

Reproducibility review of: Flood Impact Assessment on Road Network and Healthcare Access – at the example of Jakarta, Indonesia

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Reviewed paper

Klipper, I. G., Zipf, A., and Lautenbach, S.: Flood Impact Assessment on Road Network and Healthcare Access at the example of Jakarta, Indonesia, AGILE GIScience Ser., 2, 4, <https://doi.org/10.5194/agile-giss-2-4-2021>, 2021.

Summary

The provided workflow was **partially reproduced**. The workflow combines Python and R code from multiple sources (a Github.com repo, a GitLab repo by the Uni Heidelberg, and some code and QGIS project files provided via email). The reproduction described in this report uses the Python code provided in the Github.com repo and data provided by the authors via email. The figures generated using this source code are not identical to the figures in the paper (since the paper figures were fine tuned using R scripts which were provided late in the reproduction phase and therefore could not be included anymore). However, many of the results reported in the paper could be reproduced, as described in detail in the following notes.

Reproducibility reviewer notes

The Data and Software Availability section lists two relevant repositories: https://github.com/GIScience/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper for the Python code used for the analysis of network centrality and accessibility and https://gitlab.gistools.geog.uni-heidelberg.de/giscience/big-data/ohsome/ohsome-api-analysis-examples/completeness_highway_healthsites_jakarta for the R code used to assess the intrinsic data quality.

I started with the repository https://github.com/GIScience/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper mentioned in the Data and Software Availability section. Usage instructions are provided in the repo README.md. Issues in the original version https://github.com/GIScience/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/tree/a6887825b28006d0a00febf656384e985bfeead3 were fixed during the reproduction period https://github.com/GIScience/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/tree/47340958ae75ed34fca75cb3942c41d4413286ac. The repository contains test data for Heidelberg. To reproduce the results in the paper, the authors provided the Jakarta dataset via email. To use the Jakarta dataset, file paths in the `settings.yml` had to be updated accordingly. The updated `settings.yml` is provided in the reproduction report repository <https://github.com/reproducible-agile/reviews-2021/tree/master/reports/011>.

Installation (Python repo - Github.com)

Readme instruction "To additionally install GDAL properly, run:

```
pip install GDAL==$(gdal-config --version) --global-option=build_ext --global-option="-I/usr/include/gdal"
```

failed with missing `gdal-config`.

Attempt to install as recommended by Ubuntu:

```
sudo apt install libgdal-dev
```

failed with

```
Ign:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libmysqlclient21 amd64 8.0.22-0ubuntu0.20.04.3
Err:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libc-dev-bin amd64 2.31-0ubuntu9.1
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Ign:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 linux-libc-dev amd64 5.4.0-56.62
Err:4 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libc6-dev amd64 2.31-0ubuntu9.1
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Ign:5 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libmysqlclient-dev amd64 8.0.22-0ubuntu0.20.04.3
Ign:6 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libcurl4-gnutls-dev amd64 7.68.0-1ubuntu2.2
Ign:7 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libpq5 amd64 12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1
Err:1 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libmysqlclient21 amd64 8.0.22-0ubuntu0.20.04.3
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Err:3 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 linux-libc-dev amd64 5.4.0-56.62
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Err:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libmysqlclient-dev amd64 8.0.22-0ubuntu0.20.04.3
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Err:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libcurl4-gnutls-dev amd64 7.68.0-1ubuntu2.2
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Err:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libpq5 amd64 12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
Ign:8 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libpq-dev amd64 12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1
Err:8 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libpq-dev amd64 12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mysql-8.0/libmysqlclient21_8.0.22-0ubuntu0.20.04.3_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/g/glibc/libc-dev-bin_2.31-0ubuntu9.1_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux/linux-libc-dev_5.4.0-56.62_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/g/glibc/libc6-dev_2.31-0ubuntu9.1_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mysql-8.0/libmysqlclient-dev_8.0.22-0ubuntu0.20.04.3_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/c/curl/libcurl4-gnutls-dev_7.68.0-1ubuntu2.2_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/postgresql-12/libpq5_12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Failed to fetch http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/postgresql-12/libpq-dev_12.5-0ubuntu0.20.04.1_amd64.deb
404 Not Found [IP: 91.189.88.142 80]
E: Unable to fetch some archives, maybe run apt-get update or try with --fix-missing?
```

