

PHY3004W Formula Sheet

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1 Electromagnetism

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{D} = \rho_f \quad (1.1)$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0 \quad (1.2)$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} \quad (1.3)$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{H} = \mathbf{J}_f + \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} \quad (1.4)$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \epsilon_0 \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{P} \quad (1.5)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \mu_0 (\mathbf{H} + \mathbf{M}) \quad (1.6)$$

$$\oint \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{a} = Q_{f,enc} \quad (1.7)$$

$$\oint \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = I_{f,enc}(t) + \frac{d\Phi_{\mathbf{D}}}{dt} \quad (1.8)$$

$$\oint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{a} = 0 \quad (1.9)$$

$$\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = -\frac{d\Phi_{\mathbf{B}}}{dt} \quad (1.10)$$

$$D_1^\perp - D_2^\perp = \sigma_f \quad (1.11)$$

$$B_1^\perp - B_2^\perp = 0 \quad (1.12)$$

$$\mathbf{E}_1^\parallel - D_2^\parallel = 0 \quad (1.13)$$

$$\mathbf{H}_1^\parallel - \mathbf{H}_2^\parallel = \mathbf{K}_f \times \hat{\mathbf{n}} \quad (1.14)$$

$$\mathbf{S} = \frac{1}{\mu} \mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B} \quad (1.15)$$

$$I = \langle S \rangle = \frac{1}{2} v \epsilon E_0^2 \quad (1.16)$$

$$d\tau = \frac{dt}{\gamma} \quad (\text{proper time}) \quad (1.21)$$

$$\eta^\mu = \frac{dx^\mu}{d\tau} = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma c \\ \gamma \mathbf{u} \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{proper velocity}) \quad (1.22)$$

$$\eta^\mu = m\eta^\mu = \begin{pmatrix} E/c \\ \mathbf{p} \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{proper velocity}) \quad (1.23)$$

$$\eta_\mu \eta^\mu = c^2 \quad (1.24)$$

$$p_\mu p^\mu = E^2/c^2 - \mathbf{p}^2 = m^2 c^2 \quad (1.25)$$

$$\quad (1.26)$$

$$F^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -E_x/c & -E_y/c & -E_z/c \\ E_x/c & 0 & -B_z & B_y \\ E_y/c & B_z & 0 & -B_x \\ E_z/c & -B_y & B_x & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.27)$$

$$K^\mu = q F^{\mu\nu} g_{\nu\alpha} \eta^\alpha \quad (1.28)$$

2 Nuclear Physics

$$\Delta M(Z, A) = M(Z, A) - [Z(M_p + m_e) + N M_n] \quad (2.1)$$

$$B(A, Z) = -\Delta M(Z, A) c^2 \quad (\text{Binding energy}) \quad (2.2)$$

$$Q = [(M_i + M_I) - (M_f + M_F)] c^2 \quad (2.3)$$

$$Q = B(f) + B(F) - B(i) + B(I) \quad (2.4)$$

1.1 Special Relativity

$$\Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & -\beta\gamma & 0 & 0 \\ -\beta\gamma & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.17)$$

$$u' = \frac{u - v}{1 - \frac{uv}{c^2}} \quad (1.18)$$

$$\Lambda_\alpha^\mu g_{\mu\nu} \Lambda_\beta^\nu = g_{\alpha\beta} \quad (1.19)$$

$$I = s^2 = x_\mu x^\mu = c^2 t^2 - d^2 \quad (1.20)$$

$$T_{1/2} = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda} \quad (2.5)$$

$$-\frac{dN(t)}{dt} = \lambda N(t) \quad (2.6)$$

$$N(t) = N(0) e^{-\lambda N(t)} \quad (2.7)$$

$$R(t) = -\frac{dN(t)}{dt} \quad (2.8)$$

$$R(t) = \lambda N(0) e^{-\lambda N(t)} \quad (2.9)$$

$$I(x) = I_0 e^{-\mu x} \quad (\text{Intensity loss of } \gamma) \quad (2.10)$$

$$I(x) = I_0 e^{-N\sigma x} \quad (\text{Neutron absorption}) \quad (2.11)$$

$$D_{\text{tissue}} = \frac{E_{\text{deposited}}}{m_{\text{tissue}}} \quad (2.12)$$

$$H_{\text{tissue}} = \sum_R W_R D_{\text{tissue},R} \quad (\text{Equivalent Dose}) \quad (2.13)$$

$$N = In\Delta x\sigma \quad (2.14)$$

$$I = I_0 e^{-n\sigma t} \quad (\text{For a thick target}) \quad (2.15)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Sigma} \quad (2.16)$$

maybe include SEMF?

$$(n\ell_j)^k \quad (\text{Labeling states } [k = 2j + 1]) \quad (2.17)$$

$$S, P, D, F, G, \dots \implies \ell = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots \quad (2.18)$$

$$P = (-1)^\ell \quad (\text{for single particle state}) \quad (2.19)$$

3 Atomic Physics

4 Thermal Physics

5 Particle Physics

6 Solid State Physics