程序代写代做 CS编程辅导 SEC204

Compute tectures and low level programming

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Outline 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Different ways of www.embly code
- □ Using intrinsic function (a) + +
- Writing C/C++ programs using Intel SSE intrinsics
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- Writing C/C++ programs using Intel AVX intrinsics
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Different ways of writing assembly 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- 1. Writing an entire in assembly
- 2. Using inline ass [日本] / C++
- 3. Using intrinsic functions in C/C++
 - highly recommended that must be and safer
 - All the compilers support intrinsic functions Assignment Project Exam Help
 - An intrinsic function is equivalent to an assembly instruction
 - Mixes the good miligs where the comment time, portability, maintainability etc.) with the good things of assembly (execution time)

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 C and C++ are the most easily combined languages with assembly code

Different ways of writing assembly

Using intrinsic functions in C/C++

Main advantages

- Classes, if condition
 Classes, if condition
 Indicate the condition
- Portability to almost at X drchitectures
- Compatibility with different computers cs

Main disadvantages

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 Not all assembly instructions have intrinsic function equivalents
- Unskilled use of intringition that common and the use of intringition that the use of the use than simple C++ code OO: 749389476

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Using intrinsic functions in C/C++ 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

□ For the rest of this lections in C/C++

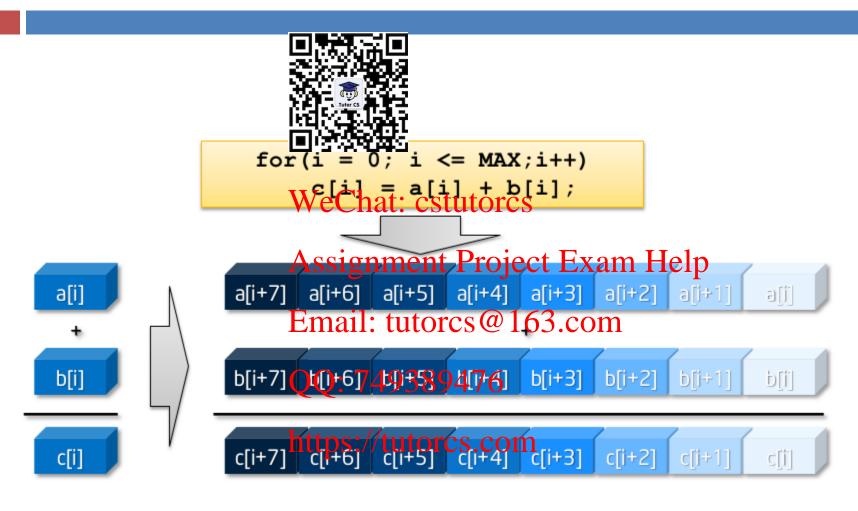


will be learning how to use intrinsic

- Normally, "90% of a program's executions ime is spent in executing 10% of the code" loops
 - what programmers not bally do to improve performance is to analyze the code and find the computationally intensive functions
 - Then optimize those instead of the whole program
 - This safes time and Prioney 389476
 - Rewriting loop kernels in Cuttoresing SIMD intrinsics is an excellent choice
 - Compilers vectorize the code (not always) but manually using SIMD instrinsics can really boost performance

Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) -

程序化等对做对多编程辅导



Vectorization on Arm Cortex series

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Arm Neon technology is Arm Cortex-A series an 11 252 processors



ced SIMD architecture extension for the

- 128-bit wide
- They are widely used in embedded systems
- Neon instructions allow up to: Assignment Project Exam Help
 - □ 16x8-bit, 8x16-bit, 4x32ibit, 12x64s 6t lift eggraperations
 - = 8x16-bit, 4x32-bit, 2x64-bit floating-point operations

