

#### **EXCEPTION AND FILE HANDLING**



## Agenda

- Introduction
- Open, read and write modes
- Adding text, counting characters
- Readline functions
- Try and except
- Try with else clause
- Finally keyword



# Introduction



## **Dealing with text files**

- Dealing with text files is known as File Handling or even called as File I/O functions.
- There are different functions involved, which helps to read, write, append, alter and perform many other functions.
- The IDE used is PyCharm and python version 3.9.1 or above



# Open, read and write modes



### Open, read and write modes

#### Open mode

This mode is used whenever you want to open your text file for reading, writing or doing some other stuffs.

#### Read mode

This mode is used whenever you want to read the text which is already stored in Your text file

#### Write mode

This mode is used whenever you want to write the text in your .txt file



# Adding text, counting characters



## Adding text, counting characters

#### **Append function**

- Append function helps us to add the text in your .txt file.
- The mode used is 'a' for appending means adding or writing some text to the file.
- For adding text to the file in a new line use \n before writing the sentence to be added.

#### Len function

- To count the characters in a text file len() is the function used.
- Firstly we open the file and read that using the functions.
- And after the reading of the text len function is assigned with the variable to find the count of characters



# **Readline functions**



#### **Readline function**

- This readline function helps us to read the text line by line.
- For using this function, firstly open file is needed and in whatever way you want you can open the file, either read or write.
- Then accordingly use the readline function to read the lines accordingly in the form of line by line.



# **Try and Except**



## **Try and Except Statement**

- The code written inside the try block executes if the code is error free.
- If the code is not error free then the except block gets executed and results an exception.
- A try statement can have more than one except statement.

# try: Statement except: Exception



# Try with else clause



## Try with else clause

• Else clause is used with the try clause when you want to execute the set of instructions in the absence of exceptions in your code.



# **Finally Keyword**



## **Finally Keyword**

• Finally is a keyword which surely executes after the execution of the try and except block of statement.

```
try:
    print(" ")
except:
    print(" ")
else : # Exceptional
    print(" ")
finally:
    print(" ")
```





Let's take a quick recap



# Thank You