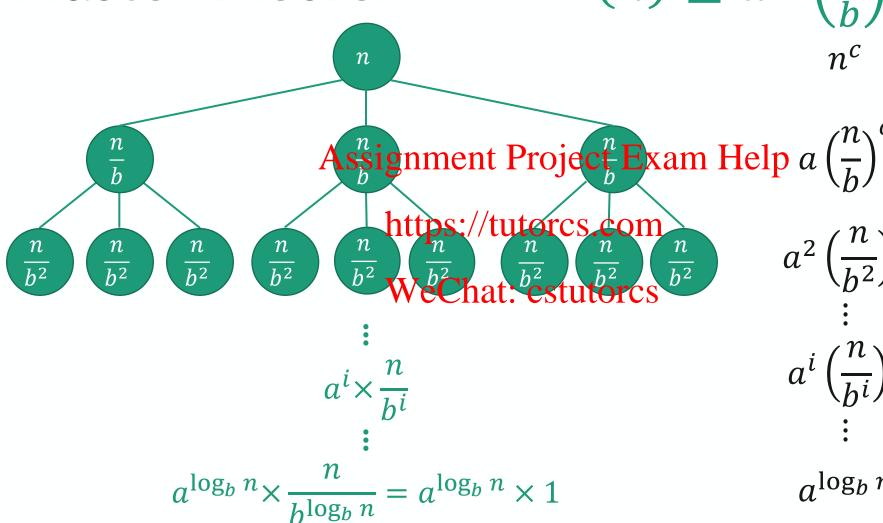
CIT 596: ALGORITHMS & COMPUTATION

Solving Recurrence Relations: Examples

Master Theorem

$$T(n) \le aT\left(\frac{n}{b}\right) + n^c$$



$$\left(\frac{n}{b^2}\right)^c \\
\vdots \\
\left(\frac{n}{b^i}\right)^c \\
\vdots \\
\left(\frac{n}{b^i}\right)^c$$

Master Theorem

$$n^{c} \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{\log_{b} n} \left(\frac{a}{b^{c}}\right)^{i} = n^{c} \cdot \begin{cases} O(1) & \text{if } \frac{a}{b^{c}} < 1\\ \text{signment Project} \frac{a}{b^{c}} = n^{c} \end{cases} \\ \text{Signment Project} \frac{a}{b^{c}} = n^{c} \cdot \begin{cases} \frac{a}{b^{c}} \\ \text{signment Project} \\ \frac{a}{b^{c}} = n^{c} \end{cases} \\ \text{Signment Project} \frac{a}{b^{c}} = n^{c} \cdot \begin{cases} \frac{a}{b^{c}} \\ \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \text{Ittps://sgutores.com} \\ \text{otherwise} \\ \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ = n^{c} \cdot \frac{a^{\log_{b} n}}{n^{c}} = a^{\log_{b} n} \\ = n^{\log_{b} a} \end{cases}$$

If
$$T(n) \le aT\left(\frac{n}{b}\right) + O(n^c)$$
, then $T(n) = \begin{cases} O(n^c) & \text{if } \log_b a < c \\ O(n^c \log n) & \text{if } \log_b a = c \\ O\left(n^{\log_b a}\right) & \text{if } \log_b a > c \end{cases}$

Examples

- $T(n) \le 4T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + O(n^2)$
 - a = 4, b = 3, c = Assignment Project Exam Help $<math>T(n) = O(n^c) = O(n^2)$
- $T(n) \le T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 10$

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- a = 1, b = 3, c = 0, $\log \sqrt{\text{ee}}$ that: cstutores
- $T(n) = O(n^c \log n) = O(\log n)$
- $T(n) \le 2T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + 6\sqrt{n}$
 - a = 2, b = 3, $c = \frac{1}{2}$, $\log_b a > c$
 - $T(n) = O(n^{\log_b a}) = O(n^{\log_3 2})$

Examples

