



程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Special introduction



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<https://tutorcs.com>
Semester 2, 2021

Outline

- What is Splunk & Why Splunk
- Splunk Software
- Search Processing Language (SPL)



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What is Splunk & Why Splunk

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A software for searching, managing, and analysing **machine generated big data** using a web-interface



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[A typical web server log](#)

IP Address	Timestamp	Http Command	Status	Bytes	Referrer	Browser Type
12.1.1.015	[01/Aug/2011:12:29:58 -0700]	"GET /pages/hilabs_c.html HTTP/1.1"	200	1211	"http://webdev:2000/pages/"	"Mozilla/5.0 AppleWebKit/102.1 (KHTML) Safari/102"
12.1.1.015	[01/Aug/2011:12:29:58 -0700]	"GET /pages/joy.html HTTP/1.1"	200	0012	"http://webdev:2000/pages/"	"Mozilla/5.0 AppleWebKit/102.1 (KHTML) Safari/102"
12.1.1.015	[01/Aug/2011:12:29:58 -0700]	"GET /pages/dochomepage.html HTTP/1.1"	200	1000	"http://webdev:2000/pages/"	"Mozilla/5.0 AppleWebKit/102.1 (KHTML) Safari/102"

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Challenging to analyse multiple logs in real-time to detect security events!

What is Splunk & Why Splunk

Gartner 2020 Magic Quadrant for Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)



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- Advanced threat detection and response solution
 - User and entity behavior analytics (UEBA)
 - Endpoint detection and response (EDR)
 - Automated threat intelligence
 - Real-time dashboards and reports

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And more ...

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- Splunk Capabilities
- Splunk Architecture
- What Can be Indexed
- Web Interface Overview
- Search & Reporting
- Events & Fields
- Default Fields
- Data Type & Common Operators

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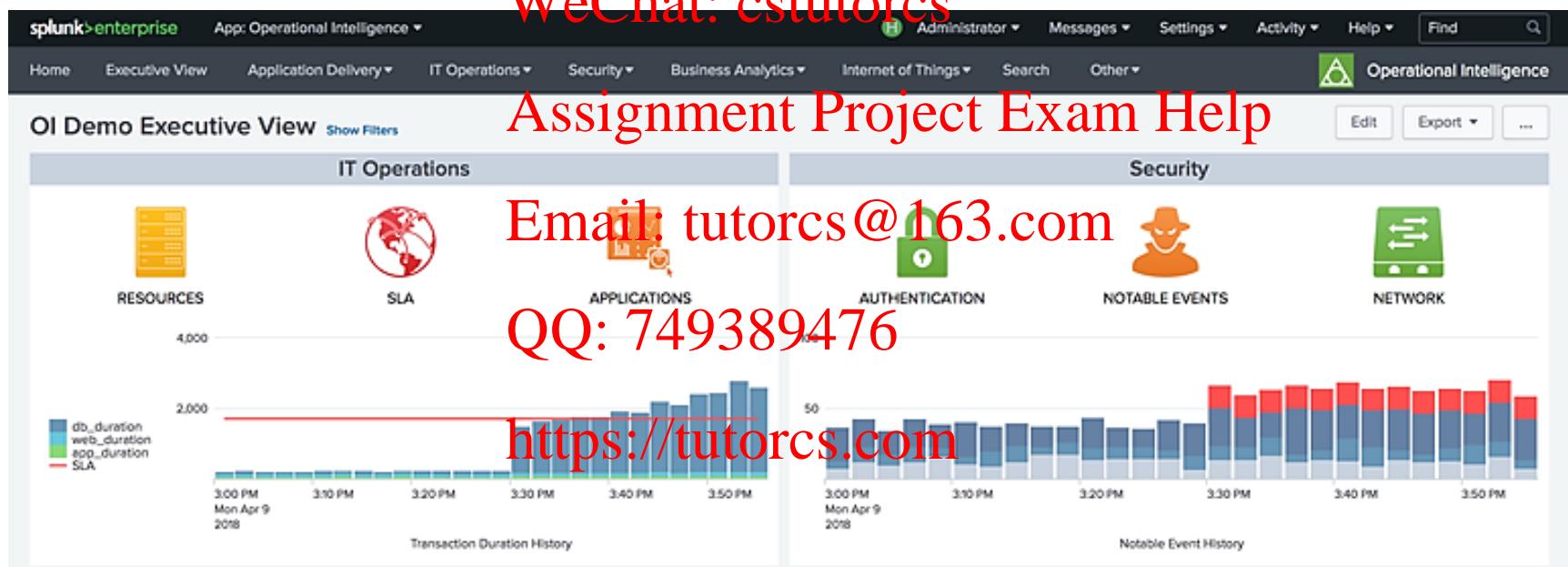
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Splunk Capabilities

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- Collect, index, and correlate machine data in **real-time**
 - **Indexing:** transforming a series of events into a series of events that contain searchable **fields** (e.g. *IP address, source and destination in a network packet*)
 - Index: A repository of indexed data
- Generate graphs, reports, alerts, dashboards and visualizations

