3.5 Revisiting Jackendoff's Challenges

• The Binding Problem. How to combine concepts into a new concept?

⇒ Binding operators

• The Problem of Two. How can the same concept be active in two different contexts? ⇒ Use symbols denoting the role. (Little star besides big star)

```
OBJ1 \circledast (TYPE \circledast STAR + SIZE \circledast LITTLE)+
OBJ2 \circledast (TYPE \circledast STAR + SIZE \circledast BIG)+
REL \circledast BESIDES
```

• The Problem of Variables. How to express rules containing variables?

⇒ Use inverse and role designators

```
\begin{aligned} \text{RULE} &= \text{RED} \circledast \text{NOUN} \\ \text{VAR} &= \text{NOUN}^{-1} \circledast \text{BALL} \\ \text{RULE} \circledast \text{VAR} &\approx \text{RED} \circledast \text{BALL} \end{aligned}
```

• Working vs. Long-Term Memory. How to manifest symbols in working and long-term memory? ⇒ NEF: neural activities → working memory, connection weights → functions (e.g., associative memory)

THE SEMANTIC POINTER ARCHITECTURE

1. Introduction

- VSAs: solve interesting cognitive tasks (Raven's Progressive Matrices, Jackendoff's Challenges)
- ullet But: not a cognitive architecture \to unclear how to build a behaving agent
- ⇒ Semantic Pointer Architecture (SPA)
 - What is a semantic pointer?
 - Working memory
 - Action selection

2. Semantic Pointers Combination of several concepts

- VSAs (binding operator, circular convolution)
- NEF (computational substrate, neurons)
- Source of vectors: reversible compression/decompression (dereferencing ↔ semantic pointer, deep semantics)
- Architecture: basal ganglia/cortex control loop
- \Rightarrow can build small and large scale models
- \Rightarrow flexible architecture, solve multiple tasks within the same model (SPAUN)

2.1 Deep vs. Shallow semantics

- Related to the "symbol grounding problem"
- Shallow semantics: relational
- Deep semantics: symbols link at "subjective experience"
- Example for shallow semantics: random vectors, word embeddings
- word2vec example:

```
WOMAN + (KING - MAN) \approx QUEEN,
SPACE + (SHIPS - WATER) \approx SPACESHIP.
```

2.2 Deep Semantics for Perception

- Example: visual processing in cortex
- Dimensionality reduction/compression from layer to layer
- First layer: high-dimensional visual input
- Final layer: semantic pointer
- Can decompress: clamp semantic pointer and compute most likely intermediate layer representations (i.e., "mental imagery")

2.3 Deep Semantics for Action

- Decompress low-dimensional semantic pointer
- Input: high-level action ("grab bottle")
- Output: body muscle tensions over time
- See HTBAB for an example (Chp. 3)

2.4 Using Semantic Pointers in Nengo

ullet See example

2.5 SPAUN

• See slides

3. Serial Working Memory

- Can use high-dimensional integrator for (working) memory
- Bind elements to position semantic pointer

```
\begin{split} \mathbf{WM} &= \mathbf{ITEM}\_\mathbf{A} \circledast \mathbf{POS}\_\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{ITEM}\_\mathbf{B} \circledast \mathbf{POS}\_\mathbf{2} \\ &= \mathbf{ITEM}\_\mathbf{A} \circledast \mathbf{POS} + \mathbf{ITEM}\_\mathbf{B} \circledast \mathbf{POS} \circledast \mathbf{POS} \end{split}
```

- In humans: primacy and recency effects
- $\bullet\,$ Can model using two separate systems