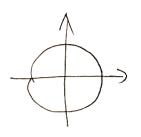
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\text{Norm}}{\text{Norm}} \left(\text{Euclidean Norm} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{||W||_2} = \sqrt{||W|^2 + |W|^2 + \dots + |W|^2}$$



hyperplane will lie exactly halfway between the neavest positive point and neavest negative point.

Margin
$$WIDTH = (X_{+}-X_{1}) \cdot \frac{W}{\|W\|} = \frac{2}{\|W\|}$$

$$WX^{+} + p = -1$$

$$WX^{+} + p = -1$$

Max TIWII ~ Max Thin ~ min 1/WII ~ min 2/11WI

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial p}g(p) = 3. + \frac{1}{1-p}(-1) = 0$$
 $3(1-p)-p=0$ $3-4p=0$ $p=3/4$

$$\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial p}g(p)=3.\frac{-1}{p^{2}}+\frac{-1}{(1-p)^{2}}<0$$

Percoptron

H g is positive.

$$w' = w + x$$
 $b' = b + 1$

$$\widetilde{y}' = w'x + b'$$

$$= (w+x)x + (b+1)$$

$$= wx + b + x^{2} + 1$$

$$\widetilde{y}' = w'x + b'$$