Monash University

程务2代最成的GS编程辅导



Background WeChat: cstutorcs

The flight-delays prediction dataset has become one popular dataset used by the aviation industry to predict the delay given the historical flight data. Learning from data can be beneficial for the companies, e.g. aviation industry, so that they can minimize the delay to improve customer satisfaction. The insight of the data can be obtained by conducting some steps, including pre-propagal visualization and delay data using Spark RDD and Spark SQL.

QQ: 749389476

Required Datasets (available in Moodle):

- A compressed in A compressed
- This zip file consists of 21 csv files and a metadata file:
 - o 20 flight*.csv files
 - o airports.csv
 - o metadata.pdf
- Note that in this assignment, the flights.csv has been sliced to reduce the number of data in order to accommodate the hardware limitations.
- The complete dataset also can be downloaded publicly at https://www.kaggle.com/usdot/flight-delays

Information on Dataset

The flight-delays and cancellation data was collected and published by the U.S. Department of Transportation's (DOT) Bureau of Transportation Statistics. This data records the flights operated by large air carriers and tracks the on-time performance of domestic flights. This

data summarises various flight information such as the number of on-time, delayed, cancelled, and diverted flights published in DOT's monthly in 2015. 程辅导

Assignmation

This assignment cor

- Part 1: World Park to implement specific queries related to flight delays data analytics.
- Part 2: World War Latariantes in PySpark to implement specific queries related to flight delays data analysis.
- Part 3: You are received antieners at the Compare three different approaches: RDD, DataFrame, and SparkSQL.

Assignment Project Exam Help Started

Getting Started

- Download the Email: tutorcs @ 163.com
- Download a template jupyter file namely *Assignment-1.ipynb*. This template is provided in Moodle and please fully substantial and ording to the cells provided in the file.
- You will be us net flython 3/ and Ply Spark 3+ for this resignment.

1. Working with RDD (45%)

In this section, you will need to create RDDs from the given datasets, perform partitioning in these RDDs and use various RDD operations to answer the queries for crash analysis.

1.1 Data Preparation and Loading (15%)

- 1. Write the code to create a *SparkContext* object using *SparkSession*, which tells Spark how to access a cluster. To create a *SparkSession* you first need to build a *SparkConf* object that contains information about your application. Give an appropriate name for your application and run Spark locally with as many working processors as logical cores on your machine.
- 2. Read the 20 files of "flight*.csv" file into a single RDD (flights_rdd) and "airports.csv" file into a single RDD (airports_rdd). For each RDD, remove the header row and parse each comma-delimited line into a *Row object* with each column

following the data type given in the jupyter notebook cell. Please convert some columns into the preferred format. Columns that should be converted into integer: 'YEAR', 'MONTH', DAY DAY OF WEEK', "PLOTT NEMBER', Column that should be converted into float data type: 'DEPARTURE DELAY', ■ JT', 'ELAPSED TIME', 'AIR TIME', 'DISTANCE', 'ARRIVAL ile the rest are kept as string format. Note that in this d to build a set of functions which load the csv data preprocessin₁ he header of the RDD object, and finally parse the into the RD RDD object at (integer, float, or string).

3. For each RDD, display the number of columns, the total number of records, and display the number of partitions. CStutorcS

1.2 Dataset Partitioning in RDD (20%)

Assignment Project Exam Help In this section, you will need to analyse the RDD partitions.

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- How is the data in these RDDs partitioned by default, when we do not explicitly specify any partitioning strategy 389476

Once flights_rdd is created in 1.1.2, we note that the 'ARRIVAL_DELAY' column has been converted into a float data pre. In section the column 'ARRIVAL_TIME' and 'SCHEDULED_ARRIVAL' respectively. Negative value means that the arrival time is earlier than scheduled time and vice versa.

Assuming we want to keep all the data related to **flight data** in one partition and the **airport data** in another partition, please do the following tasks.

- 1. Obtain the maximum arrival delay using RDD from flights_rdd (could be a positive value).
- 2. Obtain the minimum arrival delay using RDD from flights_rdd (could be a negative value).
- 3. Make a python function and define a hash partitioning function.
- 4. Write the code to obtain the number of records in each partition. Number of partitions can be defined manually. Once you display the *number of records in each partition*, please give an argument about it?

1.3 Query RDD 检验代写代做 CS编程辅导

For the flights_rdd, write relevant RDD operations to answer the following queries.

1. Display the null and a large arch month

2. Display the average month

2. Working Tames (35%)

In this section, you will need to load the given datasets into PySpark DataFrames and use *DataFrames functions* to answer the queries.

