Software Development Life Cycle

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Software Development Life Cycle:

Traditional Models:

Spiral Model:

- Planning
- · Risk Analysis
- Engineering
- Evaluation

Iterations in Spiral Model:

- Iteration 1: Prototype
- Iteration 2: Release Candidate
- Iteration 3: Product Launch

Rational unified process Cycle:

- Inception Objective Milestone 1 Iteration
- Elaboration Architecture Milestone 2 Iteration
- Construction Initial Operational Capability Milestone 3 Iteration
- Transition Production Release Milestone 2 Iteration

Dynamic Systems Development Method(DSDM) Crystal Method

Modern Approaches:

Scrum:

- 1995
- Roles: Product Owner, Scrum Master and Development Team

Scrum roles:

- Scrum Master:
 - Agile Coach
 - o Servant Leader
 - o Convince not Manage
 - o Removes barriers
- Product Backlog, Sprint Backlog and Product Increment.

Sprint Workflow:

- Sprint Planning Product Backlog Product Owner
- Sprint Sprint backlog Development team & Scrum Master
- Review
- Retrospective Increment
- Flow:
 - Product backlog -> Sprint Backlog -> Daily Scrum Meeting -> Increment.

Lean Software Development:

- 2003
- Used by delivery teams such as amazon, insurance companies.
- Lean Value Stream Mapping:
 - Lead Time: Total Time taken from customer request to delivery.
 - Cycle Time: Actual time spent working on the item.
- Main Principle: Eliminate Waste

Kanhan:

- Visualize your work and Limit work in progress.
- Little's Law:
 - No. of items in work queue = Average time spent on each work item x Arrival rate of work items.

Extreme Programming (XP):

- 1991
- Process:
 - o Just-in-time design
 - Pair Programming Collaboration Two people working together.
 - Test Driven Development
 - □ Write Test for the code not written
 - □ Write function to fail test as code is partially developed.
 - □ Write code to pass test Exhaust till all scenarios are developed.

Spotify Model:

- Release Approach:
 - Squad works in parallel
 - o Small frequent releases
 - Release train and feature toggle
- CI: Kata Board
- Squads 1-7 people.
- Tribes: Group of Squads working in specific area.
- Chapter: Group of Squads working in specific expertise.
- Guilds: Group of Squads with similar interest.

DevOps:

Development and Operations.

CMMI:

- Capability Maturity Model Integration
- It is a Model not a Standard
- General guidelines
- Levels 1 to 5
- 1-Initial, 2-Managed, 3-Defined, 4-Measured and controlled, 5-Stable & Flexible
- CMMI V2.0-> Supports Agile scaling guidelines

Six Sigma:

- Scientific Method
- Reduce defect and variation
- Sigma -> Standard Deviation
- Sigma -> 1 to 6 Variations -> Higher sigma level is better, it means lesser number of defects.
- DMAIC Cycle Define (Value stream Mapping), Measure(Pareto Chart), Analyze(fish bone diagram), Improvement(Affinity Diagram) and Control(Control Charts)
- Steven Browns Lean six sigma process.

Reference:

Linkedin