
FIT5225 - BirdTag AWS-powered Serverless Media Storage

Assignment 3 Team Report

Group Number – 178

Submission Date: 10th June 2025

Git Repository: <https://git.infotech.monash.edu/fit5225-group178-birdtag/birdtag-aws>

Lucid Chart Link: https://lucid.app/lucidchart/40b7c937-6688-4256-a6ad-0e397bd3983a/edit?viewport_loc=-1184%2C-1071%2C6666%2C3520%2CGPOmuZ498OgT&invitationId=inv_612ce153-d5d3-43bc-9808-e1d95ddb8bc6

Team Members and Contributions

Role	Name	Student ID	Contribution
AWS Infrastructure & DevOps	Anmol Salwan	34560203	AWS S3, DynamoDB, IAM Roles, Lambda Triggers, SNS Setup, ECR integration, CloudWatch logging setup.
Backend Integration	Glenn Varghese George	34448543	Lambda logic development, integration of YOLO-based ML model, thumbnail generation, DynamoDB integration, metadata handling.
API & Query Engine	Aditya Mehrotra	35242868	API Gateway configuration, query API endpoints (search, delete, manual tagging), HTTP methods implementation, security integrations.
Frontend & Authentication	Varun Kashyap	34407693	AWS Cognito authentication setup, React frontend implementation, user interface development for media uploads, querying, and preview.

Project Introduction

BirdTag is an innovative AWS-powered solution aimed at providing scalable, efficient, and reliable serverless storage and automated tagging of various media types such as

images, audios, and videos. By leveraging AWS infrastructure and a sophisticated machine learning model, BirdTag enables efficient identification and tagging of bird species, streamlining media organization and retrieval.

Detailed Architecture Overview

BirdTag's architecture is a fully serverless design, leveraging AWS services optimized for scalability, high availability, and ease of management:

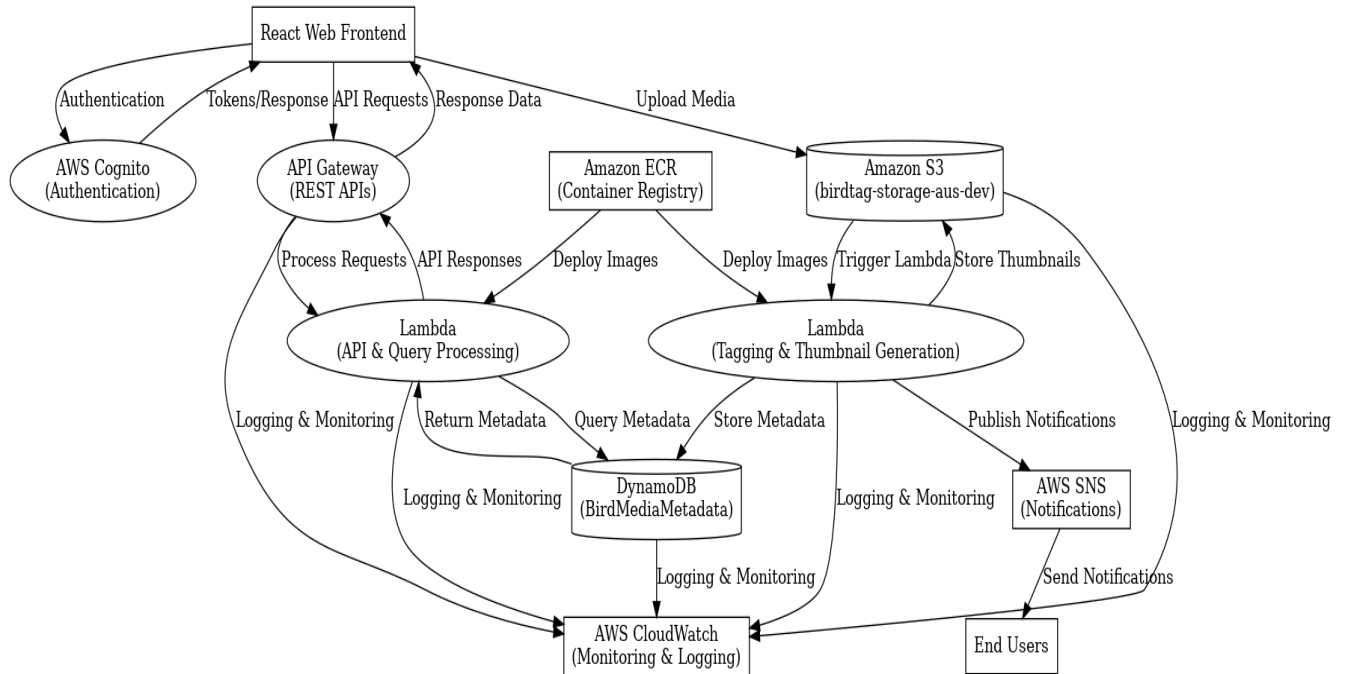
- AWS S3 (birdtag-storage-us-dev): Secure and scalable storage for media files, model files, and generated thumbnails.
- AWS DynamoDB (BirdMediaMetadata): Highly available and performant NoSQL database storing metadata including tags, file types, and media locations.
- AWS Lambda: Serverless compute platform executing backend logic for tagging media, generating thumbnails, and metadata management.
- AWS API Gateway: Provides secure, RESTful APIs to access and manage media resources effectively.
- AWS Cognito: Robust user authentication and authorization management.
- AWS SNS: Event-driven notification system delivering timely tag-based alerts.
- Amazon ECR: Container registry hosting containerized Lambda functions with embedded machine learning models.
- AWS CloudWatch: Monitoring, logging, and observability for system operations.

