ALGEBRA 4

Day 46

Bell Work:

```
When x = 3 and y = 5, by how much does the value of 3x^2 - 2y exceed the value of 2x^2 - 3y?
F.3
```

G.14

H.17

1.20

J.51

From Last Time

Page 293 #1-6, 7-23 (odd), 27-31 (odd)

5.3 Solving Polynomial Equations

Objectives:

- To Solve Polynomials by Factoring.
- To Solve Polynomials by Graphing.

Steps to Solving Polynomial Equations by Factoring:

- 1.) Write original equation
- 2.) Rewrite in standard form
- 3.) Factor completely (with the goal of getting down to at least a quadratic so you can use the formula if it doesn't factor further)
- 4.) Use Zero Product Property
- 5.) Check Solutions in Original Equation

Example 1: Solve the following Polynomial.

$$3x^4 + 12x^2 = 6x^3$$

$$3x^4 + 12x^2 = 6x^3$$
$$3x^4 - 6x^3 + 12x^2 = 0 \rightarrow step \ 2$$

 $3x^2(x^2-2x+4)=0 \rightarrow step \ 3 \ (since it's \ x^2 \ I \ can use \ Quad. Form.)$

$$3x^{2} = 0 \text{ and } x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^{2} - 4(1)(4)}}{2(1)} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{-12}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 2i\sqrt{3}}{2} = 1 \pm i\sqrt{3}$$

So our 4 answers are,

$$x = 0$$
 (multiplicity of 2) and $x = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$ and $x = 1 - i\sqrt{3} \rightarrow step 4$

Polynomial Factoring Techniques "Short Cuts" on page 297. They are helpful if you have them memorized, but you don't need to have them memorized if you are sound in your other factoring methods.

If I were going to focus on any of them from the chart it would be the "sum or difference of cubes" method:

$$a^{3} + b^{3} = (a + b)(a^{2} - ab + b^{2})$$

 $a^{3} - b^{3} = (a - b)(a^{2} + ab + b^{2})$

Example 2: Factor

$$8x^3 + 1$$

Factor

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$a = 2x$$
 $b = 1$

$$8x^3 + 1 = (2x + 1)(4x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

Example 3: Finding Real Roots by Graphing.

$$x^3 - 2 = 3x^2 + 7x$$

$$x^3 - 2 = 3x^2 + 7x$$

$$x^3 - 2 = 3x^2 + 7x$$

Method 1: Graph the two equations individually and see where they cross (using the "F5" button and then "intsect")

$$x^3 - 3x^2 - 7x - 2 = 0$$

Method 2: Rewrite in Standard from and find the zeros (using the "F5" button and then "roots" to find x-intercepts)

$$x = 4.61185871$$

For Next Time

page 300 #1-9, 17, 25-31 (odd), 37, 51-52