Reactive Socket - the future of microservices communication

Maciej Ciołek

CTO @ codeheroes_

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RSocket - the future of microservices communication

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RSocket maintainers:





Who we are?

We are working on different components of same product

We are familiar with HTTP

We need to have communication between components

We need to implement integrations with external parties



Microservice

responsible only for specific part of business domain

loosely coupled

lightweight protocols



Microservices Architecture

API gateway

User management service

Order processing service

Accounting service



Teams = different languages

API gateway



User management service

Order processing service

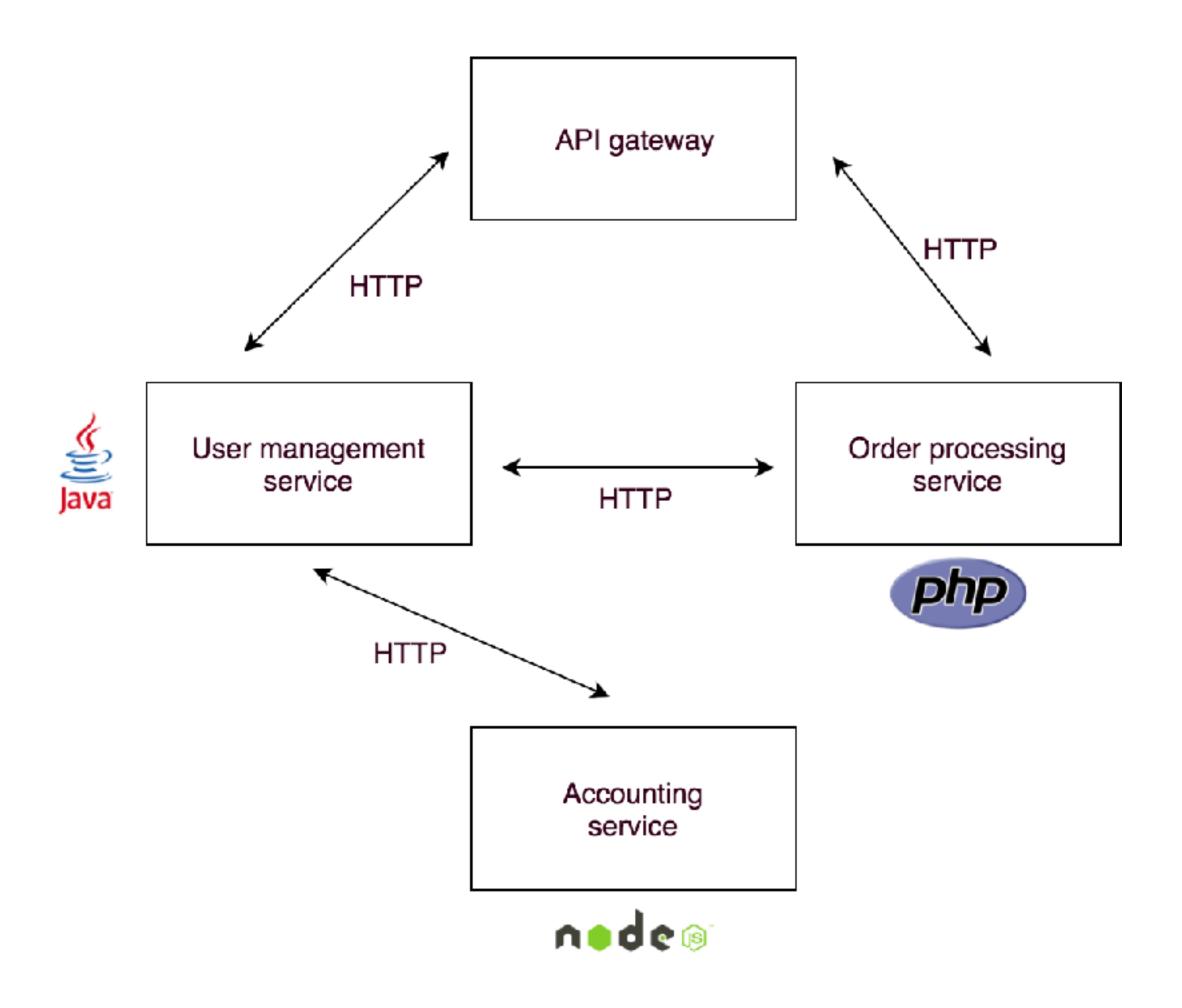


Accounting service





HTTP communication





HTTP drawbacks

Synchronous

Cannot handle many parallel request per connection

Pipelining does not work well

Supports only request-response model



HTTP is not enough

We need asynchronous approach

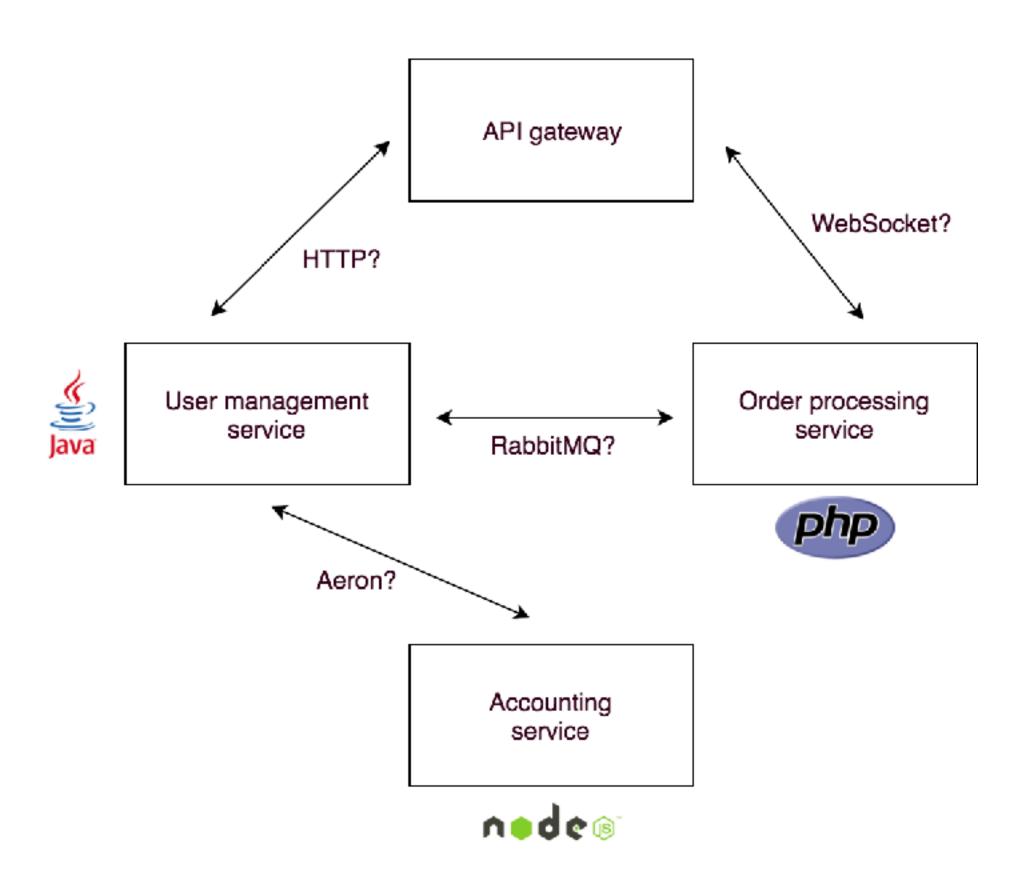
We need streaming API

We need publish and subscribe approach

We need persistent subscriptions



Communication coordination





This approach causes difficulties



RSocket - why?

