

Examination Session:

May/June



Exam Code:

ENGI4121-WE01

/ENGI40720-WE01

Title: MEng Engineering

Communication Systems Paper tutores

Assignment Project Even Help					
Time Allowed:	signment Project Exam Help				
Additional Material provided:	None.				
Em	ail: tutorcs@163.com				
Materials Permitted:	None 149389476				
Calculators Permitted:	Models Permitted:				
	Those from the Casio fx-83 and fx-85 series.				
Visiting Students may use dictionaries: YES.COM					

Instructions to Candidates:	Answer ALL questions.						
	All relevant workings must be shown.						
		Davisiana					
		Revision:					

Question 1

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- (a) A baseband transmission system transmits the Manchester code where binary 1 is represented by +V <u>for the first half of the bit duration and -V for the second half.</u>
 - (i) Give the repre

[5%]

(ii) Determine the the ent between the two baseband signals representing the one and the

[10%]

(iii) Design a suita de design a suita design a suita design a suita design a suita de design a suita de des

[20%]

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(b) A binary frequency shift keying communication system transmits $s_o(t) = 1.414\cos(1000t)$ to represent binary 1 (mark) and $s_1(t) = 1.414\cos(1010t)$ to represent binary 0 (space). Find the probability of error geometric probability of tensmission afragraphic signals, a single sided noise power spectral density equal to 0.08 W/Hz and bit duration, T=1 second.

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[25%]

(c) What is the sampling instant signal to noise ratio in dB at the output of a filter matched to a rectangular pulse of height 10/m/Vana with 10/m/Vana wit

[30%]

(d) Figure Q.1 shows the carrelation detector of a phase shift keying (PSK) signal. Explain its functionality and discuss its synchronisation requirements for optimum performance.

[10%]

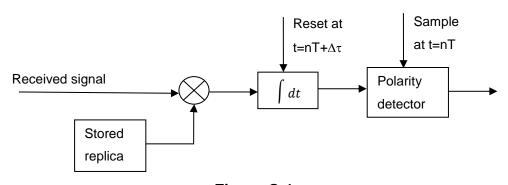


Figure Q.1

Use can be made of the following relationships:

where $P_{\rm e}$ is the probability $s_{mark}(t)$, $s_{space}(t)$ are the



energy per bit and ρ is the correlation coefficient, gnals, respectively and T is the bit duration.

 $\pi f_1 + 2\pi f_2) t + \cos(2\pi f_1 - 2\pi f_2) t$

Question 2

- (a) A mobile receiver is located 5 km away from a base station and uses a vertical $\lambda/4$ monopole antenna with a gain of 2.55 dB to receive cellular radio signals. The free space E-field at 1 km from the transmitter is equal to 40.8 Who. The carrier frequency used for this system is 900 MHz.
 - Find the length and the gain on the rade of the length and the len (i)
 - Find the received power at the mobile using the 2-ray ground reflection model assuming (ii) the height of the transmitting antenna is 50 m and the receiving antenna is 15 m above ground. Email: tutorcs @ 103.com

For the ground reflection model, the received electric field is given by

For the ground reflection model, the received element
$$E = 2E_o \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \frac{h_T h_R}{d}$$
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where E_0 is the free space electric field, he has beight of the transmitter and the receiver above ground respectively, and ons the distance between the transmitter and the receiver.

Use can be made of $\frac{E^2}{n} = \frac{P_T G_T}{4\pi d^2}$ where d is the distance between the transmitter and

receiver, P_T is the transmitted power, G_T is the gain of the transmit antenna, $\eta=377~\Omega$ is the free space impedance.

[40%]

- (b) The first generation analogue mobile radio system in North America AMPS, was designed for voice communication. It uses the band between 824 to 849 MHz for reverse link and the band between 869 to 894 MHz for the forward link. Using frequency division multiple access FDMA with 30 kHz separation between channels, and two service providers determine the following:
 - (i) Total number of available channels for each service provider.

[10%]

Assume that each service provider allocates 21 channels for control. Determine the (ii) number of channels per cell for a cluster size of 7.

[10%]

(iii) Explain how the number of users can be increased in such a system.

[5%]

(c) Explain the difference between fast and slow fading and how they are modelled.

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Table of values of the error function and the complementary error function:

[25%]

 $\operatorname{erf}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-u^2} \ du$

Х	eri H		х	erf(x)	erfc(x)
^	~~x ?}	Tutor CS	^		5110(X)
0.00	0.000		1.30	0.9340079	0.0659921
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0.35	0.3793821	0.6206179	2.00	0.9953223	0.0046777
0.40	0.4283924	0.5716076	6.34	0.9970205	0.0029795
0.45	0.4754817	0.5245183	2.20	0.9981372	0.0018628
0.50	0.5204999	0.4795001	2.30	0.9988568	0.0011432
0.55	0.5633234	0.4366766	2.40	0.9993115	0.0006885
0.60	0.6038561	0.3961439	2.50	0.9995930	0.0004070
0.65	0.6420293	0.3579707	2.60	0.9997640	0.0002360
0.70	0.6778012	0.3221988	2.70	0.9998657	0.0001343
0.75	0.7111556	0.2888444	2.80	0.9999250	0.0000750
0.80	0.7421010	0.2578990	2.90	0.9999589	0.0000411
0.85	0.7706681	0.2293319	3.00	0.9999779	0.0000221
0.90	0.7969082	0.2030918	3.10	0.9999884	0.0000116
0.95	0.8208908	0.1791092	3.20	0.9999940	0.0000060
1.00	0.8427008	0.1572992	3.30	0.9999969	0.0000031

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1.20	0.9103140	0:0896860	3.50	0.9999993	0.0000007



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