JDBC CONNECTION

```
Connection con=null;
Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
String url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE";
String user="system";
String pass="oracle";
con=DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, pass);
```

JNDI CONNECTION(DBCP, connection pooling)

HIBERNATE CONFIGURATION

```
<hibernate-configuration>
    <session-factory>
cproperty name="hibernate.connection.driver class">
                    oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver 
cproperty name="hibernate.connection.url">
                 jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe 
cproperty name="hibernate.connection.username">root
property name="hibernate.connection.password">mysql
property name="hibernate.dialect">
                    org.hibernate.dialect.OracleDialect/property>
cproperty name="hibernate.show sql">true
cproperty name="hbm2ddl.auto">update
<!-- DBCP connection pooling -->
cproperty name="hibernate.dbcp.initialSize">8/property>
property name="hibernate.dbcp.maxActive">20
<!-ehCache/secondary cache configuration -->
< property name ="hibernate.cache.use second level cache">true</property>
< property name ="hibernate.cache.provider class">
                   org.hibernate.cache.EhCacheProvider
< property name ="cache.region.factory class">
        org.hibernate.cache.ehcache.EhCacheRegionFactory
<mapping class="com.journaldev.hibernate.model.Employee" />
        </session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
```