ECE 2560 Introduction to Microcontroller-Based Systems



程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Standard Register, Conditional Jumps WeChat: cstutorcs Flow Control Assignment Project Exam Help







Announcements



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Midterm 1 will be posted next Wednesday February 15

dnesday February 22 before class

- I will ask for one more in the inditions

What you need to know ! Lecture 11

- Instructions and addressing modes, array addressing Help
- Conditional jump instructions
- Flow control" Loops and that attention to implement the state of the

Practice opportunity: Quiz 4 will be posted later today

https://wednesdaynfiebruary 15 before class

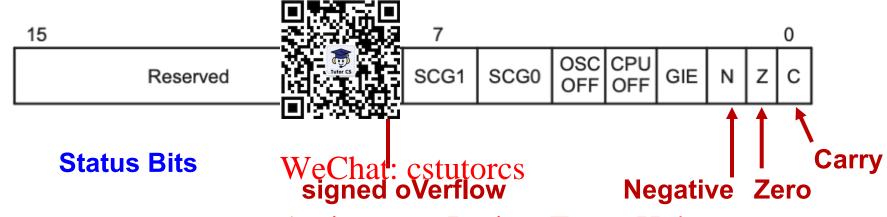
Office hours: Tuesdays 1 pm – 3 pm Dreese Lab 259

Status Register SR/R2



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The core register R2 has a special function: Status Register SR



The C, Z, N, V flags are set/cleared after arithmetic and logic operations **not** after move

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Zero is set when the result of an operation is 0 cleared when the result is 1388476

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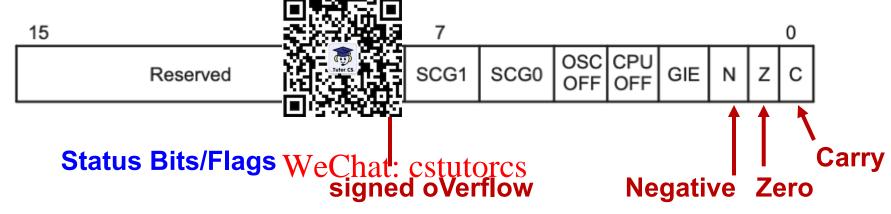
Negative is set when the result of an operation is negative cleared when the result is positive

Status Register SR/R2



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The core register R2 has a special function: Status Register SR



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Carry is set when the result of an operation produces a carry/borrow cleared when no cleared w

QQ: 7493 argy perflow into 9th or 17th bit!

signed oVerflow is set when the tresult of a marithmetic operation overflows the signed-variable range

Basic Arithmetic Instructions



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The add instruction adds the source to the destination

add.w

src,

dst += source

The **sub** instruction subtra

sub.w

src,

Epurce from the destination

dst

dst -= source

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There are multiple instructions with one operand Exam Help

inc.w

dst

de+++

dec.w

dst

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incd.w o

dst

QQ: 7493894755 += 2

decd.w dst

dst -= 2

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All these instructions modify the destination and set the status bits in SR

Example



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The **zero** bit is set when the result of an arithmetic or logic operation is zero e.g.:

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This is similar to if (src == dst)

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We can check the zero bit and decide on the program flow

- If the zero bit is set, we know that src == dst
- If the zero bit is not set, We know 3 had 45/16 != dst

(There is an instruction to check if a bit is set or not: bit.w) https://tutorcs.com

Instead: We use the correct conditional jump to control the program flow

Comparison Only



程序代与代数 CS编程辅号 Sometimes we want to set the status bits without changing the value of the destination

```
cmp.w src, dst
```

This instruction sets the status hits according to the outcome of (dst - src)

But it does not change the destination!

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There is a special version

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tst.w dst QQ: 749389476

cmp.w 0, dst

- does not change the value of distorcs.com
- only sets status bits according to operation (dst 0)

Then we use a conditional jump to control the program flow

Jump Instructions



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Jumps can be unconditional or conditional

Unconditional jump jmr

e.g.

Loop: jmp Loop

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Syntax

jmp label

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to the given label

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Effect: Program execution continues from instruction marked with label

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jmp does not encode the absolute address of the label, but a relative offset https://tutorcs.com within ~ +/- 1 KiB

PC is updated by (PC + offset)

offset > 0 if label is after jmp

offset < 0 if label is before jmp

Conditional Jump Instructions



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There are two overlapping sets of conditional jump instructions

- named after the status the status term arithmetic/logic operation or
- based on an explicit collection cmp.w src, dst

Conditional jump instructions named after status bits WeChat: cstutorcs

```
jump to label if carry set (i.e., C = 1)

jump to label if carry not set (i.e., C = 0)

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jump to label if negative (i.e., N = 1)

jump to label if zero (i.e., Z = 1)

jump to label if zero (i.e., Z = 0)
```

Conditional Jump Instructions



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Conditional jump instructions based on explicit comparison

cmp.w src, dst

or

status bits based on dst-src

```
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      label
jeq
                jump if equal
                                                               label
                                                         jz
                jum Assignment Project Exam Help
jne
      label
                                                         jnz
                                                               label
                jumEinhighentoneamel-63 naigned
jhs
      label
                                                         jc
                                                               label
                jump if lower - unsigned: 749389476
jlo
      label
                                                         jnc
                                                               label
                jump if greater or equal - signed
jge
      label
                    https://tutorcs.com
j1
      label
                jump if less than - signed
                jump if less than – signed
ilt
      label
```

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Which Unconditional Jump to Use?



