

Зертханалық жұмыс - №3

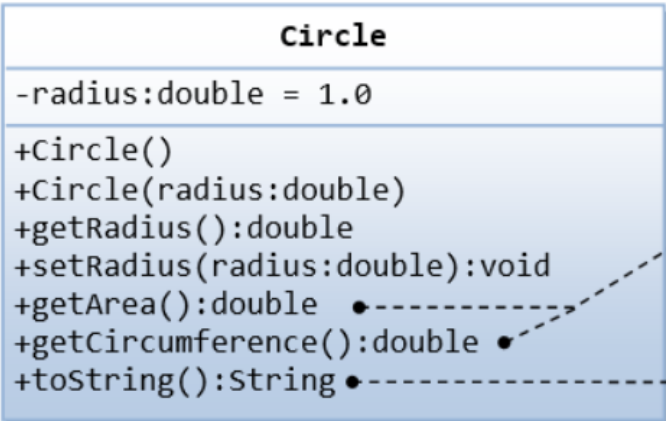
Объектіге бағытталған программалаудың элементтері

Жұмыстың мақсаты: Python программалау тілінде объектіге бағытталған программалау элементімен танысу

```
In [ ]: from IPython import display
```

Класс құруға мысал

```
In [ ]: display.Image('oop-1.png')
```

```
Out[ ]: 
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]: class Circle:
    def __init__(self, *args):
        if len(args) > 0:
            if isinstance(args[0], int) or isinstance(args[0], float):
                self.__radius = float(args[0])
            elif len(args) == 0:
                self.__radius = 1.0

    def getRadius(self)->float:
        return self.__radius

    def setRadius(self, radius:float):
        if radius > 0 and (isinstance(radius, float) or isinstance(radius, int)):
            self.__radius = float(radius)

    def getArea(self)->float:
        return 3.1415*self.__radius**2

    def getCircumference(self)->float:
        return 2*3.1415*self.__radius

    def __str__(self):
        return "Circle[radius = " + str(self.__radius) + "]"
```

In []:

```
c1 = Circle(1.1)
print(c1)
```

Circle[radius = 1.1]

In []:

```
c2 = Circle()
print(c2)
```

Circle[radius = 1.0]

In []:

```
c1.setRadius(2.2)
print(c1)
print(f"radius is: {c1.getRadius()}")
```

```
Circle[radius = 2.2]
radius is: 2.2
```

In []:

```
print(f"area is: {c1.getArea():.2f}")
print(f'circumference is: {c1.getCircumference():.2f}')
```

