

COMP1511 PROGRAMMING FUNDAMENTALS

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LECTURE 7

An array of arrays, 2D

LAST WEEK...

IN WEEK 3...

- Talked about the importance of style
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work neatly as you go!
- Discovered functions (separate chunks of code for reuse, help to segment the problem)
- Got introduced to arrays - homogenous collections - stores the same type of variable in a collection

THIS LECTURE...

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TODAY...

- Recap basic arrays
- Array of structs
- Array of arrays

“

WHERE IS THE CODE?

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Live lecture code can be found here:

[HTTPS://CGI.CSE.UNSW.EDU.AU/~CS1511/23T1/LIVE/WEEK04/](https://cgi.cse.unsw.edu.au/~cs1511/23T1/LIVE/WEEK04/)

ASSIGNMENT 1

RELEASED TODAY

- Assignment 1 will be released after this lecture
- CS Defence - based on tower defence games
- Aims of the assignment
 - Apply arrays and two-dimensional arrays in solving problems
 - Apply good style to your code
 - Apply the use of functions in code
 - Practice skills in debugging code, and skills in patience as you search for one missing semi-colon

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ASSIGNMENT 1

IN-PERSON AND LIVESTREAM



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- The Assignment has 4 stages, each stage ramps up with difficulty (just like the lab exercises)
- Suggest going through the stages chronologically - do not skip stages
- Live Stream to go through the assignment in more detail:

- Tuesday 7th March 2:00pm

- In-person K17 Level 1 Room 113
(Seminar Room)

- Live:

[https://youtube.com/live/bAygNaTepa8?
feature=share](https://youtube.com/live/bAygNaTepa8?feature=share)

RECAP OF ARRAYS

Remember that arrays:

- are a collection all of the same type
- are declared by using a type, name and a size of the array
- you can easily access individual elements of an array by using an index
- Indexing starts at 0 and moves through until (size - 1) of the array
- go hand in hand with while loops that make it easy to work through an array

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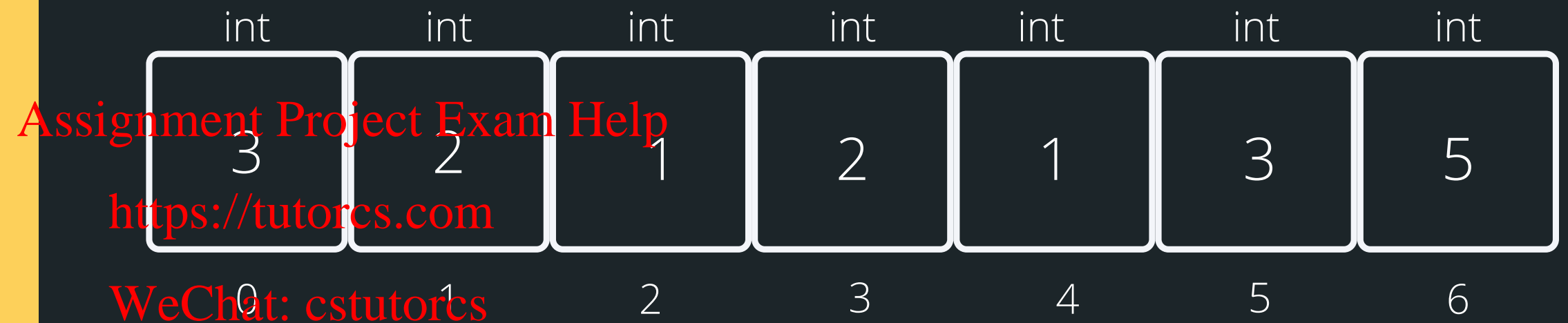
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RECAP OF ARRAYS

- So let's say we have this declared and initialised:

```
int ice_cream_consum[7] = {3, 2, 1, 2, 1, 3, 5};
```

- This is what it looks like visually:



