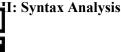
## 程序代写pring2版CS编程辅导

1. Objective

In this phase of the planguage, MINI-JAV of the input MINI-JA



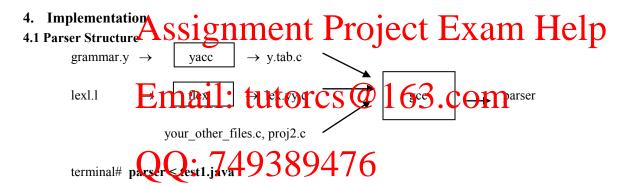
write a parser using YACC for the CS 2210 programming ates with the *lexer* you built in Part I and output the parse tree

#### 2. Due Date

The assignment is due March 18th, 2014 at the beginning of the class.

### 3. Grammar Specification Chat: CStutores

The grammar is specified by syntax diagrams (Appendix B).



Grammar.y has similar file structure as that of "lex.l".

```
%{ /* definition
#include "proj2.h"
#include <stdio.h>
%token <intg> PROGRAMnum IDnum .... SCONSTnum
%type <tptr> Program ClassDecl ..... Variable
%% /* yacc specification */
Program: PROGRAMnum IDnum SEMInum ClassDecl
       { $$ = MakeTree(ProgramOp, $4, MakeLeaf(IDNode, $2)); printtree($$, 0); }
/* other rules */
Expression: SimpleExpression {$$ = $1;}
              SimpleExpression Comp_op SimpleExpression
               { MkLeftC(\$1, \$2); \$\$ = MkRightC(\$3, \$2); }
%%
int yycolumn, yyline;
FILE *treelst;
main() { treelst = stdout; yyparse(); }
yyerror(char *str) { printf("yyerror: %s at line %d\n", str, yyline); }
#include "lex.yy.c"
```

```
Modification has to be made in your lex l. When assigning yylval, you need to {int} {\text{yco} unin 1= \text{yleng} yl al int} toi(\text{ytext}; \text{ytext}) (\text{ytext}; \text{ytext}) {\text{unint} = \text{index}; \text{unint}}
```

```
Appendix A lists fun
C source code "proj2

The parse tree is defi

/* syntax tre
typedef stru

{ int NodeKind, NodeOpType, IntVal;
struct treenode *LeftC, *RightC;
} ILTree *VeeChat: cstutorcs*
```

You need to distinguish the following kinds of nodes (defined in proj2.h): IDNode, NUMNode, STRINGNode, DUMAYNODE PITEGERT NODE or EXPRINGE The first winds correspond to an identifier, an integer constant, a string constant and a null node. A leaf node of INTEGERT Node kind is created for "int" type declaration, i.e. create the node for every INTnum token. All interior nodes are of EXPRNode kind.

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Each Leaf node contains an IntVal field. For an ID or string constant node, IntVal is the value to find its lexeme (a pointer to symbol table). For a NUMNode, it is the value. For a DUMMYNode, it is always 0.

Each interior node is associated with an operator type. Defined in proj2.h, we have the following types.

```
ProgramOp:
                                      program, root node operator
         BodyOp:
                                      class body, method body, decl body, statmentlist body.
                                      each declaration has this operator
         DeclOp:
                                       connected by
         CommaOp:
         ArrayTypeOp:
                                      array type
         TypeIdOp:
                                      type id operator
         BoundOp:
                                      bound for array variable declaration
         HeadOp:
                                      head of method,
         RArgTypeOp:
                                      arguments
         VargTypeOp:
                                      arguments specified by "VAL" .e.g. abc(VAL int x)
         StmtOp:
                                      statement
         IfElseOp:
                                      if-then-else
                                      while statement
         LoopOp:
         SpecOp:
                                      specification of parameters
         RoutineCallOp:
                                      routine call
         AssignOp:
                                      assign operator
                                      return statement
         ReturnOp:
         AddOp, SubOp, MultOp, DivOp, LTOp, GTOp, EQOp, NEOp, LEOp, GEOp, AndOp, OrOp, UnaryNegOp,
NotOp: ALU operations
         VarOp:
                                      variables
         SelectOp:
                                      to access a field/index variable
         IndexOp:
                                      follow "[]" to access a variable
         FieldOp:
                                      follow "." to access a variable
         ClassOp:
                                      for each class
         MethodOp:
                                      for each method
         ClassDefOp:
                                      for each class defintion
```

Functions <u>makeleaf</u>, <u>maketree</u> are used to create leaf nodes and intermediate nodes respectively. <u>Printtree(tree nd, int aegth)</u> is used to output, the structure. You need to provide the pleantation of following two functions in order to have variable name and string const correctly printed. That is, replace the following code in "proj2.c" with your version.

char\* getna x of the table, passed through yylval\*/
{ re trutor cs rutor cs

To grade your project, you are also required to print out the parse tree at top level after you have successfully built it. Syntax errors should be reported in your <u>yyerror</u> function. You need to give the line number where the error course. Cast CSTUTORCS

The sample output for the example is:



#### 5. Assignment Submission

The submission should be ONE "all.tar" file that contains your project source files and report (no executable please). Send the project by email to the TA before the due time.

# Appendix A: Provided functions 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

function NullExp(); return \*ILTree

Returns a null node with kind=DummyNode and semantic value=0.

function MakeLeaf(Kind:

ger semantic value N.

function MakeTree(Op: N e); return \*ILTree

T)=Op; LeftChild(T)=Left; RightChild(T)=Right and

function NodeOp(T: \*ILT

See MakeTree. resenting NodeOpType of T if T is an interior node, else returns UndefOp.