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All you care is whether two values are equal or not cmp.w src, dst

jeq

You want to check for **orc** cmp.w src, dst

with signed values

jge

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with unsigned values

jhs

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You care whether one value (e.g. result of operation or tst.w dst) is zero, https://tutorcs.com

jz

nonzero, negative

You are working with the carry bit (e.g., bit.w)

jC

jnc

Instructions and Status Bits



```
在个几与100CS编在销
                                                                                     С
        ADC(.B)
                              dst + C \rightarrow dst
        ADD(.B)
        ADDC(.B)
        AND(.B)
                                        dst \rightarrow dst
        BIC(.B)
                                      and. dst → dst
        BIS(.B)
        BIT(.B)
        BR
        CALL
                              PC+2 \rightarrow stack, dst \rightarrow PC
                   dst
        CLR(.B)
                   dst
                              Clear destination
        CLRC
                               Clear carry bit
                              dialoga stutores
        CLRN
        CLRZ
                              Clear zero bit
        CMP(.B)
                              dst - src
                   src.dst
       DADC(.B)
                   dst
                              Sc + dst + C → dst (decimal)
        DADD(.B)
                   src,dst
                              dst - 1 \rightarrow dst
        DEC(.B)
                   dst
        DECD(.B) dst
                              dst - 2 \rightarrow dst
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        DINT
        EINT
                              Enable interrupt
        INC(.B)
                              Increment destination, dst +1 → dst
                   dst
        INCD(.B)
                   dst
                              Double in rene destruction, dst+2→dst
                              Invert destination
        INV(.B)
        JC/JHS
                              Jump to Label if Carry-bit is set
                   Label
        JEQ/JZ
                   Label
                              Jump to Label if Zero-bit is set
        JGE
                             SJUMATIDILIADENCING.XOR)1/17=0
                   Landi 1
                              Jump to Label if (N .XOR. V) = 1
        JL
                   Label
                              Jump to Label unconditionally
        JMP
                   Label
        JN
                   Label
                              Jump to Label if Negative-bit is set
               Status bit always cleared
                                                 Status bit always set
Legend:
                                                 Status bit not affected
           х
               Status bit cleared or set on results
               Emulated Instructions
```

Instructions and Status Bits



```
任门门与门队以编任期
JNC/JLO
                     Jump to Label if Carry-bit is reset
          Label
JNE/JNZ
                            abel if Zero-bit is reset
MOV(.B)
NOP
POP(.B)
                            Stack, SP+2 → SP
PUSH(.B)
          src
                               P. src → @SP
RETI
                              m interrupt
                                                                 Х
                                                                         Х
                            \rightarrowR, SP + 2 \rightarrow SP
                     TOS \rightarrow PC, SP + 2 \rightarrow SZP
RET
                     Return from subroutine
               Wetthatecstutores
                     Rotate left arithmetically
RLA(.B)
          dst
                     Rotate left through carry
RLC(.B)
          dst
RRA(.B)
          dst
                     C → MSB .....LSB → C
RRC(.B)
          dst
                     Subtract carry from destination
SBC(.B)
          dst
SETC
                     Set carry bit
                                            163.com
SETN
                     Set negative bit
SETZ
                     Set zero bit
SUB(.B)
                     dsty+angtaresty1
          src.dst
SUBC(.B)
                     dst + Inot sro+C
          src,dst
SWPB
          dst
                     swap bytes
SXT
                     Bit7, → Bit8 ...... Bit15
           dst
TST(.B)
                     Sest/destibilities.com
                                                                         х
XOR(.B)
                     src .xor. dst → dst
          src,dst
                                                                         Х
```

Legend:

- 0 The Status Bit is cleared
- x The Status Bit is affected
- Emulated Instructions

- The Status Bit is set
- The Status Bit is not affected

A Simple Loop



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Add all numbers from 1 to 100 Answer 100*50.5 = 50506-bit unsigned integer ; Initialize accumulator R5 = 0 clr.w ; R4 = 1 1st value mov.w WeChat: cstutorcs R4, R5 ; R5 += R4 and R4 = 1 add.w PAssignment Project Exam Help Equal: $tutores_4 = 1634cqm_{184} = 2$ add.w Repeat inc.w 100 OQ: 749389476 times https://tutorcs.com add.w R4, R5 ; R5 += R4 and R4 = 100inc.w As long as R4 <= 100

A Simple Loop – Flowchart



