### **CYCLE 1: SQL QUERY**

- 1] Write a program to implement database triggers in PL/SQL by using following schema -employee(e\_id,e\_name,e\_doj,e\_salary,e\_age)
  - i. Create an employee table and insert any five records.
  - ii. Write row-level trigger for salary changes.(insert / update / delete operations on employee)

 $\rightarrow$ 

SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(

- 2 E\_ID NUMBER,
- 3 E\_NAME VARCHAR(20),
- 4 E\_DOJ VARCHAR(20),
- 5 E\_SALARY NUMBER,
- 6 E\_AGE NUMBER,
- 7 PRIMARY KEY (E ID));

Table created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE values (1,'tanu','2022-08-10',30000,22);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE values(2,'avi','2023-10-21',45000,34);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE values (3,'anu','2005-04-25',50000,39);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE values (4,'ash','2010-06-3',25000,42);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE values (5,'shyam','2021-11-2',46000,31);

1 row created.

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER display salary changes

- 2 BEFORE DELETE OR INSERT OR UPDATE ON employee
- 3 FOR EACH ROW
- 4 WHEN (NEW.E ID > 0)
- 5 DECLARE

6 sal\_diff number;

7 BEGIN

8 sal\_diff := :NEW.E\_SALARY - :OLD.E\_SALARY;

9 dbms\_output.put\_line('Old salary: ' || :OLD.E\_SALARY);

10 dbms\_output.put\_line('New salary: ' || :NEW.E\_SALARY);

11 dbms\_output.put\_line('Salary difference: ' || sal\_diff);

12 END;

13 /

Trigger created.

#### SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE values (6,'siri','2023-11-21',50000,25);

Old salary:

New salary: 50000

Salary difference:

1 row created.

#### SQL> UPDATE EMPLOYEE

2 SET E SALARY=E SALARY+500

3 WHERE E\_ID=2;

Old salary: 45000

New salary: 45500

Salary difference: 500

1 row updated.

#### SQL> select \* from EMPLOYEE;

E_ID E_NAME	E_DOJ	E_SALARY	E_AGE
1 tanu	2022-08-10	30000	22
2 avi	2023-10-21	45500	34
3 anu	2005-04-25	50000	39
4 ash	2010-06-3	25000	42
5 shyam	2021 -11-2	46000	31

6 siri

2023-11-21

50000

25

6 rows selected.

## SQL> DELETE EMPLOYEE

2 WHERE E\_ID=3;

1 row deleted.

## SQL> select \* from EMPLOYEE;

E_ID	E_NAME	E_DOJ	E_SALARY	E_AGE
1	tanu	2022-08-10	30000	22
2	avi	2023-10-21	45500	34
4	ash	2010-06-3	25000	42
5	shyam	2021-11-2	46000	31
6	siri	2023-11-21	50000	25

2]. Write a program to implement database triggers in PL/SQL by using following schema – employee2(e id,e name,e age)

- i. Create an employee table and insert any five records.
- ii. Write a trigger to check the age of an employee is between 18 to 58, if not raise an error.(during insert / update / delete operations on employee)

 $\rightarrow$ 

SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE2(

- 2 E ID NUMBER,
- 3 E NAME VARCHAR(20),
- 4 E AGE NUMBER,
- 5 PRIMARY KEY (E ID));

Table created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (1,'tanu',22);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (2,'sam',32);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (3,'shree',42);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (4,'ram',33);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (5,'dhru',45);

1 row created.

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER DISPLAY AGE CHANGES

- 2 BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON EMPLOYEE2
- 3 FOR EACH ROW
- 4 WHEN(NEW.E ID>0)
- 5 BEGIN
- 6 IF:NEW.E AGE < 18
- 7 THEN
- 8 RAISE\_APPLICATION\_ERROR(-20001, Employee age must be greater than or

```
9 equal to 18.');
10 ELSIF:NEW.E AGE > 58
11 THEN
12 RAISE APPLICATION ERROR(-20001, Employee age must be lesser than or equal
13 to 58.');
14 END IF;
15 END;
16 /
Trigger created.
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (6,'raksh',16);
insert into EMPLOYEE2 values (6,'raksh',16)
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20001: Employee age must be greater than or
equal to 18.
ORA-06512: at "SCOTT.DISPLAY AGE CHANGES", line 4
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SCOTT.DISPLAY AGE CHANGES'
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE2 values(6,'raksh',62);
insert into EMPLOYEE2 values(6,'raksh',62)
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20001: Employee age must be lesser than or equal
to 58.
ORA-06512: at "SCOTT.DISPLAY AGE CHANGES", line 8
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SCOTT.DISPLAY AGE CHANGES'
```

3]. Write a program to implement cursor in PL/SQL to display the employee details from the following table -emp(eno,ename,designation,doj,salary).

