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# C++ Tutorial 13

Posted by Derek Banas on Apr 30, 2018 in C Video Tutorial | 0 comments

In this tutorial we explore advanced uses of functions using C++. We'll cover how to store functions as variables, pass functions into other functions, store functions in a vector and more. Then we'll solve 2 problems. We'll receive lists of numbers and then return a list of only the odd values. We'll then generate random lists of heads and tails and add up how often each occurs. All of the code and a transcript of the video follows below.

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## **Code & Transcript**

```
#include <cstdlib>
2 #include <iostream>
    #include <string>
4 #include <vector>
5
   #include <ctime>
6 #include <numeric>
7
    #include <cmath>
8
  #include <sstream>
9
10 // 1. Created to store as a variable and to
11 // pass into other functions
12 double MultBy2(double num){
13
       return num * 2;
14 }
15
16 // 2. Functions can receive other functions
   // the first double is the return type followed
18 // by the data types for the parameter
19 double DoMath(std::function<double(double)> func, double num){
20
       return func(num);
21 }
22
23
  // 3. You can store functions in a vector
  double MultBy3(double num){
25
        return num * 3;
26 }
27
28 // 4. ---- PROBLEM ----
  // Checks for odd using modulus
30 bool IsItOdd(int num){
31
        if(num \% 2 == 0){
32
            return false;
33
        } else {
            return true;
```

```
35
36 }
37
38 // Receives a list and generates a list of odd values
39 // from that list
40 std::vector<int> ChangeList(std::vector<int> list,
41
            std::function<bool(int)> func){
42
        std::vector<int> oddList;
43
        for(auto i: list){
44
            if(func(i)){
45
                oddList.push_back(i);
46
47
48
        return oddList;
49 }
50 // ---- 4. END OF PROBLEM ----
51
52 // ---- 5. PROBLEM -----
53
   // Generates a random list from the possible values supplied
54 std::vector<char> GetHAndTList(std::vector<char> possibleValues,
55
            int numberValuesToGenerate){
56
        srand(time(NULL));
57
        std::vector<char> hAndTList;
58
59
        for(int x = 0; x < numberValuesToGenerate; ++x){
60
            int randIndex = rand() % 2;
61
            hAndTList.push_back(possibleValues[randIndex]);
62
63
        return hAndTList;
64 }
65
66 // Receives a list and sums the number of matching chars
   int GetNumberOfMatches(std::vector<char> list,
67
68
            char valueToFind){
69
        int numOfMatches = 0;
70
71
        for(char c: list){
72
            if(c == valueToFind){
73
                numOfMatches++;
74
75
76
        return numOfMatches;
77
   }
78
79
   // ---- 5. END OF PROBLEM ----
80
81 int main()
82 {
83
        // 1. You can store functions as variables
        auto times2 = MultBy2;
std::cout << "5 * 2 = " <<</pre>
84
85
                times2(5) << "\n";
86
87
88
        // 2. Pass a function into a function
89
        std::cout << "6 * 2 = " <<
90
                DoMath(times2, 6) << "\n";</pre>
91
92
        // 3. You can store functions in a vector
93
        // Create a vector using the function parameters
94
        // and then load the functions into the vector
95
        std::vector<std::function<double(double)>> funcs (2);
96
        funcs[0] = MultBy2;
97
        funcs[1] = MultBy3;
98
        std::cout << "2 * 10 = " <<
99
                funcs[0](10) << "\n";
```

```
100
101
        // 4. ---- PROBLEM -----
        // Create a function that receives a list and a function
102
        // The function passed will return True or False if a list
103
104
        // value is odd.
105
        // The surrounding function will return a list of odd
106
        // numbers
107
        std::vector<int> listOfNums {1,2,3,4,5};
108
        std::vector<int> oddList = ChangeList(listOfNums,
109
                 IsItOdd);
        std::cout << "List of Odds\n";</pre>
110
111
        for(auto i: oddList){
112
            std::cout << i << "\n";
113
        }
        // ---- 4. END OF PROBLEM ----
114
115
        // ---- 5. PROBLEM ----
116
117
        // Create a function that creates a random list using
118
        // a limited number of values
119
        // Create another function that checks for the number
120
        // of matches in a list
121
        // Create a random list of Hs and Ts and then output
122
        // how many of each were generated
123
124
        std::vector<char> possibleValues {'H', 'T'};
125
        std::vector<char> hAndTList = GetHAndTList(possibleValues,
                100);
126
        std::cout << "Number of Heads : " <<
127
128
                GetNumberOfMatches(hAndTList, 'H')
                 << "\n";
129
        std::cout << "Number of Tails : " <<</pre>
130
131
                 GetNumberOfMatches(hAndTList, 'T')
132
                 << "\n";
133
134
        // ---- 5. END OF PROBLEM ----
135
136
137
        return 0;
138 }
```

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