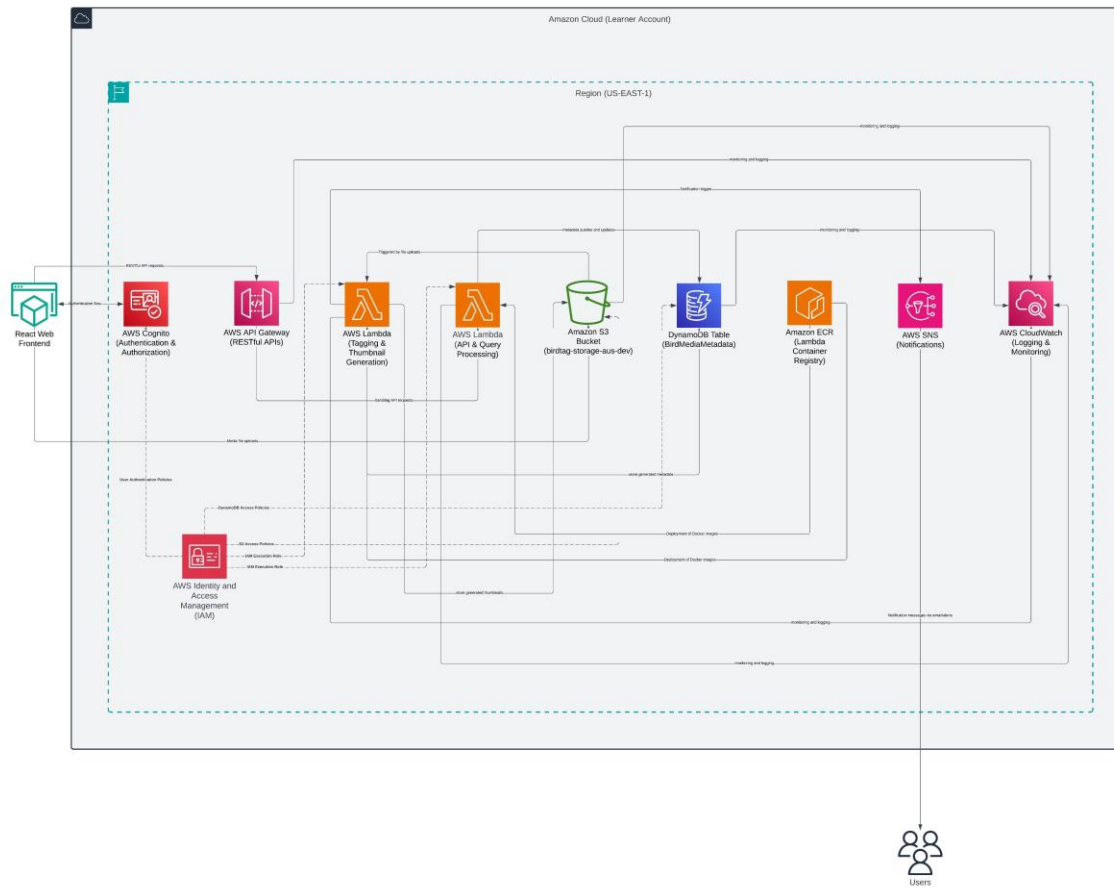
While the architecture diagram visually depicts the processing flow for a single media type (e.g., images), the design and implementation are fully generalized to support all required formats, including audio and video files. The same serverless workflow—comprising upload to Amazon S3, automatic Lambda-based processing (tagging, metadata extraction, and optional thumbnail or waveform generation), metadata storage in DynamoDB, and subsequent API-based querying—applies seamlessly to all supported media. This ensures consistent, scalable, and extensible architecture regardless of the type of media ingested by the BirdTag system.

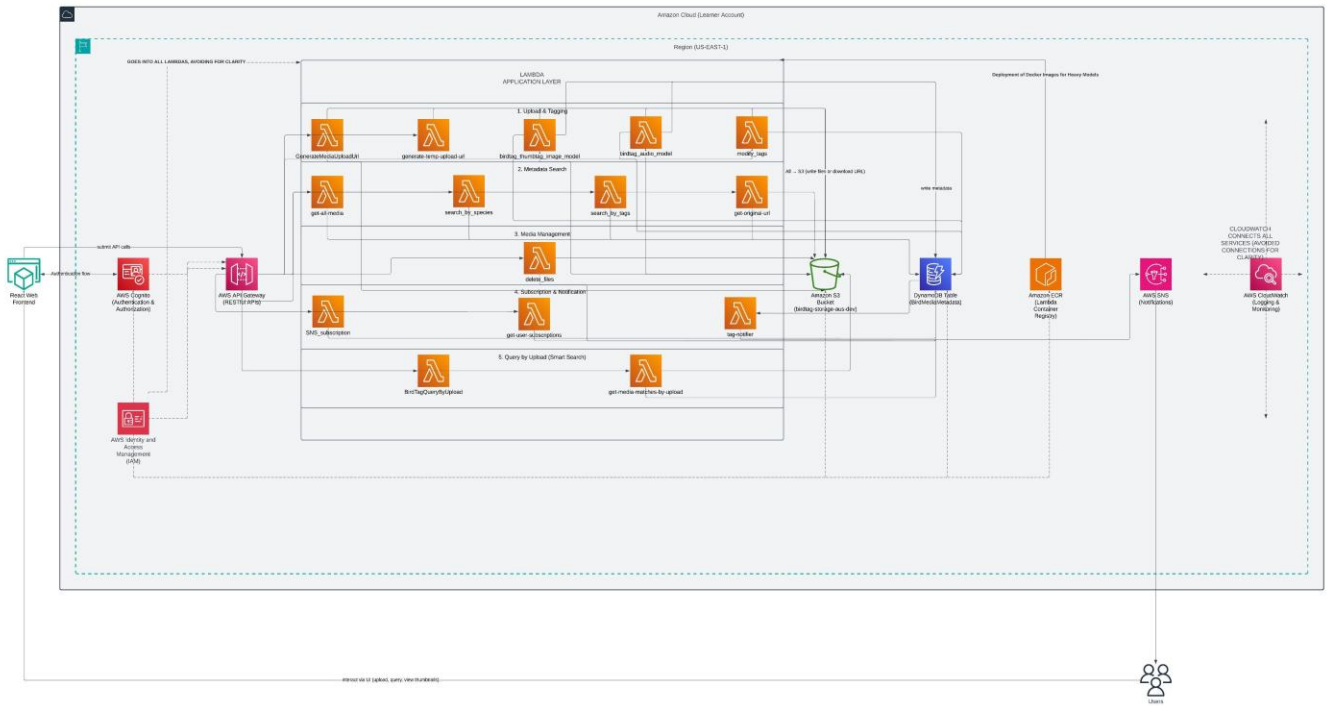
*The **first diagram** provides a high-level overview of the implemented architecture, illustrating the primary components and their interactions within the BirdTag system. It focuses on the broader system flow from the frontend interface through to backend processing and storage.*