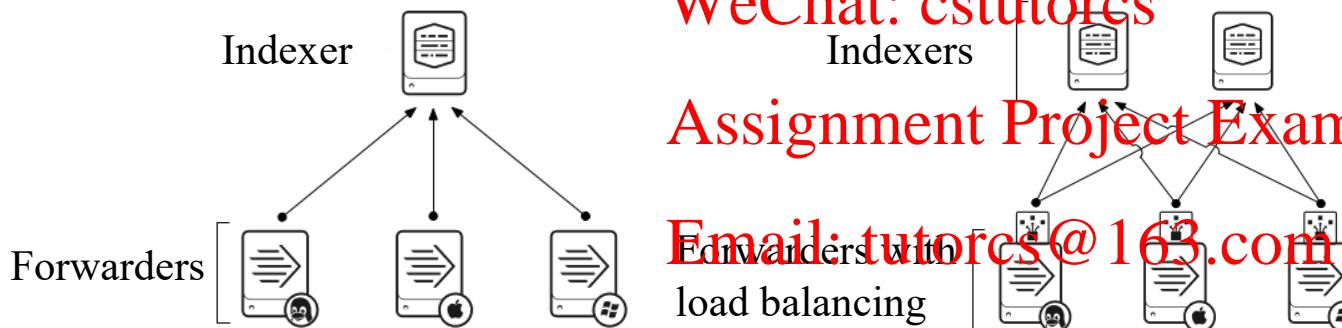
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Splunk Architecture

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- Data sources: logs, file systems, Netflow, etc.
- Splunk forwarders: forward data from different data input sources to the indexers
- Splunk indexers: creates indexes for the incoming data



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Forwarders with load balancing
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- Splunk search tier: includes search heads that process the search queries from users on the indexed data

What Can be Indexed

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What Sink Can Index



Web Interface Overview

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Splunk bar



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Manage and run applications

Add forwarders or import data from file

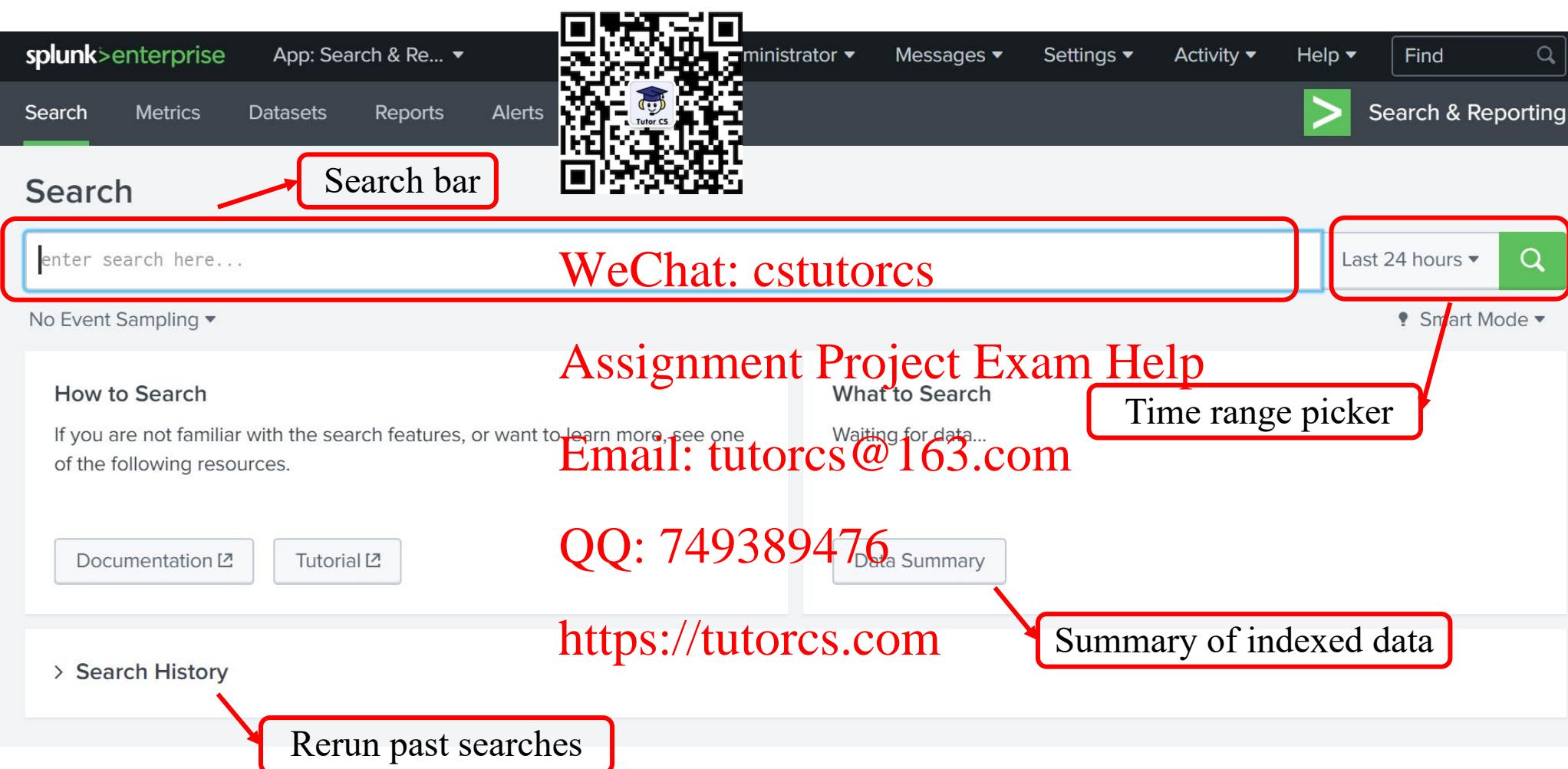
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Add custom dashboards for data visualisation

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The screenshot shows the Splunk Enterprise search interface. Key highlighted elements include:

- Search bar:** A red box highlights the search bar at the top, with an arrow pointing to it from the left.
- WeChat: cstutorcs**: Red text overlaid on the search bar area.
- Time range picker:** A red box highlights the "Last 24 hours" dropdown and the search button at the end of the search bar.
- Summary of indexed data:** Red text overlaid on the "Data Summary" button in the search results panel.
- Rerun past searches:** Red text overlaid on the "Rerun past searches" link in the search history panel.

