Coursework Assignment

Introduction

You will need to write an assembly program, which will then be submitted as a single .s file.

You have just under two weeks to complete the assignment.

The suggested time green the fursible detectors. Exam Help

In the labs following submission of the coursework, you will review each others programs and provide feedback to each other.

https://tutorcs.com

1 Display number

Using the circuit from a 50 u should tite a creatable list a Cthe digits of 21029011 on the

Have your program write out each digit of your number separately, writing the left-most *numerical* digit first. For example, if your number is 1070542, then your program will first write out a 1, followed by a 0, then a 7, then a 1, then a 1, then a 1, and finally a 1. Each number should be displayed for 1 second.

2 Display your initials

You should now modify your program so that it also displays a binary encoding of your initials after it has finished displaying your number.

There are many ways to encode alphanumeric characters in binary, the most common is ASCII. However, we will use our own encoding of alphanumeric characters. We will assume an 'A' is the decimal value 1, a 'B' is 2, a 'C' is 3 and so on. In this encoding, 'Z' would be 26. Again, you can use the look-up table later in this document to find the equivalent binary values that you will display, and accompanying hexadecimal values.

You should also display a full stop character '.', which we will assume is encoded as the value 27, between your initials.

I.d(全是小写,小写的L)

For example, Ada Lovelace's program would first display her number. The program would then display the value 1 (00001, representing 'a'), then the value 27 (11011, representing '.'), and then the value 12 (01100, representing 'l').

Decimal Digit	Hexademical Equivalent									
0	0x00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0x01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
2	0x02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
3	0x03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
4	0x04	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
5	0x05	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	
6	0x06	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
7	0x07	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	
8	80x0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
9	0x09	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
10	OxOA	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
11	0x0B	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	
12	0x0C	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	
13	0x0D	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	
14	0x0E	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	
15	0x0F	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	
16	0x10	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
17	0x11	0	0	0	1	0	0	$\stackrel{0}{1}$	1	1010
18155	ignment Pr	0		0	1	D/X	a			lelp
19	0x13	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	_	_
20	0x14	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	
21	0x15//	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	
22		gr	O ₁	0(0	1	1	0	
23	0x17	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	
24	0x18	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
25	0x19	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
26	We ^{0xi} hat:	CS	9	100	r	CIS		1	0	
27	0x1B	ď	0	0	Î	1	0	1	1	
		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0] <bit position<="" td=""></bit>

Display Morse Code

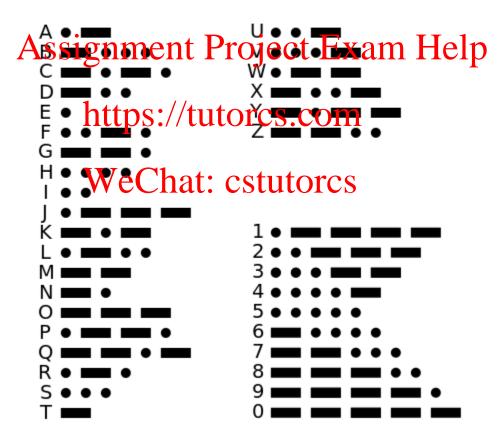
You will now extend your program to communicate Morse code on the LEDs.

What is Morse code? Morse code is a method of transmitting text information as a series of on-off tones, lights, or clicks that can be directly understood by a skilled listener or observer without special equipment. (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Morse_code).

Below is the International Morse Code Roman alphabet.

International Morse Code

- 1. The length of a dot is one unit.
- 2. A dash is three units.
- 3. The space between parts of the same letter is one unit.
- 4. The space between letters is three units.
- The space between words is seven units.



LEI(全是大写,大写的i)

Your base program will blink a 3 letter sequence in Morse code on the LEDs. You three letter sequence is the first three letters of your first name.

- For example, Charles Babbage's code would be CHA.
- If your first name is less than three characters, you should use the first 3 characters of your first name concatenated with your surname. For example, Jo Rowling's code would be JOR.

So that we can perceive the Morse code, we will use a unit length of 200 milliseconds (ms). This means the duration of a dot is 200 ms, and a dash is 600 ms.

For example, if your sequence was ABC, then your program would run as follows:

- 1. Turn ON the LED for 200 ms for the first dot of the letter A
- 2. Turn OFF the LED for **200 ms** for the inter-part space of the letter A
- 3. Turn ON the LED for 600 ms for the first dash of the letter A
- 4. Turn OFF the LED for 600 ms for the inter-letter space between the letters A and B
- 5. Turn ON the LED for 600 ms for the first dash of the letter B
- 6. ... and so forth
- 7. Until the last dot of letter C
- 8. Turn OFF the LED for 1400 ms for the inter-word space.
- 9. Loop back to the beginning of the Morse code sequence

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Extend your program as follows.

- The Morse code sequence should loop 50 times (1–50).
 On odd iterations (1, 3.5, ..., 49) your three characters should be displayed in their normal order.
- - 奇数循环,顺序演示LEI - e.g. ABC
- On even iteration (2.4.6, 1.56) your three that attens should be displayed in reverse order.

 e.g. CBA 偶数循环,倒序演示 EL

Using comments, you should explain how you have implemented the check of whether the iteration is 添加备注,并解释 even or odd.

Once you have this behaviour working, you should again extend your program as follows.

- On iterations that are divisible by 5 (5, 10, 15, ..., 50) your program should display a '5' after what would normally be displayed on that iteration. 能够整除5的循环应该在三个字母后显示数字5
 - e.g. ABC5 or CBA5

4 Ping-pong

Once the Morse code sequence has terminated, your LEDs should display a repeating pattern.

You should use the LEDs to display a ping-pong like pattern, where only a single LED is on at a time, and it appears to move back and forth across the LEDS.

• $1000 \to 0100 \to 0010 \to 0001 \to 0010 \to 0100 \to 1000 \to ...$

It is left up to you to determine a suitable time to display each pattern for.

Submission instructions

- You should submit a single .s file named assignment.s.
- **DO NOT** put your program in a .zip, .7z, or any other archive, **DO NOT** submit your program as a .doc, .pdf, or any other format other than .s.
- This coursework uses 'Model 4' for use of generative Al. That is, you can use generative Al to help you with the coursework. However:
 - I have tried to use it myself for completing the coursework, it was not very helpful. Do not expect generative AI to spit out complete assembly programs for you.
 - You should make it clear in the comments where and how you have used generative AI.
 - It is your responsibility to ensure any code produced by generative AI is 'fair use'.

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