Final Review

做 CS编程辅 Instructions on the Final Den Boo

Time: 2:00pm - 4:00pm 24-Apr-2023.

Location: NRE 2-001

Scope: All materials.

- tbook, lecture notes, assignments and solutions to the exam. E-1. The exam is open-book versions of the above m Lease be aware of the University of Alberta's Code for Student Behaviour and complete dependently.
- 2. You may also bring a no
- 3. Show your work by prov on calculations and reasoning unless mentioned otherwise.
- 4. A Fourier transform table, properties of Fourier transform, and commonly used formulas will be provided.
- 5. One-card (or other photo ID) is required for identification. Please put your ID on the desk before the exam begins.

Course Material Overview

sed of this earnay effect le exbook for Arther information (Please focus on lecture note

Chapter 1 Introduction

- Section 1.1 Communication System Structure CS @ 163.com
- **Section 1.2** Applications (Haykin & Moher 1.1, 1.2)
- Section 1.3 Primary Resources and Operational Requirements (Haykin & Moher 1.3)
- Section 1.4 Underprining The prids and Revaled Topics (Haykin & Moher 1.4)

Chapter 2 Fourier Representation of Signals and Systems - Review

- Section 2.1 Fourier Transform (Haykin & Moher 2.1)
- Section 2.2 Properties of Fourier Transform (Haykin & Moner 2.2)
- Section 2.3 Fourier Series and Fourier Transform of Periodic Signals (Haykin & Moher 2.4 and 2.5)
- Section 2.4 Transmission of Signals through Linear Time-Invariant Systems (Haykin & Moher 2.6 partial)
- **Section 2.5** Filters (Haykin & Moher 2.7 partial)
- Section 2.6 Energy Spectral Density and Autocorrelation Function for Energy Signals (Haykin & Moher 2.8 partial)
- Section 2.7 Power Spectral Density and Autocorrelation Function for Power Signal (Haykin & Moher 2.9)

Chapter 3 Amplitude Modulation

- Section 3.1 Fundamentals of AM and Conventional AM (Haykin & Moher 3.1, 3.2)
- Section 3.2 Double Sideband-Suppressed Carrier Modulation (Haykin & Moher 3.3, 3.4)
- **Section 3.3** Quadrature-Carrier Multiplexing(Haykin & Moher 3.5)
- **Section 3.4** Single Sideband Modulation (Haykin & Moher 3.6)

Section 3.5 Vestige Sideband Modulation (Haykin & Moher 3.7 partial)

Chapter 4 Angle Modulation Section 4.1 Fundamental Theories of Angle Modulation (Haykin & Moher 4.1) **Section 4.2** Properties of Angle Modulation (Haykin & Moher 4.2, 4.3) Section 4.3 Spec **a** aykin & Moher 4.4, 4.5, 4.6) on of FM (Haykin & Moher 4.7,4.8 partial) Section 4.4 Gen Chapter 5 Pulse Modu Section 5.1 Sam & Moher 5.1) Section 5.2 Puls n (Haykin & Moher 5.2 partial) **Section 5.3** Pulse-Position Modulation (Haykin & Moher 5.3) **Section 5.4** Time-Division Multiplexing (Haykin & Moher 5.10 partial) Section 5.5 Quantization, Transition from Analog to Ogital Symmunications (Haykin & Moher 5.5 and 5.6 partial) Section 5.6 Pulse-Code Modulation (Haykin & Moher 5.4 and 5.6) Section 5.7 Delta Modulation (Haykin & Moher 5.4 and 5.6) Exam Help Section 5.8 Differential Pulse-Code Modulation (Haykin & Moher 5.8) Section 5.9 Linear Codes (Haykin & Moher 5.9) tutorcs@163.com Chapter 6 Digital Communications Section 6.1 Source Coding / Decoding Section 6.2 Change Coding / Decoding 89476 Section 6.3 Binary shift keying modulation Section 6.4 M-ary shift keying modulation Section 6.5 Constitution Sesign tutores.com Section 6.6 Detection Design

	Final Examination
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Instructions:

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- 1. Print your name and ID number on your answer.
- 2. Your online submission is accepted.
- 3. Please follow the definitions of basic functions in the lecture notes and formula sheet posted on a Class eClass.
- 4. Show your work.

5. Cheating is an academic offense. The University of Alberta is committed to the highest standards

of academic integrity and honesty.