Other visible UI elements include:

- Top navigation bar: splunk>enterprise App: Search & Re... ministrator Messages Settings Activity Help Find
- Main menu: Search Metrics Datasets Reports Alerts
- Search results panel: Assignment Project Exam Help What to Search Waiting for data... Email: tutorcs@163.com QQ: 749389476 Data Summary
- Bottom panels: Documentation Tutorial, Search History, and Rerun past searches.

Default Fields

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- Shell scripts, python scripts, Windows batch files, PowerShell, etc., can be used to customise the data and generate useful fields
- There are several internal fields that are automatically generated by Splunk



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Type of field	List of fields	Description
Internal fields: Contain general information about events	_raw	Original raw data of an event
	_time	An event's timestamp expressed in Unix time
	_indextime	The time that an event was indexed
	_cd	An address for an event within the index
	_bkt	The bucket that an event is stored in

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Default Fields

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Type of field	List of fields	Description
Default fields: Contain information about where an event originated	host	name/IP address of the device that originated the event (e.g., cisco_router)
	index	name of the index in which a given event is indexed (e.g., default is "main")
	linecount	The number of lines an event contains
	punct	The punctuation pattern that is extracted from an event
	source	The file, stream, or other input from which an event originates (e.g., stream:http)
	sourcetype	The format of the data input from which the event originates (e.g. syslog)
	splunk_server	The Splunk server containing the event
	timestamp	An event's timestamp value

Default Fields

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Type of field	List of fields	Description
Default datetime fields: Contain additional searchable granularity to event timestamps	date_hour	The hour in which an event occurred
	date_mday	The day of the month on which an event occurred
	date_minute	The minute in which an event occurred
	date_month	The month in which an event occurred
	date_second	The seconds portion of an event's timestamp
	date_wday	The day of the week on which an event occurred
	date_year	The year in which an event occurred
	date_zone	The value of time for the local time-zone of an event

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- Data types: bool, int, float, string
- Comparison operators: =  > >=
- Logical operators: AND, OR
 - Clause “src_port !=80” is equivalent from “NOT src_port=80”
 - Records with missing value of “src_port” field are returned in the second clause but are not returned in the first one
 - If no logical operator is used between clauses, the default operator is AND
 - “src_port !=80 host=server01” is equivalent to “src_port !=80 AND host=server01”

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- Filtering Results



- Sorting & Grouping Results

- Filtering & Modifying Fields

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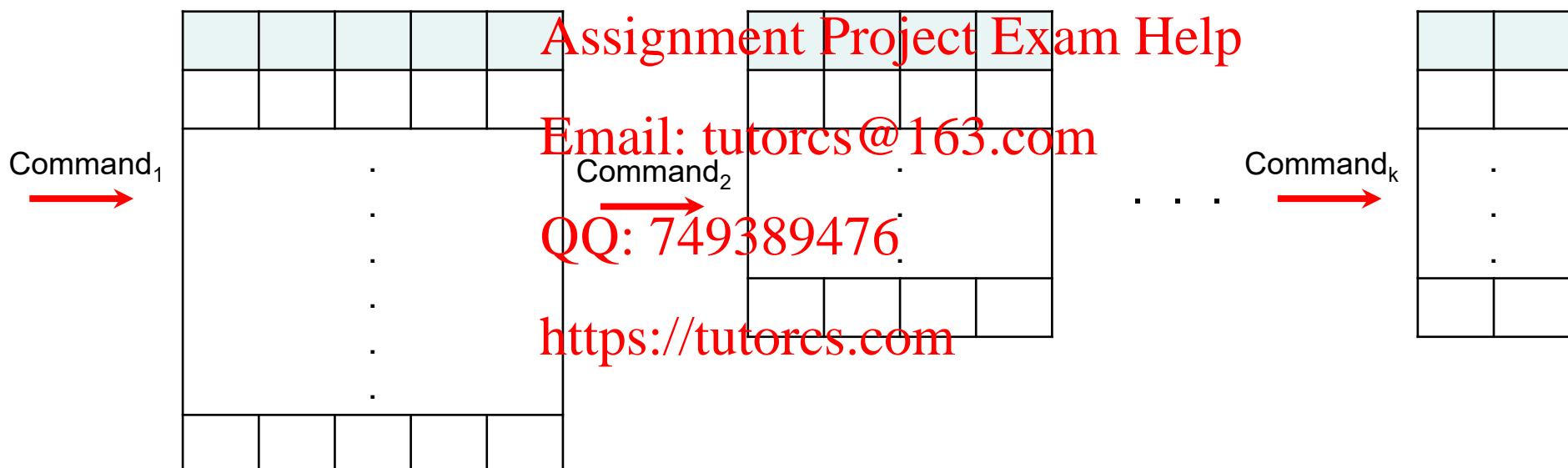
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- Common search string in SPL: $\text{command}_1 \mid \text{command}_2 \mid \dots \mid \text{command}_k$