The **second diagram** presents a more detailed, service-level architecture. It maps out individual AWS services, Lambda functions, and integration points, offering a comprehensive view of how media processing, metadata storage, querying, and notification mechanisms are orchestrated in the deployed solution.

Architecture Diagram:







BirdTag Architecture Diagram Legend

This legend provides a clear explanation of the connections and relationships between the components used in the BirdTag application. Each arrow and line in the Lucidchart architecture diagram is purposefully drawn to reflect functional, permission-based, or event-driven relationships.

Line & Arrow Styles:

Symbol Meaning

- Solid Arrow (→) Direct interaction, invocation, or data flow
- Dotted Arrow (···) IAM permission, monitoring, or authorization dependency
- Bidirectional (↔) Request/response or mutual communication

Component Interactions:

- Users → React Web Frontend**
 - Users interact with the frontend to upload media, query data, or receive feedback.
- React Web Frontend → AWS Cognito**
 - Handles user login/signup. Retrieves ID token upon authentication.
- React Web Frontend → API Gateway**
 - Sends authenticated API requests for uploading, querying, deleting, and subscribing.
- Cognito → API Gateway (dotted)**
 - Used as an authorizer to validate ID tokens in requests.
- API Gateway → Lambda Functions (All Groups)**
 - Invokes specific Lambda functions based on the request path and method.
- S3 → Lambda (birdtag_thumbnail_image_model, birdtag_audio_model)**
 - Triggers Lambdas when new media is uploaded to the bucket.
- Lambda Functions → S3**
 - Uploads thumbnails, reads temporary files, or deletes objects.
- Lambda Functions → DynamoDB**
 - Writes metadata, updates tag values, queries media, or manages subscriptions.
- DynamoDB → Lambda (tag-notifier)**
 - Streams new tag data to trigger SNS-based notifications.
- tag-notifier → SNS**
 - Publishes notifications when new tags match user subscriptions.
- SNS → Users**
 - Sends personalized emails to users for matched subscriptions.
- IAM → All Resources (dotted)**
 - Defines access permissions for Lambdas to interact with S3, DynamoDB, etc.
- CloudWatch → All Components (dotted)**
 - Captures logs and metrics from Lambdas, API Gateway, and SNS.

Lambda Function Categories:

- Upload & Tagging:**
 - generateMediaUploadUrl, generateTempUploadUrl, birdtag_thumbnail_image_model, birdtag_audio_model, modify_tags
- Metadata Search:**
 - get-all-media, search_by_species, search_by_tags, get-original-url
- Media Management:**
 - delete_files
- Subscriptions & Notifications:**
 - SNS_subscription, get-user-subscriptions, tag-notifier
- Query by Upload:**
 - BirdTagQueryByUpload, get-media-matches-by-upload

[LUCID CHART LINK](#)

Implementation Details

AWS Infrastructure & DevOps (Anmol Salwan):

Anmol provisioned comprehensive AWS infrastructure components. He configured the dedicated S3 bucket (birdtag-storage-aus-dev) ensuring secure storage with encryption and appropriate access policies. DynamoDB table (BirdMediaMetadata) was set up with a schema optimized for querying efficiency. He also created secure IAM roles and policies, ensuring Lambda functions operate with necessary and minimum privileges. AWS SNS was integrated to provide tag-based notifications effectively. Anmol further established ECR integration for efficient Lambda deployments and set up detailed CloudWatch logging for effective monitoring and debugging.

Backend Integration (Glenn Varghese George):

Glenn managed the backend infrastructure, implementing Lambda functions to handle key logic, such as integrating the YOLO machine learning model for automated bird species tagging. He developed functions for automatic thumbnail generation upon image upload and efficiently managed the storage and retrieval of media metadata in DynamoDB.

API & Query Engine (Aditya Mehrotra):

Aditya developed robust and secure API endpoints using AWS API Gateway. His contributions include endpoints for querying media based on tags, managing tagging operations (adding, deleting tags), and handling deletion requests. Aditya meticulously secured API endpoints using proper authorization and validation techniques to ensure data integrity and security.

Frontend & Authentication (Varun Kashyap):

Varun set up AWS Cognito to provide secure user authentication and authorization, ensuring a seamless and safe user experience. He developed an intuitive React-based frontend, offering users an efficient interface to upload media, execute queries, manage tags, and preview content with ease. Varun emphasized responsiveness and accessibility in UI design, enhancing the overall user interaction experience.

