

与代做 CS编程辅导 Information Technology

FIT1006 Business mation Analysis

Assignment Project Exam Help

Lecture 4

Email: tutorcs@163.com

Descriptive Statistics

Topics covered: 代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Measures of Centre
 - Mean, Median

 Trimmed Mean
 - Robust Statistics WeChat: cstutorcs
- Measures of Spread
 - Assignment Project Exam Help
 Variance and Standard Deviation
 - Quartiles and Fercentiles, Quartiles
 - Boxplots
 QQ: 749389476

Learning Objectives 做 CS编程辅导

- This lecture is abc to be the some summary still to be the summary still to
- A typical problem that could be answered with the techniques covered to the differences between the two data sets A and B below?

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Motivating problem... CS编程辅导

- A grocery store war analyse the amount spent by their customers. They also have a you the sales history of 10 randomly sampled customers.
- WeChat: cstutorcs
 Data is from the Kaggle 'Dunnhumby's Shopper Challenge' which recorded the argount apant and date Helpe transaction at a supermarket in the US over one year.

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 - See: http://www.kaggle.com/c/dunnhumbychallenge
- I have resampled the original data, using approx 20% of the original observations.../tutorcs.com
- We will use the data for 10 groups of shoppers.



Sample Data^程与社會所當的。

53, 16, 66, 10, 25, 15, 17, 44, 37, 25, 16, 18, 5, 31, 29.

Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable:
RSPEND, N = 19

Minimum : 3.000 31, 29 Lower Hinge : 16.500 Median : 25.000 WeChat: CStutples : 47.000 Maximum : 77.000

Output from SYSTAT

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on the RHS Email: tutorcs@163.com

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What can youhapy://tutorcs.com about that customer?

7

Motivating P指身性關代做 CS编程辅导

• Working in grouse, each group will draw a stem and leaf pit it in the of the 10 customers. Your customer librated on the first letter of your last name indicated in the worksheet.

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Describe the shape of the distribution of data.

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Motivating Pfoblem代数等条件



Describe the different types of customers...



Visualising Data 化写代做 CS编程辅导

- Why do we want to the data
 - Visual inspection factories of data.
 - Visual inspection enables autoseription of the distribution of the data to be made.

 Assignment Project Exam Help
 - The distribution of data determines which statistics are appropriate. Email: tutorcs@163.com
 - To make company on symbol data from different groups.

Sample Data程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

The data below



2 ustomer #208

53, 16, 66, 10, 77, 25, 17, 44, 37, 25, 24, 62, 3, 50, WeChat: cstutores

16, 18, 5, 31, 29

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Email: tutorcs@163.com
 What can you say about that customer?
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Using the Stem and leaf plot...

Question 1 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

For the sample Which is most I



Stem and Leaf Plot of
Variable:
RSPEND, N = 19

		WeChat: cstutorcs	0		35
A.	Mode ≈ 16	Assignment Project Exam		1 H	
B.	Mode ≈ 25	Assignment Floject Exam	2	M	4559
	1110000 120	Email: tutorcs@163.com	3		17
C.	Median ≈ 2	5	4	H	4
		QQ: 749389476	5		03
	Mean ≈ 25		6		26
E.	None of the	https://tutorcs.com above.	7		7



Question 2 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

ID148(6), N = 49For customer # 111 22 Which is most 4455555 6666667777 M 8899 00 WeChat: cstutorcs 2233 A. Mode < Mean < Median Assignment Project Exam Help B. Median < Mode < Mean 2 H 001 223 Email: tutorcs@163.com C. Mode < Median < Mean 899 D. Mean < Mode < Median * * Outside Values https://tutorcs.com E. Something else!