- Results after the pipe character are used as input for its following command
- The pipe character is always followed by an SPL command

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- “search” command is implicitly applied in the beginning of the search pipeline and you should not use it in this location
 - Example: “src_port=80 AND dst_ip=192.168.1.1”



“search” command is implicitly applied here

Category	Description	Commands
Filtering Results	Taking a set of results and filtering them into a smaller set of results	search, where, dedup, head, tail
Sorting Results	Ordering (and optionally limiting the number of) results	sort
Grouping Results	Grouping events for identifying patterns	transaction
Reporting Results	Generating a summary of results for reporting	top/rare, table, stats, chart, timechart
Filtering, Modifying, and Adding Fields	Filtering out some fields to focus on most related ones, modifying or adding fields to enrich results	fields, replace, rename, eval, rex, lookup

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- Required arguments are shown in angle brackets < >
- Optional arguments are enclosed in square brackets []
- Group arguments are shown in parentheses ()
- Repeating arguments are indicated by ellipsis ...
- Example
 - Syntax: replace (<string1> WITH <string2>)... [IN <field-list>]
 - Example: replace 200 WITH OK 404 WITH "Not Found" IN status

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HTTP status field
in indexed data

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Filtering the Results

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Search command

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- Filters events from Splunk indexes given a set of queried conditions
- Syntax: search <logical-expression> [AND/OR/NOT <logical-expression>]
- logical-expression
 - comparison-expression
 - index-expression
 - time-opt → You can also use the time range picker for time options
- Precedence of logical operators in search command: expressions with parenthesis, then NOT then OR then AND

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- <field><comparison-operator><value>
 - Examples: src_port < 1000 AND src_ip=192.168.10.1
- <field> IN (<value-list>)
 - Example: dest_port IN (21,80,8080)
 - IN operator checks if a value is a member of a group of values
- Search command examples for the toy HTTP data:
 - search status >= 400
 - Returns events with error in HTTP requests
 - search status IN (401,403)
 - Returns events with unauthorized or Forbidden HTTP requests

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- "<string>"
 - Keywords or quoted phrasatch, Examples: fail*, login, "http://"• Wildcard: asterisk with a character is used to match an unrestricted number of characters in a string
 - <search-modifier>
 - <sourcetype-specifier> | <host-specifier> | <source-specifier> | <splunk_server-specifier>, etc.
 - Example: sourcetype=syslog
 - Search example:
 - search sourcetype=stream:http fail* password
 - This is equivalent to “search sourcetype=stream:http AND fail* AND password”

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- [<timeformat>] (<time-modifier>)...
- timeformat
 - timeformat=...
 - Example: timeformat=%Y:%m/%d/%H:%M:%S
 - Default time format is %m/%d/%Y:%H:%M:%S
- <time-modifier> can be exact time or relative time
 - earliest, latest, _index_earliest, _index_latest, now(), time()
 - [\pm]<time_integer><time_unit>@<time_unit>
 - Example: “earliest=-3d@latest=now()”
- Hint: you can use the web interface for setting the time options



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Time unit	second	minute	hour	day	week	month	quarter	year
Valid unit abbreviations	s, sec, secs, second, seconds	m, min, minute, minutes	hrs, hour, hours	d, day, days	w, week, weeks	mon, month, months	q, qtr, qtrs, quarter, quarters	y, yr, yrs, year, years

Tips for search command

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- Field names are by default case-sensitive
 - Literals are not case sensitive
 - Example: searching for "Login", or "Login" all return same results
 - Use CASE(<string>) for case-sensitive search of the field values
 - CASE(Login) only returns events that include Login (not login)
 - Splunk searches for whole word WeChat: cstutorcs
 - Search results for “fail” and “failure” use asterisk wildcard (*) fail*
 - For phrases or field values containing breaking characters, e.g., whitespace, commas, pipes, square brackets and equal sign use quotation marks
 - Examples: host=“server 1”
 - Use backslash (\) to escape quote in the filed value, e.g., host=“server\" 1”
→ looking for records with host name equal to <server” 1>
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Where command

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- Quoted strings are interpreted as literals
- Unquoted strings are treated as field names → Compare two different fields

Command	Example	Description
Where	... where foo=bar	This search looks for events where the field <code>foo</code> is equal to the field <code>bar</code> .
Search	search foo=bar	This search looks for events where the field <code>foo</code> contains the string value <code>bar</code> .
Where	... where foo="bar"	This search looks for events where the field <code>foo</code> contains the string value <code>bar</code> .

