Version: 1.2

Prove that each of the following languages is not regular.

Solution:

Choose $F = \{0^{2^n} \mid n \ge 0\}.$

Let x and y be two arbitrary strings of F with $x \neq y$.

Then $x = 0^{2^i}$ and $y = 0^{2^j}$ for some non-negative integers $i \neq j$.

Choose $z = 0^{2^i}$

Then $xz = 0^{2^i}0^{2^i} = 0^{2^{i+1}} \in L$.

And $yz = 0^{2^j}0^{2^i} = 0^{2^i+2^j} \notin L$, because $i \neq j$ (since $2^i + 2^j$ cannot be a power of 2).

Thus, F is a fooling set for L.

Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{0}^{2n} \mathbf{1}^n \mid n \ge 0 \right\} \end{array}$

Solution Assignment Project Exam Help

Choose $F = \{0^i \mid i \ge 0\}.$

Let x and y be two higher strings in x with $x \neq y$. Continuous $y = 0^i$ and $y = 0^j$ for some non-negative integers $i \neq j$.

Choose $z = 0^i 1^i$.

Then $xz = 0^{2i}1^i \in LWeChat: cstutorcs$

And $yz = 0^{i+j}1^i \notin L$, because $i + j \neq 2i$.

Thus, F is a fooling set for L.

Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.

$\{0^m1^n \mid m \neq 2n\}$

Solution:

Choose $F = \{0^i \mid i \ge 0\}.$

Let x and y be two arbitrary strings in F with $x \neq y$.

Then $x = 0^i$ and $y = 0^j$ for some non-negative integers $i \neq j$.

Choose $z = 0^i 1^i$.

Then $xz = 0^{2i}1^i \notin L$.

And $yz = 0^{i+j}1^i \in L$, because $i + j \neq 2i$.

Thus, F is a fooling set for L.

Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.

4 Strings over $\{0,1\}$ where the number of 0s is exactly twice the number of 1s.

Solution:

```
Choose F = \{0^i \mid i \geq 0\}.
 Let x and y be two arbitrary strings in F with x \neq y.
 Then x = 0^i and y = 0^j for some non-negative integers i \neq j.
 Choose z = 0^i 1^i.
 Then xz = 0^{2i} 1^i \in L.
 And yz = 0^{i+j} 1^i \notin L, because i + j \neq 2i.
 Thus, F is a fooling set for L.
 Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.
```

Solution:

If L were regular, then the language

Assignment Project Exam Help

would also be regular, because regular languages are closed under complement and intersection. But we just proved that $\{0^m1^n \mid m \neq 2n\}$ is not regular in problem 3. [This proof would be worth full credit in homework or an transitive definition specify that you should use the fooling set method.]

5 Strings of properly nest openth seat, brocktuto frees {}. For example, the string ([]){} is in this language, but the string ([)] is not, because the left and right delimiters don't match.

Solution:

```
Choose F = \{(^i \mid i \geq 0\}.

Let x and y be two arbitrary strings in F with x \neq y.

Then x = (^i \text{ and } y = (^j \text{ for some non-negative integers } i \neq j.

Choose z = )^i.

Then xz = (^i)^i \in L.

And yz = (^j)^i \notin L, because i \neq j.

Thus, F is a fooling set for L.

Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.
```

6 Strings of the form $w_1 \# w_2 \# \cdots \# w_n$ for some $n \geq 2$, where each substring w_i is a string in $\{0,1\}^*$, and some pair of substrings w_i and w_j are equal.

Solution:

Choose $F = \{0^i \mid i \ge 0\}.$

Let x and y be arbitrary strings in F with $x \neq y$.

Then $x = 0^i$ and $y = 0^j$ for some non-negative integers $i \neq j$.

Choose $z = \#0^i$.

Then $xz = 0^i \# 0^i \in L$.

And $yz = 0^j \# 0^i \notin L$, because $i \neq j$.

Thus, F is a fooling set for L.

Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.

Extra problems

{w ∈ (0+1)*Ausisthebinarremetal Properties Link am Help

Solution:

Idea: We design our fooling set around numbers of the form $(2^k+1)^2 = 2^{2k}+2^{k+1}+1$, which has binary representation $10^{k-1}10^{11}$. The argument is semi-what simpler if we further restrict k to be even.

Choose $F = \{10^{2i}1 \mid i \ge 0\}.$

Let x and y be two without critical strings in F to F. Then $x = 10^{2i-2}1$ and $y = 10^{2j-2}1$, for some positive integers $i \neq j$. Without loss of generality, assume i < j. (Otherwise, swap x and y.)

Choose $z = 0^{2i}1$.

Then $xz = 10^{2i-2}10^{2i}1$ is the binary representation of $2^{4i} + 2^{2i+1} + 1 = (2^{2i} + 1)^2$, and therefore $xz \in L$.

On the other hand, $yz = 10^{2j-2}10^{2i}1$ is the binary representation of $2^{2i+2j} + 2^{2i+1} + 1$. Simple algebra gives us the inequalities

$$(2^{i+j})^2 = 2^{2i+2j}$$

$$< \mathbf{2^{2i+2j}} + \mathbf{2^{2i+1}} + \mathbf{1}$$

$$< 2^{2(i+j)} + 2^{i+j+1} + 1$$

$$= (2^{i+j} + 1)^2.$$

So $2^{2i+2j} + 2^{2i+1} + 1$ lies between two consecutive perfect squares, and thus is not a perfect square, which implies that $yz \notin L$.

We conclude that F is a fooling set for L. Because F is infinite, L cannot be regular.

3