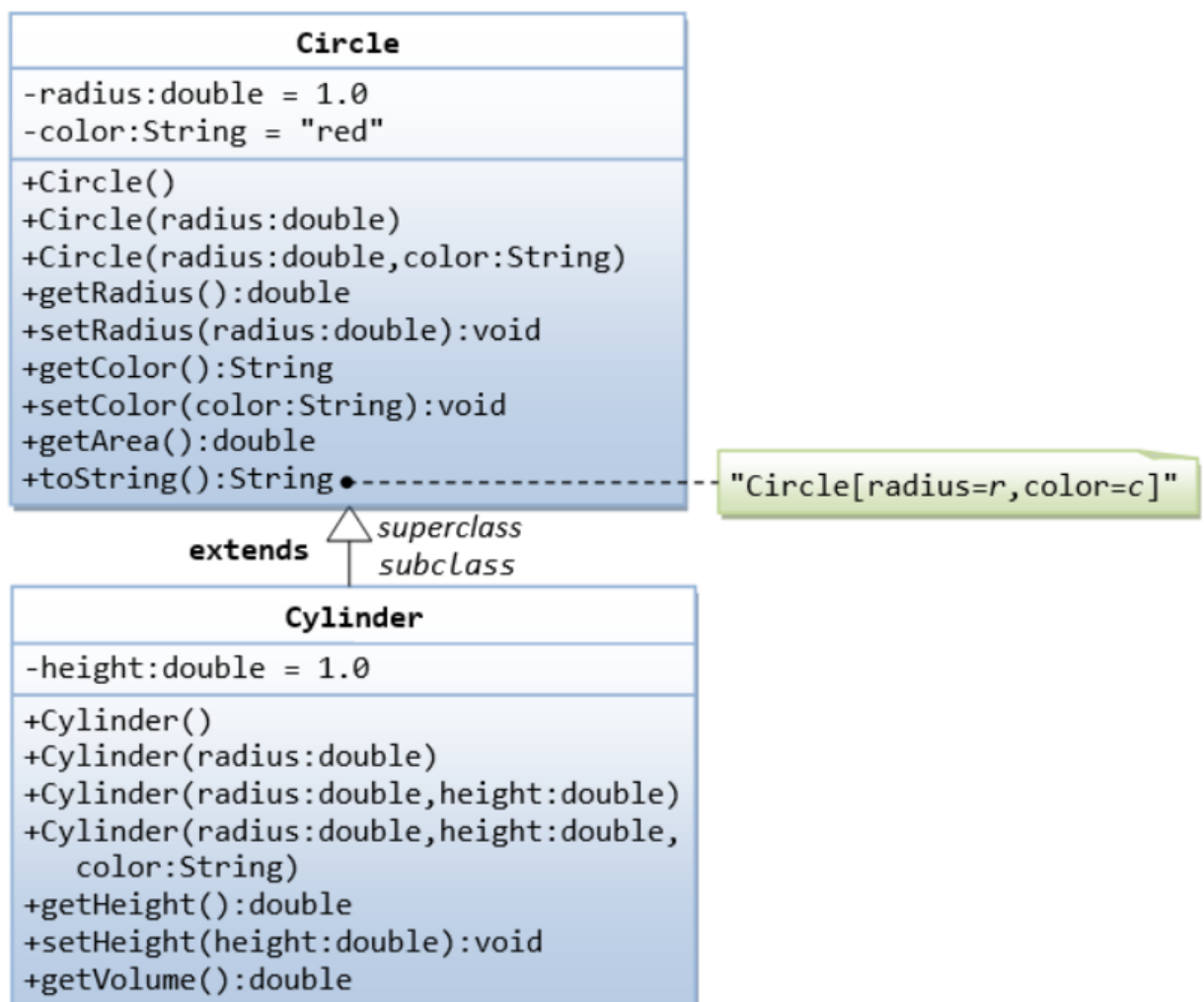
```
area is: 15.20
circumference is: 13.82
```

ООП-ның мұрагерлік қасиетіне мысал

In []:

```
display.Image('oop-8.png')
```

Out[]:



```
In [ ]: class Circle2:
    def __init__(self, *args):
        if len(args) == 0:
            self.__radius = 1.0
            self.__color = "red"
        elif len(args) == 1:
            if isinstance(args[0], int) or isinstance(args[0], float):
                self.__radius = float(args[0])
                self.__color = "red"
            elif len(args) == 2:
                if (isinstance(args[0], int) or isinstance(args[0], float)) \
                    and isinstance(args[1], str):
                    self.__radius = float(args[0])
                    self.__color = args[1]

    def getRadius(self)->float:
        return self.__radius

    def setRadius(self, radius:float):
        if radius > 0 and (isinstance(radius, float) or isinstance(radius, int)):
            self.__radius = float(radius)

    def getArea(self)->float:
        return 3.1415*self.__radius**2

    def getColor(self)->str:
        return self.__color

    def setColor(self, color:str):
        if isinstance(color, str):
            self.__color = color

    def __str__(self):
        return "Circle[radius = " + str(self.__radius) + ", color = " + self.__color
```

```
In [ ]: class Cylinder(Circle2):
    def __init__(self, *args):
        if len(args) == 0:
            super().__init__()
            self.__height = 1.0
        elif len(args) == 1:
            super().__init__(args[0])
            self.__height = 1.0
        elif len(args) == 2 and isinstance(args[1], float):
            super().__init__(args[0])
            self.__height = args[1]
        elif len(args) == 3 and isinstance(args[1], float) \
            and isinstance(args[2], str):
            super().__init__(args[0], args[2])
            self.__height = args[1]
        else:
            raise ValueError

    def getHeight(self)->float:
        return self.__height

    def setHeight(self, height:float):
        if isinstance(height, float):
            self.__height = height

    def getVolume(self)->float:
        return super().getArea() * self.__height

    def __str__(self):
```

```

return "Cylinder: subclass of " + super().__str__() + \
      " height = " + str(self.__height)