this array holds 7 integers

Note that indexing starts at 0

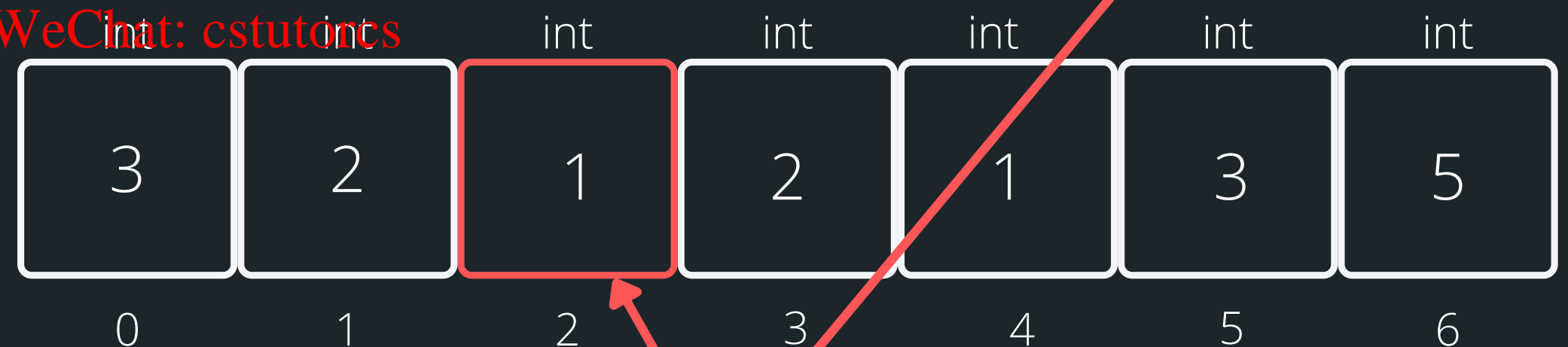
RECAP OF ARRAYS

- You can access any element of the array by referencing its index
- Note, that indexes start from 0
- Trying to access an index that does not exist, will result in an error

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`int ice_cream_consum[7] = {3, 2, 1, 2, 1, 3, 5};`
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If I wanted the third element of the array

The index would be 2, so to access it:

`ice_cream_consum[2]`

RECAP OF ARRAYS

AN EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Problem: A user is asked to enter 10 numbers. We will then go through these numbers and find the lowest number and output what the lowest number is to the user.

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lowest_number.c

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Problem: A user is asked to enter 10 numbers. We will then go through these numbers and find the sum of the even numbers only.

sum_even.c

BREAK TIME

TIME TO STRETCH

There are five bags of gold that all look identical, and each has ten gold pieces in it. One of the five bags has fake gold in it. The real gold, fake gold, and all five bags are identical in every way, except the pieces of fake gold each weigh 1.1 grams, and the real gold pieces each weigh 1 gram. You have a perfectly accurate digital gram scale and can use it only once. How do you determine which bag has the fake gold?

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YOU CAN HAVE AN ARRAY OF ANYTHING

AN ARRAY OF STRUCTS

The struct for a coordinate point:

```
struct coordinate {  
    int x;  
    int y;  
};
```

An array of structs declared:

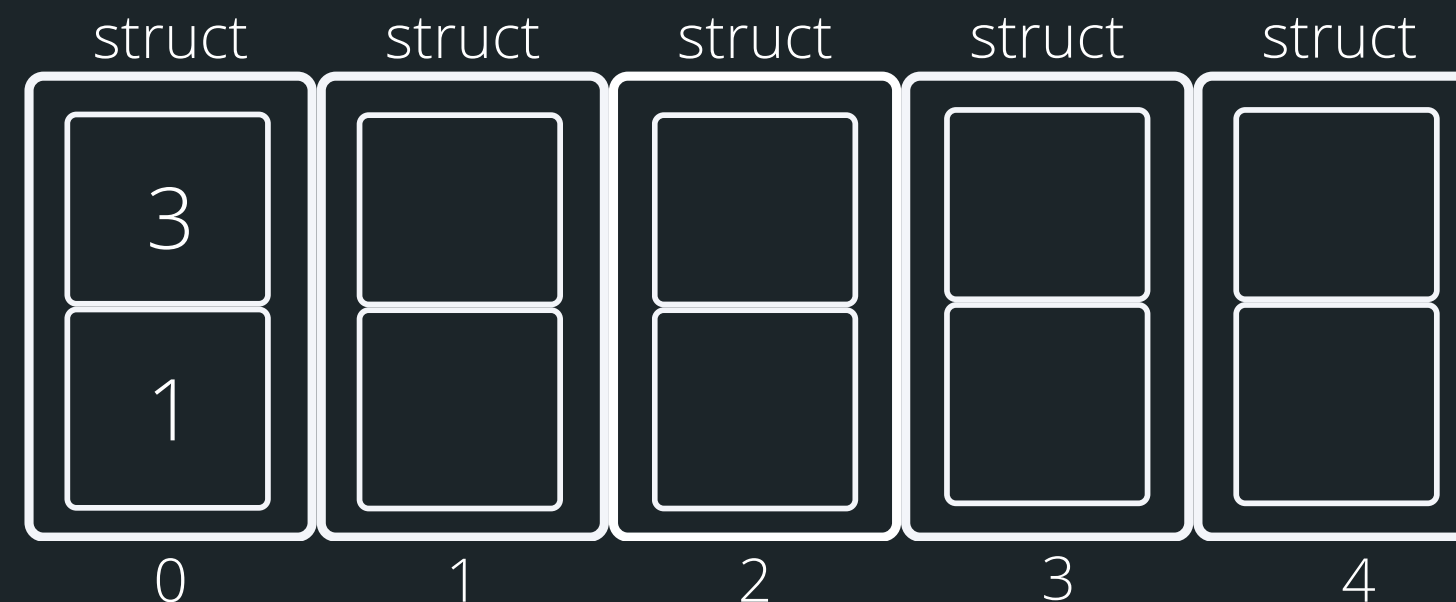
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```
struct coordinate map[5];
```

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An array of structs visually:

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map[0].x = 3;

map[0].y = 1;

ACCESSING AN ELEMENT INSIDE ARRAY OF ARRAYS

An array of arrays is basically a grid. To declare an array of arrays:

