COMP2207: Distributed File System coursework

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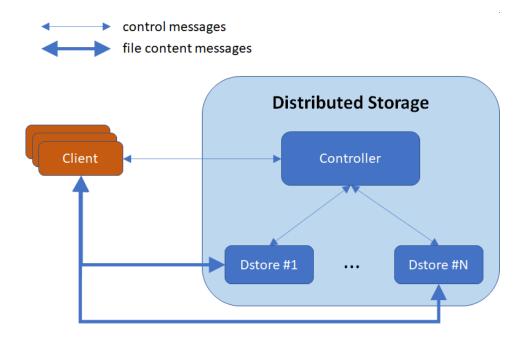
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1 Introduction

In this coursework you will build a distributed storage system. This will involve knowledge of Java, networking and distributed systems. The system has one Controller and N Data Stores (Dstores). It supports multiple concurrent clients sending store, load, list, remove requests. You will implement Controller and Dstores; the client will be provided. Each file is replicated R times over different Dstores. Files are stored by the Dstores, the Controller orchestrates client requests and maintains an index with the allocation of files to Dstores, as well as the size of each stored file. The client actually gets the files directly from Dstores – which improves scalability. For simplicity, all these processes will be on the same machine, but the principles are similar to a system distributed over several servers. Files in the distributed storage allege to ganised in callies and subfolders. Filenames do not contain spaces.

The Controller is started first, with Rias an argument. It waits for Dstores to join the storage system (see Reparance operation). The Controller does not serve any client request until at least R Dstores have joined the system.

As Dstores may fail an Dstores car contine sorge system at runtime, rebalance operations are required to make sure each file is replicated R times and files are distributed evenly over the Dstores.



2 Networking

Controller, Dstores and Clients will communicate with each other via TCP connections. Because they will be on the same machine, the Dstores will listen on different ports.

Each client will submit requests to the Controller sequentially over a separate TCP connection.

The Dstores will establish connections with the Controller as soon as they start. These connections will be persistent (i.e., they are expected to be kept alive for as long as the Dstore is running). All the communications between a Dstore and the Controller must take place over that connection; no further connections must be established between a Dstore and the Controller. If the Controller detects that the connection with one of the Dstores dropped, then such a Dstore will be removed from the set of Dstores that are part of the storage system.

Processes should send textual messages (e.g., LIST – see below) using the *println()* method of *PrintWriter* class, and receive using the *readLine()* method of *BufferedReader* class. For data messages (i.e., file content), processes should send using the *write()* method of *Outputstream* class and receive using the *readNBytes()* method of *InputStream* class.

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3 The Index

The index refers to the vac tructured by the too files to keep track of stored files. As Store and Remove operations involve a number of messages to be completed (see Section 4), it is important to ensure that other possibly conflicting concurrent operations are served properly. To achieve that, the index data structure should include a dedicated field for each file to record its current state.

For example, while a file F is being stored (i.e., corresponding index entry updated with state set to "store in progress"), we do not want the storage system to serve any Load or Remove operations on F, nor to include F when List operations are invoked. In this sense, it should be as if F does not exist yet. However, if another concurrent Store operation is requested for another file with the same name of F, then we want to reply with an ERROR ALREADY_EXISTS message. Handling this kind of situations requires to explicitly manage the lifecycle of files, e.g., from "store in progress" to "store complete" to "remove in progress" to "remove complete". The expected behaviour of the storage system in these situations is defined at the end of Section 4.

4 Code development

Only use Java openjdk-17-jdk, on Linux/Unix. Do not use Windows. The code must be testable and not depend on any IDE directory structure/config files.

Command line parameters to start up the system:

Controller: java Controller cport R timeout rebalance period

<u>A Dstore</u>: java Dstore port cport timeout file folder

A client: java Client cport timeout

The Controller is given a port to listen on (cport), a replication factor (R), a timeout in milliseconds (timeout) and how long to wait (in seconds) to start the next rebalance operation (rebalance period).

A Dstore is started with the port to listen on (port) and the controller's port to talk to (cport), timeout in milliseconds (timeout) and where to store the data locally (file_folder). Each Dstore should use a different path and port, so they don't clash. The client is started with the controller port to communicate with it (cport) and a timeout in millisecond. Started with the controller port to communicate with it (cport) and a timeout in millisecond.

Controller and Dstores do not need to keep any state between different executions. This means the Controller desprot need to save/load the index to/from disk, and Dstores should empty their file folder at start up.

The timeout should be used when a process expects a response from another process; for example, when the voltical waits for a Store to see Store operation). Timeouts should not be used in other circumstances; for example, when the Controller waits for a Client to send a request.