```

In []:

```

c1 = Cylinder()
print(f"radius = {c1.getRadius()}")
print(f"height = {c1.getHeight()}")
print(f"area = {c1.getArea()}")
print(f"volume = {c1.getVolume()}")
print(c1)

```

```

radius = 1.0
height = 1.0
area = 3.1415
volume = 3.1415
Cylinder: subclass of Circle[radius = 1.0, color = red] height = 1.0

```

In []:

```

c2 = Cylinder(10.0)
print(f"radius = {c2.getRadius()}")
print(f"height = {c2.getHeight()}")
print(f"area = {c2.getArea()}")
print(f"volume = {c2.getVolume()}")
print(c2)

```

```

radius = 10.0
height = 1.0
area = 314.15000000000003
volume = 314.15000000000003
Cylinder: subclass of Circle[radius = 10.0, color = red] height = 1.0

```

In []:

```

c3 = Cylinder(2.0, 10.0)
print(f"radius = {c3.getRadius()}")
print(f"height = {c3.getHeight()}")
print(f"area = {c3.getArea()}")
print(f"volume = {c3.getVolume()}")
print(c3)

```

```

radius = 2.0
height = 10.0
area = 12.566
volume = 125.66000000000001
Cylinder: subclass of Circle[radius = 2.0, color = red] height = 10.0

```

In []:

```

c4 = Cylinder(2.0, 10.0, "blue")
print(f"radius = {c4.getRadius()}")
print(f"height = {c4.getHeight()}")
print(f"area = {c4.getArea()}")
print(f"volume = {c4.getVolume()}")
print(f"color = {c4.getColor()}")
print(c4)

```

```

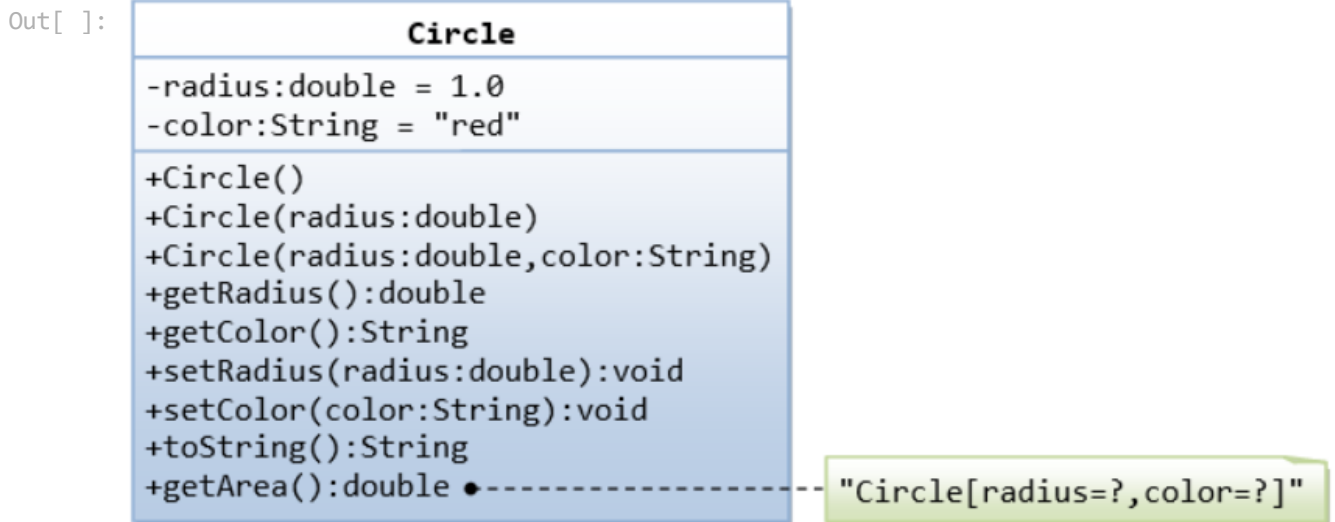
radius = 2.0
height = 10.0
area = 12.566
volume = 125.66000000000001
color = blue
Cylinder: subclass of Circle[radius = 2.0, color = blue] height = 10.0