Installed using conda instead:

```
conda install gdal
```

1. Data preprocessing

Preprocessing was run with the HOT option, as confirmed by the authors. The error message relating to proj.db does not seem to impact the generation of necessary output files.

```
(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.  
data_preprocessing.run_preprocessing HOT  
preprocessed/hd_border.shp saved.  
preprocessed/flooded.shp saved.  
preprocessed/healthsites.shp saved.  
preprocessed/healthsites_flooded.shp saved.  
ERROR 1: PROJ: proj_identify: /home/agraser/miniconda3/envs/jakarta_venv/share/proj/proj.db lacks DATABASE.LAYOUT.VERSION.  
MAJOR / DATABASE.LAYOUT.VERSION.MINOR metadata. It comes from another PROJ installation.  
input/jakarta/idn_ppp_2020.tif saved.
```

2. Road network

2.1. Download and preperation of network graph

The road network for Jakarta was downloaded using:

```
(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.network.  
download_network 'Jakarta, Indonesia' 'drive_service' 'normal' 'ma_jakarta/network_graphs'  
normal graph data saved in: ma_jakarta/network_graphs/normal
```

2.2. Network centrality (and creation of flood related network)

Normal network centrality measures were calculated using:

```
(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.  
network.run_network normal Betweenness Closeness  
Network Properties:  
nodes, edges          155995, 204658  
directed?              True  
weighted?              True  
isolated nodes        36391  
self-loops             341  
density                0.000008  
min/max/avg degree    0, 5, 1.311952  
degree assortativity   0.007009  
number of connected components 131182  
size of largest component 20387 (13.07 %)  
Created weighted NetworkKit graph.  
[(102933, 0.002901351323908125),  
 (39521, 0.0027094797711693696),  
 (32932, 0.0026536290042804183),  
 (115431, 0.002653575293361472),  
 (76073, 0.0026205982274465868),  
 (120298, 0.00254978155201745),  
 (58469, 0.0025497278410985032),  
 (134169, 0.002549674130179557),  
 (150225, 0.00254962041926061),  
 (92025, 0.0025350645547519857)]  
Betweenness calculated  
[(146030, 2.414223489700397),  
 (3535, 2.236996979444534),  
 (148463, 2.0216411856626046),  
 (143027, 1.9263688547432862),  
 (88296, 1.9253694128773569),  
 (66801, 1.8745620907697444),  
 (47735, 1.8724592677886949),  
 (88530, 1.8700852658684035),  
 (81095, 1.8609954542643954),  
 (118364, 1.857541131419174)]  
Closeness calculated  
Centrality saved: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/  
normal/nodes_centrality.shp
```

Flooded network centrality was calculated using:

```
(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.  
network.run_network flooded Betweenness Closeness  
Directory /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/flooded  
created  
flooded  
Directory /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/network_graphs/flooded created  
Amount of intersected and removed nodes: 36311  
Warning 1: One or several characters couldn't be converted correctly from UTF-8 to ISO-8859-1. This warning will not be  
emitted anymore.  
Intersected networkx graph saved  
Network Properties:  
nodes, edges          119684, 154603  
directed?              True
```

```

weighted?                True
isolated nodes            28578
self-loops                247
density                   0.000011
min/max/avg degree        0, 5, 1.291760
degree assortativity       0.008635
number of connected components 103901
size of largest component  9206 (7.69 %)
Created weighted NetworkKit graph.
[(4668, 0.004048188882717679),
 (43517, 0.004044745965828773),
 (87157, 0.003095476197477376),
 (87948, 0.0030953730132945185),
 (39975, 0.00297666798852307),
 (39976, 0.002976564804340212),
 (78407, 0.0029419340143956034),
 (22319, 0.002823871621832006),
 (57920, 0.0028237684376491486),
 (101938, 0.002822593618008332)]
Betweenness calculated
[(111951, 2.442676976130915),
 (104985, 2.0251706933103026),
 (113971, 1.7585514578275194),
 (2740, 1.7482833074624562),
 (68264, 1.7334204547143437),
 (109564, 1.6954640193597772),
 (51998, 1.572933239442508),
 (78251, 1.4904068721989487),
 (71871, 1.469294387868634),
 (48382, 1.4669275261543913)]
Closeness calculated
Centrality saved: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/
flooded/nodes_centrality.shp

