

DSA Lab Assignment

①

Linear Search

Q1-) // Program for Linear Search

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{  
    int n; // n is size of array.
```

```
    int i, key, flag; // i is the index that we will traverse and key is the  
    // number we want to search with flag as set as a variable for saying bool  
    // for.
```

```
    printf("Enter the total number of elements of the array: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    int arr[n]; // array of size of elements with size n.
```

```
    printf("Enter the elements of the array: \n");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]); // Storing all the elements of the array.
```

```
}
```

```
    printf("Enter the element to be searched "); // Enter the element we want  
    // to search inside the array
```

```
    scanf("%d", &key);
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
        if (key == arr[i]) // If the element is found inside the array.
```

```
        {  
            flag = 1; // the variable is set to one and then we break  
            // from the loop.
```

```
        }
```

```
    }  
    if (flag == 1) { // If the element is found inside the array.
```

```
        printf("Element found in the array at index %d", i);
```

```
    }  
    else { // If the element is not found inside the array then we print element  
        // not found
```

```
        printf("Element is not found in the array. ");
```

```
    }  
    return 0;
```

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Q2.) Binary Search by recursion

// program for implementing of the binary search in the recursive way.

#include <stdio.h>

#include <math.h>

void binary_search (int a[], int, int, int), // definition of fun.
int main ()int key, n; // n is total number of elements of the array, key is
the element we need to search with n as the index we
need to go through all of the array.

printf ("Enter size of an array you want : ");

scanf ("%d", &n);

int arr[n], // defining the array with size of n elements.

printf ("Enter elements of the array in sorted array with increasing
values : ");

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)

{
scanf ("%d", &arr[i]); // scanning of all the elements of the
array and take each element.

}

printf ("Enter key to search inside the array. "); // key we
want to search for inside the array.

scanf ("%d", &key);

binary_search (arr, 0, n-1, key), // calling of the function..

return 0;

void binary_search (int arr[], int low, int high, int key)

{
int middle; // taking middle element

if (low > high)

{
printf ("key is not found inside the array. ");
return 0;
}

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middle = (ceil (low + high) / 2);

if (arr[middle] == key) // key is found

{ printf ("Key %d found at index %d\n", key, middle); }

else if (arr[middle] > key)

{ binary_search (arr, low, middle - 1, key) // If the element at middle is more than the key then decrease the middle by position one so that middle changes.

else if (arr[middle] < key)

{ binary_search (arr, middle + 1, high, key) // If the element at middle is less than the key then increase the middle by position one so that middle changes.

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Q3.) Binary Search in iterative way.

// program for implementing the binary search in iterative way.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int n, key, i, middle, high, low, flag = 0; // variable here used.
```

```
    printf("Enter the size of the array: \n"),
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    int arr[n]; // defining the array.
```

```
    printf("Enter the elements of array one by one: \n"),
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]); // scanning all the array elements.
```

```
        low = 0;
```

```
        high = n - 1;
```

```
        printf("Enter the key you want to search: \n"),
```

```
        scanf("%d", &key);
```

```
        while (low <= high)
```

```
        {
            middle = (high + low) / 2;
```

```
            if (key == arr[middle])
```

```
            {
                flag = 1; // element found
                break;
```

```
            }
            else if (key < arr[middle]) {
```

```
                high = middle - 1; // decrease high
```

```
            }
            else {
                low = middle + 1; // increase low
```

```
        }
    }
```

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If (flag == 0) // If element is not found

{ printf("Element Is Not Found in the Array! \n"),

}
else { // If element is not found

printf("Key %d is found at index %d \n", key, middle),

{
return 0,

}