```

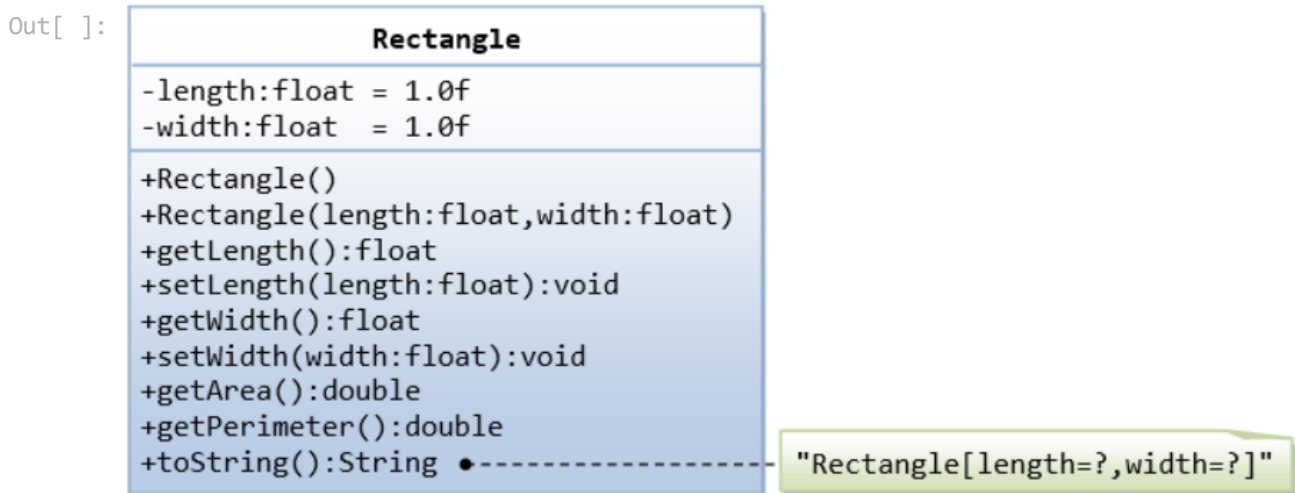
Тапсырмалар:

Төмендегі класс диаграммаларға қарап python тілінде класстар құрыңыздар

In []: `display.Image('oop-2.png')`

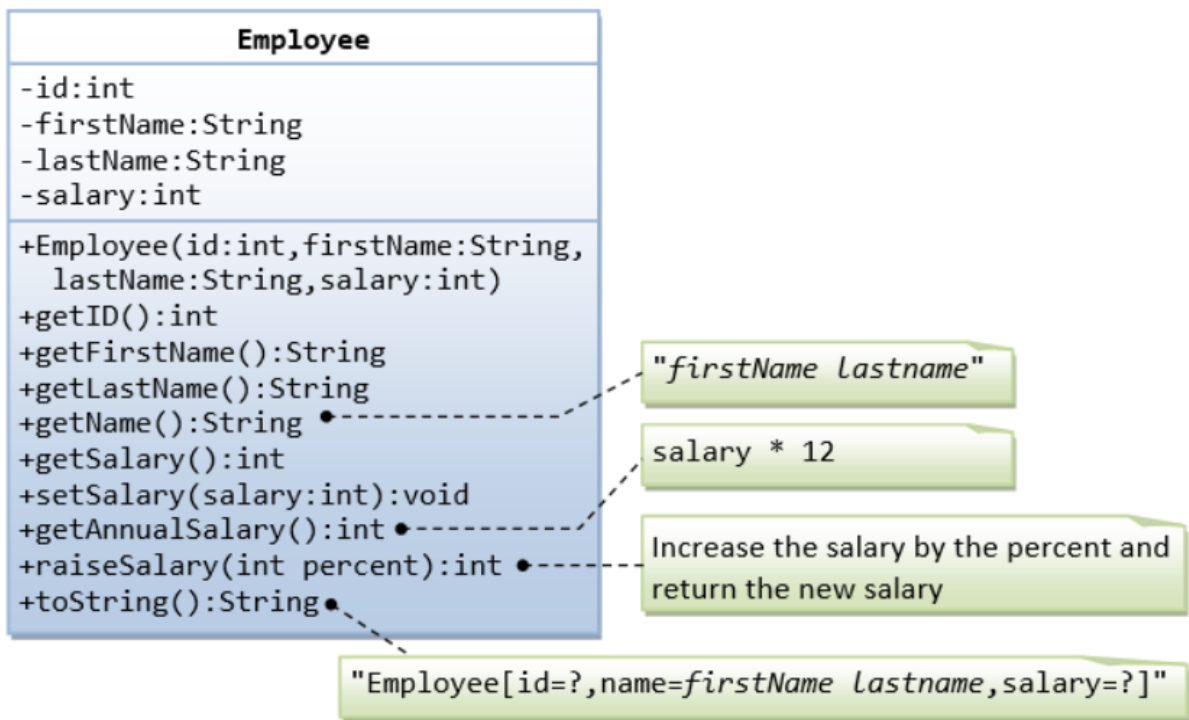


In []: `display.Image('oop-3.png')`

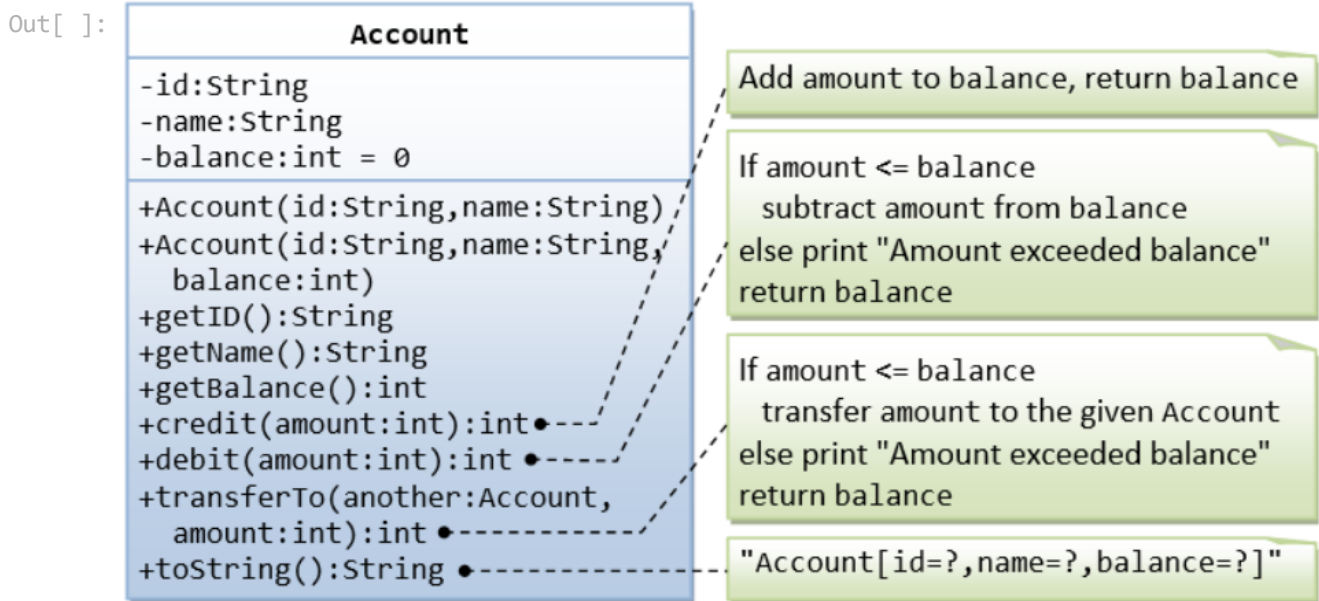


In []: `display.Image('oop-4.png')`

Out []:

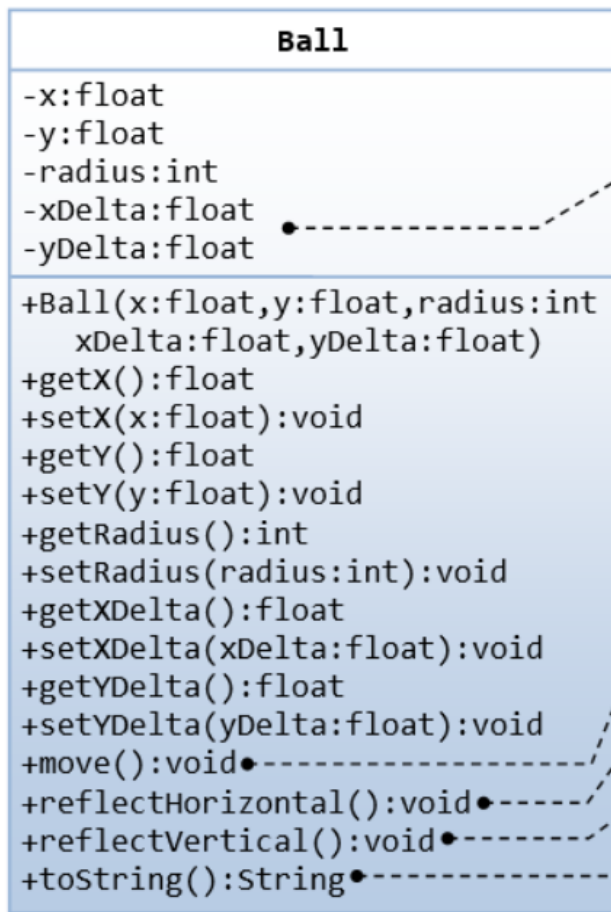


In []: `display.Image('oop-5.png')`



In []: `display.Image('oop-6.png')`

Out []:



Each move step advances x and y by Δx and Δy . Δx and Δy could be positive or negative.

Move one step:
 $x += \Delta x$; $y += \Delta y$;

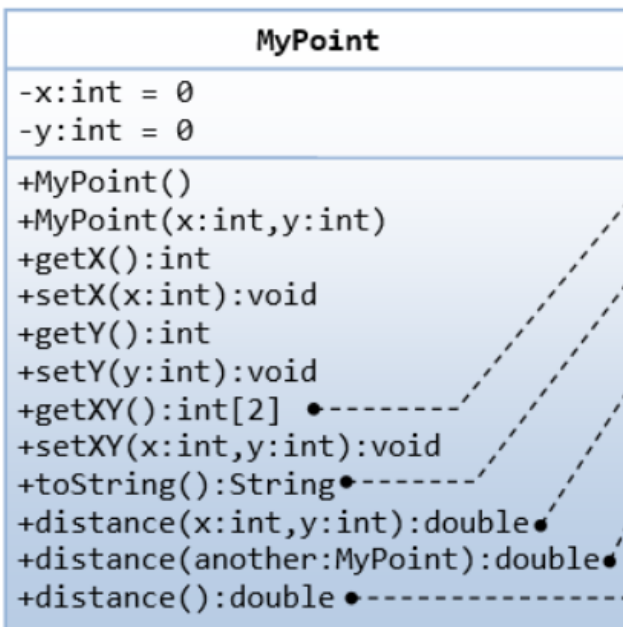
$\Delta x = -\Delta x$

$\Delta y = -\Delta y$

"Ball[(x,y),speed=(Δx , Δy)]"

In []: `display.Image('oop-7.png')`

Out []:



Return a 2-element int[] of {x,y}

"(x,y)"

