

Lab computers (on-campus)

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Use the following credentials to login as admin in Splunk:

Username: **SplunkUser**

Password: **U0Msplunk**

For installing Splunk or  the installation instructions.

## Install Splunk Enterprise License

Download Splunk Enterprise that suits your OS:

- Download link: [Splunk](#)
- Login credentials:
  - Username: sanalytics
  - Password: Comp@90073

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Go to [Splunk installation Manual](#) and follow the related instructions to install Splunk Enterprise

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## Start, Stop, Restart Splunk

After installing the license or any application, you should [restart the Splunk process](#).

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## Splunk Enterprise License

https://tutorcs.com

Download Splunk Enterprise license from the content of Week 3 Tutorial.

1. **(Preferred)** Adding a license using the GUI:
  - a. Use the “admin” username and the password you have chosen to login to Splunk in your browser by going to <http://localhost:8000>.
  - b. Navigate to Settings > Licensing.
  - c. Click Add license.
  - d. Click Choose file and navigate to your license file and select it.
  - e. Click Install.
  - f. Restart the Splunk process.
2. (For advanced user only) Adding a license manually: copy Splunk.License file to your \$SPLUNK\_HOME/etc/licenses/enterprise directory and restart the Splunk process

## Install PCAP Analyzer APP

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To index packet capture (pcap) files, you can use an application in Splunk called PCAP Analyzer. To install this app:

1. Make sure you have the correct environment variables set.
2. Navigate to "Find More Apps"



Figure 1. Finding and installing apps

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3. Search for "PCAP Analyzer for Splunk" and press "Install". A new folder called SplunkForPCAP will be created for the new app in \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\ directory.
4. Restart Splunk.
5. Make sure you have logged as administrator in your computer, otherwise your user account should have administrative permission to change the PCAP Analyzer folder. To test if this is true, check the user permissions for the directory \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\SplunkForPCAP. For example, in windows, right-click on the folder and navigate to Properties > Security > Edit > (your user-account); give the full control for changing the folder to your user-account.
6. After restarting and logging in, you will see the PCAP Analyzer in the list of your apps.

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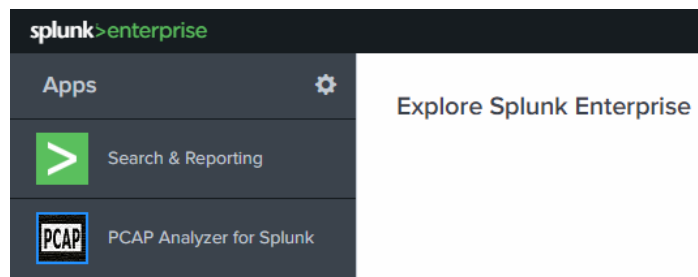


Figure 2. PCAP Analyzer app

Install [Wireshark](#) as PCAP Analyzer app uses tshark to generate features.

Make sure Wireshark is located where PCAP Analyzer app expects it to be (e.g. “C:\Program Files\Wireshark” in Windows). Wireshark packet capturing capabilities can be used in combination with Splunk to capture and index network packet traffic in real-time.

To make sure that PCAP Analyzer app works properly, we need a small sample data. Open Wireshark to capture a small pcap file. For example, navigate to Capture > Options > Ethernet > Start. Wait for a few seconds. Then, clicking on the stop sign (or navigating to Capture > Stop).

Create a directory (Desktop) in your PC and call it “sample\_data”. Save the captured data as a pcap file in this directory and call it “sample\_data.pcap”.