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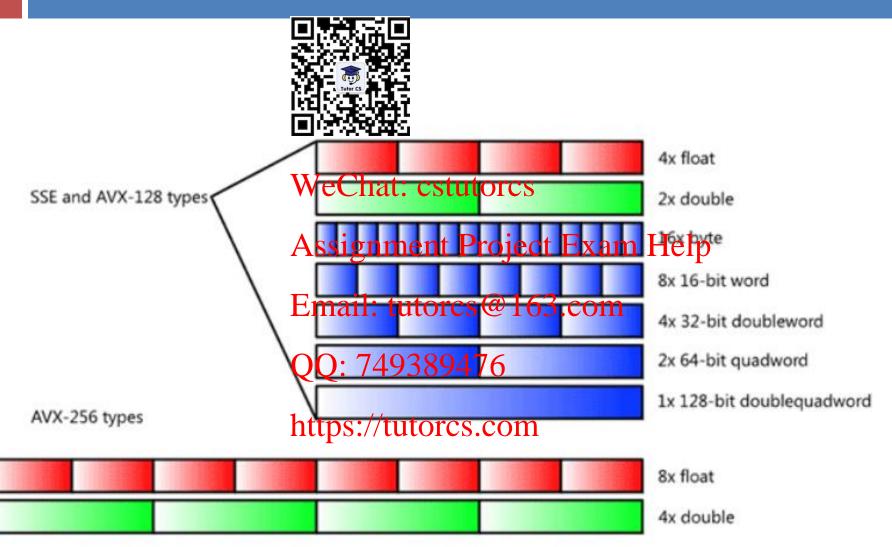
Vectorization on Intel Processors 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- Intel MMX technology (이물(함) usage nowadays)
 - 8 mmx registers of 64 📆 🐷
 - extension of the floatin it
 - can be handled as 8 8-bit, 4 16-bit, 2 32-bit and 1 64-bit, operations
 - An entire L1 cache line is loaded to the RF in 1-3 cycles
- Assignment Project Exam Help Intel SSE technology
 - 8/16 xmm registers of 128 bit (32-bit architectures support 8 registers only)
 Email: tutorcs@163.com
 Can be handled from 16 8-bit to 1 128-bit operations

 - An entire L1 cache line (i) (i) a det) to 8 he 17 fin 1-3 cycles
- □ Intel AVX technology
 - https://tutorcs.com

 > 8/16 ymm registers of 256 bit (32-bit architectures support 8 registers only)
 - Can be handled from 32 8-bit to 1 256-bit operations
- Intel AVX-512 technology
 - 32 ZMM 512-bit registers

Vectorization on Intel Processors (2) 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



Vectorization on Intel Processors (3) 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- □ The developer can use e □ □ □ AVX or both
 - □ AVX instructions improfit in put
 - SSE instructions are preferred for less data parallel algorithms
- □ Vector instructions work **Wistorth to the to the total tota**
- Assignment Project Exam Help

 Aligned load/store instructions are faster than the no aligned ones.
- □ memory and arithmeticaFiMffilctfotoe®xle63te@ff parallel

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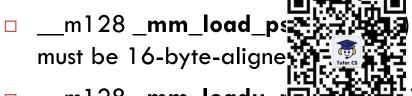
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All the Intel intrinsics can be found here:

All the finer ministes can be footia here.

https://software.intel.com/sites/landingpage/IntrinsicsGuide/#

L1

Basic SSE Instructions (1) 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

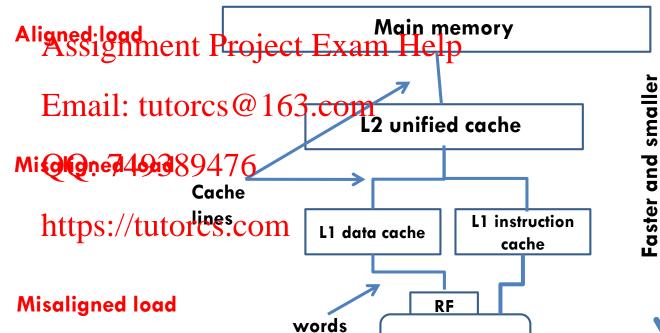


Loads four SP FP values. The address

_m128 **_mm_loadu_r**[**=** 📆) - Loads four SP FP values. The address need not be 16-byte-aligned L1

	A [0]	A [1]	A[2]	A [3]
	A [4]	A[5]	A[6]	A [7]
	• • • •			
L1				

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CPU

A[0] |A[1]| A[2] |A[3]A[4] A[5] A[6] A[7]

A[5] A[6] A[7]

L1

L1

....

