#### Bell Work:

1.) Write the equation, and graph the line through (3, 10) and (0, 1)

2.) Write the equation, and graph the line through (-6, 1) and (5, 2)

Find the slope, y-intercept, domain and range.

#### From Last Time...

**New Material** 

Page 86 #1, 11, 17, 19, 27, 32

Mixed Review

Page 88 #60, 62, 66, 67

### ALGEBRA 3

Day 18

### Quiz 1: Level 2

- 1.) Given (5,2) (-7,10) (3,10) (0,5) (3, -6) (1, 3/5)

  Is it a relation? \_\_\_\_ Is it a function? \_\_\_\_

  State Domain: \_\_\_\_ State Range: \_\_\_\_
- 2.) Write the equation, given that the slope is  $-\frac{2}{3}$  and the y-intercept is (0,5)

3.) Write the equation of the line through (-2, 4) and (0, -8)

Quiz 1: Level 3

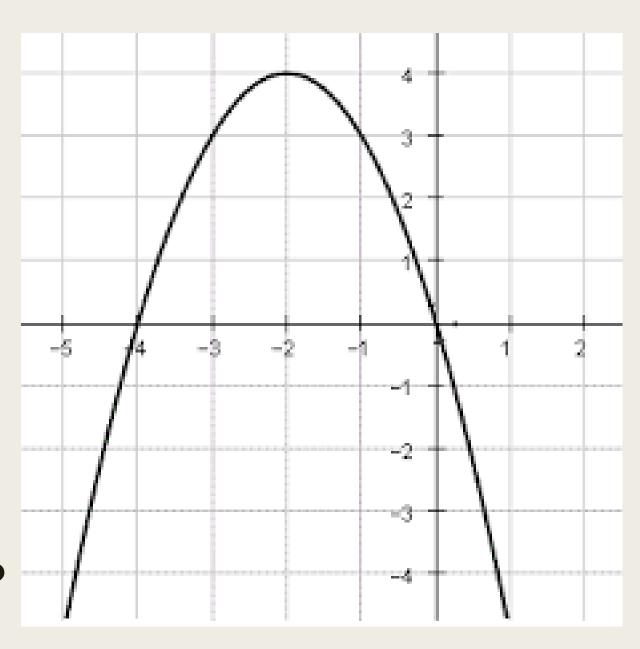
3.) Write the equation of the line through the points (2,12) and (-2,0)

4.) Graph 2x + 5y = 20

#### Quiz 1: Level 4

5.) Given the graph at right... describe the Domain and Range.

What could you do to the graph for it to NOT be a function anymore?



### Chapter 2 Section 5 Using Linear Equations

Objective: Identify correlation and write equation of best fit

### Chapter 2 Section 6 Families of Functions

Objective: Describe the transformation from the parent graph

# Chapter 2 Section 5 Using Linear Equations Vocabulary

■ Scatter Plot – graph used to determine if a relationship exists between paired data

■ Positive Correlation—y increases as x increases

■ Negative Correlation—y decreases as x increases

Relatively No Correlation—no linear pattern

### Write the Equation of a Line of Best Fit

#### **Steps to Writing Equation of Best Fitting Lines**

- -- Draw Scatter Plot
- Sketch line that appears to follow the pattern (equal dots above and below)
- Choose two points on the line and estimate coordinates (don't have to be original)
- -- Find an equation of that line (*trend line*)
- Find the slope:  $m = \frac{y^2 y^1}{x^2 x^1}$
- Use point slope: y y1 = m(x x1)

Examples: Describe the correlation and write the equation of the line of best fit for the given data

Below is a table that shows the age of a driver, and the average speed at which they drive.

■ Age: 16 16 18 18 25 20 28 30 40 60

■ Speed: 45 48 52 49 42 45 40 38 30 22

# Chapter 2 Section 6 Family of Functions Vocabulary

■ Parent Graph – graph simplest form in a set of functions that form a "family"

■ Transformation—each function in the "family" that is related to the parent

■ Translation—type of transformation that shifts parent graph horizontally, vertically, or both without changing the shape of the parent graph

### Types of Transformations

- $\blacksquare$  f(x) is the parent graph
- $= f(x \pm h)$  is a horizontal shift
- $\blacksquare f(x) \pm k$  is a vertical shift
- When you reflect a graph over the y-axis the x-values change signs and the y-values stay the same.

$$f(x) \to f(-x)$$

■ When you reflect a graph over the x-axis the y-values change signs and the x-values stay the same  $f(x) \rightarrow -f(x)$ 

### Example (Using Graphing Calculator): Describe the transformation.

Parent Graph  $f(x) = x^2$ 

1.) 
$$f(x) = (x - 4)^2$$

2.) 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 3$$

3.) 
$$f(x) = (x + 2)^2 - 5$$

4.) 
$$f(x) = -5(x-1)^2 + 6$$

#### For Next Time...

New Material (Section 2.5)

Page 96 #1, 7, 9, 13, 15-17, 27

New Material (Section 2.6)

Page 103 #5, 6, 13, 19-21, 55