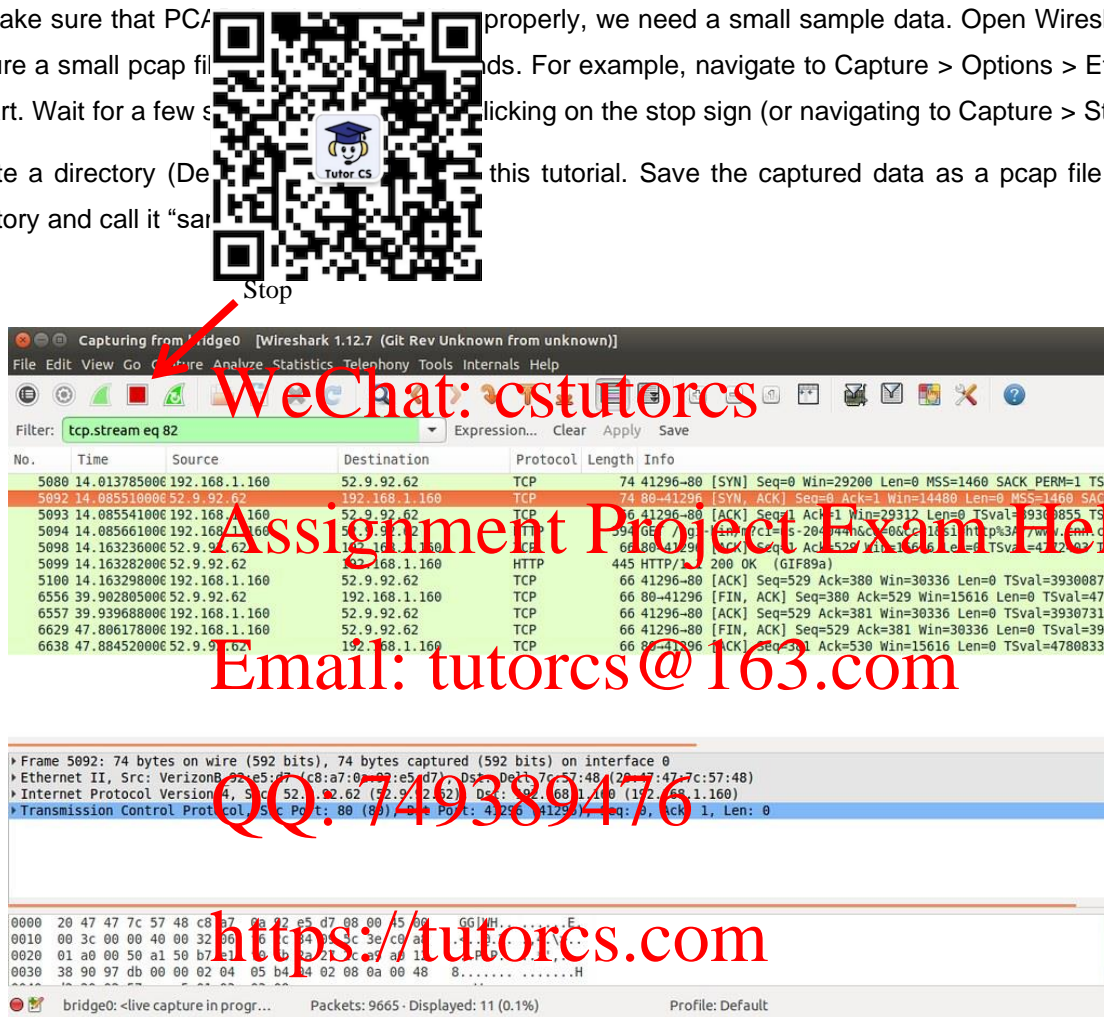


Figure 3. Capturing data using Wireshark

To allow Splunk to collect and index your PCAP Files using the PCAP Analyzer app, you should specify where you have stored your pcap files.

1. Navigate to Settings > Data Inputs > PCAP File Location > New.
2. Choose a name for your new pcap input location.
3. Copy the path to your pcap files and click next.

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Copy path for the source directory of pcap files, e.g., Desktop\comp90073\

Choose a name, e.g., tutorial1

Location of PCAP files to be analyzed

Specify the full path of the PCAP file location

Adding pcap file locations



If these steps are done successfully, a folder named “local” is created<sup>1</sup> containing a file named inputs.conf. This file has information about the pcap file location you just created. After the data is indexed, the pcap files in your source directory are converted to CSV files<sup>2</sup> and transferred to a new folder called PCAPConverted<sup>3</sup> to avoid duplicating the indexing of the data<sup>4</sup> stored in the pcap files directory. Make sure that this has happened, unless something has gone wrong and your data is not indexed. The PCAP Analyzer app checks every 3 minutes for a new pcap file in your specified pcap directory (e.g., Desktop\comp90073\).

To search the data collected and indexed by this application, you should use the search from inside the application (Figure 3) not the general Search & Reporting in Figure 2.



Figure 5. Navigating to search in PCAP Analyzer

<sup>1</sup> \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\SplunkForPCAP\local

<sup>2</sup> Stored in \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\SplunkForPCAP\PCAPcsv

<sup>3</sup> \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\SplunkForPCAP\PCAPConverted

<sup>4</sup> To understand how the batch, shell and python scripts index the data, a good start is to navigate to Settings > Data Inputs > Scripts

By going to search via the app, Splunk will use the scripts, which are written for the app to generate fields. If you use the general Search & Reporting app instead Splunk automatically generates the fields and it may not be efficient or even correct for the pcap data.