Basic SSE Instructions (2) 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



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Mi @ @ ne # 4 9 1 3 8 9 4 7 6

Modulo (Address ,16)=0

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A[0] A[1] A[2] A[3] A[4] A[5] A[6] A[7]

A[0] |A[1]| A[2] |A[3]

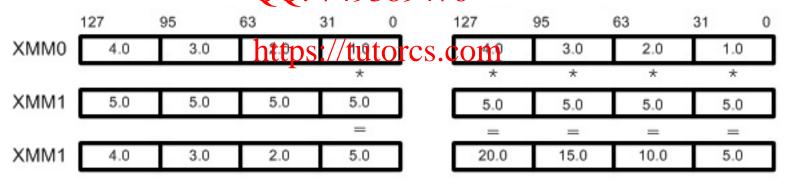
A[4] A[5] A[6] A[7]

Misaligned load

Basic SSE Instructions (3)程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- must be 16-byte-aligner.
- Stores four SP FP values. The address
- __m128 _mm_mul_ps(\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\text{Cstut286}}{\text{cstut286}}\) Multiplies the four SP FP values of a and b
 Assignment Project Exam Help
- um128 _mm_mul_ss(__m128 a, __m128 b) Multiplies the lower SP FP values of a and b; the upper is Sput products by passed through from a.

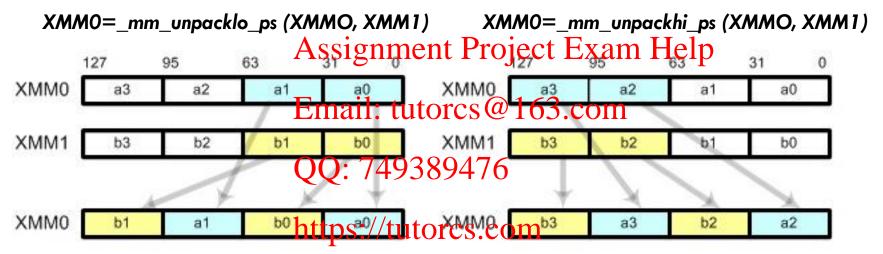
$XMM1 = \underline{mm_mul_ss}(XMM1, XMM0) + XMM1 = \underline{mm_mul_ps}(XMM1, XMM0)$



Basic SSE Instructions (4) 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导

- m128 _mm_unpack 2 28 a, _m128 b) Selects and interleaves the upper two SP FP value and b.
- m128 _mm_unpacklerises 28 a, _m128 b) Selects and interleaves the lower two SP FP values from a and b.

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Basic SSE Instructions (5) 程序代写代做 CS编程辅导



void _mm_store_ss (flood p.7493828476 Stores the lower SP FP value https://tutorcs.com

