0 normal bascline some throng data depassed t + surcidal Standard because these two orlige this doesn't work, it doesn't properly equalize if someone is wrong, if they input happy fact into standard, they are guaranteed to be above 1, so alw _s some every increase base line model = f(x), standard model = g(x) previous text = X, now text = 1/2 if f(x2) >0.5, cour 1: of f(x1) >0.5 g(x2)-g(x1) elf f(X1) < 0.5 (g(x2)+1)-f(x,) if f(x1)>0.5 f(xe) -(g(x1)+1) positive number dsc f(x2) - f(x1)