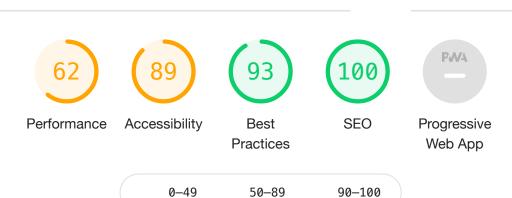


https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com/



There were issues affecting this run of Lighthouse:

• Chrome extensions negatively affected this page's load performance. Try auditing the page in incognito mode or from a Chrome profile without extensions.



Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	2.3 s	Time to Interactive	6.8 s
Speed Index	4.4 s	Total Blocking Time	240 ms
▲ Largest Contentful Paint	10.8 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.079

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Serve images in next-gen formats

Enable text compression

8.25 s ^

5.19 s ^

Show 3rd party resources (0)

Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

Resource Potential **URL** Size Savings /static/headerBlob-f2b5a88....png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) 797.6 KiB 701.1 KiB /static/aboutBlob-ef905a6....png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) 623.7 KiB 539.2 KiB /static/voteBlob-7095d06....png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) 402.1 KiB 363.5 KiB /static/blue-04e68c2....png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) 28.3 KiB 17.2 KiB /static/green-da92de2....png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) 24.3 KiB 14 KiB /static/orange-b783a83....png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) 22.9 KiB 8.8 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more.

Chau	224	nativ	rocouroco	(O)
OLIOAA	ਗਰ	party	resources	(U)
				. ,

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	906.8 KiB	782.9 KiB
/framework-caaca52js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	251.7 KiB	212.3 KiB
https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com	181 KiB	149.4 KiB
/app-40d3cabjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	146.5 KiB	123.5 KiB
/commons-67c26e8js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	47.3 KiB	39 KiB
/componentsrc-pages-index-js-365cfffjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	52.4 KiB	36.4 KiB
/webpack-runtime-70e9f60js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	9.9 KiB	7.9 KiB

▲ Remove unused JavaScript

3.15 s ^

Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more.



If you are not server-side rendering, <u>split your JavaScript bundles</u> with `React.lazy()`. Otherwise, code-split using a third-party library such as <u>loadable-components</u>.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	459.5 KiB	459.3 KiB
	459.3 KiB	459.3 KiB
/framework-caaca52js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	126.2 KiB	46.4 KiB
react-dom/cjs/react-dom.production.min.js	114.2 KiB	43.5 KiB
react/cjs/react.production.min.js	6 KiB	1.4 KiB
react-dom/node_modules/scheduler/cjs/scheduler.production.min.js	4.5 KiB	1.2 KiB
/app-40d3cabjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	73.5 KiB	35.3 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/node_modules/@reach/router/es/index.js	10.1 KiB	4.1 KiB
/node_modules/regenerator-runtime/runtime.js	6.4 KiB	3.6 KiB
/node_modules/react-axe/dist/index.js	3.3 KiB	3.3 KiB
/node_modules/requestidlecallback/index.js	2.1 KiB	2.1 KiB
/.cache/navigation.js	2.9 KiB	2 KiB

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers

0.3 s ^

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More

Show 3rd party resources (0)

URL Potential Savings

/b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		36.7 KiB
b88d22df-02461ddjs:2	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	
b88d22df-02461ddjs:2	Array.prototype.find	
b88d22df-02461ddjs:2	Array.prototype.includes	
b88d22df-02461ddjs:2	Array.prototype.some	
b88d22df-02461ddjs:2	Array.from	
/commons-67c26e8js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		0.3 KiB
commons-67c26e8js:1	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	
/app-40d3cabjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		0.2 KiB
app-40d3cabjs:2	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more

	URL	Failing Elements
	/static/headerBlob-f2b5a88png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	img
SANGE	/static/aboutBlob-ef905a6png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	img.mainPagePic-moduleblob b0knh
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG +vOAAAACXBIWXMAAAsTAAALEwEAmpwY	img
IVOTED	/static/voteBlob-7095d06png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	img.mainPagePic-moduleblob b0knh
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG	img

