Murray-Stoker, D, and K. Murray-Stoker. Consistent metacommunity structure despite inconsistent drivers of assembly at the continental scale.

Data files and R script for all analyses described in the main text.

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Author Notes

The provided data were derived from the National Rivers and Streams Assessment (NRSA) conducted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency during the summers of 2008-2009 (USEPA 2016). Although the data are provided as a supplement to the manuscript to allow for re-analysis by readers and a resource for reviewers and examiners, any re-use for further publication should cite the original source (USEPA 2016).

We removed excess columns containing data unrelated to the aim of the manuscript, and some columns were renamed after careful examination of the metadata provided by the USEPA. We renamed columns due to personal coding preferences (e.g., primarily lowercase column names, more informative and intuitive variable names) and to keep track of variables included in function calls; this had the added benefit of understanding analysis summaries without having to frequently consult the USEPA metadata.

Citation for the data:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). (2016). National Rivers and Streams Assessment 2008-2009 (siteinfo 0.csv, land.csv, phabmed.txt, nrsa0809bentcts.csv, and corresponding metadata files). Available from U.S. EPA web page: https://www.epa.gov/national-aquatic-resource-surveys/data-national-aquatic-resourcesurveys. Date accessed: 2017-06-21

File List

NRSA-landscape.csv NRSA-physical habitat.csv NRSA-water chemistry.csv NRSA-invertebrates

Landscape data for the sites survey during the NRSA 2008-2009. Descriptions are derived from the metadata provided by the USEPA for each data file. Original variable names are provided in square brackets. Data were collated from <u>land.csv</u>.

- UID = unique site visit ID [UID]
- mean.annual.flow = mean annual flow in cubic feet per second (cfs) at bottom of flowline as computed by Unit Runoff Method [MAFLOWU]
- dam.count = count of dams located within NHDPlus 10 km navigated subcatchment [NHD10_DAMS_CNT]
- dam.density = density of dams located within NHDPlus 10 km navigated subcatchment [NHD10 DAMS DEN]
- basin.area = area of NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin in square kilometers [NHDWAT AREA SQKM]
- max.basin.elevation = maximum elevation value in meters (NED 30m resolution) within NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin [NHDWAT NEDELEV MAX]
- mean.basin.elevation = mean elevation value in meters (NED 30m resolution) within NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin [NHDWAT ELEV]
- min.basin.elevation = minimum elevation value in meters (NED 30m resolution) within NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin [NHDWAT_NEDELEV_MIN]
- range.basin.elevation = ange of elevation values in meters (NED 30m resolution) within NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin [NHDWAT NEDELEV RANGE]
- pct.canopy.cover = mean percent tree canopy (NLCD2001 tree canopy) within NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin [NHDWAT_PCT_CANOPY]
- pct.ISC = mean percent impervious surface (NLCD2006 Impervious Surface) within NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin [NHDWAT PCT IMPERV]
- tmax.annual = average maximum annual temperature in degrees Celsius (PRISM 1997-2000) at the sample site [TMAX ANN]
- tmax.july = average maximum July temperature in degrees Celsius (PRISM 1997-2000) at the sample site [TMAX JULY]
- tmin.annual = average minimum annual temperature in degrees Celsius (PRISM 1997-2000) at the sample site [TMIN_ANN]
- tmin.july = average minimum July temperature in degrees Celsius (PRISM 1997-2000) at the sample site [TMIN JULY]
- pct.ag = % of NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin area classified as Pasture/Hay (81) or Row Crops (82) in NLCD
- pct.urb = % of NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin area classified as either Low Intensity Residential (21), High Intensity Residential (22), Commercial/Industrial/Transportation (23), or Developed High Intensity (24) in NLCD
- pct.for = % of NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin area classified as Deciduous Forest (41), Evergreen Forest (42), or Mixed Forest (43) in NLCD
- pct.wet = % of NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin area classified as Woody Wetlands (90), or Emergent Herbaceous Wetlands (95) in NLCD
- pct.shrub = % of NHDPlus navigated cumulative basin area classified as Shrub/Scrub (52) or Grasslands/Herbaceous (71) in NLCD