Because of all I have presented so far

Reactive Manifesto

Reactive Streams

Because being reactive is great choice nowadays



RSocket - basic concept

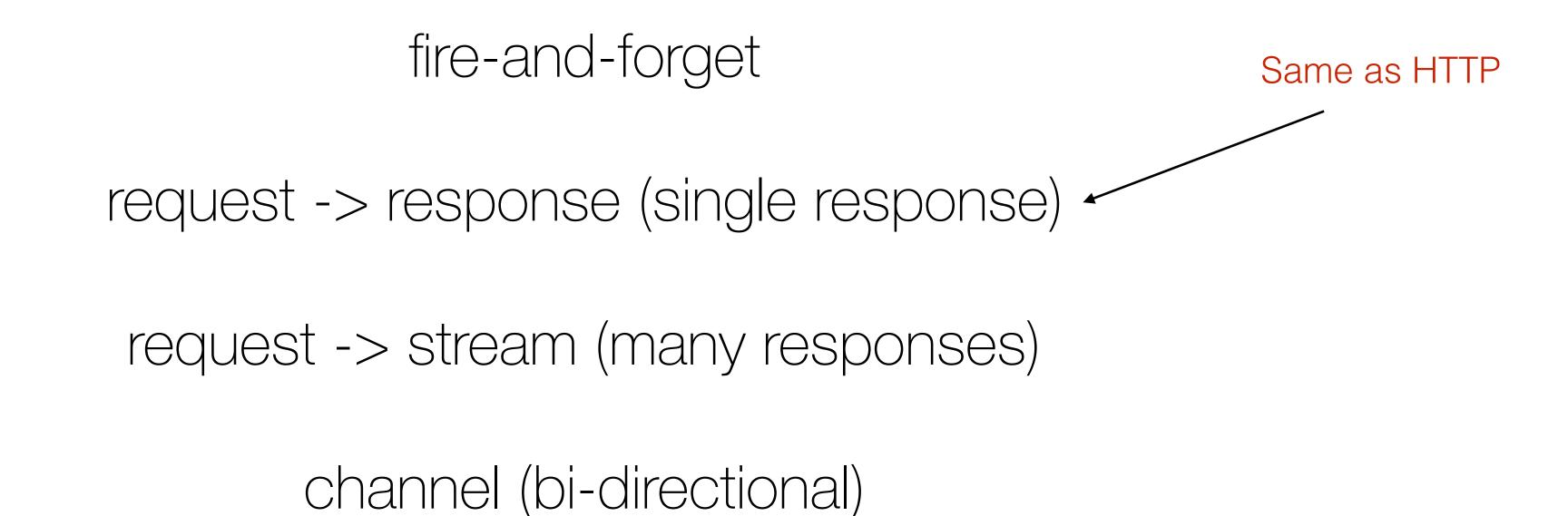
asynchronous communication

multiplexed streams over single connection

no synchronous blocks waiting for response



RSocket - interaction models





RSocket - fire-and-forget

single request with no response

Future<Void> result = client.fireAndForget(message);



RSocket - request / response

single request with single response

Future<Payload> response = client.requestResponse(request);



RSocket - request / multi-response

single request with stream of responses

Publisher<Payload> output = client.requestStream(request);