Measures of 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

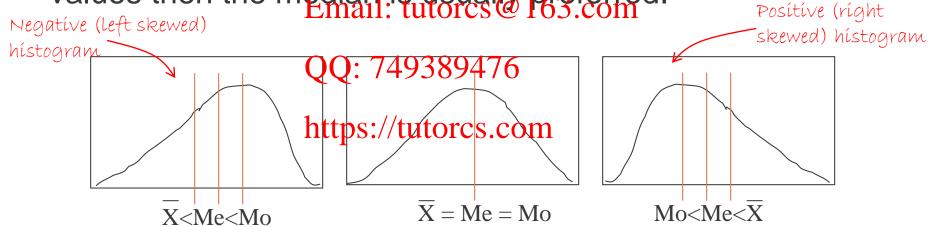
- The mean or av the most well known. It is the sum of data divil. The number of observations.
- The <u>median</u> is the central observation in an ordered data set.

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- The mode is the Ansist frequentied curring observation.
- The <u>a% trimmed mean torovided common compromise</u> between the mean and the median. The highest and lowest a% of values are trimmed from the data. The mean of the remainder tisother calculated.

Mean v Medi都序以同齿像 CS编程辅导

- The mean and measures of centre for quantita vide the most usual measures of
- If the data is symnicially distributed then either the mean or median are acceptable and the mean is usually preferred.

If the data is skewed of the the data is skewed of the the last instance of the last instance



Question 3

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

For the BUS12

Approx 95% of between:



N of Cases 50 17,000 Minimum Maximum 91,000 Arithmetic Mean 54.640 Standard Deviation 15.147

- A. 17 and 91
- B. 26 and 76
- C. 48 and 63
- D. 24 and 85
- E. None of the above.

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* * * Outside Values * * *
lies within ±2
                                   67
ssignment Project Exam Help
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deviations of

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https://tutorcs.com

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H 01233

77788

M 1122233334

55778889

22

н 7889

Outside Values * * *



Variance & Standard Deviation - s

- The standard devision berhaps the most commonly used measure of the spin bata.
- The variance of a sample is calculated as the average of the squared deviations from the mean, adjusted for the fact that we are considering a sample.
- The standard deviations in the Square Footo Hab variance.
- Two standard formulasilatetouse@ih6practice:

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i \text{ htt} \bar{p})^2 / \text{tutore} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{n}}{n-1}}$$

Question 4

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

For the BUS12

Approx 50% of between:



N of Cases	-	50
Minimum		17.000
Maximum		91.000
Arithmetic Mean		54.640
Standard Deviation	ŀ	15.147

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Outside Values * * *

A. 17 and 91

_ ...

B. 26 and 76

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Assignment Project Exam Help