```

The paper states that “A few nodes in the center of the city gained in betweenness centrality but on average the value decreased slightly from 0.00004 to 0.00002” and “On average the HC value decreased from 0.25 to 0.13”.

The reproduction results are similar but not identical: For the “normal” scenario `normal/nodes_centrality.shp`, QGIS statistics panel reports a mean `btwn` value of $3.413\text{e-}05$ and a mean `cls` value of 0.223956. For the “flooded” scenario `flooded/nodes_centrality.shp`, QGIS statistics panel reports a mean `btwn` value of $1.8945\text{e-}05$ and a mean `cls` value of 0.119481.

2.3. Network resilience

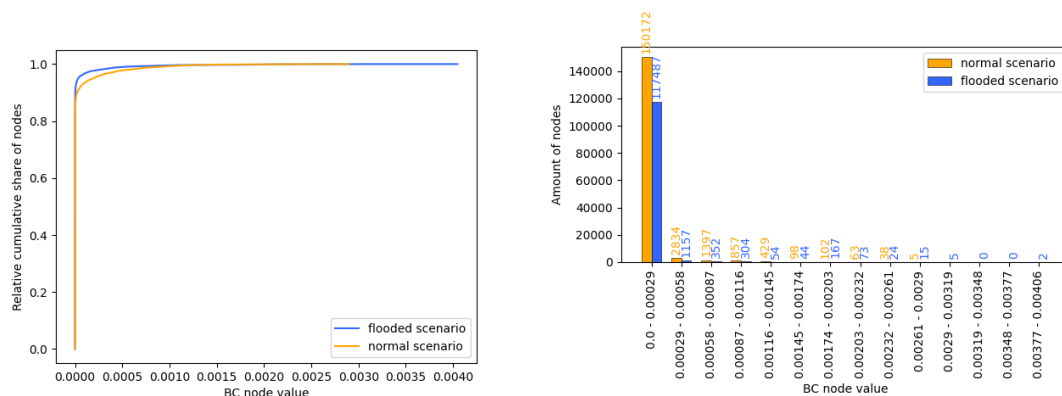
2.3.1 Empirical value distribution as CDF and histogram

CDF and histograms of centrality values were computed using:

```

(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.network_resilience.emp_value_distribution Betweenness
/home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/scripts/analysis/network_resilience/
emp_value_distribution.py:167: UserWarning: Tight layout not applied. The left and right margins cannot be made large
enough to accommodate all axes decorations.
  plt.tight_layout()
CDF results saved.
Histogram results saved.

