

ASSIGNMENT (Week 1)

(T₀) (T₁)

1.1 Q1

Soln: $P(T_{\text{Today}}) = .6 = P(T_0)$

$P(T_{\text{Tomorrow}}) = .5 = P(T_1)$

$P(T_0 \cup T_1) = 1 - P(T_0 \cap T_1) = .3$

$\rightarrow P(T_0 \cup T_1) = .7$

$P(T_0) + P(T_1) - P(T_0 \cap T_1) = .7$

$P(T_0 \cap T_1) = .4$

(a) Today or tomorrow

$= P(T_0 \cup T_1) = \underline{0.7}$ Ans

(b) $P(T_0 \cap T_1) = \underline{0.4}$ Ans

(c) $P(T_0 \cap \bar{T}_1) + P(T_0 \cap T_1) = P(T_0)$

$P(T_0 \cap \bar{T}_1) = .6 - .4 = \underline{\underline{.2}}$ Ans

(d) x= today or tomorrow , but not both

(P₀) (P₁)

$P(X) = P(T_0) + P(T_1) - 2 P(T_0 \cap T_1)$

$= 1.1 - 2 \times .4$

$= \underline{0.3}$ Ans

1.2 Q2

Soln

Sample space (S) = $\{(x_1, x_2) \mid x_1, x_2 \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}\}$

$$\begin{aligned} & (1,1) (1,2) (1,3) (1,4) (1,5) (1,6) \\ & (2,1) (2,2) (2,3) (2,4) (2,5) (2,6) \\ & (3,1) (3,2) (3,3) (3,4) (3,5) (3,6) \\ & (4,1) (4,2) (4,3) (4,4) (4,5) (4,6) \\ & (5,1) (5,2) (5,3) (5,4) (5,5) (5,6) \\ & (6,1) (6,2) (6,3) (6,4) (6,5) (6,6) \end{aligned}$$

For $x_1 + x_2 = 8$

$(2,6) (5,3) (6,2) (3,5) (4,4)$

$P(A) = \frac{\text{Favourable Outcomes}}{\text{Total possible}}$

$$= \frac{5}{36} \text{ Ans}$$

1.3 Q3

1.4 Q4

1.4 Que 4

1. CDF of X , ($F_X(x)$)

$$F_X(x) = P(X \leq x) = p F_d(x) + \underbrace{p(1-p) F_c(x)}_{\text{if it lands heads}} + \underbrace{p(1-p) F_c(x)}_{\text{if it lands tails}}$$

2. PDF [$f_X(x)$]

$$f_X(x) = p f_d(x) + p(1-p) f_c(x)$$

$$3. E[X] = p E[X_d] + p(1-p) E[X_c]$$

$$E[X_d] = \sum x f_d(x)$$

$$E[X_c] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_c(x) dx$$

$$E[X] = p \sum x f_d(x) + (1-p) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_c(x) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \text{Var}(X) &= E[(X-\mu)^2] = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 \\
 &= p \left[\sum_n x^2 f_d(x) - \left(\sum_n x f_d(x) \right)^2 \right] \\
 &\quad + (1-p) \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f_c(x) dx - \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_c(x) dx \right)^2 \right] \\
 &\quad + p(1-p) \left(\sum_n x f_d(x) - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_c(x) dx \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

5. Given

$X, Y \sim N(0, 1)$ independent

$$Z = 1 + X + XY^2 \quad W = 1 + X$$

We want

$$\text{cov}(Z, W) = \text{cov}(1 + X + XY^2, 1 + X)$$

→ Linearity of covariance

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{cov}(Z, W) &= \text{cov}(X + XY^2, X) \\
 &= \text{cov}(X, X) + \text{cov}(XY^2, X)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\approx \text{Var}(X) = 1$$

$$\text{cov}(XY^2, X) = E[X^2 Y^2] - E[XY^2] E[X]$$

$X \& Y \rightarrow \text{independent}$. $E(X) = 0 \rightarrow 0$

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$$E(X^2 Y^2) = E(X^2) E(Y^2) = (1 \cdot 1) = 1$$

$$\text{cov}(XY^2, X) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{cov}(Z, W) = 1 + 1 = 2 \text{ Ans}$$

Ques 6.

Solⁿ: Let there be 4 companies A, B, C, D
Probability of receiving offer from
each $x = p(x)$

$$p(A) = p(B) = p$$

$$p(A \cap B \cap C \cap D) = .2$$

If $p(A \cap B \cap C \cap D) = .2$, then we don't have sufficient information.

If the chance of getting an offer from each company (not necessarily simultan.)

$$= .2$$

$$p(A) = p(B) = p(C) = p(D) = .2$$

Probability of not getting offer from my company $= (1 - .2)^4 = (.8)^4$

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$P = (1 - 0.8)^4 = \text{Probability of getting an offer from atleast one company}$
 $= 0.5904$

$$P_d = 1 - P_d = 0.233$$

$$= \underline{59.04} \cdot 1 - 2.0 \times P_d = 0.233$$

Hence, he is wrong.