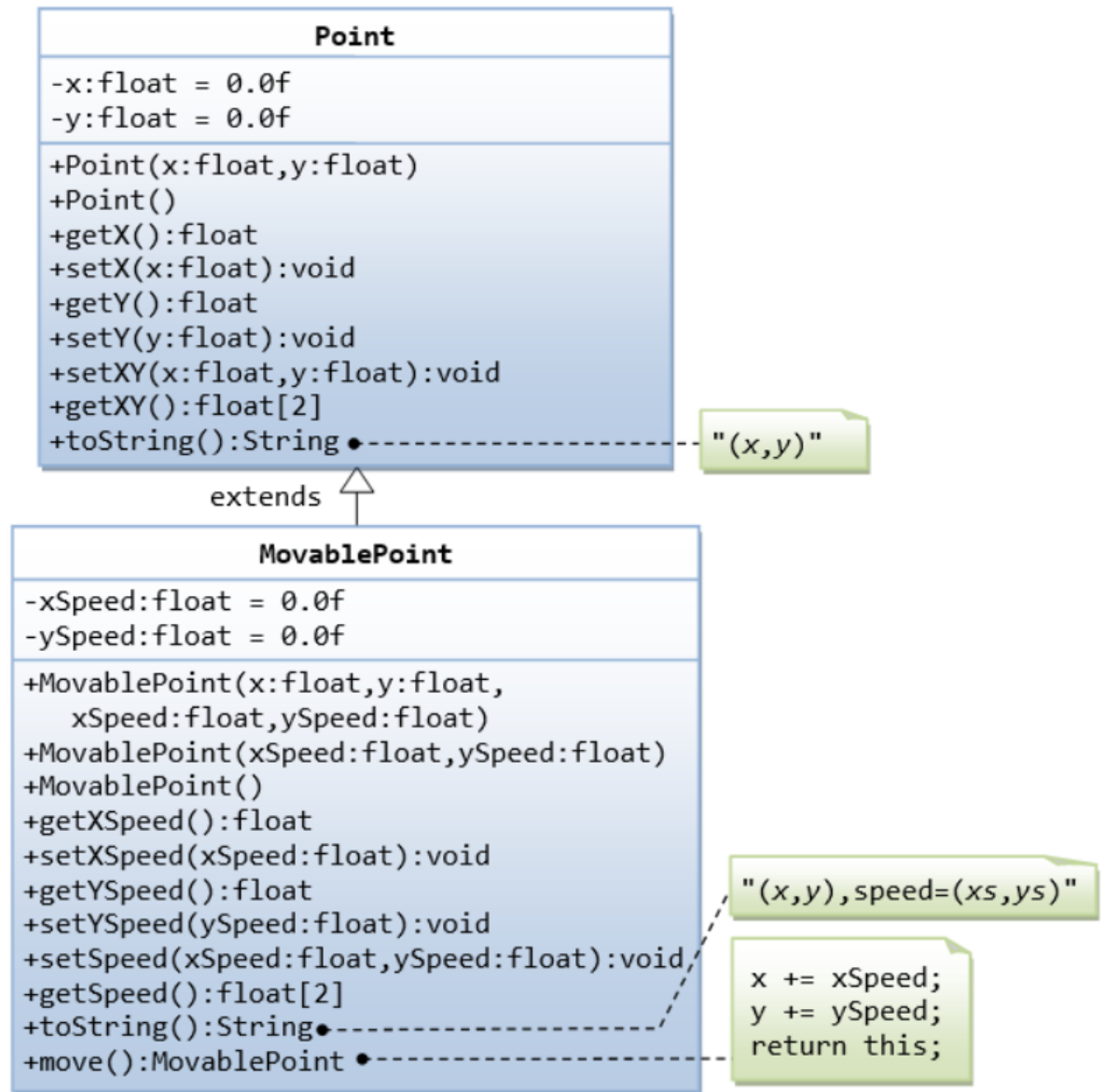
Distance from this point to the given point at (x,y).

Distance from this point to the given instance of MyPoint.

Distance from this point to (0,0)

In []: `display.Image('oop-9.png')`

Out []:



In []: