

#### 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

# CMT1@ ual Computing

III.1 Object Representation WeChat: cstutorcs

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#### **Overview**

- ➤ Constructive 转航代码的件件等程辅导
- ➤ Boundary re **国际高**回ation
- ➤ Mesh repres
  - Rendering newwith OpenGL
- > Volumetric representations voxels

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## **Example Models and Scenes**



## **Geometric Modelling**

- - Scene description of the whole environment
  - *Model* descri an object in the environment
  - Suitable for creating diting, analysing and rendering
- > Object representations: cstutores
  - Constructive solid geometry (CSG) Help
  - Boundary representation (B-rep) Email: tutorcs@163.com
  - Mesh representation

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Volumetric representation: voxels

### **Constructive Solid Geometry**

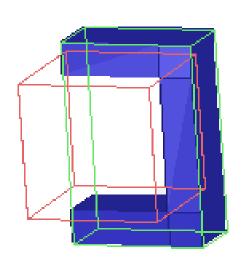
- ➤ Use set of volumetrip 在宇宙性機能多編程辅导
  - Block, Tetrahedron, sphere, cylinder, cone, ...



- > Construct objects oolean operations
  - Union, intersected in the service







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#### **CSG Tree**

Common for Carre based modelling



### **Boundary Representation**

Explicitly represent boundary of 编hier 导

• Basic elements are (natural) *faces, edges, vertice*(shape)

Mathematically: an algebraic complex Assignment Project Exam Help (topology) with a geometric realisation (geonetric) tutorcs@163.com

Algorithmically: @@rapabasetry&tructure (topology) where nodes have https://tutorcs.com shape (geometry) attributes

#### **B-Rep: An Algebraic Complex**



```
► Bound (topology) = {(e_1, {v_1, v_3}), (e_2, {v_1, v_4}), (e_3, {v_1, v_2}), (e_4, {v_3, v_4}), (e_5, {v_2, v_4}), (e_6, {v_2, v_3}), (f<sub>1</sub>, {e_1, e_2, e_4}), (f<sub>2</sub>Emails stutores @31 & 3 com e_6}), (f<sub>4</sub>, {e_4, e_5, e_6}), (l<sub>1</sub> \( \frac{6}{1}, \frac{7}{4}9\frac{3}{3}8\frac{5}{4}\frac{7}{6}\)
```

#### **B-Rep Geometry**

- Describe shape of each face, edge and wertex
  - Vertex geometry: position
  - Edge geometry: E.g. straight line ellipse, free-form curve, . . .
  - Face geometry: ြောင်းမေး E.g. plane, sphere շրերվութթութ, torus, free-form, . . .



#### **B-Rep Data Structure**

## ➤ B-Rep graph data structure representing the topology:

BODY	Solid ma
LUMP	Connect e, bounded by a list of SHELLS
SHELL	Connected surface, consisting of a list of FACES
FACE	Natural surface postuled by a LOOP
LOOP	Connected signes of Resignest Exams Holico Consected Connected Con
COEDGE	Directed edge a support of a loop of
EDGE	Natural edge, bounded by VERTICES
VERTEX	Boundary of an edge

#### **B-Rep Issues**

- ➤ Consistency of geometry and topology
   No explicit way to ensure boundary relations are
  - No explicit way to ensure boundary relations are preserved by general preserved by general preserved.
- > Ambiguous and in the models



- Topology allows us to determine impossible models
- Orientation and topology distinguish ambiguous models

#### **B-Rep Orientation**

- ➤ Orient face: distinguish between inside and outside

   Surface normals always point towards the outside
- > Orient each loop
  - Move around properties to such that the inside lies to the left when from outside the model
  - COEDGEs indicate direction of loop by ordering edge end-points
  - EDGE lies on two faces as indicated Help by two COED **Es**ail: tutorcs@163.com
- > Non-manifold objects; EDGE can lie on more than two faces
  - Causes problems for orientation, etc. (so not allowed in standard B-rep)

## **Mesh Representation**

- Describe model as a polygonal mesh (often triangular)

   Collection of polygons (facets)

  - Similar, but sim具透镜。 B-rep
  - Linear approxing f object
  - Fast and quality nough for real-time rendering



#### Polygons

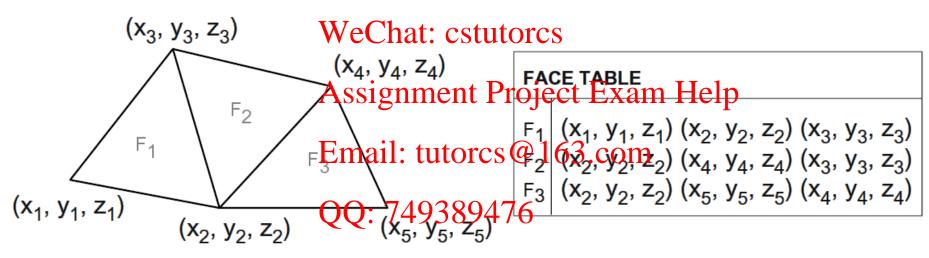
- Polygons are specified by a sequence of vertices
   Polygons are not just line segments, but have an interior
  - Simple polygor 是透過場 not intersect
  - Convex polygor two points inside the polygon, the line segme
  - Flat polygon: polygon lies in a plane
- Orientation / sidedness:
  - Polygons have a front and a back Exam Help
  - If vertices are in anti-chookwese orden on display, we see the front QQ: 749389476 (default OpenGL convention; consistent with B-rep https://tutorcs.com orientation)

