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INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY

程序代写代做CS编程辅导



Week 2 – Relational Model
FIT2094 Database

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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Overview

- Relational Model
- Relational Algebra



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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 The Relational Model

- Introduced by CODD in 1970 as the fundamental basis for relational DBMS's
- Basic structure is the notion of a RELATION mapped to the 'concept' of a table (taking the physical representation of relation)
 - Relation - abstract concept
 - Table - physical representation
 - Storage structure - "real thing" - eg. isam file
- Relational Model Terminology
 - DOMAIN - set of atomic (indivisible) values
 - specify
 - name
 - data type
 - data format
- Examples:
 - customer_number domain - 5 character string of the form xxxdd
 - name domain - 20 character string
 - address domain - 30 character string containing street, town & postcode
 - credit_limit domain - money in the range \$1,000 to \$99,999



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A Relation

- A relation consists of
 - heading
 - body
- Relation Heading



- Also called Relational Schema consists of a fixed set of attributes
 - $R(A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n)$
 - R = relation name, A_i = attribute i
- Each attribute corresponds to one underlying domain
 - Customer relation heading
 - CUSTOMER(custno, custname, custadd, credlimit)
 - » $\text{dom}(\text{custno}) = \text{customer_number}$
 - » $\text{dom}(\text{custname}) = \text{name}$
 - » $\text{dom}(\text{custadd}) = \text{address}$
 - » $\text{dom}(\text{credlimit}) = \text{credit_limit}$

custno	custname	custadd	credlimit
--------	----------	---------	-----------

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Relation Body

▪ Relation Body

- Also called Relation (state)

- $r(R) = \{t_1, t_2, \dots, t_m\}$
- consists of a finite set of n-tuples

- Relation consists of tuples $t_1, t_2, t_3, \dots, t_m$

- m = number of tuples = **relation cardinality**

- each n-tuple is an ordered list of n values

- $t = \langle v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n \rangle$

- n = number of values in tuple (no of attributes) = **relation degree**

- In the tabular representation:

- Relation heading \Rightarrow column headings

- Relation body \Rightarrow set of data rows

custno	custname	streetadd	credlimit
SMI13	SMITH	Wide Rd, Clayton, 3168	2000
JON44	JONES	Narrow St, Clayton, 3168	10000
BRO23	BROWN	Here Rd, Clayton, 3168	10000

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Relation Properties

- No duplicate tuples
 - by definition sets do not contain duplicate elements
 - hence tuples are unique
- Tuples are unordered within a relation
 - by definition sets are not ordered
 - hence tuples can only be accessed by content
- No ordering of attributes within a tuple
 - by definition sets are not ordered

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Relation Properties cont'd

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- Tuple values are - cannot be divided
 - EMPLOYEES (ename, departno, dependants)
 - not dependants (depname, depage)
- multivalued
 - hence no multivalued (repeating) attributes allowed, called the first normal form rule
- COMPARE with tabular representation
 - normally nothing to prevent duplicate rows
 - rows are ordered
 - columns are ordered
 - tables and relations are not the same 'thing'



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surname	firstname	degree	DOB
Black	Sam	BBIS	02-02-1996
Brown	Jane	BITS	01-01-1995
Chen	Li	BITS	09-02-1996
Grey	John	BCS	15-12-1995
Indigo	John	BITS	28-10-1995
Black	John	BCS	13-05-1996
Chen	Maria	BITS	31-08-1995

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Functional Dependency

- A set of attributes X functionally determines an attribute Y if, and only if, for each X value there is exactly one Y value in the relation. It is denoted as $X \rightarrow Y$.
- For example, given the data above:
 - $\text{firstname, surname} \rightarrow \text{degree}$
 - *but*
 - $\text{firstname} \rightarrow \text{degree}$ does not hold
 - What about: $\text{degree} \rightarrow \text{firstname, surname}$?

