Patient Name :

DOB/Age/Gender : 23 Y/Male Bill Date : Mar 05, 2024, 05:16 PM
Patient ID / UHID : Sample Collected : Mar 06, 2024, 10:53 AM

Referred By : Dr. Sample Received : Mar 06, 2024, 01:14 PM Sample Type : Whole blood EDTA Report Date : Mar 06, 2024, 03:09 PM

Barcode No : HY214335 Report Status : Final Report

Test Description Value(s) Unit(s) Reference Range

HEMATOLOGY REPORT Premium Package 2 : MALE (127 Tests) Complete Blood Count (CBC)

	Complete Blood Ct	built (OBO)	
RBC Parameters			
Hemoglobin Method : colorimetric	15.6	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
RBC Count Method : Electrical impedance	5	10^6/µl	4.5 - 5.5
PCV Method : Calculated	45.2	%	40 - 50
MCV Method : Calculated	89.5	fl	83 - 101
MCH Method : Calculated	30.8	pg	27 - 32
MCHC Method : Calculated	34.4	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
RDW (CV) Method : Calculated	12.4	%	11.6 - 14.0
RDW-SD Method : Calculated	41.2	fl	35.1 - 43.9
WBC Parameters			
TLC Method : Electrical impedance and microscopy	8.3	10^3/µl	4 - 10
Differential Leucocyte Count			
Neutrophils	54	%	40-80
Lymphocytes	31	%	20-40
Monocytes	10	%	2-10
Eosinophils	5	%	1-6
Basophils	0	%	<2
Absolute Leukocyte Counts Method : Calculated			
Neutrophils.	4.48	10^3/µl	2 - 7
Lymphocytes.	2.57	10^3/µl	1 - 3
Monocytes.	0.83	10^3/µl	0.2 - 1.0
Eosinophils.	0.42	10^3/µl	0.02 - 0.5
Basophils.	0	10^3/µl	0.02 - 0.5
Platelet Parameters			
Platelet Count Method : Electrical impedance and microscopy	250	10^3/µl	150 - 410
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	9.8	fL	9.3 - 12.1



Patient Name :

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Sample Type : Whole blood EDTA Report Date : Mar 06, 2024, 03:09 PM

Barcode No : HY214335 Report Status : Final Report

Test Description	Value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range
Method : Calculated			
PCT Method : Calculated	0.2	%	0.17 - 0.32
PDW Method : Calculated	16.2	fL	8.3 - 25.0
P-LCR Method : Calculated	31.5	%	18 - 50
P-LCC Method : Calculated	79	%	44 - 140
Mentzer Index Method : Calculated	17.9	%	-

Interpretation:

CBC provides information about red cells, white cells and platelets. Results are useful in the diagnosis of anemia, infections, leukemias, clotting disorders and many other medical conditions.

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Patient Name :

DOB/Age/Gender : 23 Y/Male Bill Date : Mar 05, 2024, 05:16 PM
Patient ID / UHID : Sample Collected : Mar 06, 2024, 10:53 AM
Referred By : Dr. Sample Received : Mar 06, 2024, 01:14 PM

Sample Type : FLUORIDE F Report Date : Mar 06, 2024, 02:53 PM

Barcode No : ZB803486 Report Status : Final Report

Test Description Value(s) Unit(s) Reference Range

BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT Premium Package 2 : MALE (127 Tests) Glucose Fasting (BSF)

Glucose Fasting 82 mg/dL 70 - 100

Method: Hexokinase

Interpretation:

<u>F</u>		
Status	Fasting plasma glucose in mg/dL	
Normal	<100	
Impaired fasting glucose	100 - 125	
Diabetes	=>126	

Reference: American Diabetes Association

Comment:

Blood glucose determinations in commonly used as an aid in the diagnosis and treatment of diabetes. Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may also occur with pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism, and adrenal cortical hyper function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy insulinoma, or various liver diseases.

Note

- 1.The diagnosis of Diabetes requires a fasting plasma glucose of > or = 126 mg/dL or a random / 2 hour plasma glucose value of > or = 200 mg/dL with symptoms of diabetes mellitus.
- 2. Very high glucose levels (>450 mg/dL in adults) may result in Diabetic Ketoacidosis.

Liter

Patient Name :

 DOB/Age/Gender
 : 23 Y/Male
 Bill Date
 : Mar 05, 2024, 05:16 PM

 Patient ID / UHID
 : Mar 06, 2024, 10:53 AM

 Referred By
 : Dr.
 Sample Received
 : Mar 06, 2024, 01:14 PM

 Sample Type
 : Serum
 Report Date
 : Mar 06, 2024, 02:53 PM

Barcode No : ZB803485 Report Status : Final Report

Test Description Value(s) Unit(s) Reference Range

BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT Premium Package 2 : MALE (127 Tests)

Lipid Profile

Total Cholesterol Method : Enzymatic - Cholesterol Oxidase	181	mg/dL	<200
Triglycerides Method : Glycerol Phosphate Oxidase	123	mg/dL	<150
HDL Cholesterol Method : Accelerator Selective Detergent	47	mg/dL	>40
Non HDL Cholesterol Method : Calculated	134	mg/dL	<130
LDL Cholesterol Method : Calculated	109.4	mg/dL	<100
V.L.D.L Cholesterol Method : Calculated	24.6	mg/dL	< 30
Chol/HDL Ratio Method : Calculated	3.85	Ratio	3.5 - 5.0
HDL/ LDL Ratio Method : Calculated	0.43	Ratio	0.5 - 3.0
LDL/HDL Ratio Method : Calculated	2.33	Ratio	-

Interpretation:

Lipid level assessments must be made following 9 to 12 hours of fasting, otherwise assay results might lead to erroneous interpretation. NCEP recommends of 3 different samples to be drawn at intervals of 1 week for harmonizing biological variables that might be encountered in single assays.

···· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8-/		Non HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)
Optimal	<200	<150	<100	<130
Above Optimal			100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	200-239	150-199	130-159	160 - 189
High	>=240	200-499	160-189	190 - 219
Very High	-	>=500	>=190	>=220

HDL Cholesterol	
Low	High
<40	>=60

Risk Stratification for ASCVD (Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease) by Lipid Association of India.

Risk Category	A. CAD with > 1 feature of high risk group
Extreme risk group	B. CAD with >1 feature of very high risk group of recurrent ACS (within 1 year) despite LDL-C <or 50="" =="" disease<="" dl="" mg="" or="" poly="" th="" vascular=""></or>

total



Patient Name :

 DOB/Age/Gender
 : 23 Y/Male
 Bill Date
 : Mar 05, 2024, 05:16 PM

 Patient ID / UHID
 : Mar 06, 2024, 10:53 AM

 Referred By
 : Dr.
 Sample Received
 : Mar 06, 2024, 01:14 PM

 Sample Type
 : Serum
 Report Date
 : Mar 06, 2024, 02:53 PM

Barcode No : ZB803485 Report Status : Final Report

Test Description	Value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range	
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Very High Risk	Stablished ASCVD 2.Diabetes with 2 major risk factors of evidence of end organ damage 3. Familial Homozygous Hypercholesterolemia
High Risk	Three major ASCVD risk factors 2. Diabetes with 1 major risk factor or no evidence of end organ damage 3. CHD stage 3B or 4. 4 LDL >190 mg/dl 5. Extreme of a single risk factor 6. Coronary Artery Calcium - CAC > 300 AU 7. Lipoprotein a >/= 50 mg/dl 8. Non stenotic carotid plaque
Moderate Risk	2 major ASCVD risk factors
Low Risk	0-1 major ASCVD risk factors
M	ajor ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) Risk Factors
1. Age >/=45 years in Males & >/= 55 years in Females	3. Current Cigarette smoking or tobacco use
2. Family history of premature ASCVD	4. High blood pressure
5. Low HDL	

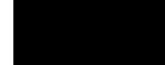
Newer treatment goals and statin initiation thresholds based on the risk categories proposed by Lipid Association of India in 2020.

Risk Group	Treatment Goals		Consider Drug Therapy	
	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)
Extreme Risk Group Category A	<50 (Optional goal <or 30)<="" =="" td=""><td><80 (Optional goal <or 60)<="" =="" td=""><td>>OR = 50</td><td>>OR = 80</td></or></td></or>	<80 (Optional goal <or 60)<="" =="" td=""><td>>OR = 50</td><td>>OR = 80</td></or>	>OR = 50	>OR = 80
Extreme Risk Group Category B	>OR = 30	>OR = 60	> 30	> 60
Very High Risk	<50	<80	>OR = 50	>OR = 80
High Risk	<70	<100	>OR = 70	>OR = 100
Moderate Risk	<100	<130	>OR = 100	>OR = 130
Low Risk	<100	<130	>OR = 130*	>OR = 160

^{*} After an adequate non-pharmacological intervention for at least 3 months.

References: Management of Dyslipidaemia for the Prevention of Stroke: Clinical practice Recommendations from the Lipid Association of India. Current Vascular Pharmacology,2022,20,134-155.

Liter



Patient Name :

DOB/Age/Gender: 23 Y/MaleBill Date: Mar 05, 2024, 05:16 PMPatient ID / UHID: Mar 06, 2024, 10:53 AMReferred By: Dr.Sample Received: Mar 06, 2024, 01:14 PMSample Type: Spot UrineReport Date: Mar 06, 2024, 03:09 PM

Barcode No : YA351103 Report Status : Final Report

Test Description Value(s) Unit(s) Reference Range

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT

Premium Package 2 : MALE (127 Tests)

Urine Routine and Microscopic Examination

		_	
Phvs	ical	Fyam	ination

Volume	20	ml	-
Colour	Pale yellow	-	Pale yellow
Transparency	Clear	-	Clear
Deposit	Absent	-	Absent
Chemical Examination			
Reaction (pH) Method : Double Indicator	6.5	-	4.5 - 8.0
Specific Gravity Method : Ion Exchange	1.025	-	1.010 - 1.030
Urine Glucose (sugar) Method : Oxidase / Peroxidase	Negative	-	Negative
Urine Protein (Albumin) Method : Acid / Base Colour Excahnge	Negative	-	Negative
Urine Ketones (Acetone) Method : Legals Test	Negative	-	Negative
Blood Method : Peroxidase Hemoglobin	Negative	-	Negative
Leucocyte esterase Method : Enzymatic Reaction	Negative	-	Negative
Bilirubin Urine Method : Coupling Reaction	Negative	-	Negative
Nitrite Method : Griless Test	Negative	-	Negative
Urobilinogen Method : Ehrlichs Test	Normal	-	Normal
Microscopic Examination			
Pus Cells (WBCs)	1-2	/hpf	0 - 5
Epithelial Cells	1-2	/hpf	0 - 4
Red blood Cells	Absent	/hpf	Absent
Crystals	Absent	-	Absent
Cast	Absent	-	Absent
Yeast Cells	Absent	-	Absent
Amorphous deposits	Absent	-	Absent
Bacteria	Absent	-	Absent
Protozoa	Absent	-	Absent

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