## **Polygon Normal**

- For the standard of the stan
  - Suppose *l*<*m*<*r*
  - $v_1 = p_m p_l$ ,  $v_2$
  - n =  $v_1 \times v_2$
  - normal n points outside the front.
- Polygon normal vector and the viewer direction vector can determine whether the viewer is looking at the front or back of the polygon: tutorcs@163.com
  - If the angle between normal vector and viewer direction vector are less than 90°, it's at the front
  - If the angle is great than 90°, it's at the back
  - If the angle is  $90^{\circ}$ , the viewer is on the polygon plane.

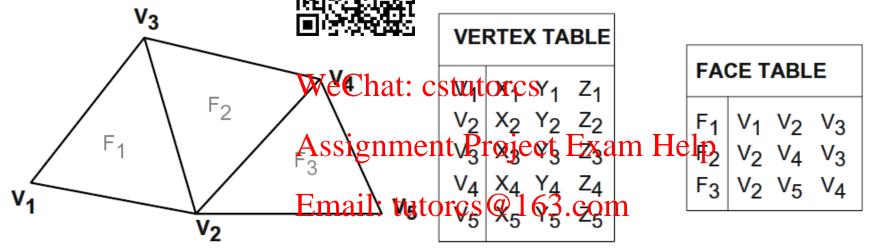
#### **List of Faces**

- ➤ Each face lists vertex coordinates 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导
  - Redundant vertices
  - No adjacency or tructural information (topology)
  - Orientation from the contraction from



#### **Vertex and Face Tables**

- ➤ Each face lists vertex references CS编程辅导
  - Shared vertices
  - No adjacency or tructural information (topology)
  - Orientation from the large of vertices



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Can add half-edges, shells, lumps, bodies for representing https://tutorcs.com

### Rendering Meshes with OpenGL

- ➤Two simple OpenGL drawing functions:程序代写代做 CS编程辅导
  - ✓ glDrawArray: first, count);
  - ✓ glDrawElemer

    e, count, type, indices);
  - mode: GL POINT ទី, ចិន្តិ មិនិស្ស GL TRIANGLES, etc.
  - first: the starting index in the enabled arrays.
  - count: the number of elements to be rendered
  - type: type of the danies manures ject Email Medo\_BYTE, GL\_UNSIGNED\_SHORT, or GL\_UNSIGNED\_INT
  - indices: a pointer to the location where the indices are stored.
- >glDrawArrays() is ₩e'd7fbβ382ist6 f Faces"
  - Example see CG02 java in the labs
- ➤ glDrawElements() is used for "Vertex and Face Tables"
  - Example see CG03.java in the labs

### **Modelling a Sphere**

- ➤ A sphere can be modelled by covering the surface with triangles
  - use lines of lor and latitude to divide the surface into triple around north and south poles) and quadrangles.
  - each quadrangles is divided into two triangles for rendering by OpenGL

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## **Spherical Coordinates**

Points on a unit sphere in spherical coordinates:



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- Maps each  $(\phi, \theta)$  projecting and south poles)
- More details see sphere java in the labs...

## Volumetric Representation: Voxels

- ➤ Partition space into uniform 3D grid

   Grid cells are called voxels (volume elements)
  - Grid cells are called voxels (volume elements)
    (also see pixe 具题词唱
- > Store *properties* object with each voxel
  - Occupancy
  - Colour
  - Density
  - Temperature
  - •...



FvDFH Figure 12.20

### **Voxel Examples**

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Visible Human
(National Library of Medicine)

#### **Voxel Issues**

- >Advantages: 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导
  - Simple inside/<u>outside</u> test
  - Simple and ro lean operations
  - Represent into the object
- ➤ Disadvantages:
  - Memory consumering to certain certai (can use octree for hierarchical construction to save memory) Assignment Project Exam Help
  - Non-smooth
  - Time consumi โดยเข้าหน้าเดินใจใช้ สำนาการและ

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#### Summary

- Explain the following model representations:

   constructive solid geometry

  - volumet
     wesentation
  - How is the model represented?
  - Which data structures are used?
  - What are advantages disadvantages of these representationail: tutorcs@163.com
- > What is a simple / sonyex4/flat polygon?
- > What do we understand by the orientation of a polygon/loop/edge? tutorcs.com