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Relational Keys



- A candidate key of a relation R is an attribute or set of attributes which exhibits the following properties:
 - No two tuples give the same value for K (Uniqueness property)
 - No proper subset of K has the uniqueness property (Minimality or Irreducibility property)
- One candidate key is chosen to be the primary key of a relation. Remaining candidate keys are termed alternate keys.
- A superkey is an attribute or set of attributes which only exhibits the uniqueness property

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Selection of a Primary key



- A primary key must be chosen from the data that *may be added to the table in the future*
 - Names, dates of birth are unique and as such are not a good option
 - PK should be free of extra semantic meaning, preferably single attribute, preferably numeric (see Table 5.3 Coronel & Morris)
 - Natural vs Surrogate

stu_no	surname	firstname	degree	DOB
1111	Black	Sam	BBIS	02-02-1996
1112	Brown	Jane	BCS	01-01-1995
1113	Chen	Chan	BITS	09-02-1996
1114	Grey	Maria	BCS	15-12-1995
1115	Indigo	Jose	BITS	28-10-1995
1116	Black	Jet	BCS	13-05-1996
1117	Chen	Maria	BBIS	31-08-1995

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TABLE 5.3

DESIRABLE PRIMARY KEY CHARACTERISTICS

PK CHARACTERISTIC	
Unique values	Identify each entity instance. A primary key must be able to uniquely identify each entity instance. It cannot contain nulls.
Nonintelligent	Do not have embedded semantic meaning other than to uniquely identify an attribute with embedded semantic meaning is probably better characteristic of the entity than as an identifier. For example, a primary key of "Smith, Martin" would be preferred over "Smith, Martin" as a primary key identifier.
No change over time	If an attribute has semantic meaning, it might be subject to updates, which is why names do not make good primary keys. If Vickie Smith is the primary key, what happens if she changes her name when she gets married? If a primary key is subject to change, the foreign key values must be updated, thus adding to the database work load. Furthermore, changing a primary key value means that you are basically changing the identity of an entity. In short, the PK should be permanent and unchangeable.
Preferably single-attribute	A primary key should have the minimum number of attributes possible (irreducible). Single-attribute primary keys are desirable but not required. Single-attribute primary keys simplify the implementation of foreign keys. Having multiple-attribute primary keys can cause primary keys of related entities to grow through the possible addition of many attributes, thus adding to the database workload and making (application) coding more cumbersome.
Preferably numeric	Unique values can be better managed when they are numeric, because the database can use internal routines to implement a counter-style attribute that automatically increments values with the addition of each new row. In fact, most database systems include the ability to use special constructs, such as Autonumber in Microsoft Access, sequence in Oracle, or unique identifier in MS SQL Server to support self-incrementing primary key attributes.
Security-compliant	The selected primary key must not be composed of any attribute(s) that might be considered a security risk or violation. For example, using a Social Security number as a PK in an EMPLOYEE table is not a good idea.



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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Writing Relations

- Relations may be represented using the following notation:



- `relation_name(attribute1, attribute2, ...)`

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- The primary key is underlined.

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- Example:

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- `staff(staffid, surname, initials, address, phone)`

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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Relational Database

- A relational database is a collection of normalised relations.
- Normalisation is the design phase of the database and will be discussed in a later lecture.



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Example relational database:

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order (order_id, orderdate,)

order-line (order_id, product_id, quantity)

product (product_id, description, unit_price)

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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Foreign Key (FK)

- An attribute/s in a table that exists in the same, or another table as a Primary Key.
- Referential Integrity
 - A Foreign Key value must either match the *primary* key in another table or be NULL.
- The pairing of PK and FK creates relationships (logical connections) between tables. Hence the abstraction away from the underlying storage model.

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- Entity integrity
 - Primary key must be unique
 - Primary key value must not be NULL.
- Referential integrity
 - The values of FK must either match a value of the PK in the related relation or be NULL.
- Column/Domain integrity
 - All values in a given column must come from the same domain (the same data type and range).