RSocket - request channel

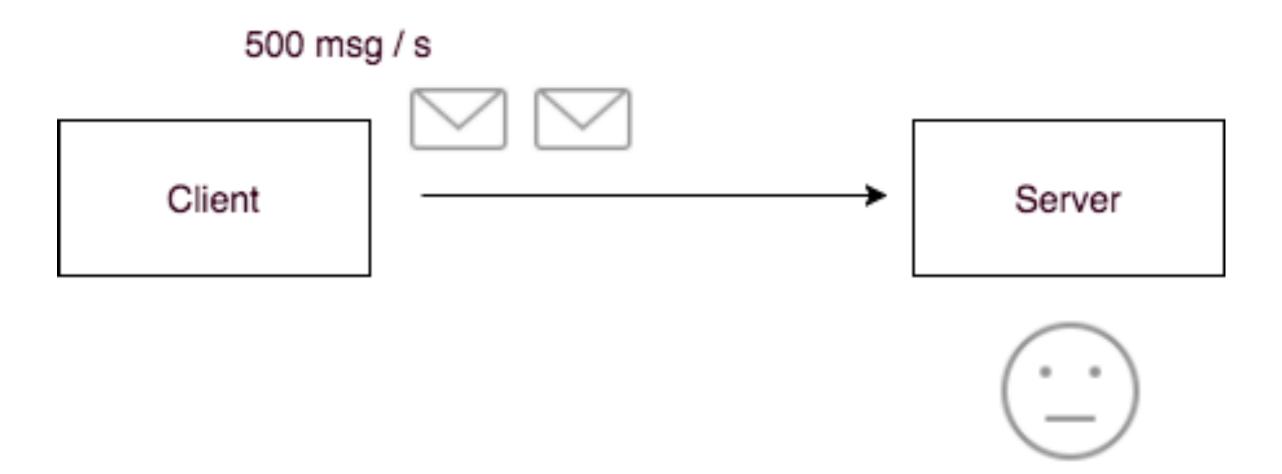
bi-directional communication channel

Publisher<Payload> output = client.requestChannel(Publisher<Payload> input);

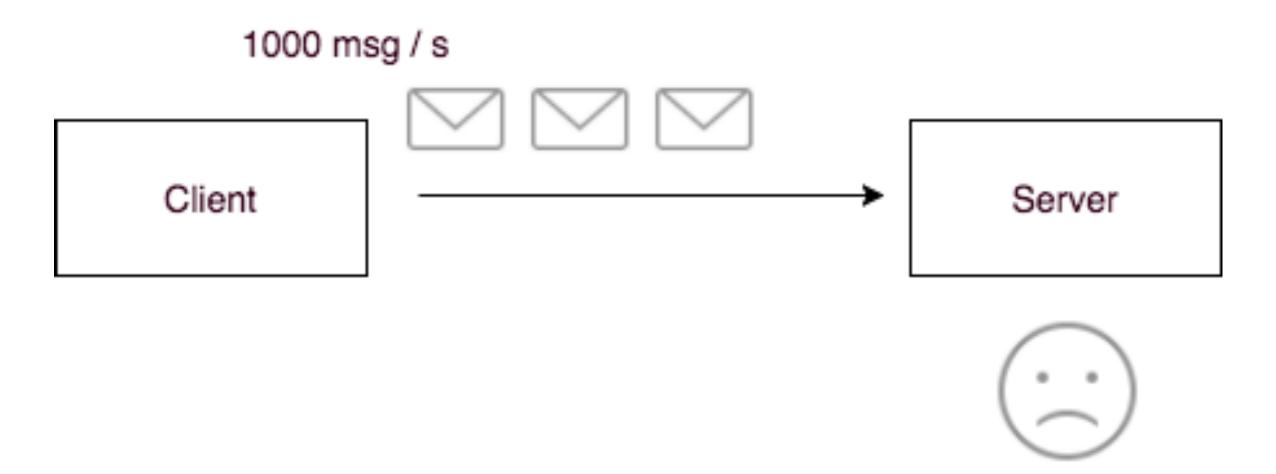
















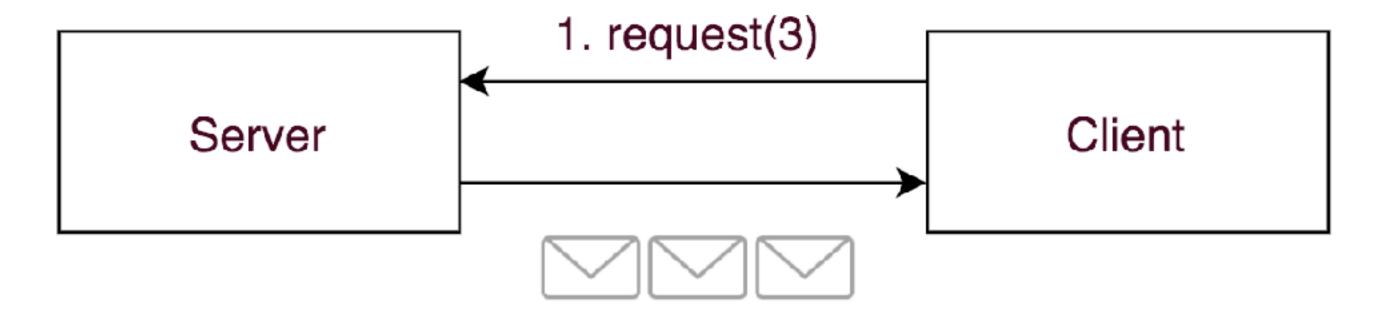






Async Pull - request(n)