Different dashboards can make it possible for you to look at your data in different time intervals and detecting patterns. We give a demo for “search” and “Top Talker Overview” and you can explore the other dashboards.



## Search

By navigating to PCAP Analyzer > search and running SPL commands, you can see the fields generated for your data. The sourcetype generated by PCAP Analyzer is “pcap:csv”. Use the time range picker to choose the time period (e.g., Today), which you are going to focus on. If you want to see all data of this type, you can choose “All time”.

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The screenshot shows the Splunk PCAP Analyzer search interface. At the top, the search bar contains the query `sourcetype="pcap:csv"`. Below the search bar, there are tabs for Events (744), Patterns, Statistics, and Visualization. The Events tab is selected, showing a list of network events. The interface includes a timeline view at the top and a table of events below. The table has columns for Time and Event. The events are listed in chronological order, showing details such as the date and time, the source and destination IP addresses, the protocol, and the length of the packet.

| Time                   | Event                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8/9/19 10:18:35.810 AM | Aug 9, 2019 10:18:35.810910000 AUS Eastern Standard Time 10.100.228.72 10.100.231.255 NBNS<br>Name query NB WPAD<00> b4:b6:86:fc:95:f7 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff<br>dst_ip = 10.100.231.255 info = Name query NB WPAD<00> protocol = NBNS src_ip = 10.100.228.72                   |
| 8/9/19 10:18:35.787 AM | Aug 9, 2019 10:18:35.787000000 AUS Eastern Standard Time 10.100.229.249 10.100.231.255 NBNS<br>Name query NB 8355-ALT-NS1<00> 34:17:eb:c0:21:64 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff<br>dst_ip = 10.100.231.255 info = Name query NB 8355-ALT-NS1<00> protocol = NBNS src_ip = 10.100.229.249 |
| 8/9/19 10:18:35.779 AM | Aug 9, 2019 10:18:35.779301000 AUS Eastern Standard Time 10.100.228.138 224.0.0.7 UDP<br>8001 → 8001 Len=181 90:f1:aa:cc:a6:37 01:00:5e:00:00:07<br>dst_ip = 224.0.0.7 info = 8001 → 8001 Len=181 protocol = UDP src_ip = 10.100.228.138                                   |

Figure 6. Search in PCAP Analyzer

Practice using the SPL commands that you have learned during the lectures and check-out the options that you will have by running them.



Figure 7. Running SPL commands on your sample data

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You can visualise the results in various ways. e.g.,