Uses NodeKind(T) to distinguish leaf from interior.

function NodeKind(T: \*ILTree); return NodeKindType

Returns the kind of node T at: cstutorcs

Returns pointer to left child of T. Returns pointer to null node if  $NodeKind(T) \Leftrightarrow InteriorNode$ .

function RightChild(T: \*ILTree); return \*ILTree

nment Project San Help Returns pointer to right this of function IntVal(T: \*ILTree); return integer

See MakeLeaf. Returns integer semantic value of node T if NodeKind(T) = IDNode, STRGNode, NUMNode, or

BOOLNode. Otherwise returns Undefined.

Tutorcs@163.com function IsNull(T: \*ILTree return bodes

IsNull(T) iff T is null node.

function SetNodeOp(T: \*ILTree; Op: NodeOpType)

NodeKind(T) ust p Int riorNode. Males Node

function SetNodeKind(T: \*IL Tree; Kind: NodeKindType)

NodeKind(T) must not be InteriorNode. Makes NodeKind(T) = Kind.

function SetNodeVal(T: \*ILTree; Val: integer)

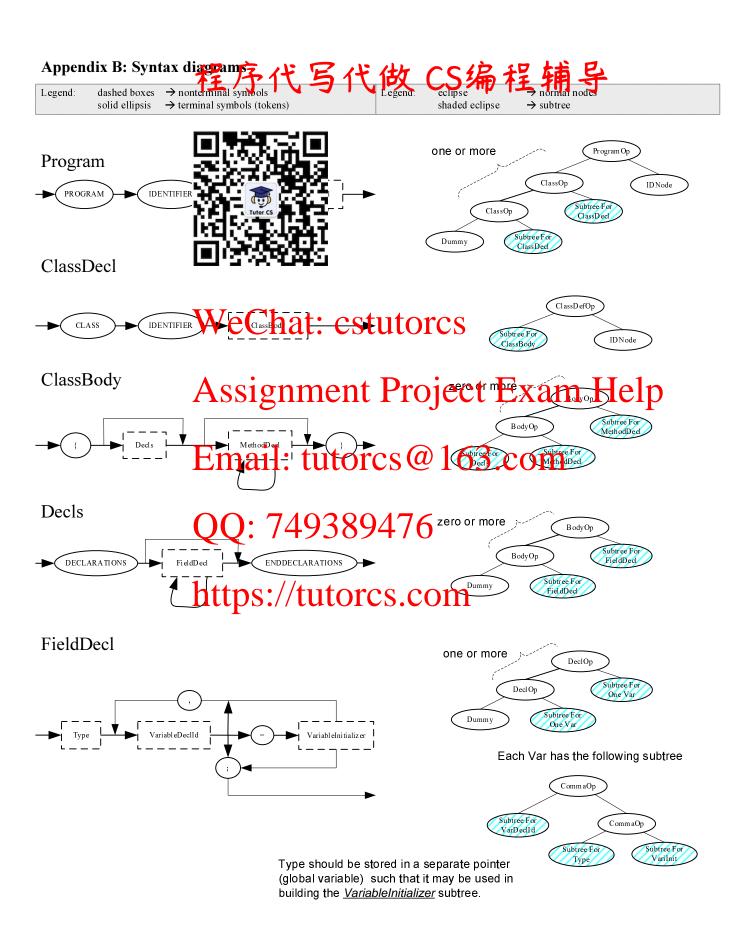
NodeKind(T) rult hat the history Node Nates at 1 (6=Sal. COM

function SetLeftChild(T,NewChild: \*ILTree)

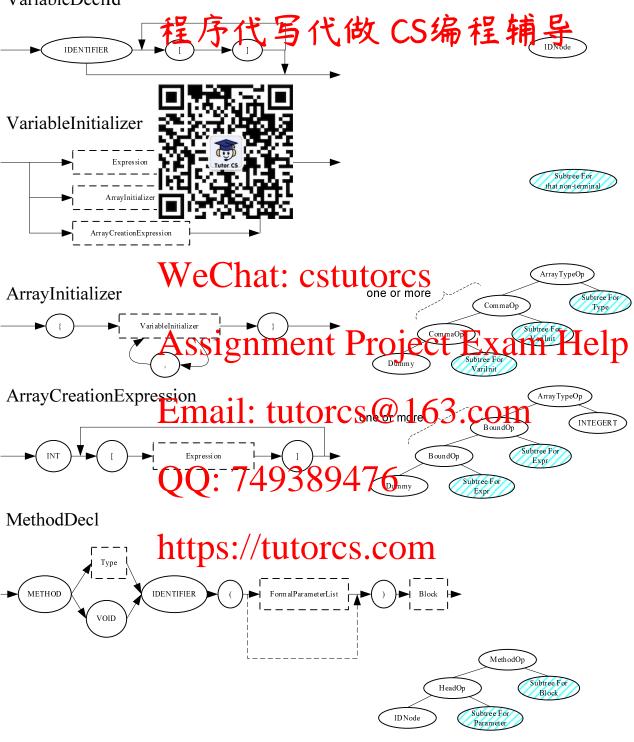
NodeKind(T) must be InteriorNode. Makes LeftChild(T) = NewChild.

 $function\ SetRightChild(T,NewChild:\ *ILTree)$ 

NodeKind(T) must be InteriorNode. Makes RightChild(T) = NewChild.



#### VariableDeclId



Type should be stored in a separate pointer (global variable) such that it may be used in building the *Parameter* and *Block* subtrees.