 $\rightarrow$ 

SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE3(

- 2 E ID NUMBER,
- 3 E NAME VARCHAR(20),
- 4 SALARY NUMBER,
- 5 PRIMARY KEY (E ID));

Table created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE3 values (1,'rach',40000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE3 values (2,'ammu',50000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE3 values (3,'avi',24000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE3 values (4,'tanu',52000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE3 values (5,'ash',33000);

1 row created.

SQL> select \* from EMPLOYEE3;

E_ID	E_NAME	SALARY
 1	rach	40000
2	ammu	50000
3	avi	24000
4	tanu	52000
5	ash	33000

SQL> CREATE TABLE emp\_temp AS

2 SELECT \* FROM employee3;

Table created.

#### SQL> DECLARE

- 2 CURSOR employee\_cur IS
- 3 SELECT \* FROM emp\_temp
- 4 FOR UPDATE;
- 5 incr\_sal NUMBER;
- 6 BEGIN
- 7 FOR employee\_rec IN employee\_cur LOOP
- 8 IF employee\_rec.salary< 25000 THEN
- 9 incr\_sal := .20;
- 10 ELSE
- 11 incr\_sal := .10;
- 12 END IF;
- 13 UPDATE emp\_temp
- 14 SET salary = salary + salary \* incr\_sal
- 15 WHERE CURRENT OF employee\_cur;
- 16 END LOOP;
- 17 END;

18 /

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select \* from emp\_temp;

E_ID	E_NAME	SALARY
1	rach	44000
2	ammu	55000
3	avi	28800
4	tanu	57200
5	ash	36300

4]. Write a program to implement Procedure in PL/SQL to update the salary of the employee from the following table – employee5(eno,ename,salary).



SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE5(

- 2 E ID NUMBER,
- 3 E NAME VARCHAR(20),
- 4 SALARY NUMBER,
- 5 PRIMARY KEY (E ID));

Table created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE5 values (1,'ash',13000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE5 values (2,'anu',35000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE5 values (3,'shree',53000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE5 values (4,'sam',16000);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE5 values (5,'jhon',26000);

1 row created.

SQL> select \* from EMPLOYEE5;

E_ID	E_NAME	SALARY
1	ash	13000
2	anu	35000
3	shree	53000
4	sam	16000
5	jhon	26000

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE adjust\_salary

- 2 IS
- 3 BEGIN

- 4 UPDATE EMPLOYEE5 set salary = salary \* 1.1 WHERE salary>25000;
- 5 UPDATE EMPLOYEE5 set salary = salary \* 1.2 WHERE salary<25000;

6 END;

7 /

Procedure created.

SQL> Exec adjust\_salary;

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select \* from EMPLOYEE5;

E_ID E_NAME		SALARY	
1	ash	15600	
2	anu	38500	
3	shree	58300	
4	sam	19200	
5	ihon	28600	

 $\rightarrow$ 

5]. Write a program to implement packages in PL/SQL by using following schema – EMPLOYEE12(ID NUMBER,NAME VARCHAR(20),AGE NUMBER,ADDRESS VARCHAR(20),SALARY NUMBER, PRIMARY KEY (ID)); i. Create the package for adding, removing and listing a customer. ii. Display suitable output.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE12(
 2 ID NUMBER,
 3 NAME VARCHAR(20),
4 AGE NUMBER,
 5 ADDRESS VARCHAR(20),
 6 SALARY NUMBER,
 7 PRIMARY KEY (ID));
Table created.
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE12 values (1,'tanu',21,'davangere',30000);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE12 values (2,'ram',22,'tumkur',40000);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE12 values (3,'shru',33,'hubli',34000);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE12 values (4,'priya',55,'davangere',42000);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into EMPLOYEE12 values (5,'ash',24,'hubli',53000);
1 row created.
SQL> create or replace package e pack as
 2 procedure addemp
 3 (
4 e id employee12.id%type,
 5 e name employee12.name%type,
 6 e age employee12.age%type,
 7 e addr employee12.address%type,
 8 e sal employee12.salary%type);
 9 procedure delemp(e id employee12.id%type);
10 procedure listemp;
11 end e pack;
```

12 /

Package created.