Case Study

MV 植序前肾氏斑 ts编程辅助的

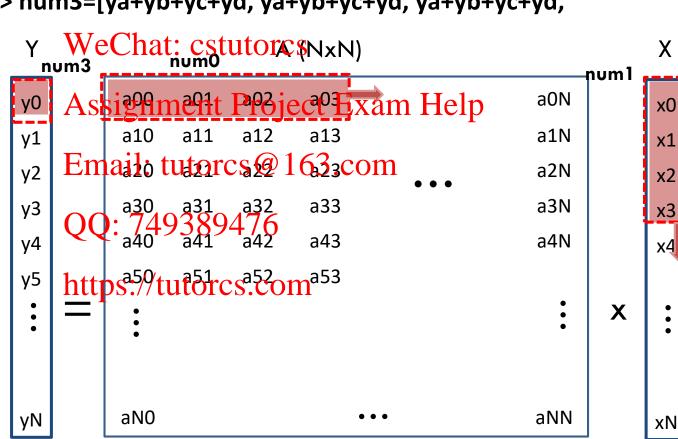
```
uoat A[N][N];
                               ! : loat X[N], Y[N];
                              Lint i,j;
                                for (i=0; i<N; i++){}
                      WeChat: cstutorcs
float A[N][N];
                      num3= mm_setzero_ps();
Assignment Project Exam Help
float X[N], Y[N];
int i,j;
                      for (j=0: j<N: j+=4){
    tutorcs@163.com
    num0=_mm_load_ps( &A[i][j] );
for (i=0; i<N; i++)
                      QQ: 749389476mm_load_ps(X + j );
 for (j=0; j<N; j++)
 Y[i] += A[i][j] * X[j];
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                                  num3= mm fmadd ps(num0,num1,num3);
                                num4= mm hadd ps(num3, num3);
                                num4=_mm_hadd_ps(num4, num4);
                                 _mm_store_ss((float *)Y+i, num4);
```



```
num3=_mm_hadd_ps(num3, num3);
num3=_mm_hadd_ps(num3, num3);
num3=_mm_store_ss((float *)Y+i, num3);
}
```

- After j loop finishes its ex minimum mass mass mass the output data of Y[i]
- num3=[ya, yb, yc, yd] whthe start with the num3=[ya, yb, yc, yd] white start with the num3=[ya, yb, yc, yc, yd] white start with the num3=[ya, yb, yc, yc, yd] white start with the num3=[ya, yb, yc, yc, yd] white start with the num3=[ya, yb, yc, yc, yd] white start with the num3=[
- after the 1st hadd -> num reliable (c+yd, ya+yb, yc+yd)
- after the 2nd hadd -> num3=[ya+yb+yc+yd, ya+yb+yc+yd, ya+yb+yc+yd,

ya+yb+yc+yd]



Case Study

MV难序的图AXXXX编辑编码y

```
float A[N][N];
float X[N], Y[N];
int i,j;
for (i=0; i<N; i++)
for (j=0; j<N; j++)
Y[i] += A[i][j] * X[j];
```

```
0;i!=N;i++)
                              ymm0= mm256 setzero ps();
  WeCfrat(kestukores k+=8) {
                           ymm1 = mm256 load ps(A + N*i + k);
 Assignatement Project Exam Proj
Email: tutorcs@163.com
           ymm2749380256 permute2f128_ps(ymm0, ymm0, 1);
ymm0 = _mm256_add_ps(ymm0, ymm2);
         ymm0/= mm256 hadd_ps(ymm0, ymm0);
ttps://tutorcs.com
ymm0/= mm256 hadd ps(ymm0, ymm0);
               mm store ss((float *) C + N*i + j,
                                                             mm256 extractf128 ps(ymm0,0));
```

```
for (i=0; i < n; i++) {
                                    What about if-conditions on SSE?
         if(x[i] > 2 | | x[i] < -2)
           a[i]+=x[i];  }
                            程序代写代做 CS编程辅导2
                                                      -2
                                                              -2
                                                                      -2
const __m128 P2f = _mm_set 4
const __m128 M2f = _mm_set __h=
                                                      -3
                                                              0
for (int i = 0; i < n; i + \frac{|E|}{|E|} = 0
                                                              a[i+2]
                                              a[i]
                                                      a[i+1]
                                                                     a[i+3]
     _{m128} xv = _{mm}load_ps(x + i)
      _m128 av = _mm_load_p\deChat: cstutorcs
     _m128 c1v = _mm_cmpgt_Assignment Project Exam Help
_m128 c2v = _mm_cmplt_ps(xv, M2f);
                                                                      0
                                                               0
                                                                      0
      _m128 cv = _mm_or_ps(Email: tutores@163.com
                                                                      0
    xv = _mm_and_ps(xv, cvQQ: 749389476
                                                       x[i+1] 0
    av = _mm_add_ps(av, xvhttps://tutorcs.com
                                                                      0
    _{mm\_store\_ps(a + i, av);}
                                                        a[i+1]
                                                               a[i+2]
                                                                       a[i+3]
                                                a[i]
20
                                                x[i]
                                                        x[i+1]
```