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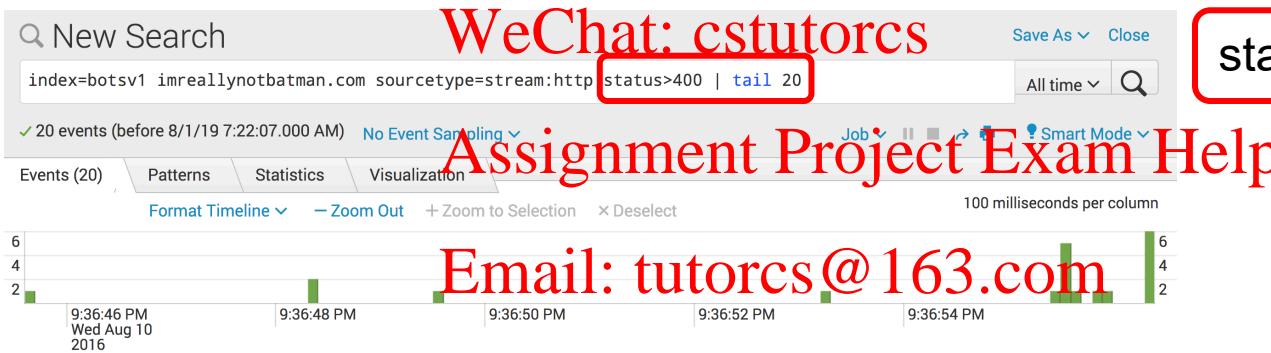
- Can also be used with IN operator and a value-list
 - Example: ... | where dest_port IN (80,8080)
- Precedence of logical operators in where: expressions with parenthesis, then NOT then AND then OR
- Examples
 - ... | where src_port=dst_port
 - ... | where bytes_in>2*bytes_out

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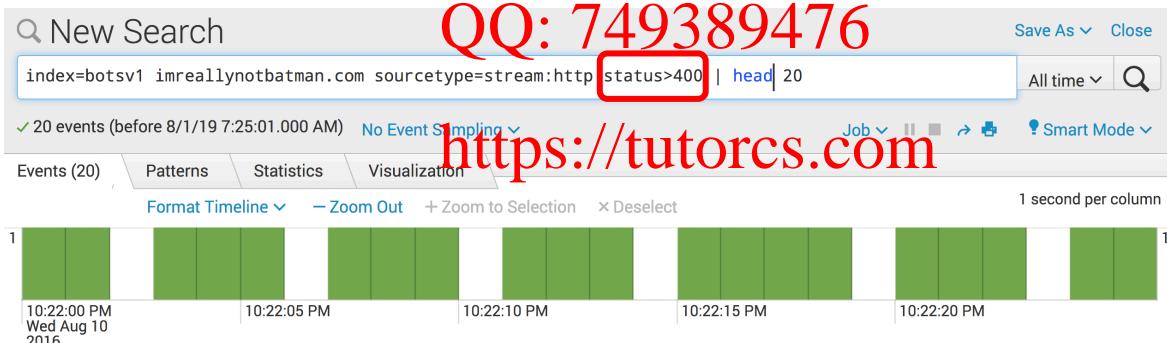
Head and tail commands

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- Head returns the most recent results of a search
 - ... | head 25
- Tail returns the earliest results of a search
 - ... | tail 15
- If the integer argument is not given, both commands return 10 results by default



`status>400 | tail 20`



`status>400 | head 20`

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Sorting & Grouping Results

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- To change the ordering/number of the results
- Syntax: sort [<count>] <sort-clause>... [desc]
- Default value of the option count is 10,000; pass 0 to return all the results
- sort-by-clause: [±] <sort-1>...[±] <sort-field>
 - The value of sort-filed can be a field (such as “src_port”) or
 - auto(<field>) → Splunk chooses the type of field for sorting
 - ip(<field>) → Splunk treats the field values as IP address for sorting
 - num(<field>) → Splunk treats the field values as number for sorting
 - str(<field>) → Splunk treats the field values as string for sorting
- Default sorting order is ascending
 - Use minus sign for descending order, e.g., sort –src_port, +ip(src_ip)
- Examples:
 - ... | sort lastname, -firstname
 - ... | sort 100 -num(size), +str(source)

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Transaction command

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- Group of conceptually-related events that spans time
 - Examples
 - Different events from the same source and the same host
 - Different events from different sources but from the same host
 - Similar events from different hosts and different sources
 - A set of events related to a firewall intrusion incident
- Syntax: transaction [<field-list>] [name=<transaction-name>]
[<transaction_definition-options>...]

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- This command adds two fields to the raw events: *duration* and *eventcount*
- The argument field-list specifies one field or more field names to group events into transactions based on the values of the field(s)
 - The relationship among the fields can be conjunction, disjunction, transitive, ...

Transaction command: transaction definition options

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- transaction-definition-options
 - endswith=<filter-string> with=<filter-string>:
 - To start or end a transaction if the filter-string is satisfied by an event
 - maxspan=<int>time-unit
 - Events in the transaction must span less than integer specified for maxspan. Events that exceed the maxspan limit are treated as part of a separate transaction
 - maxpause=<int> time-unit
 - To specify the maximum length of time for the pause between the events in a transaction
 - maxevents=<int>
 - To specify the maximum number of events in a transaction. The default value is 1000.
 - A negative value for each of these constraints means that there is no limit on the its value

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Transaction command: example

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status>400 | transaction maxpause=1m src_ip,dest_ip | sort -eventcount

New Search

Save As ▾ Close

index=botsv1 imreallynotbatman.com sourcetype=http

transaction maxpause=1m src_ip,dest_ip | sort -eventcount

All time ▾

Events (4) Patterns Statistics Visualization

Format Timeline ▾ – Zoom Out + Zoom to Selection × Deselect 1 minute per column

1 9:40 PM 9:45 PM 9:50 PM 9:55 PM 10:00 PM 10:05 PM

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The source 40.80.148.42 is scanning the destination 192.168.250.70??