User Guide

Getting Started with BirdTag:

1. User Authentication: Register or log in securely via AWS Cognito-enabled React frontend.
2. Media Upload: Easily upload media files (images, audios, videos) using the frontend interface.
3. Automated Processing: Uploaded media undergoes automated tagging and thumbnail creation.
4. Tag-based Queries: Execute queries via intuitive frontend to retrieve specific media files using tags.
5. Media Management: Utilize provided APIs for tag management (manual addition, deletion) and resource deletion.
6. Receive Notifications: Opt-in to tag-based notifications through AWS SNS.

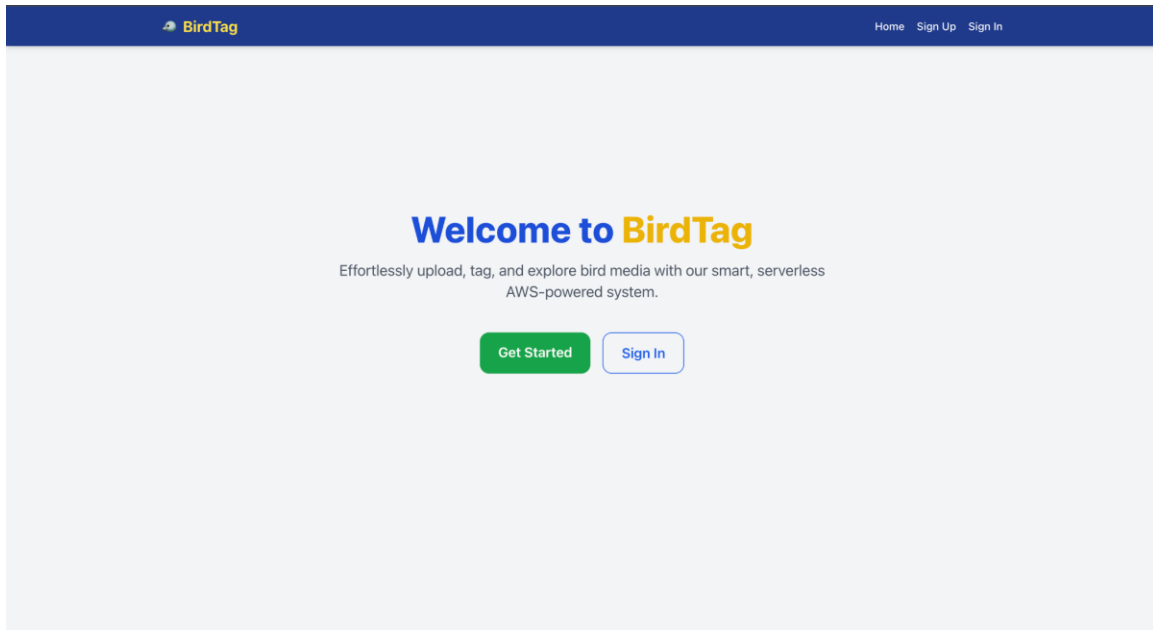
This guide provides step-by-step instructions to help users effectively interact with the BirdTag platform -a serverless media storage and bird species detection system hosted on AWS.

1. Authentication and Authorization

BirdTag uses **AWS Cognito** to securely manage user sign-up and login. Users must create an account and log in to access features like media uploads, queries, and personalized notifications.

2. Home Page / Landing Page

Upon visiting BirdTag, users are greeted with a **Home Page** offering clear options to either **Log In** or **Sign Up**.



3. Sign-Up Page

New users can sign up using their email and a secure password. Upon successful sign-up, Cognito stores the user in a secure user pool.

A screenshot of the BirdTag website's sign-up page. The page has a dark blue header with the BirdTag logo on the left and links for 'Home', 'Sign Up', and 'Sign In' on the right. The main content area is light gray and features a white card titled 'Create Your Account'. The card contains five input fields: 'First Name', 'Last Name', 'Email', 'Password', and 'Confirm Password'. Below these fields is a blue 'Sign Up' button.

4. Login Page

Existing users can log in using their registered credentials. This generates a secure Cognito token for subsequent requests.

The screenshot shows the BirdTag Sign In page. The header is dark blue with the BirdTag logo on the left and links for Home, Sign Up, and Sign In on the right. The main content area is light gray and contains a centered white box with the title "Sign In". Inside this box are two input fields: "Email" and "Password", followed by a blue "Sign In" button.

5. Post-Login Landing Page

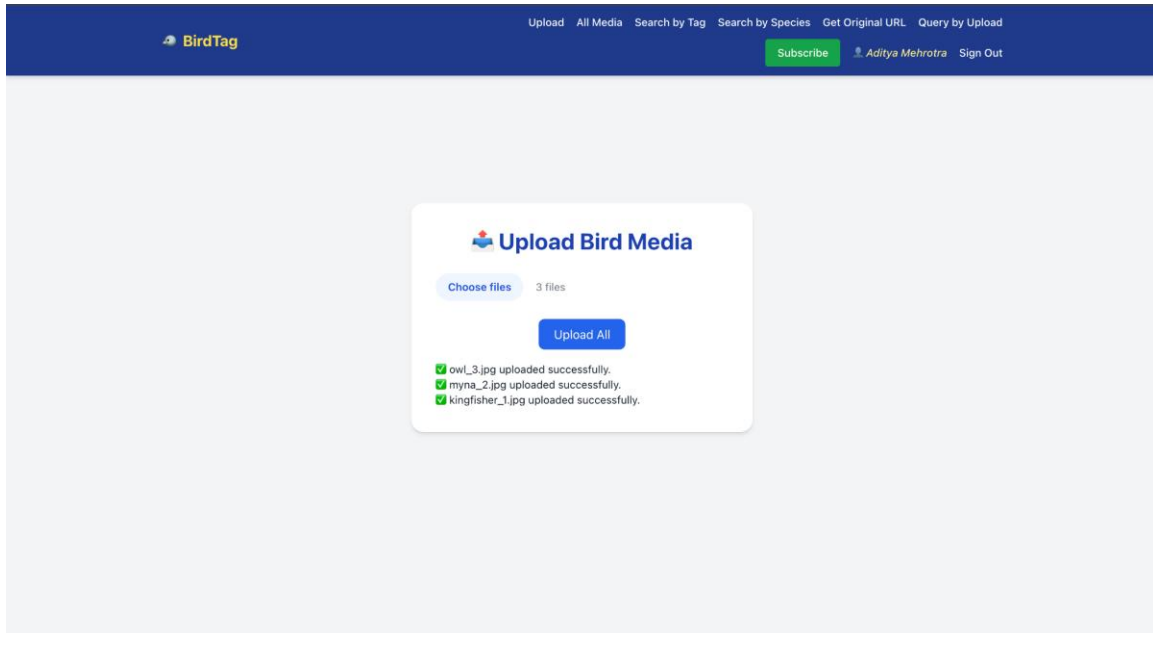
After a successful login, users are redirected to the **Dashboard**, which provides access to media upload, queries, and notifications.

