

FIT5196-S2-2023 Assessment 1(35%)

This is an **individual assessment** and worth **35%** of your total mark for FIT5196.

Due date & time: Friday 25 Aug, 2023, 16:30PM

Background

Data, especially well-structured data, is the foundation of the current success of the Machine Learning and AI industry. The recent trending tool: ChatGPT, as a generative pre-trained language model, is also built upon training with numerous good-quality data.

However, in real-life scenarios, data is often in an unstructured format, commonly referred to as 'raw data'. Examples of raw data include text files obtained from system sales reports, PDF files downloaded from government databases, and images extracted from journal papers. The level of 'intelligence' attained by future or target models depends on the variety, accuracy, and level of structure present in the data they are fed.

Objectives

Parsing text files and preparing text data for analysis. These skills are essential for extracting meaningful information from unstructured data. In this assessment, you will apply the skills learned from Week 2 to Week 4, including parsing, extracting specific information, and performing data cleaning. You will output the data in a structured, machine-readable format for modelling tasks. This assessment is a significant component of your mark for FIT5196.

Task 1: Parsing

Parsing data touches upon extracting data from different formats of data. In this task, you will extract information about reviews from a dataset. You must **upload the data file with your STUDENT_ID** to your Google Drive folder ([student_data](#)). Using the **wrong data** will result in a **ZERO** mark as every student has a unique dataset to produce unique results. Three output files need to be named following the rules in the table below.

Input Files	Output Files (submission)
<code><student id>_task1_input#.txt</code>	<code><student id>.xml</code> <code>task1_<student id>.ipynb</code> <code>task1_<student id>.py</code>

Your input data contains information about reviews, i.e., “reviewerID”, “productID”, “reviewer.NAME”, “No. helps”, “review_date”, “REVIEW”, and the “SUMMARY”. Your task is to use **regular expressions** to extract all information regarding reviews from the text

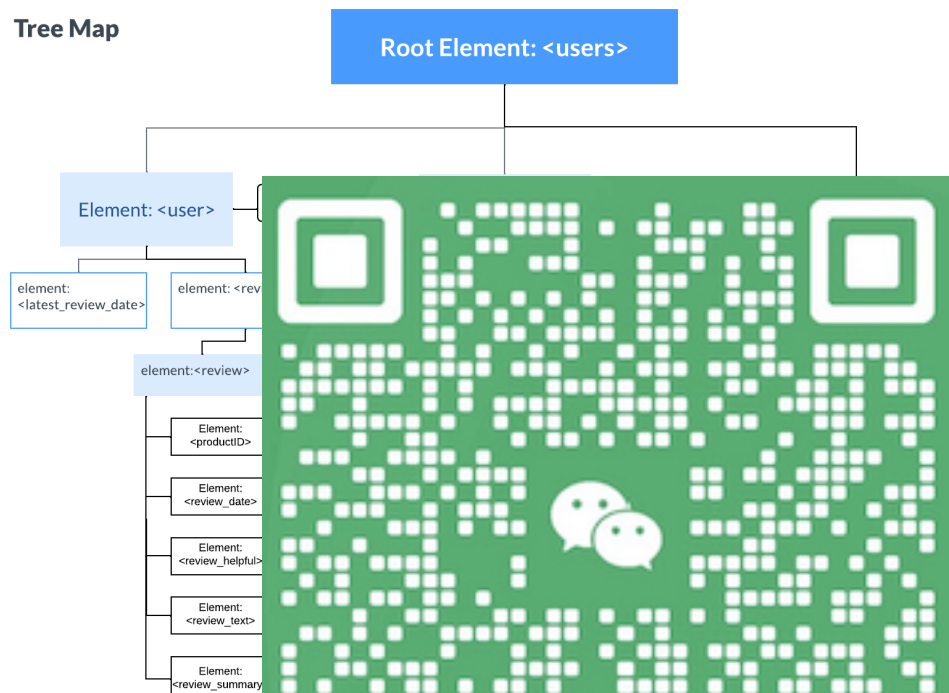
file, transform and represent the extracted data into a **XML** format with the following elements:

1. **users**: this tag wraps all the users, i.e. multiple `<user>` tag under `<users>`
2. **user**: this tag wraps all the reviews from a particular user and keeps the meta data for each user such as the latest review date and its username.
3. **reviews**: wraps all the reviews of a specific user
4. **review**: for each user, this tag wraps the **“productID”**, **“review_date”**, **“review_helpful”**, and **“review_text”**, **“review_summary”** of the user tweet

Note: All the tag names are **case-sensitive** in the output XML file. You can refer to the sample [here](#) for the correct XML file structure.

Tree Map for Target XML:

Tree Map



Example: Sample Tree Map



Task 1 Guidelines

To complete the above task, please follow the steps below:

Step 0: Study the sample files

- Open and check your input txt file and find patterns for different data elements
- Use other online web applications such as [xmlviewer](#) to better understand the structure of the XML sample output.

Step 1: Txt file parsing

- Use python library to parse txt file
- Use Regex to extract the required attributes and their values as listed above

Step 2: Further process the extracted text from Step 1

- Remove the XML special characters from raw text (or replace with ' ', a white space)
- Save the data into a proper data format e.g. dataframe, dictionary...

Step 3: XML file output

- Use python library to export the data into XML format (make sure you check the hierarchy of your XML data)

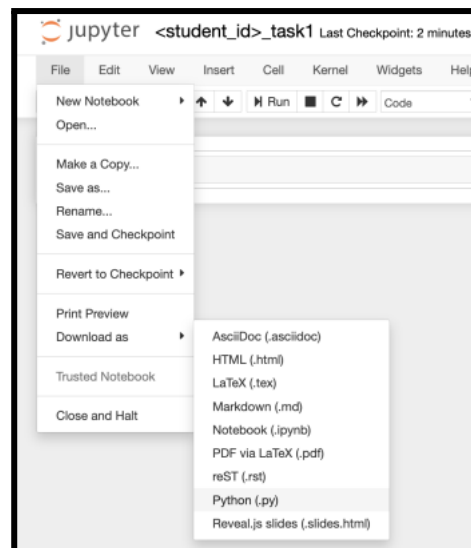
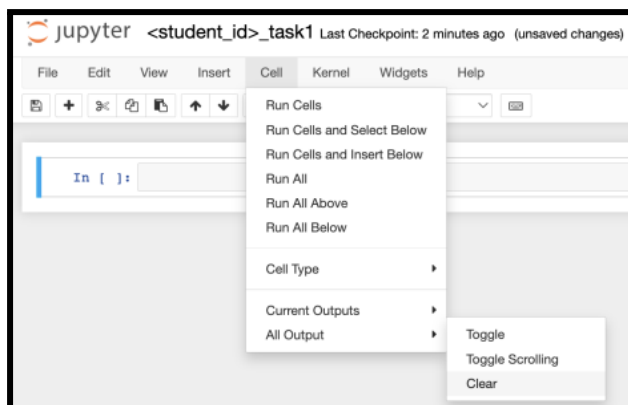
Submission Requirements

You need to submit 3 files:

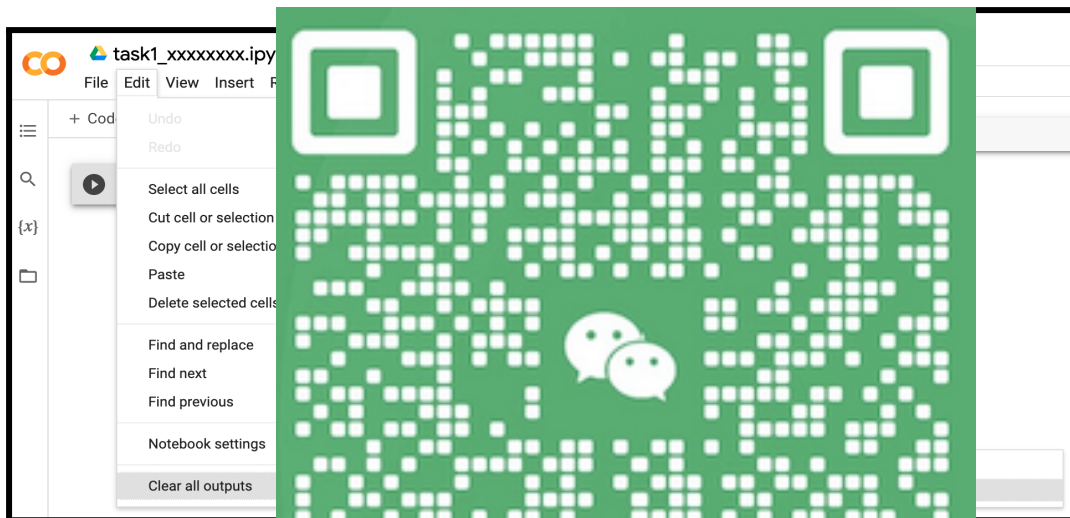
- A **task1_<student_id>.py** file. This file should contain the code for the solution. It should be well-documented and clearly present the step-by-step process of your solution. You can follow the suggested format (make sure the cell outputs are NOT cleared)
- A **task1_<student_id>.py** file. This file will be used for plagiarism check. (make sure the cell outputs are cleared before exporting)

To generate a .py file, you need to clear all the cell outputs, and then download it.