C. 48 and 63

QQ: 749389476

D. 24 and 85

https://tutorcs.com

E. None of the above.

6 5789 7 133 7 566 8 1 Outside Values * * *

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Question 5

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

For the BUS123

Approx 50% of between:



```
Minimum | 17.000
Lower Hinge | 48.000
Median | 54.500
Upper Hinge | 63.000
Maximum | 91.000
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A. 17 and 91

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B. 26 and 76

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C. 48 and 63

QQ: 749389476

D. 24 and 85

https://tutorcs.com

E. None of the above.

5 55778889 6 H 01233 6 5789 7 133 7 566

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8 1

* * Outside Values * * *

9



Quartiles

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Ranked data can the linto four quartiles.
- 25% of the data is the first or lower quartile,
- 50% lower than the second quartile or median,
- 75% of data is less than the third or supper quartile.
- In SYSTAT, the upperignon contemporariles are referred to as 'Hinges'.

For a datametik, tutores artanged in ascending order

We wish to find the Oth quartile, Q=1, 2 or 3

$$q = (n + 1) \frac{Q}{\log x}$$
 and $Q = (x + 1) \frac{Q}{\log x}$. (the required value of x)

When q is non-integer we we calculate

 $Q = x_q + r(x_{q+1} - x_q)$ where r is the fractional part of q



Sample Data 生 Stem and 作 plot

53, 16, 66, 10, Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: RSPEND, N = 1917, 44, 37, 25, iii Minimum 3.000 3, 50, 16, 18, 5, 31, 29 Lower Hinge 16.500 Median 25.000 WeChat: cstutorcs Hinge Maximum 77.000 Output from SYSTAT TOLL Exam Hel on the RHS Email: tutores @ 1 $=5^{\text{th}} \text{ value}$ $\Rightarrow 16$ QQ: 74938947 ■ What can youhay.//tutorcs.com 26 about that customer?

Percentiles

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- In the same way that it is divide the data into four, we can use percentiles to divide the data into one hundredths.
- We can calculate the certile and say that C% of data lies below this value. The median is the 50th percentile.
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For a data set $x_1, x_2 \cdots x_n$ arranged in ascending order We wish to find the eth percentile, $c = 0, 1, 2 \dots p_{00}$

$$p = (n+1)\frac{C}{100}$$
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the required value of x)

When p is non-integer we we calculate

$$P_C = x_p + r(x_{p+1} - \text{https://hertores.themactional part of p})$$

• (Note: see textbook P. 159)

Measures of 程序代码代做 CS编程辅导

- The <u>variance</u> is age of the squared deviations adjusted for estimates and the mean.
- The standard deviation is the most well known. It is the square root of the estutores
- The range is largest gname allest be revariously
- The interquartile range is Q3 Q1 it contains the middle 50% of observations.

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Sample Data程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

■ The data below the Lustomer #208

■ Q1 = ? Lower WeChat: cstutorcs 19+1

$$q = (n+1)\frac{Q}{4}$$

q Assignment Stem and Leaf Plot Pflyariable:

Step No. 25

Comparison of the property of

$$Q = x_q + r(x_{q+1} - x_q)$$
 When q is non-integer QQ: 749389476 1 H 06678

$$Q = X_q + r(X_{q+1} - X_q) \text{ When a is non-integer}$$

$$QQ: 749389476$$

$$1 + 0.667$$

$$2 + 0.25 \text{ Monash University}$$

$$1 + 0.667$$

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Sample Data程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

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Note that SYSTAT results for Q1 and Q3 are slightly: tutorcs with 06678 om different to hand calculations 3 17 SYSTAT interpolates values 5 03 from smoothed distribution/tutorcs.com



Motivating Problem代做 CS编程辅导 you!

■ Working in group will draw a stem and leaf plot for one chilicipation as indicated on your worksheet.

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- Using today's data sheet calculate the quartiles.
- (Try the 5th and 95th percentiles if you're keen.)
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Motivating Pfoblem生态分类技术与