```
type array_name[num of rows][num of columns];  
int array[3][5];
```

To access an element now you will need to:

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```
array[2][3];  
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```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3	col 4
row 0	3	2	1	2	1
row 1	3	2	1	2	1
row 2	3	2	1	2	1

ARRAY OF ARRAYS

Think of the problem last week where we tracked ice-cream consumption for a week. What if I want to do this for a month (a week at a time)?

```
int ice_cream[4][7];
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3	col 4	col 5	col 6
row 0							
row 1							
row 2							
row 3							

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REMEMBER A WHILE LOOP INSIDE A WHILE LOOP TO PRINT A GRID?

Do you remember when we printed out a grid of numbers in Week 2 with our while inside a while?

```
int row = 0;
while (row <= SIZE){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= SIZE){
        printf("%d", col);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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How can we transfer this knowledge to print out an array of arrays?

TRANSFER THIS TO AN ARRAY:

FIRST RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 0
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 0

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0	X			
row 1				
row 2				

TRANSFER THIS TO AN ARRAY:

FIRST RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 0
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 1

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0		X		
row 1				
row 2				

TRANSFER THIS TO AN ARRAY:

FIRST RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 0
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 2

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0			X	
row 1				
row 2				

TRANSFER THIS TO AN ARRAY:

FIRST RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 0
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 3

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				X
row 1				
row 2				

TRANSFER THIS TO AN ARRAY:

SECOND RUN
AROUND THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 1
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 0

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1	X			
row 2				

**TRANSFER
THIS TO AN
ARRAY:**

**SECOND RUN
AROUND THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 1
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 1**

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1		X		
row 2				

**TRANSFER
THIS TO AN
ARRAY:**

**SECOND RUN
AROUND THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 1
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 2**

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1			X	
row 2				

TRANSFER THIS TO AN ARRAY:

SECOND RUN
AROUND THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 1
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 3

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1				X
row 2				

**TRANSFER
THIS TO AN
ARRAY:**

**THIRD RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 2
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 0**

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1				
row 2	X			

**TRANSFER
THIS TO AN
ARRAY:**

**THIRD RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 2
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 1**

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1				
row 2		X		

**TRANSFER
THIS TO AN
ARRAY:**

**THIRD RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 2
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 2**

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1				
row 2			X	

TRANSFER
THIS TO AN
ARRAY:

THIRD RUN AROUND
THE SUN:
OUTSIDE WHILE
ROW = 2
INSIDE WHILE
COL = 3

```
int array[3][4];
int row = 0;
while (row <= 3){
    int col = 0;
    while (col <= 4){
        printf("%d", array[row][col]);
        col++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    row++;
}
```

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	col 0	col 1	col 2	col 3
row 0				
row 1				
row 2				X

PROBLEM TIME

- Let's try our hand at using a 2D array to solve a problem!
- Declare and create a 3 x 3 two-dimensional array of integer numbers with the numbers read in from the user. Then loop through the two-dimensional array, printing out the values in the first row followed by those in the second row and so on.
 - Now loop through the array to count the number of even numbers in the 2D array

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2D_Arrays.c



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Feedback please!

I value your feedback and use to pace the lectures and improve your overall learning experience. If you have any feedback from today's lecture, please follow the link below. Please remember to keep your feedback constructive, so I can action it and improve the learning experience.

<https://www.menti.com/albo2hw32oxo>

WHAT DID WE LEARN TODAY?

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ASSIGNMENT 1
IS RELEASED

LIVESTREAM on
Tuesday 2:00pm

In-person:

K17, Room 113

Seminar

RECAP 1D
ARRAYS

lowest_number.c

sum_even.c

array of structs:

dogs.c

AN ARRAY OR
ARRAYS (2D)

2D_array.c

REACH OUT



CONTENT RELATED QUESTIONS

Check out the forum

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ADMIN QUESTIONS

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