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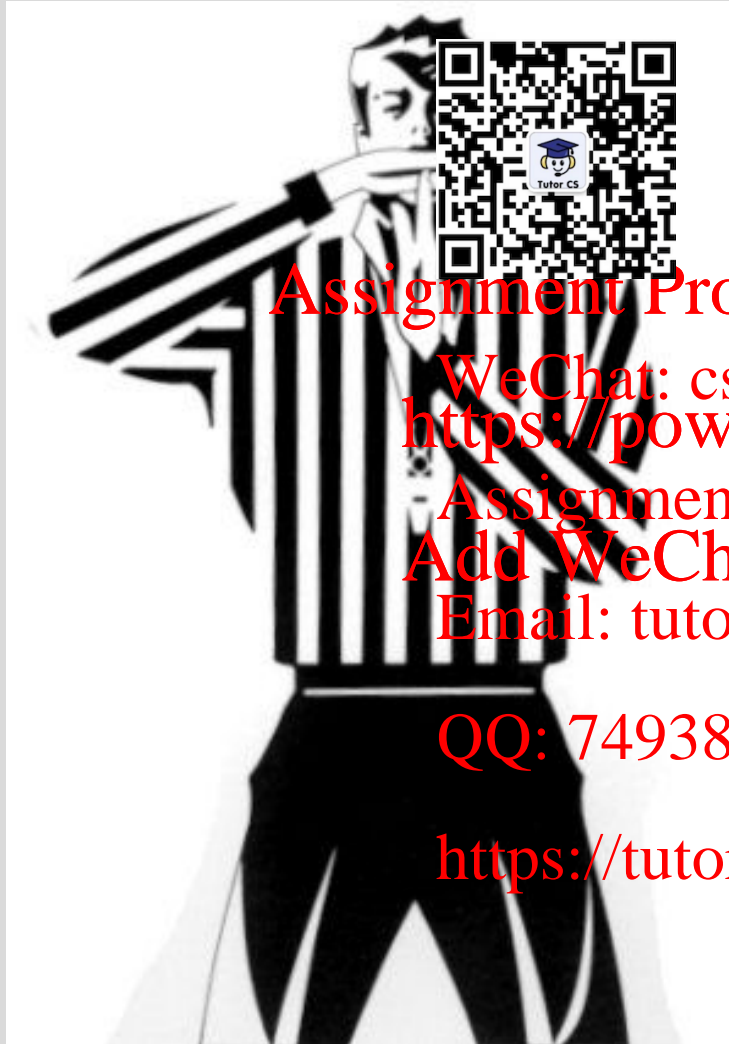
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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Relational DMLs

- Relational Calcul
- Relational Alge
- Transform Query Languages (e.g. SQL)
- Graphical Languages
- Exhibit the “closure” property - queries on relations produce relations



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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Relational Calculus

- Based on mathematical logic.
 - Non-procedural
 - Primarily of theoretical importance
 - May be used as a yardstick for measuring the power of other relational languages ("relational completeness").
 - Operators may be applied to any number of relations.
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RELATIONAL ALGEBRA

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Manipulation of relational data

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程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 Relational Algebra



- Relationally complete.
- Procedural.
- Operators only apply to at most two relations at a time.
- 8 basic operations:
 - single relation: selection, projection
 - cartesian product, join
 - union
 - intersection
 - difference
 - division

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Relational Operation PROJECT



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PROJECT_CODE	PROJECT_MANAGER	PROJECT_BID_PRICE
21-5Z	Holly B. Parker	\$18,832,460.00
25-2D	Vine D. Grant	\$12,500,000.00
25-5A	George F. Dorts	\$2,512,420.00
25-9T	Holly B. Parker	\$21,563,234.00
27-4Q	George F. Dorts	\$10,314,545.00
29-2D	Holly B. Parker	\$25,559,999.00
31-7P	William K. Moor	\$56,850,000.00

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Relational Operation SELECT



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PROJECT_CODE PROJECT_MANAGER PROJECT_BID_PRICE

21-5Z Holly B. Parker \$16,833,460.00

25-2D Jane D. Grant \$12,500,000.00

25-5A George F. Fouts \$32,514,440.00

25-9A Holly B. Parker \$71,669,234.00

27-4Q George F. Fouts \$10,314,545.00

29-2D Holly B. Parker \$25,559,999.00

31-7P William H. Wood \$56,850,000.00

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Relational Operation Multiple Actions