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2.1 Data Preparation and Loading (5%)

- 1. Load all flight and airports of respectively. Hint : use the module spark.read.format("csv"), with header option is true and inferSchema is true.
- 2. Display the schema of the final of two dataframes.

2.2 Query (15%QQ): 749389476

Implement the following queries using dataframes. You need to be able to perform operations like filtering, sorting, joining and group by using the functions provided by the DataFrame API.

- 1. Display all the flight events in January 2015 with five columns (Month, Origin Airport, Destination Airport, Distance, and Arrival Delay), where the origin airport 'ANC' and name this dataframe as *janFlightEventsAncDf*.
- 2. From the query results on query no.1, please display a new query. Then please group by 'ORIGIN_AIRPORT' AND 'DESTINATION_AIRPORT'. Add a new column and name it as 'AVERAGE_DELAY'. This column value is the average from all 'ARRIVAL_DELAY' values. Then sort it based on 'AVERAGE_DELAY'. Please name this dataframe as *janFlightEventsAncAvgDf*.
- 3. Join the results on query no. 2 *janFlightEventsAncAvgDf* and *airportsDf* using inner join operation. You may name this dataset as *joinedSqlDf*.

2.3 Analysis (15%)

In this section, we want to analyse when the delays are most likely to happen using Spark

SQL. By obtaining the day of week and month in all history of flight, implement the following queries:

Find the total number of flights events, total time delay and average of arrival delay for each day of week ('DAY OF_WEEK') sorted by the value of NumOfFlights in descending presents the summary of all 2015 flights. What can you analyse ts?

2. Find the average of Srigandin Colar time deay in Cita in War of fight Consider (default).

What can you analyse from this procy results (a) 163. COm

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3. Display the mean departure delay (MeanDeptDelay) and mean arrival delay (MeanArrivatDelay) for each month (MPTH') sorted by MeanDeptDelay in descending order. What you can analyse from the relationship between two columns:

Mean Departure Delay and Mean Arrival Delay? https://tutorcs.com

3. RDDs vs DataFrame vs Spark SQL (20%)

In this part, you will be asked to compare between RDDs, DataFrame, and Spark SQL approaches to execute a query task below. Implement a query using RDDs, DataFrame and SparkSQL approaches separately.

Log the time taken for each query in each approach using the "%%time" built-in magic command in Jupyter Notebook and discuss the performance difference of these 3 approaches.

Note: Students could research and/or think of other ways to compare the performance of the 3 approaches rather than rely just on the "%%time" command.

The query task is as follows:

1. Find the MONTH and DAY_OF_WEEK, number of flights, average departure delay, and average arrival delay, where TAIL_NUMBER = 'N407AS'. Note number of flights, average departure delay, and average arrival delay should be aggregated

separately. The query should be grouped by MONTH, DAY_OF_WEEK, and

TAIL_NUMBER 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

Assignm ing

The marking of this state and on the quality of work that you have submitted rather than just quality starts from zero and goes up based on the tasks you have successfully color ity, for example how well the code submitted follows programming standards, code documentation, presentation of the assignment, readability of the code, and organisation of code.

Assignment Project Exam Help Submission Requirements

You should submit your proper stont of the resignation of the submit the following:

- A PDF file (created from the potchook) to be submitted through Turnitin submission link. Use the browser's print function to save the notebook as PDF. Please name this pdf file based on your authorate name (e.g. psan002.pdf)
- A zip file of the Assignment to Gen Shamed based on your authorate name (e.g. psan002.zip). This should be a ZIP file and not any other kind of compressed folder (e.g. .rar, .7zip, .tar). Please do not include the data files in the ZIP file. Your ZIP file should only contain Assignment-1.ipynb

Where to Get Help

You can ask questions about the assignment on the Assignments section in the Ed Forum accessible from the on the unit's Moodle Forum page. This is the preferred venue for assignment clarification-type questions. You should check this forum regularly, as the responses of the teaching staff are "official" and can constitute amendments or additions to the assignment specification. Also, you can visit the consultation sessions if the problem and the confusions are still not solved.

Plagiarism and Collusion

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https://www **■**s/academic/policies/academic-integrity

rity Resources in Assessments block on See also the links u

Moodle.

rism will be subject to disciplinary penalties, which Students involved in can include:

- The work not being assessed at: cstutorcs
- A zero grade for the unit
- Suspension from the University

 ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help

 Exclusion from the University

Late submissions Email: tutorcs@163.com

Late Assignments or extensions with the accepted unless you submit a special consideration form. ALL Special Consideration, including within the semester, is now to be submitted centrally. This means that students MUST submit an online Special Consideration form via Monash Connect. For more details please refer to the Unit Information section in Moodle.

There is a 10% penalty per day including weekends for the late submission.