The screenshot shows the BirdTag Dashboard. The header is dark blue with the BirdTag logo on the left and navigation links (Upload, All Media, Search by Tag, Search by Species, Get Original URL, Query by Upload) on the right. On the far right of the header are a green "Subscribe" button, a user profile icon for Aditya Mehrotra, and a "Sign Out" link. The main content area is light gray and features a white box titled "Upload Bird Media". Inside this box, there is a "Choose files" button, the text "No file chosen", and an "Upload All" button.

6. Uploading Media to S3

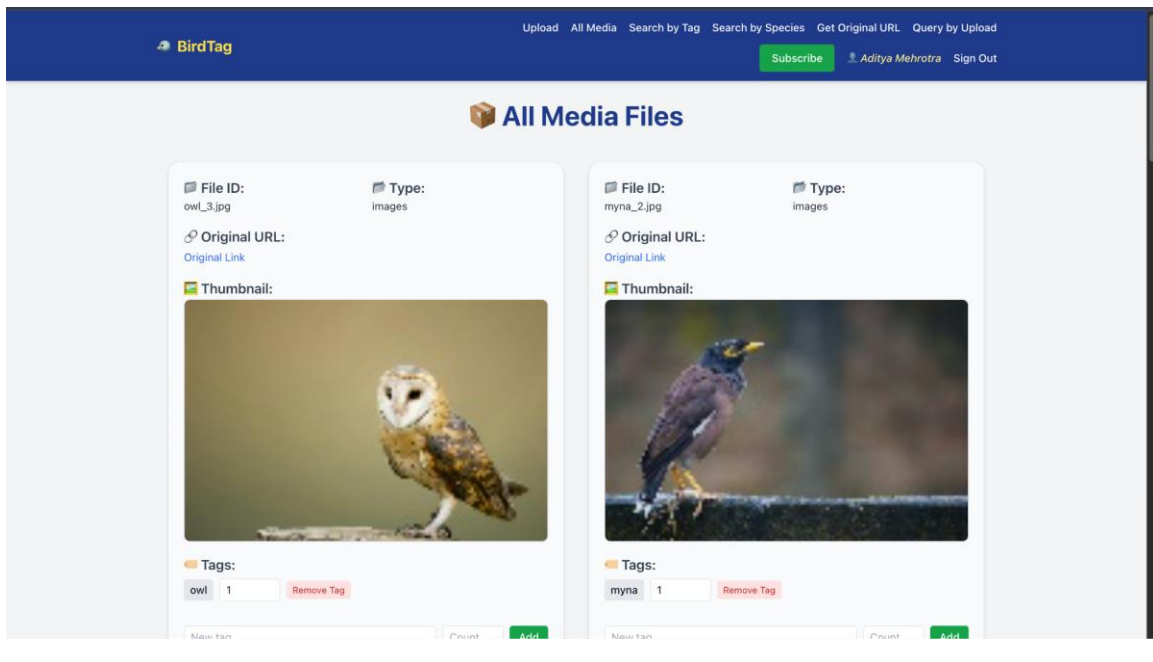
Users can upload images, videos, or audio files to the platform. Upon upload, a Lambda function is triggered to generate tags and store metadata in DynamoDB. For image

uploads, a thumbnail is generated and displayed alongside detected bird species tags shown under All Media Files.