Ques 7

$$(S, P) \approx 2$$

~~$2P \cdot Q = (m \geq T) \approx 2$~~

Probability of more than 120 errors

$$= {}^{1000}_{C_{121}} (-1)^{121} + {}^{1000}_{C_{122}} (-1)^{122}$$

$$= 0.1887 \approx$$

Ques 8 - Optimal no. of sandwiches required for 95%.

Expectation of one guest's demand

$$E[X] = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

$$E[X^2] = 0^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 1^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 2^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} + 1 = 1.5$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2 = 1.5 - 1 = 0.5$$

$$E[S] = 64 \times 1 = 64$$

$$\text{Var}(S) = 64 \times 0.5 = 32$$

$$\sigma_S = \sqrt{\text{Var}(S)} = \sqrt{32} = 5.66$$

Using Central Limit Theorem

$$S \sim N(64, 32)$$

~~$P(T \leq m) = 0.95$~~

$$z_{0.95} \approx 1.645 \text{ (Standard Normal)}$$

$$m = M + z\sigma$$

$$= 64 + 1.645 \times 5.66 \approx 64 + 9.31 \\ \approx 73.31$$

74 sandwiches for 95% safety

Ques
Soln

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 \\ M_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} \text{Var}(X) & \text{Cov}(X, Y) \\ \text{Cov}(Y, X) & \text{Var}(Y) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & p \\ p & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

① $E(X) = \mu$ for multivariate normal

$$\mu_x = 0, \mu_y = 0$$

Therefore,

$$E(X) = 0 \quad E(Y) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & p \\ p & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{var}} \begin{array}{l} \text{var}[X] = 1 \\ \text{var}[Y] = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \text{Cov}(X, Y) = E[(X - E(X))(Y - E(Y))]$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & p \\ p & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Cov}(X, Y) = p}$$

Ques 10

$$\underline{\text{Sol'n}} \quad \mu = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

For a jointly Gaussian vector :-

$$X|Y = Y \sim N(\mu_Y + \Sigma_{XY} \Sigma_{YY}^{-1} (y - \mu_Y),$$

$$\Sigma_{XX} - \Sigma_{XY} \Sigma_{YY}^{-1} \Sigma_{YX})$$

$$\mu_x = 1, \mu_y = 2, \Sigma_{xx} = 1, \Sigma_{yy} = 3, \Sigma_{xy} = \Sigma_{yx} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow E[X|Y=y] = \mu_x + \Sigma_{xx}^{-1} \Sigma_{xy} (y - \mu_y)$$

$$= 1 + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} (y - 2)$$

$$\boxed{E[X|Y=y] = 1 + \frac{y-2}{3}}$$

$$\text{Var}(X|Y) = \Sigma_{xx} - \Sigma_{xy} \Sigma_{yy}^{-1} \Sigma_{yx}$$

$$= 4 - 1 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 3$$

$$= \underline{\frac{11}{3}} \text{ Ans}$$

Hence,

$$X|Y = y \sim N\left(1 + \frac{y-2}{3}, \frac{11}{3}\right)$$

Soln II: Since $z = 3x - 2y$ is linear,

$$\boxed{Z \sim N(\mu_z, \sigma_z^2)}$$

$$E[ax + \lambda y] = a E(X) + \lambda E(Y)$$

$$E(Z) = E[3X - 2Y] = 3E(X) - 2E(Y) = 0$$

$E[Z] = 0$

$$\rightarrow \text{Var}(ax + \lambda y) = a^2 \text{Var}(X) + \lambda^2 \text{Var}(Y) + 2\lambda a \text{Cov}(X, Y)$$

$$\text{Var}(Z) = \frac{9 + 16 - 12}{13}$$

$$\Rightarrow Z \sim N(0, 13)$$

$$\text{Cov}(Z, X) = \underline{\text{Cov}(Z, X)}$$

$$\text{Cov}(3X - 2Y, X) = 3\text{Cov}(X, X) - 2\text{Cov}(Y, X)$$

$$= 3 - 2 = 1$$

$$\sigma_Z = \sqrt{13}, \sigma_X = 1$$

Final $\text{Cov}(Z, X) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{13}}$ Ans

Ques 12 Soln

Conditional Gaussian formula

$$X|Y=1, Z=2 \sim N(M_x + \Sigma_{x,y} \Sigma_{y,y}^{-1} (Y - \bar{y}), \Sigma_{xx} - \Sigma_{x,y} \Sigma_{y,y}^{-1} \Sigma_{y,x})$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{pmatrix} \sim N\left(\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow |\Sigma_{(Y,Z)}| = 14$$

$$\boxed{\Sigma_{(Y,Z)}^{-1} = \frac{1}{14} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$E(X|Y=1, Z=2) = [2 \ 1] \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(X|Y=1, Z=2) &= 1 - [2 \ 1] \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{14} [11 \ 5] \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{14} \left[\frac{11}{14} y + \frac{5}{14} z \right] \\ &= \frac{11}{14} y + \frac{5}{14} z \\ &= \frac{29}{14} \text{ ans} \end{aligned}$$

$$X|Y=1, Z=2 \sim N\left(\frac{11}{14}y + \frac{5}{14}z, \frac{29}{14}\right)$$