ALGEBRA 4

Day 60

Bell Work

What do we need to talk about from the review?

Things to Study

Level 2:

Fundamental Counting
Principal
Combination & Permutation
Probability
Mutually Exclusive
Independent vs Dependent

Level 3:

Set up & Solve Combination and Permutation
Probability with multiple events

Level 4:

Set up and solve your own probability problems

Quiz From Last Time with Answers

■ You have 10 shirts and 8 pairs of pants. How many outfits could you wear?

■ A bag has 6 red, 4 green, and 10 blue marbles. Find P(green) P(not red)

Is the following independent or dependent: a student flips a coin and they roll an even number on a die?

■ You have 10 shirts and 8 pairs of pants. How many outfits could you wear? *Answer: 80*

■ A bag has 6 red, 4 green, and 10 blue marbles.

Find P(green)

Answer: 4/20

P(not red)

Answer: 14/20

Is the following independent or dependent: a student flips a coin and they roll an even number on a die?

Answer: Independent

■ If you have 6 novels, and 4 comic books in your backpack. How many ways can you randomly select two of them to read?

■ A bag has 6 red, 4 green, and 10 blue marbles. Find P(green or red)

P(red then red) [with & without replacement]

■ If you have 6 novels, and 4 comic books in your backpack. How many ways can you randomly select two of them to read?

Answer: 10C2 = 45

■ A bag has 6 red, 4 green, and 10 blue marbles.

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Find P(green or red) Answer: 10/20
P(red then red) with without

Answer: 6/20 * 6/20 6/20 * 5/19
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The dance coach has decided to randomly choose 4 players to represent the team as captains. The team consists of 12 seniors and 8 juniors. What is the probability that only one senior will be chosen at random?

The dance coach has decided to randomly choose 4 players to represent the team as captains. The team consists of 12 seniors and 8 juniors. What is the probability that only one senior will be chosen at random?

$$(12C1 / 20C4) = 12/4845$$

= $4/1615 = 0.00247 = 0.247\%$

Review Assignment

Page 752 #5-31

Page 757 #1-10, 18, 20

Formulas for Test

$$_{n}P_{r}=\frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

$$_{n}C_{r}=\frac{n!}{(n-r)!\cdot r!}$$

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(A)}$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) * P(B)$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) * P(B|A)$$

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$