```
SQL> create or replace package body e pack as
 2 procedure addemp(e id employee12.id%type,
 3 e_name employee12.name%type,
 4 e_age employee12.age%type,
 5 e_addr employee12.address%type,
   e sal employee12.salary%type)
 7 is
 8
   begin
   insert into employee12(id, name,age,address,salary)
    values(e id, e name,e age,e addr,e sal);
11
    end addemp;
    procedure delemp(e_id employee12.id%type) is
13 begin
    delete from employee12 where id=e id;
    end delemp;
15
    procedure listemp is
16
17
     cursor e emp is
     select name from employee12;
18
     TYPE e list is table of employee12.name%type;
20 name_list e_list := e_list();
21 counter integer := 0;
22 begin
23 for n in e emp loop
24 counter := counter +1;
25 name list.extend;
26 name list(counter) := n.name;
27 dbms output.put line('employee('||counter||')'||name list(counter));
28 end loop;
29 end listemp;
30 end e pack;
31 /
```

Package body created.

```
SQL> Set Serveroutput on;
SQL> DECLARE
2 code EMPLOYEE12.id%type:=1;
 3 BEGIN
4 e_pack.addemp(6,'anu',39,'tumkur',3600);
 5 e_pack.listemp;
6 e_pack.delemp(code);
 7 e_pack.listemp;
 8 END;
 9 /
employee(1)tanu
employee(2)ram
employee(3)shru
employee(4)priya
employee(5)ash
employee(6)anu
employee(1)ram
employee(2)shru
employee(3)priya
employee(4)ash
employee(5)anu
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully created

#### **CYCLE 2: MONGODB**

#### 1]. Querying Data using MongoDB

- 1. Create a collection named "products" with fields: "name", "category", "price", and "stock".
- 2. Insert multiple documents into the "products" collection.
- 3. Write queries to find all products in a specific category.
- 4. Retrieve products with a price less than a certain value.
- 5. Find products that are out of stock.
- 6. Count the number of products in a specific category.

```
test> db.createCollection("products")
  { ok: 1 }
test> db.products.insertOne([{name: "Products1",category:"Electronics",price:499.99,stock:10}])
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedId: ObjectId('658ea5abfff6c4b3250daccc')
}
test>db.products.insertMany([{name:"Products2",category:"Clothings",price:299.99,stock:20},{name:"products3",cat
egory: "Electronics", price: 899.99, stock: 5}, {name: "products4", category: "Books", price: 300.0, stock: 8}])
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: {
  '0': ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250daccd'),
  '1': ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250dacce'),
  '2': ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250daccf')
}
test> db.products.find({category:"Electronics"})
id: ObjectId('658ea59cfff6c4b3250daccb'),
  name: 'Products1',
  category: 'Electronics',
  price: 499.99,
  stock: 10
   id: ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250dacce'),
```

```
name: 'products3',
  category: 'Electronics',
price: 899.99,
  stock: 5
 }
]
 test> db.products.find({category:'Electronics'})
  _id: ObjectId('658ea59cfff6c4b3250daccb'),
  name: 'Products1',
  category: 'Electronics',
  price: 499.99,
  stock: 10
  _id: ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250dacce'),
  name: 'products3',
  category: 'Electronics',
  price: 899.99,
  stock: 5
 ]
test> db.products.find({price: {$lt:300.0}})
  _id: ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250daccd'),
  name: 'Products2',
  category: 'Clothings',
  price: 299.99,
  stock: 20
]
test> db.products.find({price: {$lt:50.0}})
test> db.products.find({stock:0})
test> db.products.find({stock:10})
```

```
_id: ObjectId('658ea59cfff6c4b3250daccb'),
 name: 'Products1',
  category: 'Electronics',
  price: 499.99,
  stock: 10
]
test> db.products.find({price: {$lt:301.0}})
_id: ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250daccd'),
  name: 'Products2',
  category: 'Clothings',
  price: 299.99,
  stock: 20
 },
  _id: ObjectId('658ea694fff6c4b3250daccf'),
  name: 'products4',
  category: 'Books',
  price: 300,
  stock: 8
]
test> db.products.countDocuments({category:'Electronics'})
2
test> db.products.countDocuments({category:'Books'})
1
```

- 2]. Aggregation Framework
- 1. Create a collection named "orders" with fields: "order date", "total amount", and "customer id".
- 2. Insert orders into the "orders" collection.
- 3. Write an aggregation pipeline to calculate the total sales per month.
- 4. Calculate the average order amount for each customer.
- 5. Find the customer with the highest total order amount.

```
\rightarrow
```

```
test> db.createCollection("orders")
{ ok: 1 }
test>db.orders.insertMany([{ord_date:ISODate("2023-01-
15T12:30:00Z"),total_amount:100.50,cust_id:1},{ord_date:ISODate("2023-01-
16T01:30:00Z"),total_amount:75.00,cust_id:2},{ord_date:ISODate("2023-01-
17T02:30:00Z"),total_amount:120.00,cust_id:3},])
{
 acknowledged: true,
insertedIds: {
  '0': ObjectId('658ea911fff6c4b3250dacd0'),
  '1': ObjectId('658ea911fff6c4b3250dacd1'),
  '2': ObjectId('658ea911fff6c4b3250dacd2')
}
test> db.orders.aggregate([])
[
  _id: ObjectId('658ea911fff6c4b3250dacd0'),
  ord_date: ISODate('2023-01-15T12:30:00.000Z'),
  total_amount: 100.5,
  cust id: 1
  _id: ObjectId('658ea911fff6c4b3250dacd1'),
  ord_date: ISODate('2023-01-16T01:30:00.000Z'),
  total_amount: 75,
  cust_id: 2
 },
  _id: ObjectId('658ea911fff6c4b3250dacd2'),
  ord_date: ISODate('2023-01-17T02:30:00.000Z'),
  total_amount: 120,
  cust_id: 3
]
test>db.orders.aggregate([{$group:{_id:{$month:"$ord_date"},totalSales:{$sum:"$total_amount"}}}},{$project:{_id:0}
,month:"$_id",totalSales:1}},{$sort:{month:1}}])
[ { totalSales: 295.5, month: 1 } ]
```

```
test>db.orders.aggregate([{$group:{_id:"$cust_id",averageOrderAmount:{$avg:"$total_amount"}}},{$project:{_id:0, cust_id:"$_id",averageOrderAmount:1}}])

[
{ averageOrderAmount: 75, cust_id: 2 },
{ averageOrderAmount: 100.5, cust_id: 1 },
{ averageOrderAmount: 120, cust_id: 3 }
]

test>db.orders.aggregate([{$group:{_id:"$cust_id",totalOrderAmount:{$sum:"$total_amount"}}}},{$sort:{totalOrderAmount:-1}},{$limit:1}])

[ {__id: 3, totalOrderAmount: 120 } ]
```

- 3].Implement MongoDB queries using CRUD operations for a restaurants collection For the structure of "Restaurants" collection
- 1. Write a MongoDB query I. to display all the documents in the collection restaurants
- 2. To display the fields restaurant\_id, name, borough and cuisine for all the documents in the Collection restaurant.
- 3. To display the fields restaurant\_id, name, borough and cuisine, but exclude the field \_id for all the documents in the collection restaurant
- 4. To display all the restaurant which is in the borough Bronx
- 5. To display the first 5 restaurant which is in the borough Bronx.
- 6. To find the restaurants who achieved a score more than 90
- 7. To find the restaurants that achieved a score, more than 80 but less than 10

```
\rightarrow
```