```
Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable:
                                                                Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID40(0), N = 13
Minimum
           : 1.000
                                                                Minimum
                                                                           : 2.000
Lower Hinge: 15.500
                                                                Lower Hinge: 13.000
          : 54.000
                                                                Median
                                                                           : 17.000
Upper Hinge: 77.500
                                                                Upper Hinge: 45.000
Maximum
          : 114.000
                                                                Maximum
                                                                           : 63.000
Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID148(6), N
                                                                Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID79(1), N = 10
Minimum
           : 1.000
                                                                Minimum
                                                                           : 5.000
Lower Hinge: 6.000
                                                                Lower Hinge: 25.000
                              WeChat: cstuto
                                                               Figure : 57.500
Upper Hinge : 115.000
Median
          : 9.000
Upper Hinge: 20.000
Maximum
          : 96.000
                                                                Maximum
                                                                           : 239.000
Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID149(7), N = 11
                                                                Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID119(2), N = 21
                             Assignment Pr
Minimum
           : 4.000
Lower Hinge: 21.000
          : 36.000
                                                                Median
                                                                           : 20,000
                                                                Upper Hinge: 30.000
Upper Hinge: 54.000
                                                                          : 55.000
Maximum
          : 77.000
                                                                Maximum
Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: Distribution tutores
                                                                                    Variable: DI123(3), N = 20
Minimum
           : 2.000
                                                                Minimum
                                                                             2.000
Lower Hinge: 14.000
                                                                Lower Hinge: 13.500
Median
           : 20.000
                                                                Median
                                                                           : 27.500
                                 Q: 7493894
Upper Hinge: 30.000
                                                                Upper Hinge: 72.000
          : 141.000
                                                                           : 114.000
Maximum
Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID177(9), N = 10
                                                                Stem and Leaf Plot of Variable: ID134(4), N = 66
Minimum
           : 49.000
                             https://tutorcs.c
                                                                              0.000
                                                                Lyer Hinge: 13.000
Lower Hinge: 63.000
           : 68.500
Upper Hinge: 96.000
                                                                Upper Hinge: 39.000
Maximum
          : 109.000
                                                                Maximum
                                                                           : 121.000
```



Boxplots 1 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

A boxplot, otherwice and as a box and whisker diagram is, in its simplest for the minimum, maxific the way of the minimum, maxific the way of the minimum, maxific the way of the minimum.

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 Boxplots are the most useful tools for comparing data sets, and can be drawn https://tutorgs.or/vertically.



Boxplots 2 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- An alternative forr boxplot is to extend the whiskers of the boxplot to in the box
- We know that IQRWe@bat:@stutorcs
- Inliers are all the values greater of the line of t
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 Outliers are values outside this range denoted by '*'





Drawing Box的形写代做 CS编程辅导

Using data for Cust

53, 16, 66, 10, 77, 31, 29



2. 4, 37, 25, 24, 62, 3, 50, 16, 18, 5,

Rearranging the data:

(3, 5, 10, 16, 16), 17, 18, 24, hot; Estutgress, 37, 44, 50, 53, 62, 66, 77

$$Minimum = 3$$

$$Q1 = 16$$

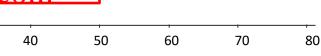
$$Median = (25)$$

$$Q3 = 50$$

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IQR = Q3 - Q1 = 50 - 16 = 34Smallest inlier: Q1 - 1.5 typs://tytorcs.com = -35

Largest inlier: $Q3 + 1.5 IQR = 50 + 1.5 \times 34 = 101$

Data fall within this range so no outliers

Key Ideas

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

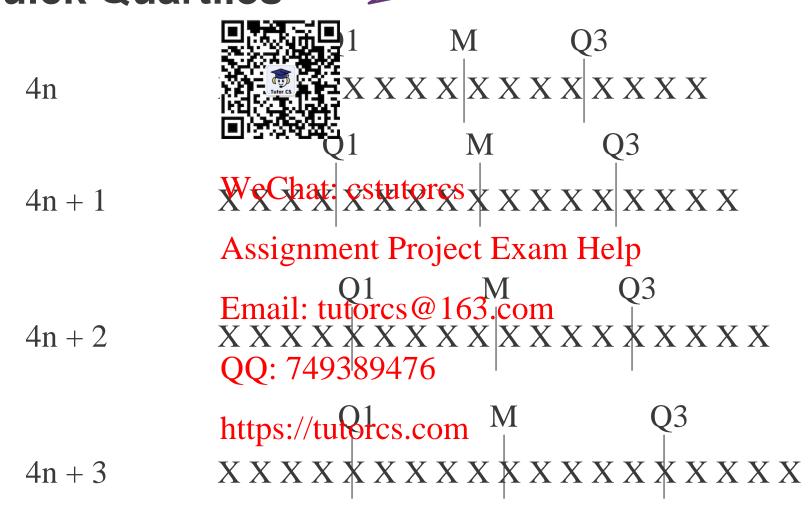
- Hand calculations for the last at a sets.
- Measures of Centre Mean. Median vs Mean.
 Measures of Centre Mean.
- Measures of Spread. Warhartice Stantons and Deviation.
- Quartiles and Percentiles now plets.
- Next week: larger data sets using Exceland SYSTAT.

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By the way, this slide is useful to help you work out the quartiles quickly - only for small datasets tho"

Quick Quartiles代写代做CS编程辅导



Reading/Questions (Selvanathan)

- Numerical Descripti
 - 7th Ed. Se
- Numerical Descriptive Methods WeChat: cstutorcs
 - 7th Ed. Questions 5.3, 5.4, 5.6, 5.9, 5.12, 5.24, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.42, 5.25, 5.26, 5.40, 5.42, 5.25, 5.42, 5.25, 5.40, 5.42, 5.
- Tutorial 2 Questions Email: tutorcs@163.com

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