



MONASH University

程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Information Technology

FIT5202 (Voc 1)



Week 1c – Introduction to Parallel Databases

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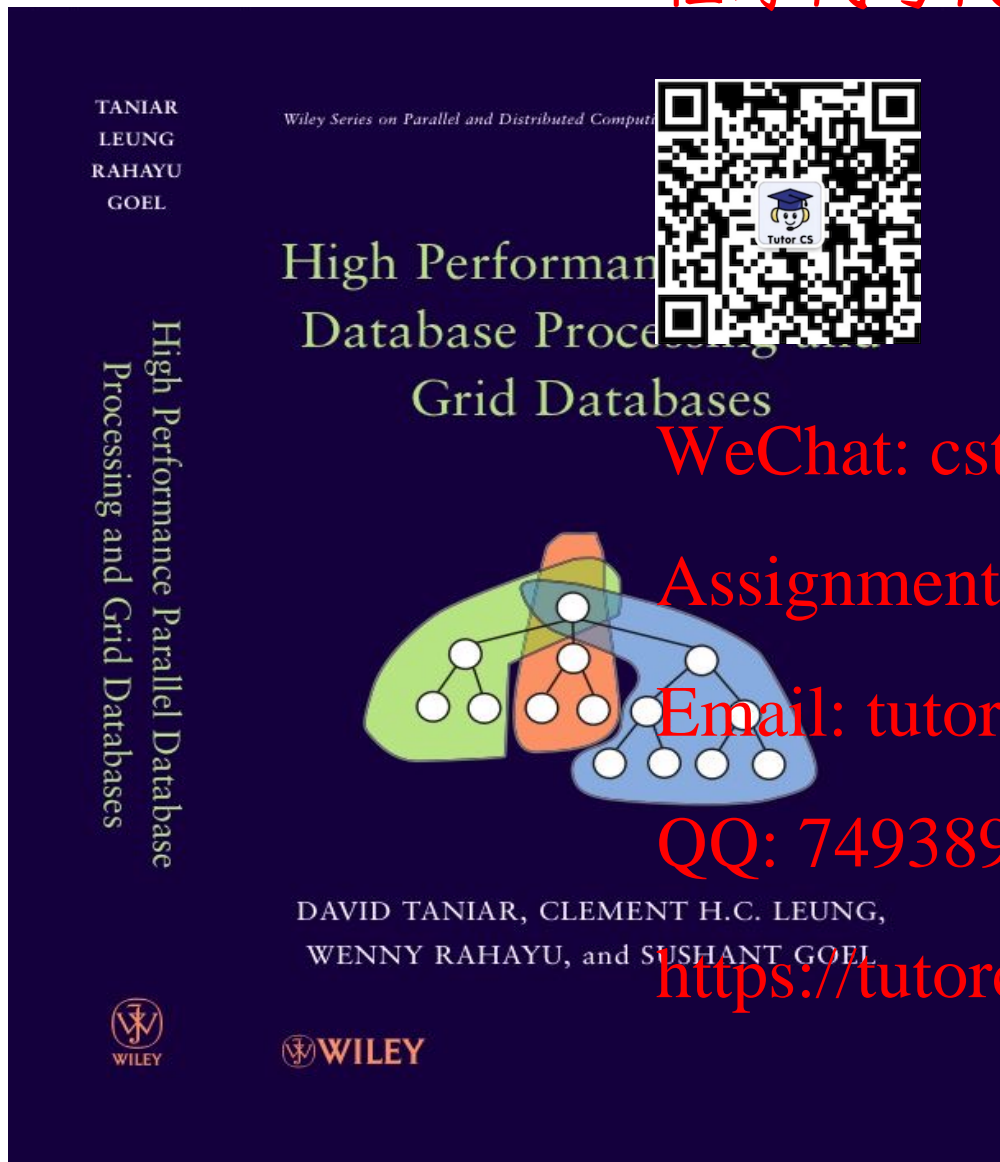
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# Chapter 1 Introduction

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- 1.1 A Brief Overview - Parallel Databases and Grid Databases
- 1.2 Parallel Query Processing: Motivations
- 1.3 Parallel Query Processing: Objectives
- 1.4 Forms of Parallelism
- 1.5 Parallel Database Architectures
- 1.6 Grid Database Architecture
- 1.7 Structure of this Book
- 1.8 Summary
- 1.9 Bibliographical Notes
- 1.10 Exercises

## 1.1/1.2. A Brief Overview, and Motivations



- An example:
  - If we have 1 petabyte, and the processing speed is 1GB/sec
  - How long does it take to process 1 PB of data?

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## 1.1/1.2. A Brief Overview and Motivations (cont'd)

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- What is parallel processing? Why not just use a faster computer?
  - Even fast computers have limitations
  - Limited by speed of light
  - Other hardware limitations



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- Parallel processing divides a large task into smaller subtasks
- Database processing works well with parallelism (coarse-grained parallelism)
- Lesser complexity but need to work with a large volume of data

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## 1.1/1.2. A Brief Overview and Motivations (cont'd)

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- **Moore's Law:** number of transistors will double every 18-24 months
- CPU performance would increase by 50-60% per year
- Disk access time or disk throughput increases by 8-10% only
- Disk capacity also increases at a much higher rate
- I/O becomes a bottleneck
- Hence, motivates parallel database processing
- And parallel database processing is the foundation of **Big Data Processing**

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## 1.3. Objectives

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- The primary objective of database processing is to gain performance improvement
- Two main measures:
  - **Throughput**: the number of tasks that can be completed within a given time interval
  - **Response time**: the amount of time it takes to complete a single task from the time it is submitted
- Metrics:
  - Speed up
  - Scale up

