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程序代写代码做CS编程辅导



Normalisation

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# Data Normalisation

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- Relations should be normalised in order to avoid anomalies which may occur when inserting, updating and deleting data - operates at the Logical level.
- Normalisation is a systematic series of steps for progressively refining the data model.
- A formal approach to analysing relations based on their primary key (or candidate keys) and functional dependencies.
- Used:
  - as a design technique "bottom up design", and
  - as a way of validating table structures produced via "top down design" (ER modelling)



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# Sample Data

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FIGURE 6.1

Tabular representation of report format




Table name: RPT\_F

Database name: Ch06\_ConstructCo

PROJ_NUM	PROJ_NAME	EMP_NUM	EMP_NAME	JOB_CLASS	CHG_HOUR	HOURS
15	Energizer	100	Jane E. Abrogay	Electrical Engineer	84.50	23.8
		101	John G. News	Database Designer	105.00	19.4
		105	Alice K. Johnson	Database Designer	105.00	35.7
		106	William Smithfield	Programmer	35.75	12.6
		109	David M. Smithson	Systems Analyst	96.75	23.8
18	Amber Wave	114	Annelise Jones	Applications Designer	48.10	24.6
		118	James J. Frommer	General Support	18.36	45.3
		104	Anne K. Ramoras *	Systems Analyst	96.75	32.4
		112	Darlene M. Smithson	DSS Analyst	45.95	44.0
22	Rolling Tide	105	Alice K. Johnson	Database Designer	105.00	64.7
		109	David M. Smithson	Systems Analyst	96.75	48.4
		113	Delbert K. Joenbrood *	Applications Designer	48.10	23.6
		111	Geoff B. Wabash	Clerical Support	26.87	22.0
25	Starflight	106	William Smithfield	Programmer	35.75	12.8
		107	Maria D. Alonzo	Programmer	35.75	24.6
		115	Travis B. Bawangi	Systems Analyst	96.75	45.8
		101	John G. News *	Database Designer	105.00	56.3
		114	Annelise Jones	Applications Designer	48.10	33.1
		108	Ralph B. Washington	Systems Analyst	96.75	23.6
		118	James J. Frommer	General Support	18.36	30.5
		112	Darlene M. Smithson	DSS Analyst	45.95	41.4

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# Problems with data in Figure 6.1

- PROJ\_NUM intended to be a **primary key**, but it contains nulls
- JOB\_CLASS invites **en** eg. Elec. Eng. vs Elect. Engineer vs E.E.
- Table has **redundant** c
  - Details of a charc are repeated for every occurrence of job class
  - Every time an employee is assigned to a project emp name repeated
- Relations that contain redundant information may potentially suffer from several update anomalies
  - Types of update anomalies include
    - **Insert Anomaly**
      - Insert a new employee only if they are assigned to a project
    - **Delete Anomaly**
      - Delete the last employee assigned to a project?
      - Delete the last employee of a particular job class?
    - **Modification (or update) Anomaly**
      - Update a job class hourly rate - need to update multiple rows

# The Normalisation Process Goals

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- Creating valid relations. each relation meets the properties of the relational model. In particular:
  - Entity integrity
  - Referential integrity
  - No many-to-many relationship
  - Each cell contains a single value (is atomic).
- In practical terms:
  - Each table represents a single subject
  - No data item will be unnecessarily stored in more than one table.
  - The relationship between tables can be established (pair of PK and FK is identified).
  - Each table is void of insert, update and delete anomalies.



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# Representing a form as a relation

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<p>Order Number: 613            Order Date: 12/3/2018</p> <p>Customer Number: 127</p> <p>Customer Name: Cor      Centre</p> <p>Customer Address: 123      Mo</p>			
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PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY ORDERED	LINE PRICE
M128	Bookcase	1	800
B381	TV Cabinet	2	600
R210	Round Table	3	1500

**ORDER** ( orderno, orderdate, custnumb, custname, custaddress  
 (partno, partdesc, qtyordered, lineprice))

- Note this is **not** a relation
- (partno, partdesc, qtyordered, lineprice) - is a multivalued set of attributes – called a repeating group in normalisation terminology