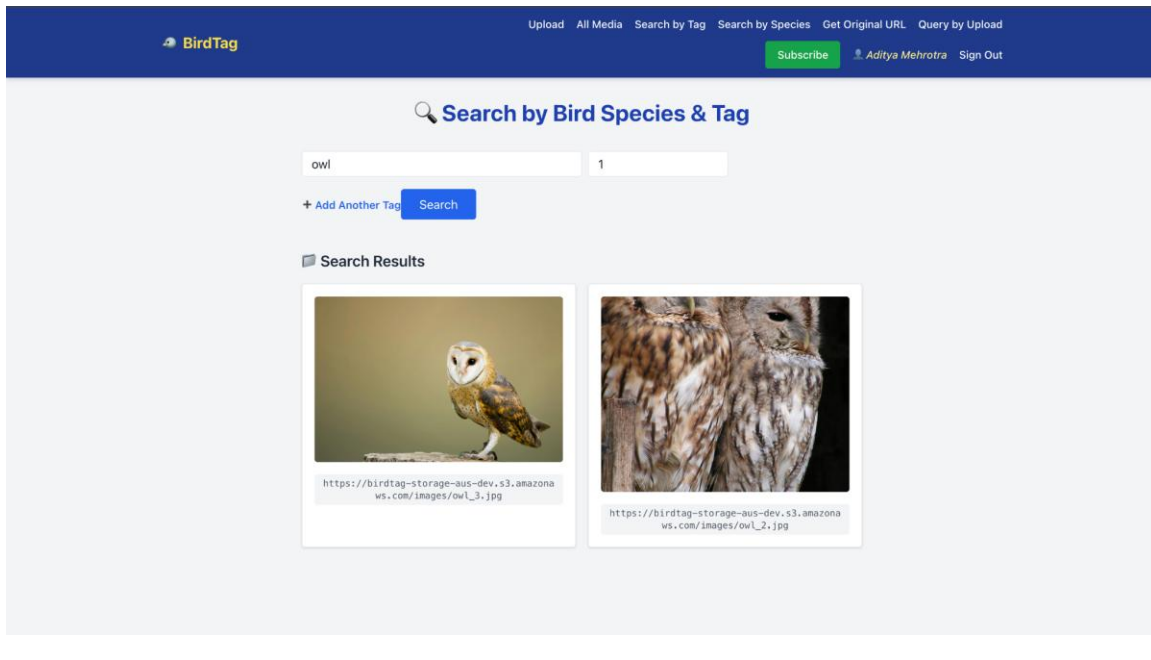
7. Thumbnail and Tagging Output

When the image and Thumbnails are retrieved a **pre-signed S3 URL** is generated for the user to be able to view them, ensuring secure media storage.



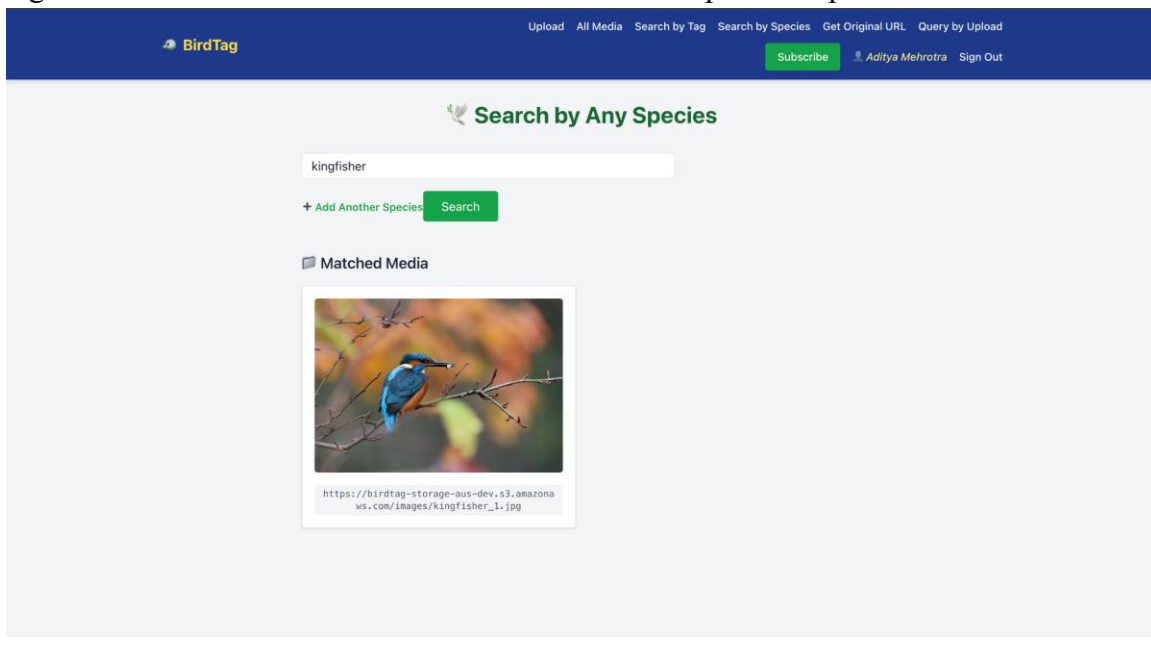
8. Querying Files - Search by Tags

Users can search files using a specific tag (e.g., "crow", "sparrow"). A Lambda function queries DynamoDB and returns media files where the tag exists.



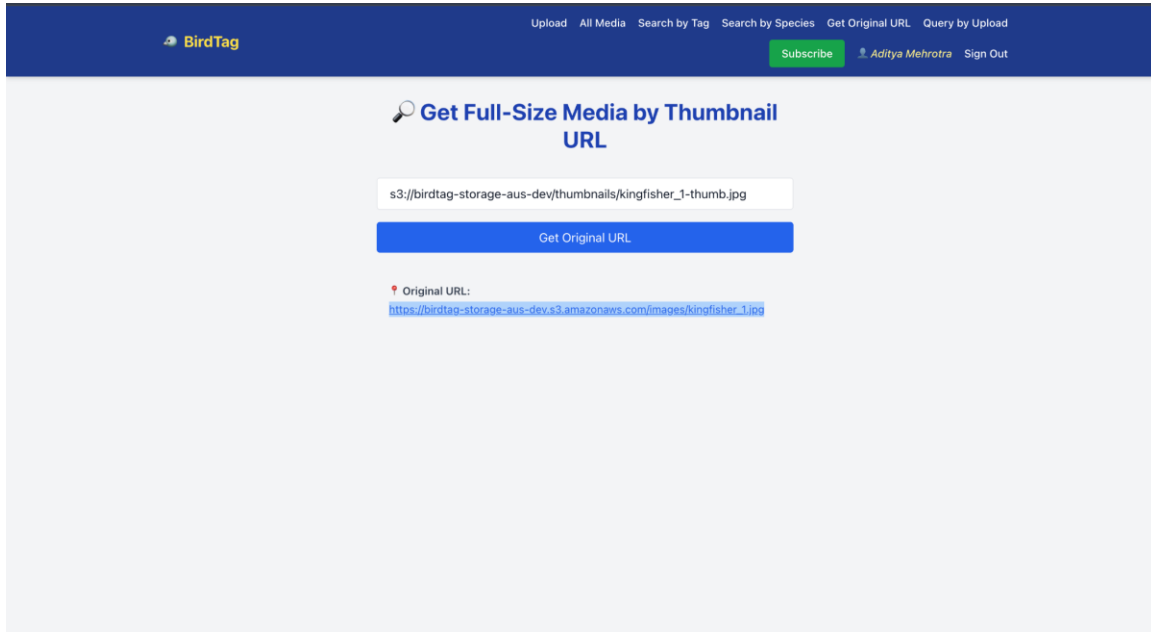
9. Querying Files - Search by Species Count

Users can search for media by entering the **name of a bird species** (e.g., "crow", "pigeon"). The system returns **all matching files** (images, videos, or audios) where the tag metadata includes **at least one occurrence** of the specified species.