Store operation

- Client -> Controller: STORE filename filesize
- Controller
 - updates index, "store in progress"
 - Selects R Dstores, their endpoints are port1, port2, ..., portR
 - Controller -> Client: STORE TO port1 port2 ... portR
- For each Dstore i
 - o Client->Dstore i: STORE filename filesize
 - Dstore i -> Client: ACK
 - o Client->Dstore i: file content
 - Once Dstore i finishes storing the file,
 Dstore i -> Controller: STORE_ACK filename
- Once Controller received all acks
 - o updates index, "store complete"
 - Controller -> Client: STORE COMPLETE

Dstores might be terminated during this operation. You can assume all files are not empty (i.e., file size is always greater than zero) and their size is lower than 100KB.

Failure Handling Signment Project Exam Help

- Malformed message received by Controller/Client/Dstore
 - Ignore message (it would be good practice to log it)
- If not enough District Disversion by Joint 101CS.COM
 - Controller->Client: ERROR_NOT_ENOUGH_DSTORES
- If filename already exists in the index
 - o Controller Client TREOR FILE 141 READY EXISTS
- Client cannot connect or send data to all R Distores
 - No further action, the state of the file in the index will remain "store in progress"; future rebalances will try to sort things out by ensuring the file is replicated to R Dstores
- If the Controller does not receive all the acks (e.g., because the timeout expires), the STORE_COMPLETE message should not be sent to the Client, and filename should be removed from the index

Load operation

- Client -> Controller: LOAD filename
- Controller selects one the R Dstores that stores that file, let port be its endpoint
- Controller->Client: LOAD FROM port filesize
- Client -> Dstore: LOAD DATA filename
- Dstore -> Client: file content

Dstores might be terminated during this operation.

Failure Handling

- Malformed message received by Controller/Client/Dstore
 - Ignore message (it would be good practice to log it)
- If not enough Dstores have joined
 - o Controller->Client: ERROR NOT ENOUGH DSTORES
- If file does not exist in the index
 - Controller -> Client: ERROR FILE DOES NOT EXIST
- If Client cannot connect to or receive data from Dstore
 - o Client -> Controller: RELOAD filename
 - o Controller salests e differ the Postpre with Endoint part' Help
 - o If Client cannot connect to or receive data from any of the R Dstores
 - Controller->Client: ERROR LOAD
- If Dstore does adthave he requested file S. COM
 - Simply close the socket with the Client

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Remove operation

- Client -> Controller: REMOVE filename
- Controller updates index, "remove in progress"
- For each Dstore i storing filename
 - o Controller->Dstore i: REMOVE filename
 - Once Dstore i finishes removing the file,
 Dstore i -> Controller: REMOVE ACK filename
- Once Controller received all acks
 - updates index, "remove complete"
 - Controller -> Client: REMOVE_COMPLETE

Dstores might be terminated during this operation.

Failure Handling

- Malformed message received by Controller/Client/Dstore
 - Ignore message (it would be good practice to log it)
- If not enough Dstores have joined
 - o Controller->Client: ERROR NOT ENOUGH DSTORES
- If filename does not exist in the interpretation of the controller scheme that the interpretation of the controller scheme that the controller scheme the controller scheme that the controller scheme the controller sche
- Controller cannot connect to some Dstore, or does not receive all the ACKs within the timeout
 - o No furthen action stiff state of the first in the interior will remain "remove in progress"; future rebalances will try to sort things out by ensuring that no Dstore stores that file
- If Dstore does not have the requested file

 Dstore -> Ontroller Higher Price For EXIST filename

List operation

- Client->Controller: LIST
- Controller->Client: LIST file list
 - o file list is a space-separated list of filenames

Dstores might be terminated during this operation.

Failure Handling

- Malformed message received by Controller/Client
 - o Ignore message (it would be good practice to log it)
- If not enough Dstores have joined
 - o Controller->Client: ERROR NOT ENOUGH DSTORES

Storage Rebalance operation

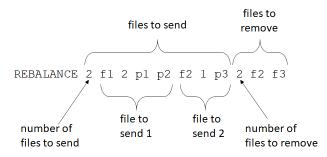
This operation is started periodically by the Controller (i.e., based on the rebalance_period argument) <u>and</u> when a new Dstore joins the storage system. In the latter case, this is the message (where *port* is the endpoint of the new Dstore)

Dstore -> Controller: JOIN port

- For each Dstore i
 - Controller -> Dstore i: LIST
 - o Dstore i -> Controller: LIST file list
- Controller revises file allocation to ensure (i) each file is replicated over R Dstores, and (ii) files are evenly stored among Dstores
 - With N Dstores, replication factor R, and F files, each Dstore should store between floor(RF/N) and ceil(RF/N) files, inclusive
- Controller produces for each Dstore i a pair