# Functional Dependency Revisited



- An attribute B is FUNCTIONALLY DEPENDENT on another attribute A, if a value of A determines a single value of B at any one time.
  - $A \rightarrow B$
  - $EMP\# \rightarrow EMP\_NAME$
  - $CUSTNUMB \rightarrow CUSTNAME$
  - $ORDER-NUMBER \rightarrow ORDER-DATE$ 
    - ORDER-NUMBER: independent variable, also know as the DETERMINANT
    - ORDER-DATE: dependent variable
- TOTAL DEPENDENCY
  - attribute A determines B AND attribute B determines A
    - $EMPLOYEE-NUMBER \rightarrow TAX-FILE-NUMBER$
    - $TAX-FILE-NUMBER \rightarrow EMPLOYEE-NUMBER$

# Functional Dependency

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- For a **composite** PRIMARY KEY it is possible to have FULL or PARTIAL dependency.
- FULL DEPENDENCY
  - occurs when an attribute is always dependent on all attributes in the composite PK
  - ORDER-NUMBER, PART-NUMBER → QTY-ORDERED
- Lack of full dependency for multiple attribute key = PARTIAL DEPENDENCY
  - ORDER-NUMBER, PART-NUMBER → QTY-ORDERED, PART-DESCRIPTION
  - here although qty-ordered is **fully dependent** on order-number and part-number, *only* part-number is required to determine part-description
  - part-description is said to be **partially dependent** on order-number and part-number



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# Functional Dependency

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## ▪ TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCY



– occurs when Y (candidate key) depends on X, and Z depends on Y - thus Z also depends on X  $X \rightarrow Y \rightarrow Z$

– **and** Y is not a candidate key (or part of a candidate key)

– ORDER-NUMB  $\rightarrow$  CUSTOMER-NUMB  $\rightarrow$  CUSTOMER-NAME

▪ Dependencies are depicted with the help of a **Dependency Diagram**.

▪ Normalisation converts a relation into relations of progressively smaller number of attributes and tuples until an optimum level of decomposition is reached - little or no data redundancy exists.

▪ The output from normalisation is a set of relations that meet all conditions set in the relational model principles.

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# PROJECT - REPRESENTATION 1

PROJ_NUM	PROJ_NAME	EMP_NUM	EMP_NAME	JOB_CLASS	CHG_HOUR	HOURS
15	Evergreen	103	June E. Arbough	Elect. Engineer	84.50	23.80
		101	John G. News	Database Designer	105.00	19.40
		105	Alice K. Johnson *	Database Designer	105.00	35.70
		106	William Smithfield	Programmer	35.75	12.60
		102	David H. Senior	Systems Analyst	96.75	23.80
18	Amber Wave	114	Annelise Jones	Applications Designer	48.10	24.60
		118	James J. Frommer	General Support	18.36	45.30
		104	Anne K. Ramoras *	Systems Analyst	96.75	32.40
		112	Darlene M. Smithson	DSS Analyst	45.95	44.00
22	Rolling Tide	105	Alice K. Johnson	Database Designer	105.00	64.70
		104	Anne K. Ramoras	Systems Analyst	96.75	48.40
		113	Delbert K. Joenbrood *	Applications Designer	48.10	23.60
		111	Geoff B. Wabash	Clerical Support	26.87	22.00
		106	William Smithfield	Programmer	35.75	12.80
25	Starflight	107	Maria D. Alonzo	Programmer	35.75	24.60
		115	Travis B. Bawangi	Systems Analyst	96.75	45.80
		101	John G. News *	Database Designer	105.00	56.30
		114	Annelise Jones	Applications Designer	48.10	33.10
		108	Ralph B. Washington	Systems Analyst	96.75	23.60
		118	James J. Frommer	General Support	18.36	30.50
		112	Darlene M. Smithson	DSS Analyst	45.95	41.40

