

Roll No. +

1	2	0	4	3	5	1	9	0	2
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

P.T. 21

B. TECH.

FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2013-14

ECH 504

De Seminar - 44

TO-46

PROCESS INSTRUMENTATION

I → 13

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Note:

- Attempt all questions.
 - Marks and number of questions to be attempted from the section is mentioned before each section.
 - Assume missing data suitably. Illustrate the answers with suitable sketches
1. Attempt any **Four** parts of the following: [4×3]
- a. Describe a McLeod gauge and derive the expression for the unknown pressure. Give its advantages and disadvantages.
 - b. Explain the working principle of radiation pyrometer with the help of a neat diagram.
 - c. Describe the dynamic response of second order type instruments with suitable examples and diagrams.
 - d. Discuss the principle, construction and operation of inclined-tube manometer with the help of a neat diagram.
 - e. Discuss the theory and construction of bimetallic thermometers with their applications.
 - f. Describe first-order type instruments with suitable examples.

2. Attempt any **Two** parts of the following:

[2×6]

- a. Describe the design procedure of pressure transducers with their characteristics and applications.
- b. What are the functional elements in a measuring system? Explain the theory and construction of Pirani Gauge with their applications and advantages.
- c. Explain 'Arithmetic Mean Method' of evaluating the data. Also describe various types of 'errors' encountered during the evaluation of performance parameters in a system.

3. Attempt any **Two** parts of the following:

[2×6]

- a. Discuss the working principle of 'Efflux' type viscometer. Also describe the procedure of measurement of viscosity using this principle commonly used in industry.
- b. Give the various devices for measuring of liquid level. Discuss any one method for measuring liquid level in a closed vessel with neat diagram.
- c. Differentiate between variable head type and variable area type flow meters. Write their advantages and limitations.

4. Attempt any **Two** parts of the following:

[2×7]

- a. Describe the principle and working of a Mass Spectrometer with its application in industry.
- b. Define industrial method of measurement of pH? Explain the principle of measurement and construction of the instrument with the help of a neat diagram.
- c. Enumerate the methods for determining quantitatively the composition of gases. Also discuss the principle, construction and operation of thermal conductivity cell with the help of a neat diagram.