```



```

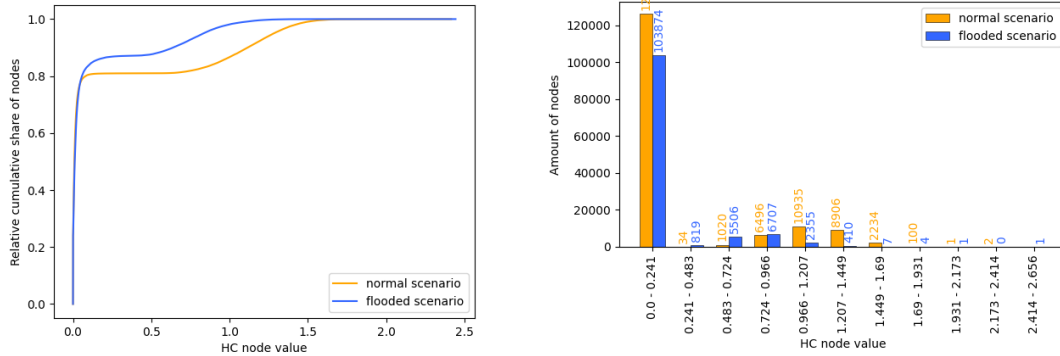
(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.network_resilience.emp_value_distribution Closeness
/home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/scripts/analysis/network_resilience/
emp_value_distribution.py:167: UserWarning: Tight layout not applied. The left and right margins cannot be made large

```

```

enough to accommodate all axes decorations.
plt.tight_layout()
CDF results saved.
Histogram results saved.

```



The resulting CDF plots are not identical to the histogram plots presented in the paper in Figure 4. Therefore, it is not straightforward to compare the results. However, the dip around $HC=0.5$ in the closeness histogram in Figure 4 seems to correspond to the flat section in the reproduced CDF plot.

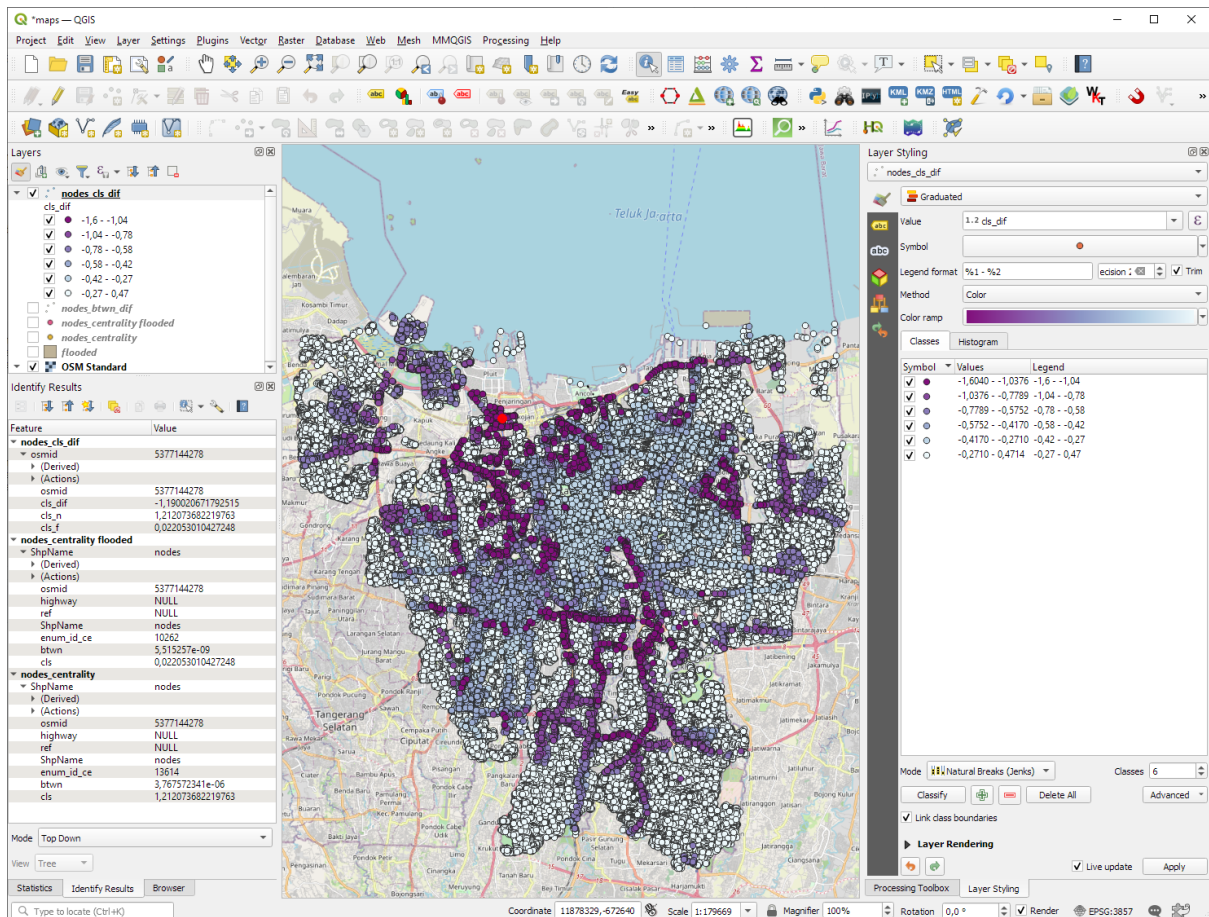
2.3.2. Flood impact on network centrality

```

(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.network_resilience.node_difference Betweenness Closeness
Results saved in: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data results/network/
flooded/nodes_btwn_dif.shp
Results saved in: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data results/network/
flooded/nodes_cls_dif.shp