In Jupyter notebook:



In Google colab:



Requirements on the

- Methodology
 - You should use regular expressions. Results from each step could help to demonstrate your solution better and be easier to understand.
 - You should present your solution in a proper way including all required steps. Skip any steps will cause
 - You need to select and use the appropriate Python functions for input, process and output.
 - Your solution should be an efficient one without redundant operations and unnecessary reading and writing the data.
- Report organisation and writing - 10%
 - The report should be organised in a proper structure to present your solutions to Task 1 with clear and meaningful titles for sections and subsections or sub-subsection if needed.

- Each step in your solution should be clearly described. For example, you can write to explain your idea of the solution, any specific settings, and the reason for using a particular function, etc.
- Explanation of your results including all intermediate steps is required. This can help the marking team to understand your solution and give partial marks if the final results are not fully correct.
- All your codes need proper (but not excessive) commenting.
- You can refer to the [notebook templates](#) provided as a guideline for a properly formatted notebook report.

Task 2: Text Pre-Processing (17/35)

This task touches on the next step of analysing textual data, converting the extracted text data into a numerical representation thus it can be used for a downstream modelling task. In this task, you are required to write Python code to pre-process a set of published papers (pdf) and convert the representation is the standard format of text into numerical representations using systems such as: recommender-system (e.g. matrix factorization, etc.). The most basic step for natural language processing is to convert words into numbers for machines to understand, though iterative, plays a significant role in the overall process.

Input Files	
<student id>_paper_	

You are provided with a table of paper URLs in python, and output the table into a csv file. Then programmatically download all papers, and parse the required abstract section from all papers. Then pre-process the abstract text and generate a vocabulary list and numerical representation for the corresponding text, which will be used in the model training by your colleagues. The information regarding output files is listed below:

- **paper_list.csv** contains the unique paper IDs along with their corresponding URLs.
- **vocab.txt** comprises unique stemmed tokens sorted alphabetically, presented in the format of **token_index:token**, as outlined in Guideline step 3.

- **countvec.txt** includes numerical representations of all tokens, organised by paper ID and token index, following the format **paper_id, token_index:frequency**, as outlined in Guideline step 4.

Carefully examine the sample files ([here](#)) for detailed information about the output structure.

VERY IMPORTANT NOTE: The sample outputs are just for you to understand the structure of the required output and the correctness of their content in task 2 is not guaranteed. So please do not try to reverse engineer the outputs as it will fail to generate the correct content.

Task 2 Guideline

To complete the above task, please follow the steps below:

Step 1: Programmatically download the pdfs

- Use the given **url** to download the pdfs. Manual download will be penalised.

Step 2: Read the pdfs

- Read the PDFs and extract the text. To complete the above task (hint: **pdfminer** can help you complete this).
- Replace the text with tokens. (e.g., using **re.sub** to replace function). (e.g., **re.sub(r'([a-zA-Z0-9]+)', ' ', text)** to replace word (e.g., **ch** with).

Step 3: Generate the output

Before building the **vocab.txt**, please preprocess the **Abstract**. Please follow the steps below to preprocess the **Abstract**. Please follow the correct order of operations:

1. Tokenize using the following regex:
`r"[A-Za-z]\w+(['?]\w+)?"`
2. Remove context-independent stop words (i.e., [stopwords_en.txt](#))
3. Remove context-dependent stop words (**unigram tokens** appearing in 95% or more of the files).
4. Remove rare tokens (appearing in less than 3% of the files)
5. Remove tokens with less than 3 characters/symbols.
6. Stem unigram tokens using the Porter stemmer.
7. Generate the vocab.txt output with ascending ordered unigrams, with format:


```
token1: token1_index
token2: token2_index
...
```

Step 4: Generate the sparse numerical representation and output as countvec.txt

1. Generate sparse representation by using the countvectorizer() function OR directly count the frequency using FreqDist().
2. Mapping the generated token with the stemmed token in step 3 if need
3. Output the sparse numerical representation into txt file with the format:
paper_id1, token1_index:token1_frequency, token2_index:token2_frequency,
token3_index:token3_frequency, ...
paper_id2, token2_index:token2_frequency, token5_index:token5_frequency,
token7_index:token7_frequency, ...
paper_id3, token6_index:token6_frequency, token9_index:token9_frequency,
token12_index:token12_frequency, ...