GET /%3f HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /%40 HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /- HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /0 HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /00 HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /1 HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /10 HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...
 GET /1FugAE4D HTTP/1.1 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Connection: Keep-alive Accept-Encoding: c...
 GET /2 HTTP/1.1 Accept: acunetix/wvs Range: bytes=0-99999 Host: imreallynotbatman.com Conn...

Acunetix is a vulnerability scanner

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Reporting Results

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- Calculate aggregate statistics (average, count, sum, ...) over a results set
- Commands
 - **stats**: returns a table where each row represents a single unique combination of the values grouped by a set of chosen fields
 - See others: eventstats, streamstats, geostats
 - **chart**: similar to stats but creates tabular data output suitable for charting
 - **timechart**: creates a chart for a statistical aggregation applied to a field against time as the x-axis



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Stats command

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Syntax: stats [partitions=<num>] [allnum=<bool>] [delim=<string>]
(<stats-agg-term>... or <sparkline-agg-term>...) [<by-clause>]

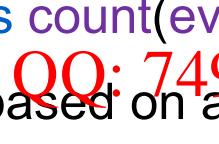
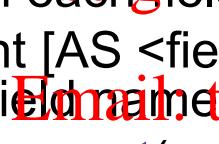
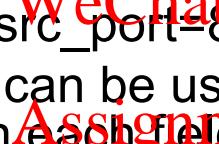
Low

In these slides is used to show alternative available options

- stats-agg-term: <stats-func> [<eval>] AS <field>
 - Choices of stats-func
 - count, sum, min, max, avg, median, stdev, variance, quantile, histogram, distinct_count, distinct_percent, distinct_percentile, distinct_stdev, distinct_variance, distinct_quantile, distinct_histogram
 - Input field argument can be an existing field-name (e.g., src_port) or eval-field created using eval command inside stats
 - `stats count(eval(src_port=80))` → evald-field is “`eval(src_port=80)`”
 - Wildcard field names can be used: this option returns separate results applying stats-func on each field. `stats count(eval(*_port=80))`
 - The optional argument [AS <field>] can be used to rename the output fields and can be wildcard field names
 - Example 1: “`stats count(eval(*_port=80)) AS *_port80`”
- <by-clause>: Split output based on a set of given fields. If omitted, the stats is computed for the entire input result set. Example: `stats distinct_count(src_port) BY src_ip`

Low

In these slides is used to show alternative available options



Options for stats-func

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Type of function	Support	Functions and syntax		
Aggregate functions	avg() count() distinct_count() estdc() estdc_error()	 ctperc<int>(); x() median() min() mode() perc<int>(); range() stdev() stdevp()		sum() sumsq() upperperc<int>(); var() varp()
Event order functions	first()	last()		
Multi-value stats and chart functions	list()	values()		
Time functions	earliest() earliest_time()	latest() latest_time()	rate()	

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More detail on the functions:

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/CommonStatsFunctions>

Stats command (example)

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```
... | stats sum(eval(if(status>=400,1,0))) AS statusError BY src_ip | sort
```



Execution per src_ip:

1. eval(if(status>=400,1,0)) → 0
2. stats command sums over the output of eval splitting by source IP address
3. sort command sorts the results

New Search Save As ▾ Close

index=* sourcetype=http
| stats sum(eval(if(status>=400,1,0))) as statusError by src_ip
| sort - statusError

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All time ▾

✓ 23,936 events (before 8/3/19 4:39:30.000 AM) No Event Sampling ▾ Job ▾

Events Patterns Statistics (5) Visualizat... Email: tutorcs@163.com

100 Per Page ▾ Format Preview ▾

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src_ip ▾ statusError ▾

40.80.148.42 Status Error for this source IP is much higher than others 3651

src_ip	statusError
40.80.148.42	3651
192.168.2.50	447
192.168.250.100	2
192.168.250.70	0
23.22.63.114	0

Stats command (example)

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Scenario	
Report the number of retail units sold and sales revenue for each product during the previous week.	