(files to send, files to remove), where

- o files_to_send is the list of files to send and is in the form number_of_files_to_send file_to_send_1 file_to_send_2 ... file to send N
- and file_to_send_i is in the form filename number_of_dstores
- o files remove is the list of lienames to remove and is in the form
 - number_of_files_to_remove filename1 filename2 ... filenameL
- For each Dstore i
 - o Controller In Research of Controller I Research of the second files to remove
 - Example
 - Assume that (where pi is the port where Dstore i is listening on)
 - We (ile) needs to be sent to perfore p1 and p2
 - file 12 needs to be sent to Distore p3
 - file f2 needs to be removed
 - file f3 needs to be removed
 - REBALANCE 2 f1 2 p1 p2 f2 1 p3 2 f2 f3



- Dstore i will send required files to other Dstores, e.g., to send a file to Dstore j
 - Dstore i -> Dstore j: REBALANCE STORE filename filesize
 - Dstore j -> Dstore i: ACK
 - Dstore i -> Dstore j: file content
- Dstore i will remove specified files
- When rebalance is completed

Dstore i -> Controller: REBALANCE COMPLETE

Additional notes on Rebalance operations

- The first rebalance operation must start rebalance_period seconds after the Controller started
- Clients' requests are queued by the Controller during rebalance operations; these requests will be served once the rebalance operation is completed
- A rebalance operation should wait for any pending STORE and REMOVE operation to complete before starting
- At most one rebalance operation should be running at any time
- Dstores will not be terminated during this operation (but might fail)
- If it turns out that the index includes a file that no Dstore included in the list sent to the Controller, then it would be safe to remove this file from the index

Failure Handling

- Malformed message received by Controller/Dstore
 - o Ignore message (it would be good practice to log it)
- Controller does not receive REBALANCE COMPLETE from a Dstore within a timeout

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Concurrent Operations

- Ongoing operation: Store file
 - If a concurrent Store operation on the same file is received, then return ERROR_FILE_ALREADY_EXISTS
 - If a concurrent Load operation on the same file is received, then return ERROR_FILE_DOES_NOT_EXIST
 - If a concurrent Remove operation on the same file is received, then return ERROR_FILE_DOES_NOT_EXIST
 - If a concurrent List operation is received, then do not include file in the list to return
- Ongoing operations: Remove file
 - If a concurrent Store operation on the same file is received, then return ERROR_FILE_ALREADY_EXISTS
 - If a concurrent Load operation on the same file is received, then return ERROR_FILE_DOES_NOT_EXIST
 - If a concurrent Remove operation on the same file is received, then return ERROR FILE DOES NOT EXIST
 - o If a concurrent List operation is received, the do not include file in the list to Assignment Project Exam Help

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5 Submission Requirements

- Your submission should include the following files:
 - Controller.java
 - Dstore.java

As well as all the additional .java files you developed

- These files should be contained in a single zip file called <your username>.zip
- There should be no package structure to your java code
- When extracted from the zip file, the files should be located in the current directory
- These files will be executed at the Linux command line by us for automatic testing

6 Marking Scheme

You are asked to implement the Controller and Dstores. You will be given the client, as an obfuscated jar. The client allows the execution of operations via a terminal.

- Up to 50 marks are awarded based on whether the storage system works in compliance with the protect and correctly served sequential requests from a single client
- Up to 10 marks are awarded based on whether each file is replicated R times and files are evenly spread over the Dstores (only when stored, not when Dstores fail or new Dstores jointhe Dstage system) ICS.COM
- Up to 10 marks are awarded based on whether the storage system correctly serves concurrent requests from more clients (up to 10 concurrent clients)
- Up to 10 marks are awarded based on whether the storage system correctly tolerates the failure of one Distore
- Up to 10 marks are awarded based on whether the storage system correctly tolerates the failure of up to N-R Dstores
- Up to 10 marks are awarded based on whether files are evenly spread over the Dstores despite Dstores failing and new Dstores joining the storage system

7 Code development suggestions

There are various things to develop step-by-step. This includes making TCP connections and passing data to/from, implementing timeouts for when the communication is broken, and so on. This is a good place to start.

- Draw an outline of your system to keep track of the functionality/code structure
- · Use techniques you tested from the Java sockets worksheet.
- For the Controller, you can start by making it accept connections
- Avoid multithreading until you are ready for it
- Make sure your Controller and Dstores print detailed log messages to stdout/stderr
- Work with just the Dstore to be able to save and read files
- Progressively add the features such as delete and allocating files to Dstores
- Test progressively so you know each area works and can return errors.
- Finally write the rebalance operations

8 Object Exam Help

This coursework has the following module aims, objectives and learning outcomes:

- A5. Client-server applications and programming. COM
- D1. Build a client-server solution in Java
- D2. Build a distributed objects solution in Java
- D3. Build and opera eximile data retwork Utorcs
- B5. Understand the use and impact of concurrency on the design of distributed systems