'Git'-ing better: Collaborating on your research with version control and GitHub

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Welcome back!

Purpose:

To review Git in more detail, give you more practice exercises that mimic what you may do in your day-to-day research activities, and show you how GitHub can be used for collaboration.

Caveat: We aren't here to teach statistics

Need help with stats? Use these resources!

- U of T Statistical Consulting Services (click here)
- http://www.stackoverflow.com
- http://stats.stackexchange.com

Notes and help during this workshop

Go to this website:

https://etherpad.mozilla.org/dnsWorkshops

Version control refresher

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Figure 1.

What is version control (VC)

- Keeps a history of everything done in a folder
- Like a big track changes or logbook (basic science)
- Can revert to previous change, try new things out
- Don't have to worry about losing what you wrote!

¹See the Git website (click here) for more detail.

What is version control (VC)

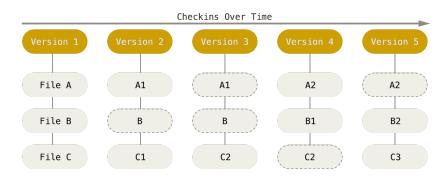
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Importance of VC!

- Future of journals and retractions
- Requests for data and code
- Transparency, scientific rigor
- Protect against accusations of fraud

¹See the Git website (click here) for more detail.

Visualization of VC²



²Taken from the Git site (click here)

Using Git

Before we start...The command line is **not** something to be afraid of!! Open up the terminal (Mac/Linux) or Git Bash (Windows).

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Open up your terminal (Mac or Linux) or Git-Bash (Windows).

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email "you@some.domain"
git config --global color.ui "auto"
git config --global core.editor "your_editor"
git config --list
```

Download our GitHub repository

GitHub³ is a place to store your git repo for several reasons:

- As a backup
- 2 To use across computers
- 3 To share with others

³Or http://BitBucket.org

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In your terminal/Git-Bash, run:

```
cd ~
git clone \
    https://github.com/codeasmanuscript/gitWorkshop.git
cd gitWorkshop/part2
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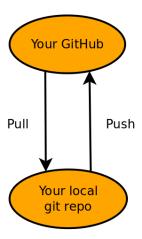
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Check out the cheatsheet.html file.

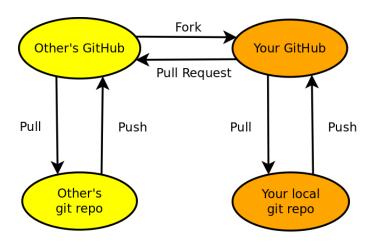
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Create a GitHub account

How GitHub works



How GitHub Forking (collaboration) works



Live coding – Create git repo from scratch and push to GitHub

Tip: Most of the time you don't really need to remember the code, just google search it! Or use our cheatsheet!! :D

Main Exercise – Collaborate on a project

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- Create a git repository in a new folder or your own research folder
- 2 Create a SAS (or R) file to practice in or add your own files
- 3 Run basic stats (means) or change a file in your own folder
- 4 Add and commit your changes to Git
- 6 Create a GitHub repo and push your changes to it*
- 6 Fork a friend's repo on GitHub (or someone fork yours) and clone onto your computer
- Ohange a friend's files
- 8 Push the changes and make a pull request
- Oheck out your own pull requests!