FIT1008-2085 S1 2019 exam solutions 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



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Q1 - Pythor程所的写纸的S编程辅导

```
func:
   # save the $fp and $
                                                                                                                                      for the two registers
   addi $sp, $sp -8
   sw $ra, 4($sp)
   sw $fp, 0($sp)
   addi $fp, $sp, 0 #
   addi $sp, $sp, -4 # n
    # if n < 0
   lw $t0, 8($fp) # load argument p slt $t0, $0, $t0 # if 0 \sqrt{\text{tle}} $t0 at: CStutorcS
   bne $t0, $0, else # if $t0 = 1 \text{ (i.e., } n > 0) \text{ go to else}
   sw $0, -4($fp) # result = 0
                                               #jump Assignment Project Exam Help
  i endif
else:
   # compute n-1 and strenn soil: tutorcs@163.com
   lw $t0, 8($fp)
   addi $t0, $t0, -1
   # save the argument (n-) (in) the sta_2 9389476
   addi $sp, $sp, -4
   sw $t0, 0($sp)
  jal func # call func with the sign of the call func with the call func with the call func with the call func # call func with the call f
   addi $sp, $sp, 4 # remove argument
   \# result = 4*n + func(n-1)
   lw $t0, 8($fp) # load n into $t0
   sll $t0, $t0, 2 # 4*n shifting by 2
   addi $t0, $t0, $v0, # 4*n + func(n-1)
   sw $t0, -4($fp)
                                                                   # store it in result
endif:
   lw $v0, -4($fp) # put result in $v0
   addi $sp, $sp, 4 # remove local
   lw $fp, 0($sp) # restore $fp and $ra
   lw $ra 4($sp)
   addi $sp, $sp, 8
  jr $ra #go back to the callee
```

Part 1.f

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The iterative version will require exactly the same number of bytes (N) as the recursive version, since the number of dynamic objects created during their executions (which are the only ones stored by

For the MIPS code

nothing is created in the Heap.

Note that, in practice

te objects for integers and will indeed use the Heap.

Part 1.h

The Stack for the iterative version of func(n) will contain the argument n (4 bytes), the saved ra and fp (4+4 bytes), and the local variable result (4 bytes). This means a total of ra bytes for the iterative ra: r

In the recursive version, the callee will call func(n) which will then call itself n} times. And each time it will take N (16 as we shown above) bytes. That means a total of (n+1)*N bytes. Assignment Project Exam Help

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Q2 Solutions:

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2

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6

No output, code produe

7
No output, code produces an error
No output, code produces an error

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Q3-CS sa程s原代局代做 CS编程辅导

Write the output **Transport** mystery for the input values:

What does the fly tie in history costquitors

It computes the sum of the digits of x in base 2.

What is the time Austria in mounter Projecto Exam? Holp your answer.

 $O(\log x)$.

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Write the output of the function enigma for the input ...

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3

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1 5

What does the function enigma compute?

It computes mystery(x) + mystery(mystery(x)) + ...

What is the time complexity of enigma, using the O() ...

The output of mystery(x) has size log(x).

Since enigma computes mystery(x) + mystery(mystery(x)) + ..., it requires $T(x) = \log(x) + \log(\log(x)) + ...$ operations.

Since $log(x) \le x/2$, we have $log(log(x) \le log(x/2) \le x/4$.

Hence $T(x) \le x/2 + x/4 + ... = x$.

Computing enigma(x) is thus in O(x).

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

What does enig

? Justify your answer. $= 2^{11} + 2^{10} + ... + 2^{0}$, hence mystery(4095)

Observe that 4095 returns 12.

Therefore enigma(4) mystery(12) returns

Hence enigma(4098

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Q4 - Natural merging 代做 CS编程辅导

Write a function hit hich, given a list as input, returns the list of indices between the list is already sorted.

Assignment Project Exam Help What is the worst-case time complexity of the ...

It should be O(n), where n is the length of the list. (Direct analysis from code above.)

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Write a function natural_merge which takes the list to ...

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```
def natural_merge(l):
    separators = findintervals(l)
    while len(separators[0], fullOrcs.com
        merge(l, separators[0], separators[1], separators[2])
        separators.pop(1)
```

In the function above it is important not to call find intervals multiple times.

What is the worst-case time complexity of the merge function we have provided?

O(end-start), i.e. the sum of the length of the two sublists. This is visible in the range used in the two for loops.

What is the best-case time complexity of the algorithm natural_merge?

In the best case, the input list is already sorted, and there are only 2 items in the separators list, which means that the only work to do was to call find_intervals. Complexity O(n), where n is the length of the input list.

What is the wors程。导试的高级的表现,

The worst-case occurrence occurrence that the opposite order. In this case, all sublists have size 1, and we first one with 2 elements with 3, then 4, 5, ..., n. Since the merge function has complexity O(er at the opposite order. In this case, all sublists yithing iteratively. There are O(n) merges to do, the extension has complexity O(er at the opposite order. In this case, all sublists yithing iteratively. There are O(n) merges to do, the extension has complexity O(er at the opposite order. In this case, all sublists yithing iteratively. There are O(n) merges to do, the extension has complexity O(er at the opposite order. In this case, all sublists yithing iteratively.

How could a so with better time complexity be designed using the ideas presented in this question?

Even though we use merging operations, we may end up doing many inefficient "mergings" if the two lists being merging to balanced in size. Instead of merging from left to right, we could merge smaller lists first.

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Q5 - Resolving collisions CS编程辅导

22, 23, 33, 2, 37,



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