```
index=sales sourcetype=vendor_sales
| stats A count(price) as "Units Sold"
B sum(price) as "Total Sales" by product_name C
| sort -"Total Sales" D
```

- A single stats command
- B can have multiple functions
- C The by clause is applied to both functions
- D sort Total Sales in descending order

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product_name	Units Sold	Total Sales
Dream Crusher	A 78	B 3119.22
World of Cheese	78	1949.22
Manganiello Bros.	45	1799.55
SIM Cubicle	72	1439.28
Final Sequel	55	1374.45
Mediocre Kingdoms	50	1249.50
Orvil the Wolverine	30	1199.70
Benign Space Debris	31	774.69
Curling 2014	28	559.72
World of Cheese Tee	47	469.53

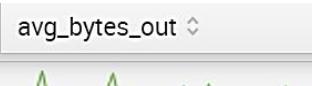
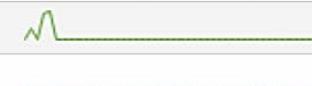
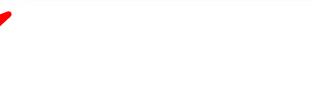
Stats command: sparkline-agg-term

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- Sparkline: an inline chart that appears within table cells in search results to display time-based trends associated with the primary key of each row
- Syntax: `sparkline (<sparkline-func> <wc-field>), <span-length>)`
 - sparkline-func options: mean(), avg(), stdev(), min(), max(), etc.
 - span-length examples: 1d, Tumin, 1mon

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Example: `index=* | stats sparkline(avg(bytes_ *),1m) AS avg_bytes_* BY src_ip,dest_ip`

src_ip	dest_ip	avg_bytes_in	avg_bytes_out
192.168.250.100	192.168.250.20		
192.168.250.100	192.168.250.255		
192.168.250.100	192.168.250.40		
192.168.250.100	199.117.103.168		
192.168.250.100	199.117.103.76		
192.168.250.100	224.0.0.252		
192.168.250.100	23.21.192.158		
192.168.250.100	239.255.255.250		

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These lines change as the search proceeds

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- partitions=<num>: partition the input for multithreaded computation
- allnum=<bool>: If true, numerical statistics is computed for a field if and only if all of the values of that field are numerical
- delim=<string>: if list() or values() statistical functions are used, specifies how the values in the aggregation are delimited. Default is space

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Chart command

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Syntax: chart (<stats-agg-term> or <sparkline-agg-term> or "("<eval-expression>"")...")...



[(BY <row-split> <column-split>) ... OVER <row-split>] [BY <column-split>]]

- row-split
 - <field> [<bin-options>]
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 - bin-options: bins, span, ...
 - Examples: bins=5, span=1min, ...
- column-split
 - <field> [<tc-options>]... [<where-clause>]
 - tc-options: <bin-options>, otherstr=<String>, ...

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Compare stats and chart commands

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chart count(eval(src_port=80)) AS port80 OVER dest_port bins=10 BY dest_ip

dest_port	10.120.137.110		250	...	10.186.60.244	10.85.245.109	OTHER
0-10000	590				417	453	139639
10000-20000	25			...	7	14	3309
:	:		:	:	:	:	:
60000-70000	4		7	...	8	4	1378

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stats count(eval(src_port=80)) AS port80 BY dest_port, dest_ip

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dest_port	dest_ip	port80
80	10.168.80.39	171
80	10.122.27.216	161
80	10.122.68.227	161
80	10.120.137.110	159
	...	

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Top and rare commands

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- top [<N>] [<options>...] <field-list> [BY <field-list>]
 - Most common (optionally N) values for the fields
 - Example: “[top src_ip](#)”
- rare [<options>...] <field-list> [BY <field-list>]
 - Least common (optionally N) values for the fields
- Two fields are added to events when using top and rare: *count* and *percentage*
- Optional by_clause is for grouping and ordering the results using other fields

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[top src_ip dest_ip dest_port](#) Email: tutorcs@163.com

src_ip	dest_ip	dest_port	count	percent	dest_port	src_ip	dest_ip	count	percent
40.80.148.42	192.168.250.70	80	5931	0.828	80	40.80.148.42	192.168.250.70	5931	0.828
23.22.63.114	192.168.250.70	80	1236	0.172	80	23.22.63.114	192.168.250.70	1236	0.172
40.80.148.42	192.168.250.40	8000	100	0.014	8000	40.80.148.42	192.168.250.40	100	0.014

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- showcount=<bool> for choosing to show the count values or not
- countfield=<string> for choosing another name for the count field
- showperc=<bool> for choosing to show the percentage values or not
- percentfield=<string> for choosing another name for the percentage field
- limit=<int> for specifying the number of results returned (default 10)
- useother=<bool> for adding a row to the results for all the other values
- otherstr=<string> for choosing a label for the new row for other values when useother=true

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Table command

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- table <wc-field-list>

- Example: ... | table *



dest_ip	src_ip	dest_port	src_port
192.168.250.40	192.168.250.100	8089	49772
192.168.250.40	192.168.250.100		
8.8.8.8	192.168.250.40	53	53273
8.8.8.8	192.168.250.40	53	53273
8.8.8.8	192.168.250.40	53	42173
8.8.8.8	192.168.250.40	53	42173

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Filtering, Modifying & Adding Fields

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Eval command

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- Calculates the value of a new field based on other fields, whether numerically, by concatenation, or through logic



- Syntax: eval <field>=<expression>[, " <field>=<expression>]...
- <expression> can be a mathematical, string, or Boolean expression

The double quotation sign means mandatory use of comma

- If the expression
 - refers to field names with non-alphanumeric characters, the name should be in single quotation marks (e.g., 'src_port')
 - refers to literal strings, they should be in double quotation marks
- The output is stored in <field>
 - If the field already exists eval overwrites the corresponding field values
 - The returned field values by eval cannot be Boolean (tostring() function can be used to convert results to string)

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Functions for eval expressions

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Type of function	Supported functions	QR code	Code syntax	