PROJECT_CODE	MANAGER	PROJECT_BID_PRICE
25-2D	Jane D. Grant	\$12,500,000.00
25-5A	George F. Dons	\$32,512,420.00
25-9T	Holly B. Parker	\$21,563,234.00
27-4Q	George F. Dons	\$10,314,545.00
29-2D	Holly B. Parker	\$25,559,999.00
31-7P	William K. Moor	\$56,850,000.00

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Result = $\pi_{\text{project_manager}}(\sigma_{\text{project_code}=25-5A}(\text{PROJECT}))$

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SQL vs Relational Algebra in the Database



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DBMS

SQL Query

Query Processor

Relational Algebra Operations

```
SELECT project_manager  
FROM project  
WHERE project_code='25-5A';
```

$$\pi_{\text{project_manager}}(\sigma_{\text{project_code}=25-5A} \text{PROJECT})$$

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JOIN

- Join operator used to combine data from two or more relations, based on a common attribute or attributes.



- Different types:

- theta-join
- equi-join
- natural join
- outer join

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THETA JOIN (Generalised join)

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(Relation_1)



Relation_2)

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- F is a predicate (i.e. truth-valued function) which is of the form $\text{Relation}_1.a \theta \text{Relation}_2.b$.
- θ is one of the standard arithmetic comparison operators, i.e. $<, \leq, =, \geq, >$.
- Most commonly, θ is equals ($=$)

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NATURAL JOIN

STUDENT		MARK		
ID		ID	Subj	Marks
1		1	1004	95
2		2	1045	55
		1	1045	90

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Step 1: STUDENT X MARK

Step 2: delete rows where IDs do not match (select =)

STUDENT.	Name	MARK.ID	Subj	Marks
ID				
1	Alice	1	1004	95
1	Alice	2	1045	55
1	Alice	1	1045	90
2	Bob	1	1004	95
2	Bob	2	1045	55
2	Bob	1	1045	90

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NATURAL JOIN

STUDENT		MARK		
ID	Name	ID	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1	1004	95
2	Bob	2	1045	55
			1049	90

Step 1: STUDENT X MARK

Step 2: delete rows where IDs do not match (select ≠)

Step 3: delete duplicate columns (project away)

ID	Name	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1004	95
1	Alice	1045	90
2	Bob	1045	55

A natural join of STUDENT and MARK

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OUTER JOIN

STUDENT			MARK		
ID	Name		ID	Subj	Marks
1	Alice		1	1004	95
2	Bob		2	1045	55
3	Chris		1	1045	90
			4	1004	100

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No information for Chris and the student with ID 4

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ID	Name	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1004	95
1	Alice	1045	90
2	Bob	1045	55

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A natural join of STUDENT and MARK

FULL OUTER JOIN

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STUDENT		MARK		
ID	Name	ID	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1	1004	95
2	Bob	2	1045	55
3	Chris	1	1045	90
		4	1004	100



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Get (incomplete) information of both Chris and student with ID 4

ID	Name	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1004	95
1	Alice	1045	90
2	Bob	1045	55
3	Chris	Null	Null
4	Null	1004	100

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A full outer join of STUDENT and MARK

LEFT OUTER JOIN 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

STUDENT		MARK		
ID	Name	ID	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1	1004	95
2	Bob	2	1045	55
3	Chris	1	1045	90

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Get (incomplete) information of only Chris

ID	Name	Subj	Marks
1	Alice	1004	95
1	Alice	1045	90
2	Bob	1045	55
3	Chris	Null	Null

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A left outer join of STUDENT and MARK

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RIGHT OUTER JOIN

STUDENT

ID

Name

MARK

ID

Subj

Marks

1

Alice

1

1004

95

2

Bob

2

1045

55

3

Chris

1

1045

90

Get (incomplete) information of the student with ID 4

ID

Name

Subj

Marks

1

Alice

1004

95

1

Alice

1045

90

2

Bob

1045

55

4

Null

1004

100

A right outer join of STUDENT and MARK