Submission Requirements

You need to submit 6 files:

1. A <student_id>_code.py from pdf input
2. A <student_id>_token.txt in the following format,
token:token_index, ... in alphabetical order.
3. A <student_id>_countvec.txt contains the sparse
representation
paper_id, token_index:wordcount, ...
4. A task2_<student_id>.py added in the sparse
representation
the methodology of the code and
5. A task2_<student_id>.py the cell outputs are
cleared before

Requirements on the

- Methodology (40%)
 - You should use appropriate regular expressions.
 - You should present your solution in a proper way including all required steps.
 - You need to select and use the appropriate Python functions for input, process and output.
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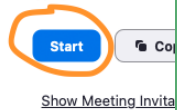
Task 3: Video Presentation (3/35)

Presenting your methodology to the audience and explaining your logic is a crucial skill for a data analyst. In this task, you are required to **record a video** (less than 5 minutes) to go through the main logic of your codes in **BOTH Task 1 and 2**. You are required to show your notebook file with output while explaining in voice how your code works to generate the expected output. The explanation of methodology needs to be clear and allows the audience to understand how your python code parses the data, extract the data and pre-process the data. You can follow the steps below to record your video.

Zoom Recording

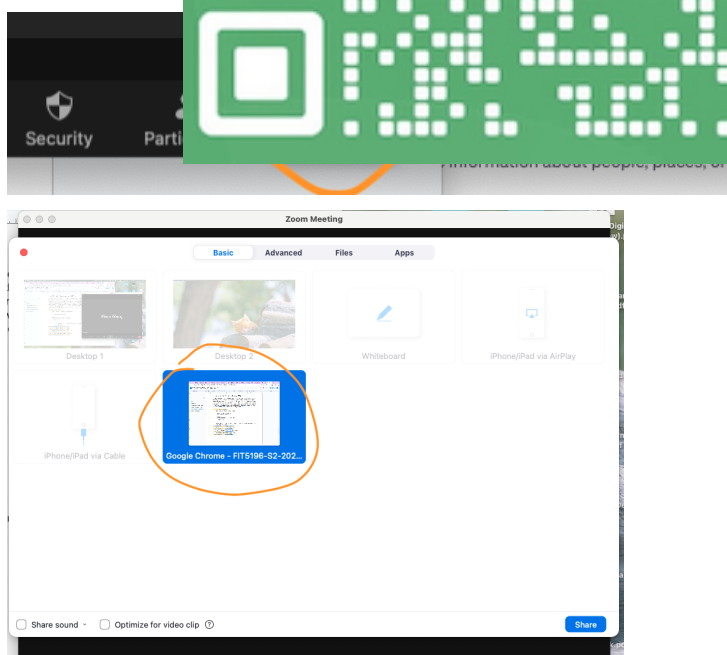
1. Open the Zoom

My Personal Meeting ID

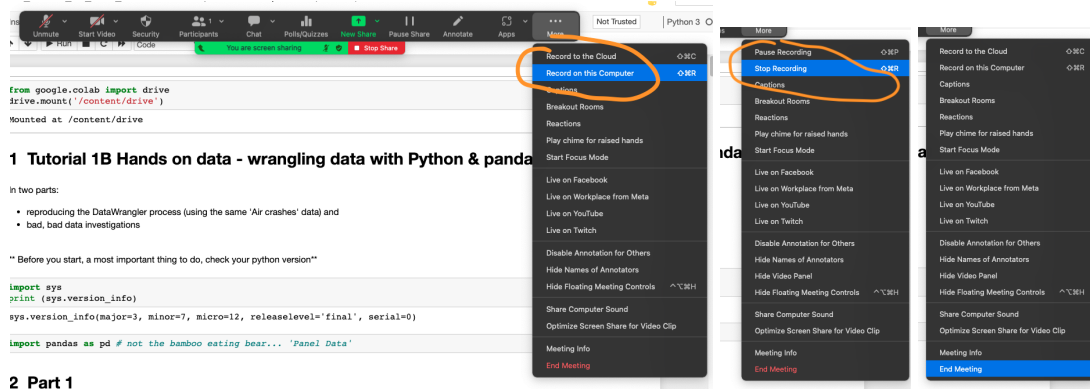


2. **Share your screen** and shown on

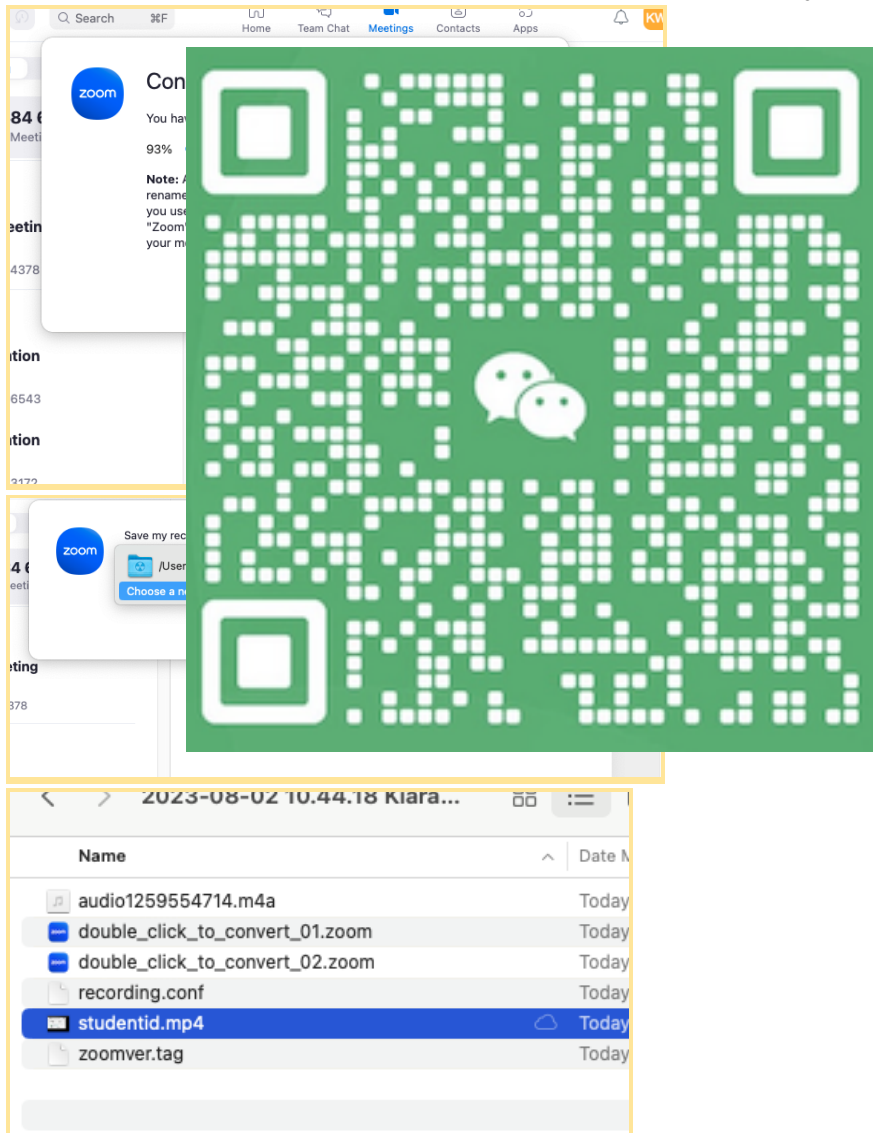
camera is turned on



3. **Start recording** and finish everything in 5 minutes, then press **stop recording** and **end meeting**. You can pause and resume multiple times if necessary.