borough: 'gobi',

```
test> db.createCollection("restaurants")
{ ok: 1 }
test>db.restaurants.insertMany([{rest_id:1,name:"rev",borough:"gobi",cuisine:"eggrice"},{rest_id:2,borough:"rome",c
uisine: "dosa" \, \{rest id: 3, name: "vince", borough: "spain", cuisine: "idli" \, \]\)
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: {
  '0': ObjectId('658eaca2fff6c4b3250dacd3'),
  '1': ObjectId('658eaca2fff6c4b3250dacd4'),
  '2': ObjectId('658eaca2fff6c4b3250dacd5')
}
test> db.resturants.find({},{rest id:1,name:1,borough:1,cuisine:1})
test> db.resturants.find({},{rest id:1,name:1,borough:1,cuisine:1, id:0})
test> db.restaurants.find({borough:"gobi"})
  id: ObjectId('658eaca2fff6c4b3250dacd3'),
  rest id: 1,
  name: 'rev',
```

```
cuisine: 'eggrice'
]
test> db.restaurants.find({borough:"gobi"}).limit(5)
id: ObjectId('658eaca2fff6c4b3250dacd3'),
  rest id: 1,
  name: 'rev',
  borough: 'gobi',
  cuisine: 'eggrice'
]
test> db.restaurants.find({"grades.score":{$gt:90}})
test> db.restaurants.find({"grades.score":{$lt:90}})
test>db.restaurants.insertMany([{rest_id:1,name:"rev",borough:"gobi",cuisine:"eggrice",score:50},{rest_id:2,borough:
"rome",cuisine:"dosa",score:91},{rest_id:3,name:"vince",borough:"spain",cuisine:"idli",score:88},])
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: {
  '0': ObjectId('658eade2fff6c4b3250dacd6'),
  '1': ObjectId('658eade2fff6c4b3250dacd7'),
  '2': ObjectId('658eade2fff6c4b3250dacd8')
test> db.restaurants.find({"grades.score":{$lt:90}})
test>db.restaurants.insertMany([{rest_id:1,name:"rev",borough:"gobi",cuisine:"eggrice",grades:50},{rest_id:2,borough:"gobi",cuisine:"eggrice",grades:50},
```

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h:"rome",cuisine:"dosa",grades:91},{rest\_id:3,name:"vince",borough:"spain",cuisine:"idli",grades:88},])

```
acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: {
  '0': ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacd9'),
  '1': ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacda'),
  '2': ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacdb')
}
test> db.restaurants.find({"grades.score":{$lt:90}})
test> db.restaurants.find({"grades":{$lt:90}})
_id: ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacd9'),
  rest_id: 1,
  name: 'rev',
  borough: 'gobi',
  cuisine: 'eggrice',
  grades: 50
 },
  _id: ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacdb'),
  rest_id: 3,
  name: 'vince',
  borough: 'spain',
  cuisine: 'idli',
  grades: 88
]
test> db.restaurants.find({"grades":{$gt:90}})
```

```
_id: ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacda'),
  rest_id: 2,
borough: 'rome',
  cuisine: 'dosa',
  grades: 91
 }
]
test \!\!>\! db.restaurants.find(\{"grades": \{\$gt:80,\$lt:100\}\})
  _id: ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacda'),
  rest_id: 2,
  borough: 'rome',
  cuisine: 'dosa',
  grades: 91
  _id: ObjectId('658eae04fff6c4b3250dacdb'),
  rest_id: 3,
  name: 'vince',
  borough: 'spain',
  cuisine: 'idli',
  grades: 88
]
```

#### **CYCLE 3: HADOOP AND HIVE**

- 1] Execute the following commands in HADOOP.
- A. To get the list of directories and files at the root of HDFS.
- B. To get the list of complete directories and files of HDFS.
- C. To create a directory (say, sample) in HDFS.
- D. To copy a file from local file system to HDFS.
- E. To copy a file from HDFS to local file system
- F. To copy a file from local file system to HDFS via copy From Local

command

G. To copy a file from Hadoop file system to local file system via copy To

Local

- H. To display the contents of an HDFS file on console
- I. To copy a file from one directory to another directory
- J. To remove a directory HDFS.

 $\rightarrow$ 

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ start-dfs.sh

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

localhost: namenode is running as process 2936. Stop it first.

Starting datanodes

localhost: datanode is running as process 3092. Stop it first.

Starting secondary namenodes [hadoopvm-virtual-machine]

hadoopym-virtual-machine: secondarynamenode is running as process 3328. Stop it first.