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EMPLOYEE PROJECT ASSIGNMENT - REPRESENTATION 2

PROJ_NUM	PROJ_NAME	EMP_NUM	EMP_NAME	JOB_CLASS	CHG_HOUR	HOURS
15	Evergreen	103	June E. Arbough	Elect. Engineer	84.50	23.80
15	Evergreen	101	John G. News *	Database Designer	105.00	19.40
15	Evergreen	105	Alice K. Johnson	Database Designer	105.00	35.70
15	Evergreen	106	William Smithfield	Programmer	35.75	12.60
15	Evergreen	102	David H. Senior	Systems Analyst	96.75	23.80
18	Amber Wave	114	Annelise Jones	Applications Designer	48.10	24.60
18	Amber Wave	118	James J. Frommer	General Support	18.36	45.30
18	Amber Wave	104	Anne K. Ramoras *	Systems Analyst	96.75	32.40
18	Amber Wave	112	Darlene M. Smithson	DSS Analyst	45.95	44.00
22	Rolling Tide	105	Alice K. Johnson	Database Designer	105.00	64.70
22	Rolling Tide	104	Anne K. Ramoras	Systems Analyst	96.75	48.40
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# Unnormalised Form (UNF) 程序代写(代做CS)编程辅导

- Identify a “subject” that needs to be modelled
  - For example, there are 6.1 possible “subjects” of interest:
  - **PROJECT** (we will call this representation 1)  
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  - **EMPLOYEE** (we will abbreviate this as **ASSIGNMENT** and will call this representation 2).  
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- Choose one subject of interest as a starting point and identify a primary key for this subject of interest.
  - For example for **PROJECT**, primary key would be **project\_number** (or we will abbreviate it as **proj\_num**).  
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# First Normal Form

- FIRST NORMAL (part of formal definition of a relation)



- A RELATION IS IN FIRST NORMAL FORM (1NF) IF:

- a unique primary key has been identified for each tuple/row.
- it is a valid relation
  - Entity integrity (no part of PK is null)
  - Single value for each cell.
  - No repeating group.
- all attributes are functionally dependent on all or part of the primary key

# UNF to 1NF transformation

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- Identify the repeating group(s), if any, in the unnormalised relation.
  - For representation 1, a project will have more than one employee assigned to it, hence there is a repeating group.
  - We have one-to-many relationship from PROJECT to EMPLOYEE.



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# UNF to 1NF 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Move from UNF to 1NF by:



- identify a unique identifier for the repeating group.
- remove the repeating group* along with the PK of the main relation.
- The PK of the new relation resulting from the removal of repeating group will *normally* have a composite PK made up of the PK of the main relation and the unique identifier chosen in 1. above, but this ***must be checked***.

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# 1NF to 2NF

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## ▪ A RELATION IS IN 2NF IF -

- all non key attributes are functionally dependent on the **entire** primary key (simplified definition)
  - i.e. no partial dependencies exist
- all non key attributes are functionally dependent on **any candidate key** (general definition)
- for this unit we will only use the simplified definition ie. look for partial dependencies based on the primary key

## 2NF to 3NF 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- A RELATION IS 3NF IF -
    - all transitive dependencies have been removed
    - check for **primary attribute dependent on another non-key attribute**
  - Move from 2NF to 3NF by removing transitive dependencies
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# Monash Software EMPLOYEE form

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- List all attributes in the form, maintain consistency with previously used attribute names if exist:
  - emp\_no, emp\_name, emp\_dob, emp\_street\_no, emp\_street, emp\_town, emp\_pcode, phone\_type, phone\_no, degree\_name, degree\_institution, degree\_year, fmemb\_no, fmemb\_name, fmemb\_dob, skill\_name
- Determine if any attribute is multivalued for a given entity instance
  - phone\_type, phone\_no, degree\_name, degree\_institution, degree\_year, fmemb\_no, fmemb\_name, fmemb\_dob, skill\_name

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# Summary

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## ■ Things to remember



- Primary Key selection in moving from UNF to 1NF is important, it will determine the starting point (choose your subject of interest).
- Functional dependency
- Process of removing attributes in relations based on the concept of 1NF, 2NF and 3NF.
  - UNF to 1NF define PK & remove repeating group.
  - 1NF to 2NF remove partial dependency.
  - 2NF to 3NF remove transitive dependency.

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