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Question	Mark Earned	Full Mark
#1		10
# 2		15
# 3		15
# 4		15
# 5		15
# 6		15
# 7		15
Total		100

Problem 1. (10 points) (a) Use the frequency-shifting property of Fourier Transform to show that if $g(t) \rightleftharpoons$

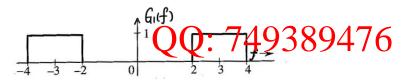
G(f), then 2g(t) cos(2元ft) 完 (f + fs). CS编程辅导



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(b) Use (a) to find the time-domain representation and the energy of the signal shown in the following figure.



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Problem 2. (15 points) A message $m_0(t)$ is given as follows:

The signal first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes in Lughan deal low pass filt whose steam required to the low pass filt whose steam required to the first passes and the first passes in Lughan deal low passes filter whose steam required to the low passes in Lughan deal low passes filter whose steam required to the low passes filter whose steam required to the low passes filter to the ideal low pass filter is called m(t).

(a) The upper singlemodulated wave s(t)of s(t). Can m(t) be answer.

modulation (USSB AM) is used for m(t) to produce the equency is 300 Hz. Please sketch the frequency spectrum y from s(t) using coherent detection? Please explain your

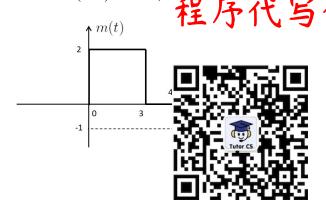
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(b)If the double sideband-suppressed carrier (DSB-SC) modulation is used for m(t) to produce the modulated wave s(t) where the carrier frequency is 30 Hz. Please sketch the frequency spectrum of s(t). Can m(t) be denotating conficilly from e(t) using pharent detection? Please explain your answer.

Problem 3. (15 points)(a) Consider the message m(t) shown in the following figure. If frequency modulation (FM) is used, sketch the modulated FM waveform. CS编程辅导



(b) For the modulation $k_f = 0.1$, what is the maximum frequency deviation and the maximum phase deviation of the modulated wave?

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(c) Consider the FM modulation of a signal whose bandwidth is $W=10^3$ Hz. The carrier frequency is $f_c=10^6$ Hz and the maximum frequency deviation is $\Delta f_{\rm max}=200$ Hz. Use Carson's rule to approximate the bandwidth of the modulated FM wave.

Problem 4. (15 points) The signal $g(t) = \sin(2\pi t)$ is uniformly sampled where the sampling interval is

 $T_s = 0.2$ second.

(a) The instantaneous sampled signal is so set turcles an idea impassfile in rutoff frequency 5 Hz. Find the frequency spectrum of the output signal.



(b) Pulse-coded modulation (PCM) is used for this signal with the following 4-level quantizer

Assignment
$$\Pr_{v=Q(m)} = \begin{cases} 0.75 & \text{if } 0.5 \le m \le 1 \\ \text{o.} 25 & \text{if } -0.5 \le m < 0 \\ -0.75 & \text{if } -1 \le m \le -0.5 \end{cases}$$

Find the binary PCM coded sequence with natural coding.

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(c) If PCM is used for this signal with a 16-level quantizer, what is the minimum permissible bit rate and its corresponding bit interval?

Problem 5. (15 points) A message sample has the following probability density function (PDF):

程序代写代版 (CS)编程辅导 $m \in [0,1)$ otherwise

(a) Design the 2-level



r the message sample.

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(b) Calculate the mean squared error (MSE) of the quantizer you designed in (a).

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(c) Find another 2-level quantizer with a lower MSE and justify your answer.

Problem 6. (15 points) A random source produces X with alphabet $\mathcal{A} = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$ and the following

probabilities:

序代写代做 CS编程辅 = a] = 0.15, P[X = b] = 0.2, P[X = c] = 0.08,

(a) Find the entropy

0.15. P[X = e] = 0.12, P[X = f] = 0.3.

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(b) Consider the following Suignment Project Exam Help

Element

Codeword 000 001 010 011 1 1 10 Find the average number of this per symbol. Com

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(c) Design a Huffman coding scheme so that the average number of bits per symbol is lower than the previous coding. Justify your answer.

Problem 7. (15 points) Consider the 5-point constellation: $A = \{0, -2, 2, -j, j\}$.

(a) Find the average transmit energy and the minimum distance of this constellation 程序代与代数 CS编程辅导



(b) The minimum distance rule is used for detection. If the received signal is 0.5 + 0.4j, what is the detection result? Justify your answer.

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(c) If the minimum distance rule is used for describin white is the detection region for the constellation element 2 in A? (Simplify your result when possible.)

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