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ start-yarn.sh

Starting resourcemanager

resourcemanager is running as process 3531. Stop it first.

Starting nodemanagers

localhost: nodemanager is running as process 3671. Stop it first.

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ jps

3328 SecondaryNameNode

3092 DataNode

3671 NodeManager

2936 NameNode

3531 ResourceManager

# 7871 Jps

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ hadoop fs -ls /

Found	. 6	items

drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 03:12 /20	CS042			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 03:31 /20	cs042			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 04:39 /Lin	ngaraju			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 22:43 /and	u			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 21:54 /cse	e			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 22:09 /css	se			
hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~	\$ hadoop fs -ls -R /				
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 03:12 /20	CS042			
-rw-rr 1 hadoop supergroup	12 2023-12-06 03:08 /20	CS042/lingu1	.txt		
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 03:31 /20	cs042			
-rw-rr 1 hadoop supergroup	7 2023-12-06 03:29 /200	s042/Rohit1.tz	xt		
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 04:39 /Lin	garaju			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 04:24 /Lin	gu			
-rw-rr 1 hadoop supergroup	8 2023-12-06 04:24 /Lin	gu/hitman3.tx	t		
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 22:43 /anu	ı			
-rw-rr 1 hadoop supergroup	19 2023-12-06 22:43 /an	u/file.txt			
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 21:54 /cse				
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup	0 2023-12-06 22:09 /css	se			
drwx hadoop supergroup	0 2021-11-30 22:24 /tmp	o/hadoop-yarn/	staging/hadoop		
drwx hadoop supergroup	0 2021-11-30 22:55 /tmp	/hadoop-yarn/	staging/hadoop/	staging.	
drwx hadoop supergrouyarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	1	0	2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-
-rw-rr 10 hadoop s yarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	1 0 1	40623961	2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-
-rw-rr- 10 hadoop super yarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	group 2279301336_0001/job.sp	315	2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-
-rw-rr 1 hadoop supe yarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	ergroup 2279301336_0001/job.sp	38 litmetainfo	3 2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-
-rw-rr 1 hadoop ssyarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	upergroup 3279301336_0001/job.xn	366892 nl	2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-
drwx hadoop supe yarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	ergroup 3279301336_0002	(	2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-
-rw-rr 10 hadoop s yarn/staging/hadoop/.staging/job_1638	1 0 1	40623961	2021-11-30	22:24	/tmp/hadoop-

 $-rwxrwx---1 & hadoop & supergroup 26759 & 2021-11-30 & 22:55 & /tmp/hadoop-yarn/staging/history/done_intermediate/hadoop/job_1638292941265\_0001-1638293104988-hadoop-INSERT+INTO+TABLE+stu...6\%27\%29\%2C\%28\%27Dhruv\%27-1638293135338-1-1-SUCCEEDED-default-1638293115975.jhist$ 

-rwxrwx--- 1 hadoop supergroup 488 2021-11-30 22:55 /tmp/hadoop-yarn/staging/history/done\_intermediate/hadoop/job\_1638292941265\_0001.summary

-rwxrwx--- 1 hadoop supergroup 424571 2021-11-30 22:55 /tmp/hadoop-yarn/staging/history/done intermediate/hadoop/job 1638292941265 0001 conf.xml

drwx-wx-wx - hadoop supergroup 0 2021-11-30 22:59 /tmp/hive

drwx-wx-wx - hadoop supergroup 0 2021-11-30 22:59 /tmp/hive/resultscache

drwx----- - hadoop supergroup 0 2023-12-06 23:30 /tmp/hive/hadoop

drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup 0 2021-11-30 20:36 /user

drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup 0 2021-11-30 20:36 /user/hive

drwxrwxr-x - hadoop supergroup 0 2021-11-30 22:23 /user/hive/warehouse

drwxr-xr-x - hadoop supergroup 0 2021-11-30 22:55 /user/hive/warehouse/student

-rw-r--r-- 1 hadoop supergroup 43 2021-11-30 22:55 /user/hive/warehouse/student/000000\_0

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ hadoop fs -mkdir /20cs089

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ cd /home/hadoop/Desktop

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop\$ mkdir 20cs089

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop\$ cd /home/hadoop/Desktop/20cs089