4. Wait for the video conversion and find the file, **rename** it with your **student id**.



5. **Submit it on Moodle** together with your jupyter notebook.

Submission Checklist:

- ☐ Please zip all the submission files for task 1 and 2 into a single file with the name **<student_id>_ass1.zip**. (any other format e.g. rar or 7z will be penalised)
- ☐ There are **8 files** in your compressed zip file
- ☐ Please submit the video with the name **<student_id>.mp4**
- ☐ **<student_id>** should be replaced with **your monash student ID**.
- ☐ Please strictly follow the file naming standard. Any misnamed file will carry a penalty.
- ☐ Please make sure your submission is in the correct format while your **.py file** does not include any extra files.
- ☐ Please ensure you have read the instructions carefully. You can achieve this by re-reading all the instructions, including the **read_csv** for CSV files or **Elementary** for the elementary files. Please also ensure you have completed all the sanity checks and hence should be able to submit your submission.

Note: All submissions will be checked for their similarity to previous submissions. If a submission is found to be similar to previous submissions, which automatically triggers a plagiarism check. If a submission is found to be similar to previous submissions, the Faculty's relevant policies will be applied. This includes the possibility of exclusion from the unit. Submissions which automatically trigger a plagiarism check will trigger a plagiarism check. Submissions which automatically trigger a plagiarism check will trigger a plagiarism check. Submissions which automatically trigger a plagiarism check will trigger a plagiarism check.