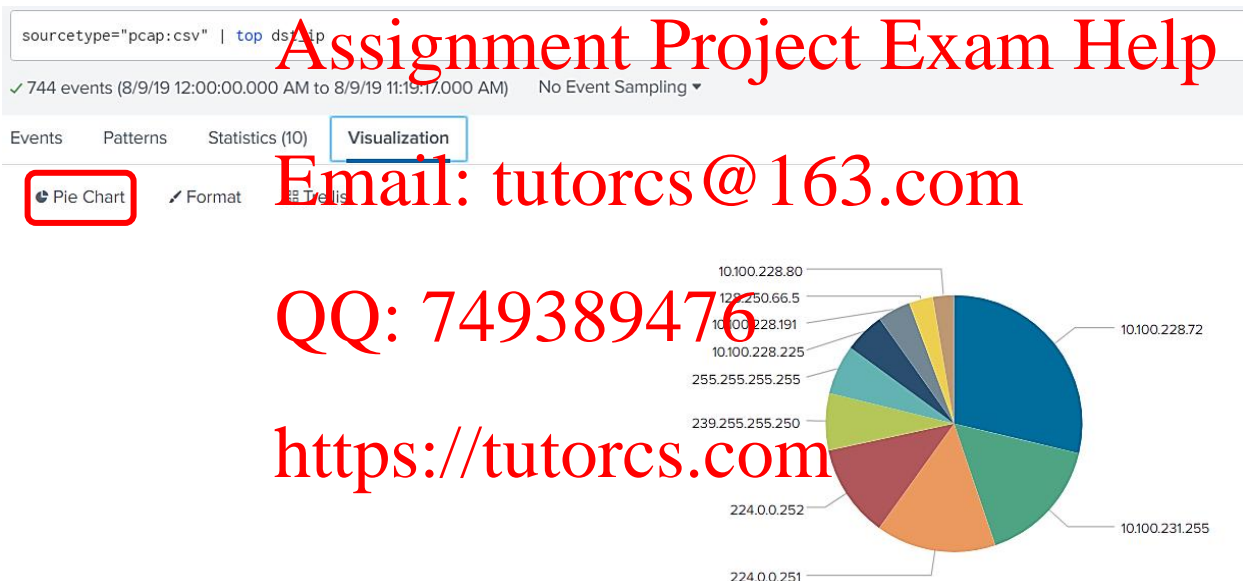


Figure 8. Visualising the search results using a pie chart

## Top Talker Overview

Let's use a previously captured pcap file, which you can download [here](#), and call it "test.pcap". Save this file in your pcap source directory (in this tutorial Desktop\comp90073). When data is ingested using the PCAP Analyzer app (i.e., you should see the corresponding CSV file is created in Stored in PCAPcsv folder<sup>1</sup>). Via PCAP Analyzer > Search, you can find the index data by searching **source="test.pcap.csv"**

<sup>1</sup> \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\SplunkForPCAP\PCAPcsv



and choosing “All time” for the time range picker. In Top Talker Overview, wait until the tcpdump files are loaded, then choose `test.pcap.csv`. For the pie chart \$Open, you can pick the time bins you learned from the lectures (e.g., 1h for 1 hour, which results in aggregating for each hour). Have a look at the different overviews which are provided to see if you can identify any pattern. Aggregated separately based on the number of packets and you can see:

1. Top Protocols
2. Top Conversat
3. Top Sender
4. Top Receiver
5. Top Ports
6. Top MAC



Discuss how you can use this information to identify suspicious behavior? What if you add more data? How the traffic patterns are changed?

What change will happen in if a certain type of attack occurs? Pick several network attacks from the lecture slides and discuss possible indicators of those attacks in terms of changes in the network traffic data. What can you infer about changes in the network traffic patterns based on the visualised information in the PCAP Analyzer dashboards?

## Customizing the dashboard views in search

To change the properties of the outputs generated in PCAP Analyzer dashboards, such as time range, click on Open in Search:

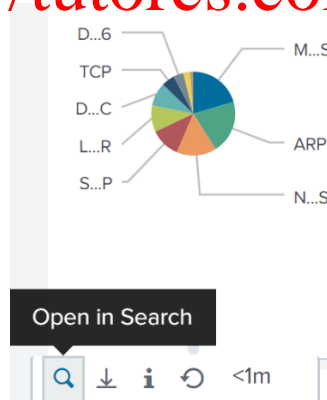


Figure 9. Open a dashboard view in search

You can choose from different visualisation options in search and change the search command as you like.



Figure 10: Change the visulisation in search

Replicate these steps on your own data and use the time range picker to change the time period for which you are looking at data.

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Add your own CSV files to Splunk

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You can create your own CSV files from the pcap files and upload them to Splunk for further analysis. We give you an example in Windows.

Run the command line `cmd` and navigate to the Wireshark directory:

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`cd C:\Program Files\Wireshark`

You can use `tshark` to generate your own CSV file and import it to Splunk. To check-out the available options for features that you can create using `tshark`, use Wireshark.

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Figure 11. Identifying available fields using Wireshark

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Using cmd, run tshark to generate custom fields:

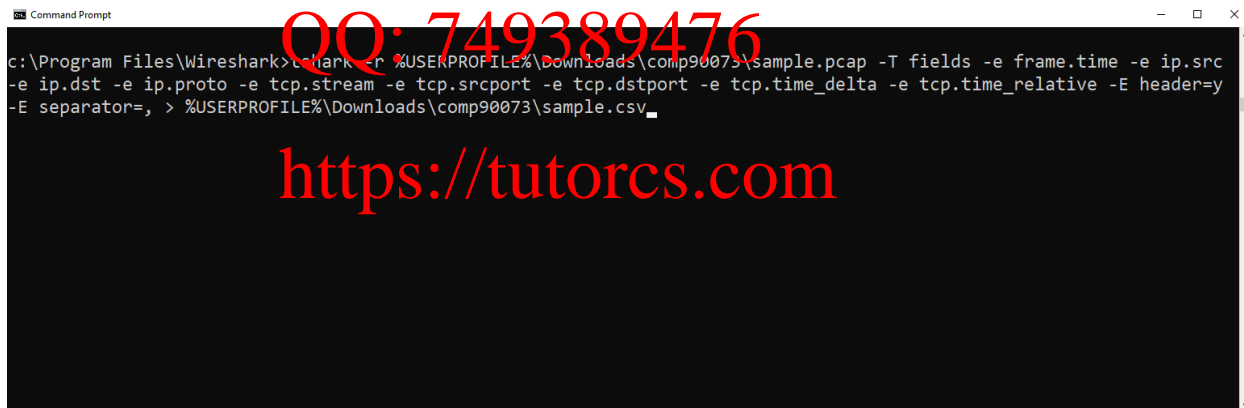


Figure 12. Extracting fields using tshark

Now import the CSV file into Splunk by navigating to Settings > Add Data > Upload files from my computer. Follow the instructions



Figure 13. Adding your own data

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In Figure 12, you can see that the extracted fields, which are in the header of the sample.csv file, are identified and indexed by Splunk. Note that we have created a new index called "securityanalytics" and have associated the sample.csv file to this index (instead of the default index "main") while we were uploading it. This means that we should specify the name of the index in search to see these results (Splunk searches the "main" index by default, unless it is told to search another index). To add custom indexes, navigate to Setting > Indexes > New Index.

In Figure 12, you can see that for the small sample.pcap file that we generated using Wireshark, only TCP streams exist.

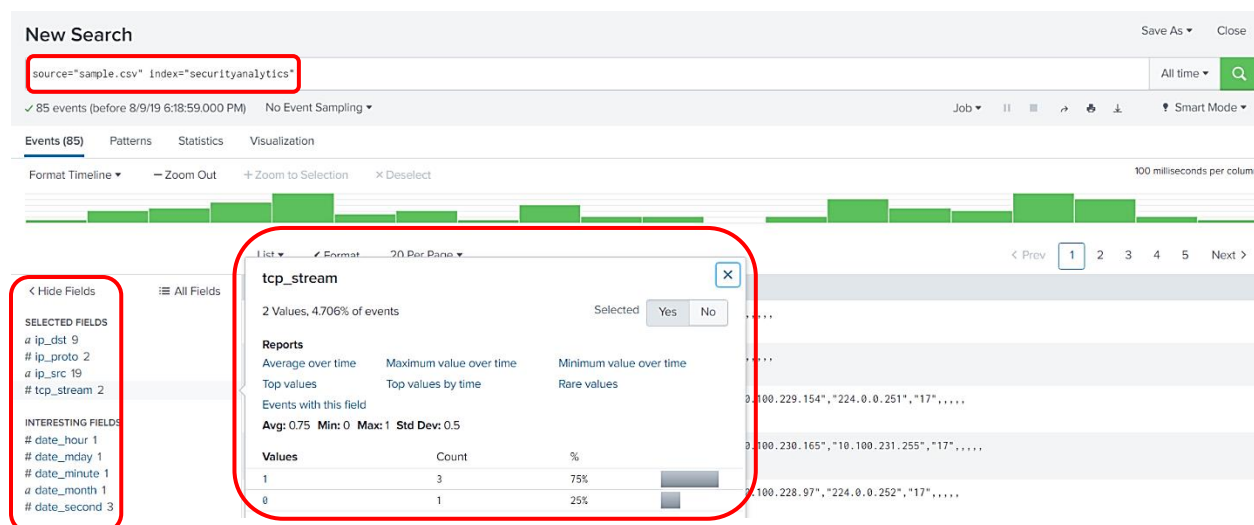


Figure 14. An example of an imported CSV file

## Delete an application from Splunk

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1. Disable the application by navigating to Manage Apps. Then, restart Splunk
2. Delete the directory corresponding to the application in \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\apps\
3. Delete the app: \$SPLUNK\_HOME\etc\users\YOUR-USERNAME\
  - a. YOUR-USERNAME: your username in Splunk
4. Restart Splunk



Installing new applications, after installing PCAP Analyzer app, may create some issues for PCAP Analyzer. If you experience issues with PCAP Analyzer app, deleting and reinstalling it may resolve the issues.

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## Delete the indexed data from Splunk

- You should have can-delete permission to be able to delete data
  - As admin in Splunk GUI, Navigate to Settings > Access control > roles > your-user-name
  - Add can-delete to your permissions
- Syntax: ... | `delete`

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