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ touch tanu.txt

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -put /home/hadoop/Desktop/20cs089/tanu.txt /20cs089/ex.txt

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ Hadoop fs -get /20cs089/ex.txt

/home/hadoop/Desktop/20cs089/test.txt

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -copyFromLocal

/home/hadoop/Desktop/20cs089/tanu.txt /20cs089/t1.txt

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -copyToLocal /20cs089/t1.txt

/home/hadoop/Desktop/20cs089/t2.txt

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -put /home/hadoop/Desktop/20cs089/tanu.txt /20cs089/t4.txt

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -cat /20cs089/t4.txt

Hii ,Welcome To SSIT

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -mkdir /20cs088

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -cp /20cs089/tanu.txt /20cs088

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/20cs089\$ hadoop fs -rm -r /20cs088

Deleted /20cs088

- 2] Execute the following commands in HIVE
- A. To create a database named "STUDENTS" with comments and database pro
- B. To display the list of all databases
- C. To describe the database
- D. To describe the extended database
- E. To alter the database properties
- F. To make the database as current working database
- G. To drop database
- H. To create managed table named 'STUDENT'.
- I. To describe the "STUDENT" table
- J. To create external table name "EXT\_STUDENT".
- K. To load data into the table from file named student.tsv



hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ start-dfs.sh

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

localhost: namenode is running as process 4854. Stop it first.

Starting datanodes

localhost: datanode is running as process 4998. Stop it first.

Starting secondary namenodes [hadoopvm-virtual-machine]

hadoopvm-virtual-machine: secondarynamenode is running as process 5184. Stop it first.

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ start-yarn.sh

Starting resourcemanager

resourcemanager is running as process 5450. Stop it first.

Starting nodemanagers

localhost: nodemanager is running as process 5590. Stop it first.

hadoop@hadoopvm-virtual-machine:~\$ hive

SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-

2.10.0.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/hadoop/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-

1.7.25.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]

SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple bindings for an explanation.

SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]

Hive Session ID = 589c0af1-42e6-4003-8642-a4f9c0203ad3

Logging initialized using configuration in jar:file:/home/hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/lib/hive-common-3.1.2.jar!/hive-log4j2.properties Async: true

Hive Session ID = ae967405-9358-43b7-b515-d9b756a95489

Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.

hive> show databases;

OK

ssit student

student1

student20

students

Time taken: 0.608 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)

hive> create database if not exists ssit comment'Student details' with dbproperties('creator'='Tanusha');

OK

Time taken: 0.272 seconds

hive> show databases;

OK

default

ssit

ssit student

student1

student20

students

Time taken: 0.034 seconds, Fetched: 6 row(s)

hive> describe database ssit;

OK

ssit Student details hdfs://localhost:9000/user/hive/warehouse/ssit.db hadoop USER

Time taken: 0.047 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)

hive> describe database extended ssit;

OK

ssit Student details hdfs://localhost:9000/user/hive/warehouse/ssit.db hadoop USER {creator=Tanusha}

Time taken: 0.033 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)

hive> alter database ssit set dbproperties('Edited-By'='tan');

OK

Time taken: 0.234 seconds

hive> describe database extended ssit;

OK

ssit Student details hdfs://localhost:9000/user/hive/warehouse/ssit.db Hadoop USER {creator=Tanusha, Edited-By=tan}

Time taken: 0.026 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)

hive> use ssit;

OK

Time taken: 0.023 seconds

hive> create table if not exists cse(rollno int,name string) row format delimited fields terminated by '\t';

OK

Time taken: 0.519 seconds

hive> describe cse;

OK

rollno int

name string

Time taken: 0.085 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)

hive> create external table if not exists ise(rollno int,name string) row format delimited fields terminated by '\t';

OK

Time taken: 0.093 seconds

hive> desc ise;

OK

rollno int

name string

Time taken: 0.057 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)

hive> load data local inpath '/home/hadoop/Desktop/stude.tsv' overwrite into table ise;

Loading data to table ssit.ise

OK

Time taken: 0.232 seconds

hive> select \* from ise;

OK

100 tanu

101 yashu

102 avi

Time taken: 0.139 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)