```

The paper states that “Strongest losses in HC value occurred in nodes located near the city border”. This result could not be reproduced, as shown in the following screenshot:



2.3.3. Small and large foreground network as well as sameness ratio

```
(jakarta_env) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.network_resilience.resilience Betweenness
/home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/flooded/
nodes_btwn_top_1.shp
/home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/flooded/
nodes_btwn_top_10.shp
Column and data explanation:
column name in_n_f = in normal and flooded foreground network
-999 = node is flooded
999 = node is not flooded but not in top x percent
Sameness Betweenness Ratio: 0.6222193730367331
```

```
(jakarta_env) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.network_resilience.resilience Closeness
/home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/flooded/
nodes_cls_top_1.shp
/home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/network/flooded/
nodes_cls_top_10.shp
Column and data explanation:
column name in_n_f = in normal and flooded foreground network
-999 = node is flooded
999 = node is not flooded but not in top x percent
Sameness Closeness Ratio: 0.6844028463363037
```

The paper states that “The sameness ratio between the normal and the flooded situation was 0.62 for BC” and “0.69 for HC”. This can be considered identical if the reproduced closeness ratio value is rounded up.

3. Healthcare access

3.1. Healthcare supply

```
(jakarta_env) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.health_distribution normal health_location bed_capacity
/home/agraser/miniconda3/envs/jakarta_env/lib/python3.7/site-packages/geopandas/tools/sjoin.py:61: UserWarning: CRS of
frames being joined does not match!(None != epsg:4326)
```