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy - 13 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Show 3rd party resources (0)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
/static/headerBlob-f2b5a88png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	798 KiB
/static/aboutBlob-ef905a6png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	624 KiB
/b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	460 KiB
/static/voteBlob-7095d06png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	402 KiB
/framework-caaca52js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	126 KiB
/app-40d3cabjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	74 KiB
/componentsrc-pages-index-js-365cfffjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	39 KiB
/commons-67c26e8js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	39 KiB
/static/blue-04e68c2png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	None	28 KiB

URL		Cache TTL	Transfer Size
/static/green-da92de2png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		None	24 KiB
/static/orange-b783a83png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		None	23 KiB
/webpack-runtime-70e9f60js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		None	10 KiB
/styles-407fe62js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)		None	0 KiB
Minimize main-thread work — 3.7 s			^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You with this. <u>Learn more</u>	u may find delivering	smaller JS paylo	oads helps
Category			Time Spent
Script Evaluation			1,914 ms
Other			748 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation			610 ms
Parse HTML & CSS			158 ms
Style & Layout			145 ms
Rendering			94 ms
Garbage Collection			62 ms
Reduce JavaScript execution time - 2.4 s			^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You with this. <u>Learn more</u> .	ou may find delivering	smaller JS payl	loads helps
	{	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	
https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com	2,382 ms	1,474 ms	434 ms
Unattributable	532 ms	4 ms	1 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
<pre>chrome- extension://glnpjglilkicbckjpbgcfkogebgllemb/shared/shared.js</pre>	346 ms	164 ms	84 ms
/b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	188 ms	138 ms	27 ms
/app-40d3cabjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	91 ms	45 ms	4 ms
Avoid anarmous naturary payloads Total size was 2 970 KiP			

Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 2,870 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Transfer Size
/static/headerBlob-f2b5a88png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	797.6 KiB
/static/aboutBlob-ef905a6png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	623.7 KiB
/b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	459.5 KiB
/static/voteBlob-7095d06png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	402.1 KiB
/framework-caaca52js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	126.2 KiB
https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com	90.7 KiB
/app-40d3cabjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	73.5 KiB
/componentsrc-pages-index-js-365cfffjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	39.2 KiB
/commons-67c26e8js (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	39.1 KiB
/static/blue-04e68c2png (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	28.3 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests - 5 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 820 ms

Initial Navigation

https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com

...fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=DM+Sans:ital,wght@0,400 (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) - 480 ms, 0.07 KiB

/css2?family=... (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v17/S6u9w4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 50 ms, 27.81 KiB

...v17/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 50 ms, 27.55 KiB

...v5/rP2Cp2ywx....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 40 ms, 16.71 KiB

...v5/rP2Hp2ywx....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 30 ms, 17.11 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 30 requests • 2,870 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	30	2,870.4 KiB
Image	6	1,898.9 KiB
Script	7	748 KiB
Document	1	90.7 KiB
Font	4	89.2 KiB
Other	10	42.1 KiB
Stylesheet	2	1.5 KiB
Media	0	0 KiB
Third-party	5	90.6 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More

Element

img

Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found		
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.		
Element	C	ontribu
section.mainPageSection-moduleouterContainer3Wq5P.mainPageSection-modulesecondar-2Sv2z.undefined	ary-	0.0
h1		0.0
h1		0.0
p		
a.logo-modulelogo3RFCU.logo-moduleheaderBfMMD		
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay.	Learn more	ources
	how 3rd party res	Dura
URL	how 3rd party res	Dura 965
URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com	how 3rd party res Start Time 1,273 ms	965 227 98
URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com chrome-extension://glnpjglilkicbckjpbgcfkogebgllemb/shared/shared.js	Start Time 1,273 ms 2,359 ms	Dura 965 227
URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com chrome-extension://glnpjglilkicbckjpbgcfkogebgllemb/shared/shared.js https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com	Start Time 1,273 ms 2,359 ms 2,238 ms	Dura 965 227 98 96
URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com chrome-extension://glnpjglilkicbckjpbgcfkogebgllemb/shared/shared.js https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com /b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	Start Time 1,273 ms 2,359 ms 2,238 ms 6,073 ms	Dura 965 227 98 96
URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com chrome-extension://glnpjglilkicbckjpbgcfkogebgllemb/shared/shared.js https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com /b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) /b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	Start Time 1,273 ms 2,359 ms 2,238 ms 6,073 ms	965 227 98
URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com chrome-extension://glnpjglilkicbckjpbgcfkogebgllemb/shared/shared.js https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com /b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com) /b88d22df-02461ddjs (open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com)	Start Time 1,273 ms 2,359 ms 2,238 ms 6,073 ms 7,423 ms	Dura 965 227 98 96 73

