CO580 Algorithms

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Course Outline

The lecturer

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Also teach Prolog to the MAC and Specialism classes

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- 28 hours of interactive lectures (weeks 2–9)
- Sessions include unassessed group and individual exercises
- Two was seed exemplified (one one styre) (10/4) CS
- A 2-hour written examination next term (90%)

Books

- Introduction to Algorithms, Cormen et al., 3rd edn, 2009.
- Algorithms, Sedgewick & Wayne 4th edn, 2011.

Intended Learning Outcomes

At the end of this module YOU will be better able to ...

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- Organise and manage computational resources.
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- Oreate original solutions to problems using sound general approaches.
- Design appropriate data structures.
- Explander Explander Statis Arcignal, to customers.
- Analyse performance of code using established engineering techniques and terminology.

^{*}e.g. at an interview

Course Summary

Assignment Project Exam Help This course: How To Write Good Programs

A good phogram S. //tutores.com

• Always gives some output (terminates)

- Always gives a correct output (sound)
- Gives an output for every possible input (complete)
 Uses as few resources as possible

Aims

Ans signment ith the director and a mr program principally space and time.

Question https://tutorcs.com

- How much time/space does a program use?
- What kind of program uses least time/space?

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These questions are a bit harder to answer for time, but that is what we are usually most interested in, so that is where we will start.

An Algorithm

Assignment Project Exam Help an integer k

Output: True if k is in L, False otherwise Simplification: Jassame Lisurder CS.COM

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Procedure: SimpleSearch (Input: seq L, int k)

1 for example Inat: CStutorcs
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2 if e == k

3 return True

4 return False

Input Cases

Assignment Project Exam Help When analysing an algorithm's performance it is essential to be clear what

When analysing an algorithm's performance it is essential to be clear what input cases are being considered. Most often this will be one of

- · Best of tellers possible the specsors with
- Worst case (greatest possible time/space consumed)
- Average case (see later)

Later, you will enhance for any input.

Formal Analysis (Worst Case)

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• We know exactly how many times each instruction happens (only worst case considered) tutores.com

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Simple Search (Input: seq L and int k)
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Algorithms (580) Introduction January 2018 10 / 17

Simple Search (Worst Case)

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$$T(N) = c_1 + Nc_1 + Nc_2 + c_4$$

- so, https://tutorcs.com $T(N) = (c_1 + c_4) + (c_1 + c_2)N$
- WeChat: Thutous
- There is a chunk of time a that is used for each element of L
- There is a chunk of time b that is used just once

Simple Search (Worst Case) Time Complexity

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- Longer sequences take more time
- The increase is linear
- a and b will differ with language, hardware, load etc.

Given an input prisize M the worst ascatime complexity for a range of page 11 algorithms that all solve Problem X is

- (A) $T(N) = a_1 N + a_2$
- (B) http/s//tutorcs.com
- (D) $T(N) = d_1 N^3 + d_2$

where a_1 , which is:

- the best algorithm? (why?)
- the worst algorithm? (why?)

Highest Order Terms

For large N functions are dominated by their highest order N term

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 Any degree d positive polynomial grows faster than any polynomial of degree less than d, and any polylogarithm

Definition https://tutorcs.com

A polynomial of degree d (for $d \geq 1$) is a function p(N) of the form

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in which $a_d \neq 0$. The polynomial is asymptotically positive iff $a_d > 0$.

Exponential functions include a term of the form a^N

ullet If a>1 then the function grows faster than any polynomial

Depending on the constants, the time complexities might look like this \dots

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- Regardless of constant factors, D will take longest for large N
- "Large N" is usually small enough that we don't want C or D

Or like this ...

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- A and B are, in a sense, indistinguishable (constant factors)
- The value of large N, and if it exists, for A and B needs to be considered

So, we have clear(ish) goals

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- Any "N³ algorithm" is worse than any "N² algorithm"
- Any "N² algorithm" is worse than any "N algorithm"
- Unless we have big constants*, or small N
- *Normally, we don't