10. Retrieve Original File from Thumbnail

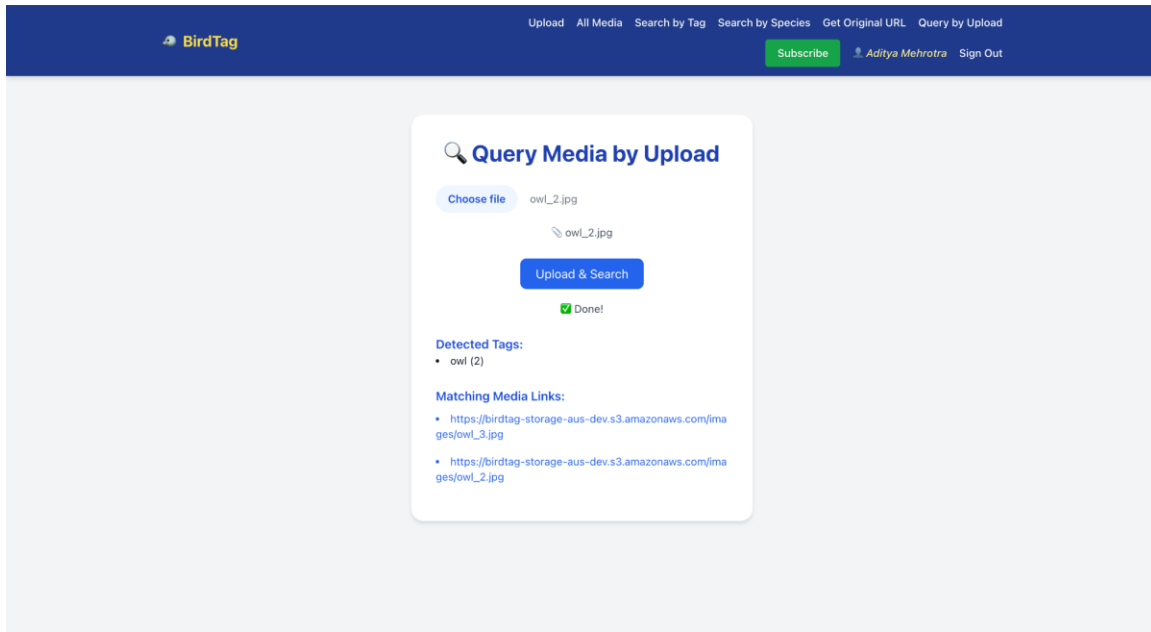
If a user has only the thumbnail URL, this feature allows them to retrieve the original full-size file via a DynamoDB lookup.



The screenshot shows the BirdTag web application interface. The top navigation bar is dark blue with the BirdTag logo on the left and links for Upload, All Media, Search by Tag, Search by Species, Get Original URL, and Query by Upload on the right. A green 'Subscribe' button and a user profile link for 'Aditya Mehrotra' are also present. The main content area has a light gray background. At the top, there's a heading 'Get Full-Size Media by Thumbnail URL' with a magnifying glass icon. Below this, a text input field contains the URL 's3://birdtag-storage-aus-dev/thumbnails/kingfisher_1-thumb.jpg'. A blue button labeled 'Get Original URL' is positioned below the input field. Underneath the button, the text 'Original URL:' is followed by a blue hyperlink: 'https://birdtag-storage-aus-dev.s3.amazonaws.com/images/kingfisher_1.jpg'.

11. Find Similar Files Based on a File's Tags

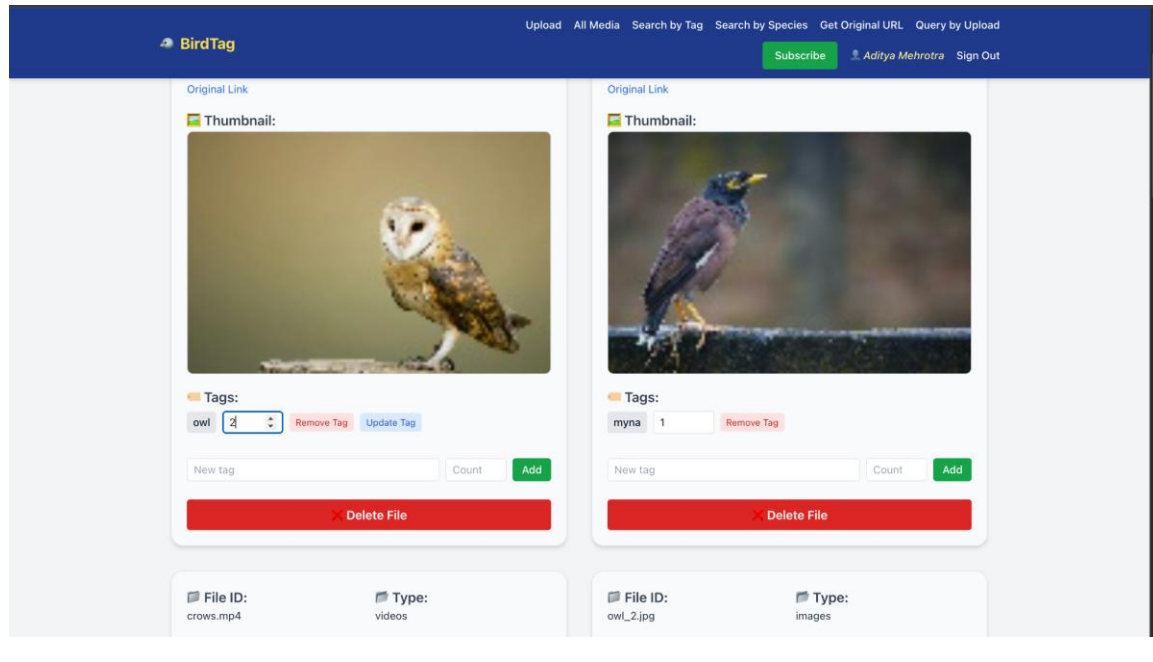
Users can input a file ID, and the system will **find other files** that share overlapping tag information (e.g., same birds detected).