Client request n messages from server

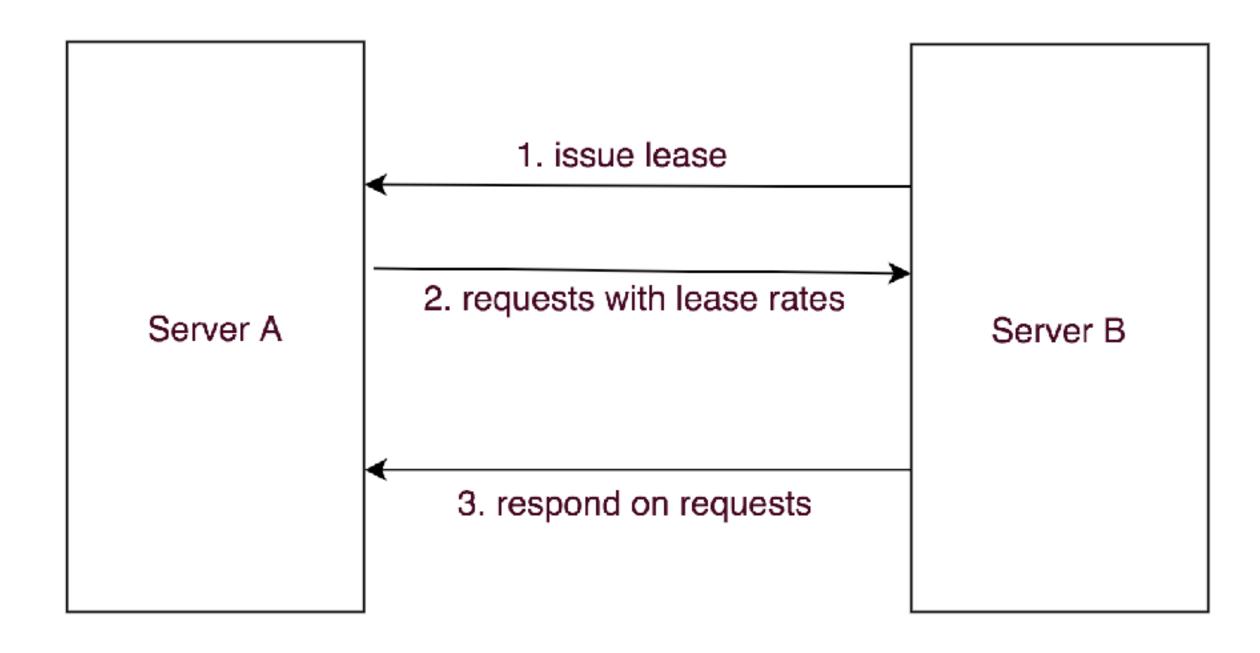


2. respond with 3 messages



Leasing

In server-to-server scenario one side can issue lease based on it's knowledge in order to control requests rates





RSocket - transport layer

WebSockets

TCP

Aeron

etc.





RSocket - status

Under development

Need to be battle tested

Almost production ready

Visit: http://rsocket.io



RSocket - why you should try?

1 protocol with 4 interaction models

build-in flow control mechanism

build on top of battle tested TCP or WebSockets



Thank you!

We are using RSocket in internal project and in future we are going to provide Scala API.

Code available here: https://github.com/codeheroesdev/rsocket-example



Maciej Ciołek



maciej@codeheroes.io



linkedin.com/in/maciejciolek



@MaciejCiolek