Physical habitat data for the sites survey during the NRSA 2008-2009. Descriptions are derived from the metadata provided by the USEPA for each data file. Original variable names are provided in square brackets. Data collated from siteinfo 0.txt and phablow.txt.

```
UID = unique site visit ID [UID]
site.ID = site identification code [SITE ID]
site.lat = X-site GPS latitude decimal degrees [XLAT DD]
site.long = X-site GPS longitude decimal degrees [XLON DD]
strahler.order = Strahler stream order from RF3 stream data
ecoregion = NARS 9-level reporting region (2015), based on aggregated Omernik Level III
       ecoregions: CPL = Coastal Plains; NAP = Northern Appalachians; NPL = Northern
       Plains; SAP = Southern Appalachians; SPL = Southern Plains; TPL = Temperate Plains;
       UMW = Upper Midwest; WMT = Western Mountains; XER = Xeric West
       [AGGR ECO9 2015]
HUC8 = 8-digit HUC catalog unit number [HUC8]
reach.length = sample reach length (m) [REACHLEN]
bed.stability = log<sub>10</sub>(Streambed Critical Diameter-at Bankfull - mm) [LDMB BW5]
pct.bedrock = bed surface % bedrock [PCT BDRK]
pct.bigrock = bed surface % larger than gravel (64mm) [PCT BIGR]
pct.hardpan = bed surface % hardpan [PCT HP]
pct.fine = bed surface % fines < 0.06mm [PCT FN]
pct.sand = bed surface percent sand or smaller (< 2.0mm) [PCT SAFN]
pct.fine.gravel = bed surface fine gravel or smaller (< 16mm) [PCT SFGF]
pct.coarse.gravel = bed surface coarse gravel or smaller (< 64mm) [PCT SFG]
pct.riffle = percent fast water habitat [PCT FAST]
pct.pool = percent of reach with pool or glide habitat [PCT SLOW]
mean.thalweg.depth = mean thalweg depth (cm), converted from raw data in m [XDEPTH CM]
mean.width = mean wetted width (m) [XWIDTH]
sinuosity = sinuosity of sample reach [SINU]
LWD.reach = wood volume (m<sup>3</sup>) per 100m channel [LWDEQVOLM100]
embeddedness = mean streambed embeddedness (%) [EMBED]
ALG.cover = filamentous algae Mean areal cover [XFC ALG]
AQM.cover = aquatic macrophyte mean areal cover [XFC AQM]
LWD.cover = large woody debris areal cover [XFC LWD]
NAT.cover = sum of non-anthropogenic fish areal cover types [XFC NAT]
```

NRSA-water chemistry.csv

Water chemistry data for the sites survey during the NRSA 2008-2009. Descriptions are derived from the metadata provided by the USEPA for each data file. Original variable names are provided in square brackets. Data were collated from chem.txt.

```
UID = unique site visit ID [UID]
Al = total dissolved aluminum mg/L [AL]
ANC = acid neutralizing capacity ueq/L [ANC]
Ca = calcium mg/L [CA]
Cl = chloride mg/L [CL]
cond = specific conductance µS/cm [COND]
DOC = dissolved organic carbon mg/L [DOC]
K = potassium mg/L [K]
Mg = magnesium mg/L [MG]
sodium = sodium mg/L [SODIUM]
NH4 = ammonia as nitrogen mg/L [NH4]
NO2 = nitrite as nitrogen mg N/L [NO2]
NO3 = nitrate as nitrogen mg N/L [NO3]
total.N = total nitrogen \mu g/L [NTL]
pH.lab = laboratory measured pH [PHLAB]
total.P = total phosphorous \mu g/L [PTL]
SiO2 = silica mg/L [SIO2]
SO4 = sulfate mg/L [SO4]
TSS = total suspended solids mg/L [TSS]
turb = turbity ntu [TURB]
```

NRSA-invertebrates.csv

Invertebrate data for the sites survey during the NRSA 2008-2009. Data were transformed in R using the reshape2 package in order to have site-by-taxa community matrix: rows represent sites and each column represents individual taxa. Taxonomic names are all exactly as provided in the "TAXA_ID" column in the original data, except in lowercase instead of uppercase. Renaming of taxa (i.e., making all names lowercase) was done in Microsoft Excel.

The site-by-taxa matrix was formatted by using the following code in R:

Data were collated from nrsa0809bentctsmet.txt.