Properly size images	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.	
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more.	
If your build system minifies your CSS files automatically, ensure that you are deploying the production by your application. You can check this with the React Developer Tools extension. <u>Learn more</u> .	build of
Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more.	
If your build system minifies your JS files automatically, ensure that you are deploying the production bu your application. You can check this with the React Developer Tools extension. <u>Learn more</u> .	ild of
Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 18 KiB	^
Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Show 3rd party rese	ources (0)
URL Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>@import url(https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2? family=DM+Sans:ital,wght@0,400;0,500;0,700;1,400;1,500</pre> 23.9 KiB	17.8 KiB
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.	
Preconnect to required origins	^

Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>Learn more</u>.

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 100 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more.



If you are server-side rendering any React components, consider using `renderToNodeStream()` or `renderToStaticNodeStream()` to allow the client to receive and hydrate different parts of the markup instead of all at once. Learn more.

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more.



If you are using React Router, minimize usage of the `<Redirect>` component for route navigations.

Preload key requests

Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>.

Use HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push. Learn more.

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 165 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more.

Consider using a "windowing" library like `react-window` to minimize the number of DOM nodes created if you are rendering many repeated elements on the page. <u>Learn more</u>. Also, minimize unecessary re-renders using



W

shouldComponentUpdate, PureComponent, or React.memo and skip effects only until certain dependencies have changed if you are using the Effect hook to improve runtime performance.

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		165
Maximum DOM Depth	<pre></pre>	12
Maximum Child Elements	<body></body>	11
User Timing marks and measures		^

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more.



Use the React DevTools Profiler, which makes use of the Profiler API, to measure the rendering performance of your components. Learn more.

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more.

Minimize third-party usage - Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more.

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts	91 KiB	0 ms
Uses passive listeners to improve	scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and w	heel event listeners as `passive` to improve you	ır page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more</u> .
Avoids document.write()		^

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document.write()' can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more.

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and contribute to CLS. Learn more



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

▲ Buttons do not have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failing Elements

div.styles-module--hamburgerShell--RgCtu

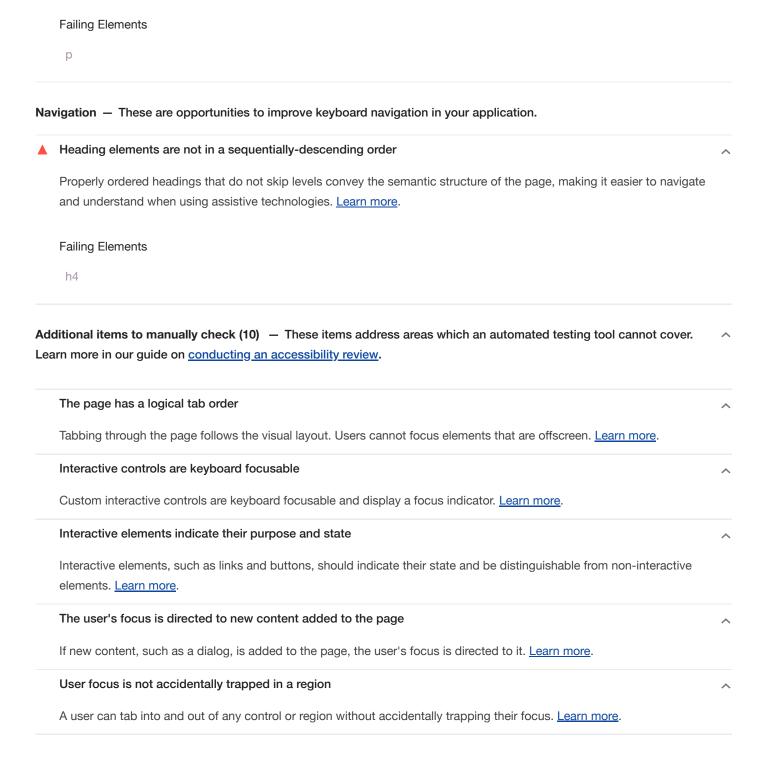
Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

Failing Elements

р



Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more.	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>	<i>1</i> .
Passed audits (19)	^
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. Learn more.</body>	
[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.	
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.	
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more.

Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items (<1i>) are contained within <u1> or <o1> parent elements Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Not applicable (19) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an '[aria-hidden="true"]' element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items (<dt>`and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an '<input>' button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute.

A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the thor caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

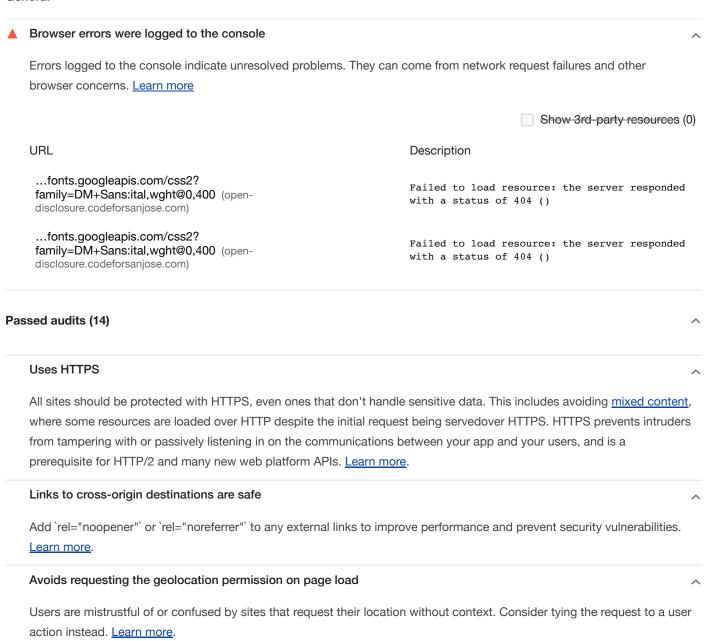
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. Learn more.



General



Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn More **Avoids Application Cache** Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries**

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Name Version

React
Gatsby

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (12)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Document has a meta description</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Page has successful HTTP status code</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Links have descriptive text</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Links are crawlable</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Page isn't blocked from indexing</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Image elements have [alt] attributes</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Document has a valid hreflang</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more.</u></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Document uses legible font sizes — 74.84% legible text</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th>Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>Show 3rd-party resources (</th><th>0)</th></tr></tbody></table></title>

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
open- disclosure.codeforsanjose.com/:1	.layout-modulefooterBottom2F3AU p	19.19%	10px
open- disclosure.codeforsanjose.com/:1	.candidateItem-modulecandidateInfoTE6le	5.97%	9рх
Legible text		74.84%	≥ 12px
Document avoids plugins			^
Search engines can't index plugin conter	nt, and many devices restrict plugins or don't suppor	t them. <u>Learn mo</u>	<u>re</u> .
Tap targets are sized appropriately —	100% appropriately sized tap targets		^
Interactive elements like buttons and link easy enough to tap without overlapping of	s should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough onto other elements. Learn more.	gh space around	them, to be
Not applicable (2)			^
robots.txt is valid			^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawle indexed. <u>Learn more</u> .	ers may not be able to understand how you want you	ur website to be c	rawled or
Document has a valid rel=canonical			^
Canonical links suggest which URL to sh	ow in search results. <u>Learn more</u> .		



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn more</u>.

Fast and reliable

Page load is fast enough on mobile networks

A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. Learn more.

▲ Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline

If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. Learn more.

start_url does not respond with a 200 when offline No usable web app manifest found on page.

A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. Learn more.

Installable

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more.

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

▲ Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements Failures: No manifest was fetched.

Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn</u> more.

PWA Optimized

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.	
A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Does not set a theme color for the address bar.	
Failures: No manifest was fetched, No ` <meta name="theme-color"/> ` tag found.	
The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Content is sized correctly for the viewport	
If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	
Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Contains some content when JavaScript is not available	
Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript required to use the app. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon	
For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It	
must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. Learn More.	
Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched	
A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device	;
<u>Learn more</u> .	
ditional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not omatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.	
Site works cross-browser	

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL https://open-disclosure.codeforsanjose.com/

Fetch Time Oct 16, 2020, 5:50 PM PDT

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/86.0.4240.80 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 604

Generated by Lighthouse 6.2.0 | File an issue