The screenshot shows the BirdTag web application interface. The top navigation bar is dark blue with the BirdTag logo on the left and links for Upload, All Media, Search by Tag, Search by Species, Get Original URL, and Query by Upload on the right. A green 'Subscribe' button and a user profile link for 'Aditya Mehrotra' are also present. The main content area has a light gray background. In the center, there's a white card with a blue header 'Query Media by Upload' and a magnifying glass icon. Inside the card, there's a 'Choose file' button next to the text 'owl_2.jpg'. Below this, there's a file icon and the text 'owl_2.jpg'. A blue button labeled 'Upload & Search' is positioned below the file name. Underneath the button, there's a green checkmark and the text 'Done!'. Below this, the text 'Detected Tags:' is followed by a list item 'owl (2)'. Further down, the text 'Matching Media Links:' is followed by two blue hyperlinks: 'https://birdtag-storage-aus-dev.s3.amazonaws.com/images/owl_3.jpg' and 'https://birdtag-storage-aus-dev.s3.amazonaws.com/images/owl_2.jpg'.

12. Manual Tag Management and Deletion

Users can manually **add or remove tags** to/from a file, and also **delete one or more files** from the system. Deletion removes metadata from DynamoDB and deletes media from S3.



13. Tag-based Notifications

Users can **subscribe to specific bird species** (tags) and receive **email notifications** if a newly uploaded file is tagged with that species.

BirdTag

Upload

All Media

Search by Tag

Search by Species

Get Original URL

Query by Upload

Subscribe

Aditya Mehrotra

Sign Out

Choose Tags:

☒Owl

☐Pigeon

☐Myna

☐Kingfisher

☐Peacock

Subscribe

Subscription request sent. Please check your email to confirm.

Upload Bird Media

Choose files

No file chosen

Upload All

AWS Notifications <no-reply@sns.amazonaws.com>
to me

23:44 (0 minutes ago) ☆ ↶ ⋮

You have chosen to subscribe to the topic:
arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:399101466750:birdtag-owl

...

To confirm this subscription, click or visit the link below (If this was in error no action is necessary):
[Confirm subscription](#)

Please do not reply directly to this email. If you wish to remove yourself from receiving all future SNS subscription confirmation requests please send an email to [sns-opt-out](#)

↶ Reply

↷ Forward



Simple Notification Service

Subscription confirmed!

You have successfully subscribed.

Your subscription's ID is:
arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:399101466750:birdtag-owl:6897917c-1948-48f2-8aee-8e8445f2f198

If it was not your intention to subscribe, [click here to unsubscribe](#).

New media with a myna detected! External Inbox x

18:05 (5 hours ago)

AWS Notifications <no-reply@sns.amazonaws.com> to me

A new myna was detected! View: [s3://birdtag-storage-aus-dev/images/myna_2.jpg](#)

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If you wish to stop receiving notifications from this topic, please click or visit the link below to unsubscribe:
<https://sns.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/unsubscribe.html?SubscriptionArn=arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:399101466750:birdtag-myna:f18cb0d3-1bee-494a-9169-936b5073fdd3&Endpoint=ameh0033@student.monash.edu>

Please do not reply directly to this email. If you have any questions or comments regarding this email, please contact us at <https://aws.amazon.com/support>

20:03 (3 hours ago)

AWS Notifications <no-reply@sns.amazonaws.com> to me

A new myna was detected! View: [s3://birdtag-storage-aus-dev/images/myna_1.jpg](#)

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If you wish to stop receiving notifications from this topic, please click or visit the link below to unsubscribe:
<https://sns.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/unsubscribe.html?SubscriptionArn=arn:aws:sns:us-east-1:399101466750:birdtag-myna:f18cb0d3-1bee-494a-9169-936b5073fdd3&Endpoint=ameh0033@student.monash.edu>

Please do not reply directly to this email. If you have any questions or comments regarding this email, please contact us at <https://aws.amazon.com/support>

Reply Forward

Repository

The complete codebase and documentation are maintained at:

<https://git.infotech.monash.edu/fit5225-group178-birdtag/birdtag-aws>

Conclusion and Future Work

The BirdTag project has successfully delivered a highly scalable, secure, and fully serverless solution, harnessing the power of AWS services. Future enhancements could include support for additional media types, optimizing the ML model for faster inference times, and further refining the frontend UI for improved usability. The implemented solution demonstrates significant practical value and establishes a solid foundation for continued innovation and scalability.

Acknowledgment of AI Tools

AI tools served as accelerators for learning, debugging, and productivity, but the core technical implementation, architecture, design, and integration were carried out by the BirdTag team members. We affirm that the usage of AI was within the guidelines of academic integrity and ethical responsibility.