Comparison and Conditional functions	case(X,"Y",...) cidrmatch("X",Y,...) coalesce(X,...) false() if(X,Y,Z)		in(VALUE-LIST) like(TEXT, PATTERN) match(SUBJECT, "REGEX") null()	nullif(X,Y) searchmatch(X,...) true() validate(X,Y,...)
Conversion functions	printf("format",arguments)		tonumber(NUMSTR,BASE)	tostring(X,Y)
Cryptographic functions	md5(X) sha1(X)		sha256(X)	sha512(X)
Date and Time functions	now() relative_time(X,Y)		strftime(X,Y) strptime(X,Y)	time()

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More detail on the functions:

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/Eval>

Functions for eval expressions

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Type of function	Supported functions	QR code	Code syntax
Informational functions	isbool(X) isint(X) isnotnull(X)		isstr(X) typeof(X)
Mathematical functions	abs(X) ceiling(X) exact(X) exp(X)		floor(X) int(X) log(X,Y) pi()
Multi-value eval functions	commands(X) mvappend(X,...) mvcount(MVFIELD) mvdedup(X)		mvfilter(X) myfind(MVFIELD,"REGEX") mvindex(MVFIELD,STARTINDEX,ENDINDEX) mvjoin(MVFIELD,STR)

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More detail on the functions:

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/Eval>

Functions for eval expressions

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Type of function	Supplementary functions and syntax	Functions and syntax
Statistical eval functions	max(X,...) min(X,...)	random()
Text functions	len(X) lower(X) ltrim(X,Y) replace(X,Y,Z)	rtrim(X,Y) spath(X,Y) substr(X,Y,Z) trim(X,Y)
Trigonometry and Hyperbolic functions	acos(X) acosh(X) asin(X) asinh(X) atan(X)	acos2(X,Y) atanh(X) cos(X) cosh(X) hypot(X,Y)

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More detail on the functions:

<https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/SearchReference/Eval>

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- Create a new field that contains the result of a calculation
 - ... | eval velocity=dist
- Use the if function to analyze values
 - ... | eval error = if(status == "OK", "OK", "Problem")
- Convert values to lowercase
 - ... | eval lowuser = lower(username)
- Calculate the sum of the areas of two circles
 - ... | eval sum_of_areas = pi() * pow(radius_a, 2) + pi() * pow(radius_b, 2)
- Concatenate values from two fields
 - ... | eval full_name = first_name+" "+last_name
- Separate multiple eval operations with a comma
 - ... | eval full_name = last_name+", "+first_name, low_name = lower(full_name)

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Eval command examples

 New Search

index=* | eval errorType=case(status="200","OK",status="401","Unauthorized",status="403","Forbidden",1=1,"OK")

12,474,098 of 12,474,098 events matched

No Eve



"Unauthorized",status="403","Forbidden",1=1,"OK")

 Job ▾ || ■ →

Events (12,474,098)

Patterns

Statistics

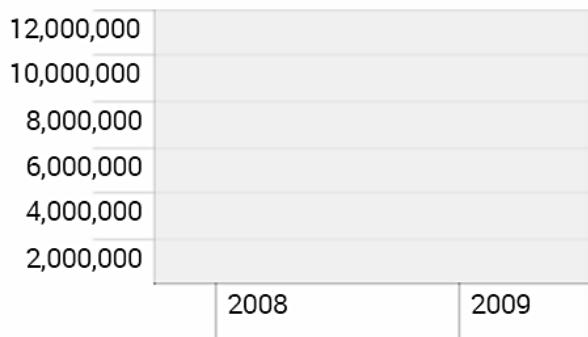
Visualization

Format Timeline ▾

- Zoom Out

+ Zoom to Selection

Desktop



errorType

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3 Values, 100% of events

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Reports

Top values

Top values by time

Selected

Yes

No

Events with this field

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Rare values

Values

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Count

%

OK

12,469,820

99.966%

Forbidden

4,019

0.032%

Unauthorized

259

0.002%

 Hide Fields

All Fields

Selected Fields

a errorType 3

Replace and rename commands

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Syntax: replace (<wc-string> WITH <wc-string>)... [IN <field-list>]
 - Example: `replace jan WITH Jan sat* WITH Sat IN date_month,date_wday`
- Syntax: rename <wc-field>... [AS <wc-field>...]
 - Example: `rename src_* AS source_* dest_* AS destination_*`

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- Adds or removes fields from search
- Syntax: `fields ± <wc-field>`
- Examples:
 - `... | fields - src_port`
 - “`fields - src_port, dst_port`” is equivalent to “`fields - *_port`”
- In combination with eval, fields command can be used to show internal fields
 - `... | fields + _bkt | eval bkt=_bkt`

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Rex command

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- Rex command uses regular expressions to create new fields based on extracting patterns in other fields
- Syntax: rex [field=<field>] [regex-expression]
- The field argument is _raw by default, and specifies the field from which the new field(s) will be extracted
- regex-expression is a regular expression
- Example: extract IP address
 - ... | rex field=_raw ".*(?>\d+\.\d+\.\d+\.\d+)"
 - ... | rex field=src_ip "\d+\.\d+\.\d+\.(?<octet>\d+)"
 - | stats min(octet) as minOctet max(octet) as maxOctet
 - | eval octetRange="Q: minOctet..maxOctet."]

A field named ip is created for events that have this pattern in their raw data

A field named octet is created for events that have the src_ip field

The new minOctet and maxOctet fields calculated using stats command can be used to find the range of the last octet in the observed IP address

Dot is used to join the results as string:

minOctet	maxOctet	octetRange
1	253	[1,253]

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Regex command uses regular expressions to filter search results (it does not create new fields)
- Syntax: regex (<field>=<regex-expression> or <field>!<regex-expression> or <regex-expression>)
 - `regex "^\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}"`
 - `regex src_ip!="^\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}" | stats values(src_ip)`
 - Practice! modify this command to filter private IP addresses!



`values` returns the list of observed values in the returned `src_ip` results

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- Splunk Software
 - Understand Splunk architecture and what can be indexed
 - Familiar with Events Default Fields, Data Type & Common Operators
- Search Processing Language (SPL)

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- Develop skills to use SPL for
 - Filtering Results Assignment Project Exam Help
 - Sorting & Grouping Results Email: tutorcs@163.com
 - Filtering & Modifying Fields QQ: 749389476

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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

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