## **Solution to Homework Assignment 7**

## Solution to Problem 1: 🧘

ion to Problem 1: 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导  $G(f) = \frac{1}{400} \Delta \left( \frac{f}{800} \right)$ . The message bandwidth is W = 400 Hz. Thus the Nyquist rate is  $f_s = 2W = 100$ 800 Hz and the Nyquist interval is  $T_s = 1/f_s = 1.25$ ms (milliseconds).

**Solution to Problem 2:** 



npled signal is

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} g(nT_s)\delta(t-nT_s)$$

and its Fourier tran

$$G_{\delta}(f) = f_s \sum_{s=-\infty}^{\infty} G(f - mf_s).$$

Notice

WeChat: 
$$cstutorcs$$

$$G(f) = \frac{1}{2j} [\delta(f - 1/2) - \delta(f + 1/2)]$$

(a)  $T_s = 0.25$  and  $f_s$  Signment Project Exam Help

$$G_{\delta}(f) = \frac{2}{i} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \left[ \delta(f - 1/2 - 4m) - \delta(f + 1/2 - 4m) \right]$$

$$G_{\delta}(f) = \frac{2}{i} \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ \delta(f - 1/2 - 4m) - \delta(f + 1/2 - 4m) \right].$$
(b)  $T_s = 1.5$  and  $f_s = 2/3$ . Thus

$$G_{0} = \frac{1}{8} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{3}{8} - \frac{3}{8} \left[ \frac{3}{8} - \frac{3}{8} - \frac{3}{8} - \frac{3}{8} \right] - \delta(f + 1/2 - 2m/3) \right].$$

The magnitude spectra are shown as following:

https://tutores.semm (a) Mag. Spectrum for (b) -76 8 73 - 12 18 08 12 73 56 76

**Solution to Problem 3:** Signal bandwidth W = 50. Sampling at Nyquist rate, thus,  $f_s = 2W = 100$  and  $T_s = 1/f_s = 0.01$ . From the problem,

$$g(-T_s) = g(-2T_s) = -1, \quad g(T_s) = g(2T_s) = 1,$$

and all other samples are 0.

(a) From the reconstruction formula  $q(t) = \sum_{g(nT_s) \text{sinc}(2Wt - n)} \text{CS}$ 编程辅导

$$g(t) = \sum_{s} g(nT_s)\operatorname{sinc}(2Wt - n)$$

 $\mathbf{c}(100t+1) + \operatorname{sinc}(100t-1) + \operatorname{sinc}(100t-2).$ 

Thus

3.5)  $- \operatorname{sinc}(2.5) + \operatorname{sinc}(0.5) + \operatorname{sinc}(-0.5)$  $\frac{2}{\pi} + 2\frac{2}{\pi} \approx \frac{4.69}{\pi} \approx 1.49.$ 

(b) Since sinc-func **L**tion, g(t) is also an energy function.

## Solution to Problem 4: WeChat: (c) Stutores

The sample values for  $t=\cdots,0,T_s,2T_s,\cdots$  are

## {Assignment | Broject | Exam | Help

(a) The PAM wave is

$$s(t) = \cdot \text{Emai}\left(\frac{t}{0.4}\right) \text{Orcse}\left(\frac{t}{0.4}\right).\text{com}$$

$$-0.18 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{t-3.2}{7.4}\right) - 1.9 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{t-4.2}{5.2}\right)$$

$$+0.9 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{t}{0.4}\right) + 1.18 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{t}{0.4}\right) - 1.18 \text{ rect}\left(\frac{t-8.2}{0.4}\right) + \cdots.$$

The waveform is shown in the following figure. The waveform is shown in the following figure.

(b) 
$$M(f) = -j \left[ \delta \left( f - 0.2 \right) + \delta \left( f + 0.2 \right) \right], H(f) = 0.4 \operatorname{sinc} \left( 0.4 f \right) e^{-j0.4\pi f} \text{ and } f_s = 1.$$
 
$$S(f) = f_s \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} M(f - k f_s) H(f) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} M(f - k) H(f)$$
 
$$= -0.4 j \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ \operatorname{sinc} \left( 0.4 k + 0.08 \right) e^{-j\pi (0.4 k + 0.08)} \delta \left( f - k - 0.2 \right) \right.$$
 
$$\left. - \operatorname{sinc} \left( 0.4 k - 0.08 \right) e^{-j\pi (0.4 k - 0.08)} \delta \left( f - k + 0.2 \right) \right].$$