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### Exercise 1 (FLUX Quiz)

- Using the freeway analogy, the number of cars that can pass through the freeway (M1: Monash Freeway) during peak hour from 7 to 9am is called:
  - A. Throughput
  - B. Response Time
  - C. None of the above
  - D. A and B

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## 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



### Exercise 2 (FLUX Quiz)

- Using the freeway analogy, the question I take to drive my car to go to work on a freeway (say M1 Monash) from the Burke Road entrance to the Blackburn Road exit is called:
  - A. Throughput
  - B. Response Time
  - C. None of the above
  - D. A and B

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## 1.3. Objectives (cont'd)

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### • Speed up

- Performance improvement due to extra processing elements added
- Running a given task in less time by increasing the degree of parallelism

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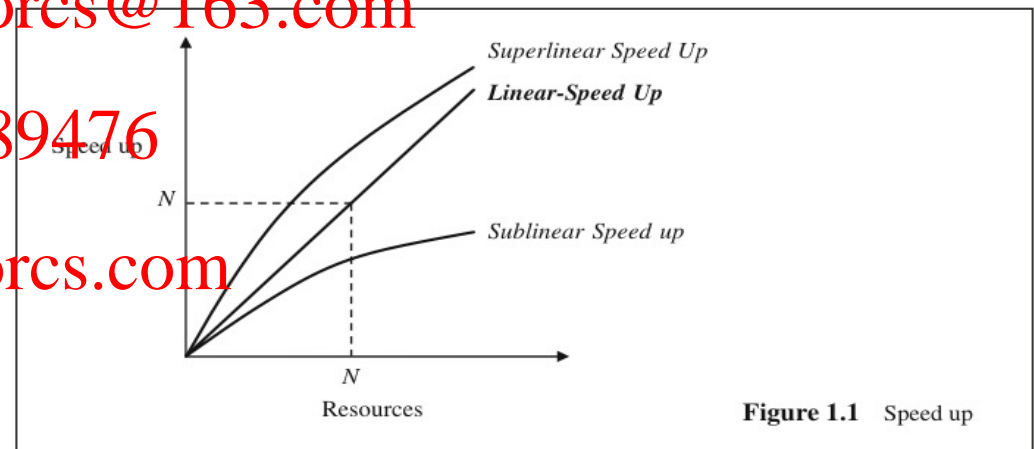
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$$\text{Speed up} = \frac{\text{elapsed time on uniprocessor}}{\text{elapsed time on multiprocessors}}$$



## 1.3. Objectives (cont'd)

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### • Scale up

- Handling of larger tasks | the degree of parallelism
- The ability to process large tasks in the same amount of time by providing more resources.

- Linear scale up: the ability to maintain the same level of performance when both the workload and the resources are proportionally added
- Transactional scale up
- Data scale up

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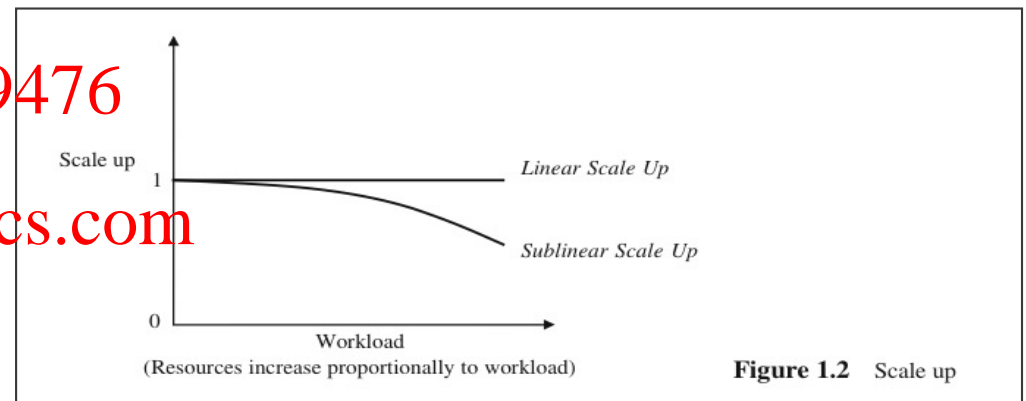
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$$\text{Scale up} = \frac{\text{uniprocessor elapsed time on small system}}{\text{multiprocessor elapsed time on larger system}}$$



## 1.3. Objectives (cont'd)

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### Transaction scale up

- The increase in the rate at which transactions are processed
- The size of the database increase proportionally to the transactions' arrival rate
- $N$ -times as many users are submitting  $N$ -times as many requests or transactions against an  $N$ -times larger database
- Relevant to transaction processing systems where the transactions are small updates

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### Data scale up

- The increase in size of the database, and the task is a large job whose runtime depends on the size of the database (e.g. sorting)
- Typically found in online analytical processing (OLAP)

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### Exercise 3 (FLUX Quiz)

- Using the current processing resources, we can finish processing 1TB (one terabyte) of data in 1 hour. If the volume of data has increased to 2TB and the management has decided to double up the processing resources. Using the new processing resources, we can finish processing the 2TB in 60 minutes.

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Is this speed up or scale up? (5 Minutes)

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- A. Scale Up
- B. Speed Up

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## 1.8. Summary

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### • Why, What, and How of query processing:

– Why is parallelism necessary in database processing?

– What can be achieved by parallelism in database processing?

– How parallelism performed in database processing?

– What facilities of parallel computing can be used?

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# Remember...

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- There is only one question



- Do you really want to pass this unit?

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Homework: Read Chapter 1 and Chapter 3  
for next week

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