Question 1

Please submit Question1.pdf on Moodle using the Final Exam - Question 1 object. You must submit a single PDF. You may submit multiple .py files (placed in a single zip file) if you wish. **Do not put your pdf in the zip file.** The parts are worth (2 + 4 + 4 + 3) + (3+3+6) = 25.

- (a) (Bias, Variance & MSE) Let X_1, \ldots, X_n be i.i.d. random variables with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Define the estimator $T = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i X_i$ for some constants a_1, \ldots, a_n .
 - (i) What condition must the a_i 's satisfy to ensure that T is an unbiased estimator of μ ? Unbiased means that $\mathbb{E}T = \mu$.

What to submit: your working out, either typed or handwritten.

(ii) Under the condition identified in the previous part, which choice of the a_i 's will minimize the MSE of T? Does this choice of a_i 's surprise you? Provide some brief discussion. **Hint: this is a constrained minimization problem.**

What to submit: your working out, either typed or handwritten, and some commentary.

- (iii) Suppose that instead, we let $a_i = \frac{1+b}{n}$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$, where b is some constant. Find the value of b (in terms of μ and σ^2) which minimizes the MSE of T. How does the answer here compare to the estimator found in the previous part? How do the two compare as the sample size n increases? Are there any obvious issues with using the result of this question in practice? What to submit: your working out, either typed or handwritten, and some commentary.
- (iv) Suppose now that you are told that $\sigma^2 = \mu^2$. For the choice of b identified in the previous part, find the MSE of the estimator in this setting. How does the MSE compare to the MSE of the sample average \overline{X} ? (Recall that $\text{MSE}(\overline{X}) = \text{var}(\overline{X}) = \sigma^2/n = \mu^2/n$). Further, explain whether or not you can use this choice of b in practice.

What to submit: your working put either typed or handwritten, and same confinentary.

(b) (kNN Regression) Consider the usual data generating process $y = f(x) + \epsilon$, where f is some

(b) **(kNN Regression)** Consider the usual data generating process $y = f(x) + \epsilon$, where f is some unknown function, and ϵ is a noise variable with mean zero and variance σ^2 . Recall that in kNN regression, we look at the k nearest neighbours (in our dataset) of an input point x_0 , we then consider their corresponding teapons values and average them to get a prediction for x_0 . Given a dataset $D = \{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1}^{n}$ we can write down the kNN prediction as

WeChat: $\overset{\hat{m}(x_0) = \frac{1}{k}}{\text{cstutores}} \overset{y_i}{\text{cst}}$

where $\mathcal{N}_k(x_0)$ is the set of indices of the k nearest neighbours of x_0 . Without loss of generality, label the k nearest neighbours of x_0 as z_1, \ldots, z_k and their corresponding response values by t_1, \ldots, t_k .

(i) Show that

$$[\text{bias}(\hat{m}(x_0))]^2 = \left(f(x_0) - \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k f(z_i)\right)^2.$$

Throughout, you should treat x_0 as a fixed point (not a random variable). You may use any results from tutorials, labs or lectures without proof¹.

What to submit: your working out, either typed or handwritten.

(ii) Derive an expression for the variance $var(\hat{m}(x_0))$. What to submit: your working out, either typed or handwritten.

¹Please reference any results that you use, e.g. by stating that a particular result follows from Tutorial A, question B, part C.

(iii) Using the results so far, write down an expression for the MSE of $\hat{m}(x_0)$. Describe what happens to the bias of the kNN estimator at x_0 when k is very small (1NN), and what happens when k is very large $(k \to \infty)$. Similarly, what happens to the variance? What does this tell you about the relationship between bias and variance and choice of *k*?

What to submit: your working out, either typed or handwritten, and some commentary.

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