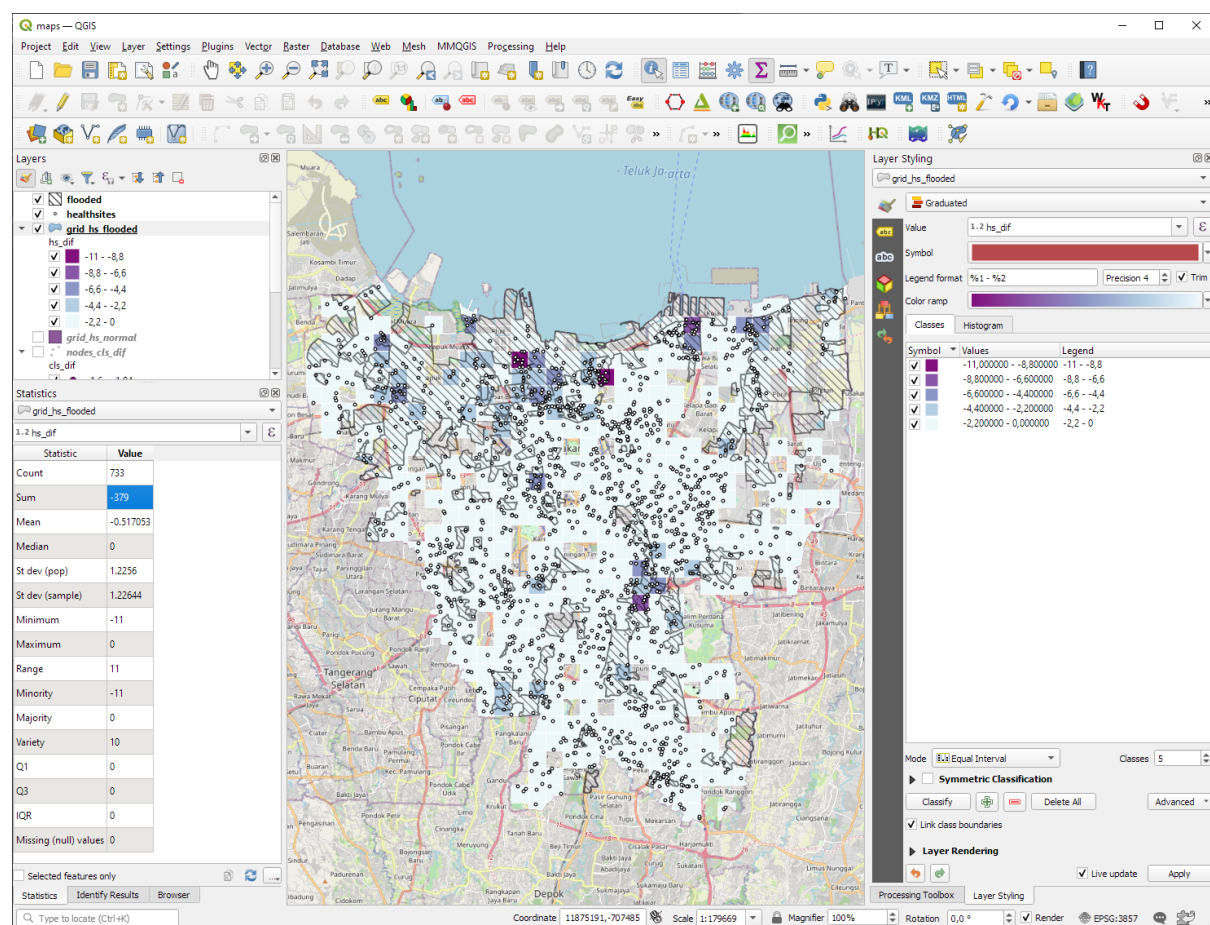
```

"%s != %s)" % (left_df.crs, right_df.crs)
Result saved: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/
health_location/grid_hs_normal.shp
Result saved: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/
bed_capacity/grid_bed_normal.shp

(jakarta_venv) agraser@anitas-pc:~/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper$ python -m ma_jakarta.scripts.
analysis.health_distribution flooded health_location bed_capacity
/home/agraser/miniconda3/envs/jakarta_venv/lib/python3.7/site-packages/geopandas/tools/sjoin.py:61: UserWarning: CRS of
frames being joined does not match!(None != epsg:4326)
"%s != %s)" % (left_df.crs, right_df.crs)
Result saved: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/
health_location/grid_hs_flooded.shp
Result saved: /home/agraser/agile-reproductions/paper-2021-11/Jakarta_Thesis_Klipper/ma_jakarta/data/results/
bed_capacity/grid_bed_flooded.shp

```

The paper states that “Due to the flood event, 30 (15%) hospitals and 349 (25%) clinics were affected and were considered as no longer functional for our analysis. This led to a reduction of 12,000 (16.6%) and 34,500 (25.8%) beds in hospitals and clinics respectively”. The sum of 379 affected health service locations could be confirmed, as shown in the following screenshot:



The number of affected beds according to the reproduction is 46723.

3.2. Mobility-based accessibility

Failed to reproduce due to problems with generating the openrouteservice car graph.

Intrinsic Data Quality Assessment (R code - GitLab repo by the Uni Heidelberg)

Failed to reproduce in time.