Task: to scrape normal transaction from the given link

Link: https://bscscan.com/txs

Import required libraries

```
import csv
import json
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.chrome.options import Options
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
# from selenium.webdriver.common.desired_capabilities import DesiredCapabilities
```

Function to launch browser and get a given link

Scraping the data

Function to get headers (list)

```
In [3]: # returns a list
def get_header(table):
    header_txt = table.find_element(By.XPATH, '//*[@id="paywall_mask"]/table/thead')
    temp = header_txt.split(sep='\n')
    # print(temp)
    temp2 = temp[0].split(' ')
    # print(temp2)
    header = [temp2[0]+' '+temp2[1]]
    header.append(temp2[2])
```

```
header.extend(temp[1:])
return header
```

Function to write rows into 'data.csv'

```
params:
               wr: writer object,
               table: table element found using driver.find_element()
           return:
                failed rows: list
                normal rows: list
In [4]:
         # params:
            wr: writer object,
            table: table element found using driver.find element()
         def write_normal_rows(wr, table):
             failed rows = []
             normal rows = []
             # get rows of current page
             for row num in range(1,51):
                 row xpath = f'//*[@id="paywall mask"]/table/tbody/tr[{row num}]'
                               //*[@id="paywall_mask"]/table/tbody/tr[1]
                 row = table.find_element(By.XPATH, row_xpath)
                 # 12  tags in a row
                 normal_row_content = []
                 failed_row_content = []
                 # check if row has span with failed icon (<i> tag)
                 normal = False
                 try:
                     i_xpath = f'//*[@id="paywall_mask"]/table/tbody/tr[{row_num}]/td[2]/span
                     i_tag = table.find_element(By.XPATH, i_xpath).tag_name
                 # if failed icon or <i> tag is not found, Then exception will be raised
                 # it means that transaction is normal
                 except:
                     normal = True
                 # get text from  in the row:
                 # > 1, 5, 8, 12 donot have any text
                 for td num in [2,3,4,6,7,9,10,11]:
                     td_xpath = f'//*[@id="paywall_mask"]/table/tbody/tr[{row_num}]/td[{td_nu
                     if normal:
                         normal row content.append(row.find element(By.XPATH, td xpath).text)
                     else:
                         failed row content.append(row.find element(By.XPATH, td xpath).text)
                 if len(failed_row_content) > 0:
                     failed_rows.append(failed_row_content)
                 normal rows.append(normal row content)
                 wr.writerow(normal row content)
             return normal_rows, failed_rows
```

it writes transactions into data.csv and failed_data.csv

```
In [8]:
         def get_transactions():
             with open('data.csv', 'w', newline='') as csvfile:
                 wr = csv.writer(csvfile)
                 failed_rows = []
                 driver = launch chrome(f"https://bscscan.com/txs")
                 table xpath = '//*[@id="paywall mask"]/table'
                 table = driver.find element(By.XPATH, table xpath)
                 header = get header(table)
                 wr.writerow(header) # write the header into csv file
                 print('Writing header to "data.csv" file ',header)
                 for page in range(1,11):
                     driver = launch chrome(f"https://bscscan.com/txs?p={page}")
                     print(f"Reading page{page}...")
                     # write rows into csv file and
                     # return lists of normal_rows, failed_rows
                     normal_rows, failed_rows = write_normal_rows(wr, table)
                     # print(failed rows)
                     # write failed rows in its csv file
                     # click next to go to next page
                     next = driver.find_element(By.XPATH,'//*[@id="ctl00"]/div[3]/ul/li[4]/a'
                     next.click()
                     driver.quit() # close driver
             print('Successfully written all normal rows into "data.csv" ')
             with open('failed data.csv', 'w', newline='') as csvfile:
                 wr = csv.writer(csvfile)
                 wr.writerow(header) # write the header into csv file
                 print('Writing header to \'failed_data.csv\' file ',header)
                 print("Writing failed rows into the csv file...")
                 [ wr.writerow(fr) for fr in failed_rows ]
             print('Successfully written all failed rows into "failed data.csv" ')
```

get 50 transactions from a page scrape 10 such pages total 500 transactions

Note: actual number of transactions will be less than 500 as some of them will be in failed data.csv

```
Reading page1...
Reading page3...
Reading page4...
Reading page5...
Reading page5...
Reading page6...
Reading page7...
Reading page8...
Reading page8...
Reading page9...
Reading page10...
Successfully written all normal rows into "data.csv"
Writing header to 'failed_data.csv' file ['Txn Hash', 'Method', 'Block', 'Age', 'Fr om', 'To', 'Value', 'Txn Fee']
Writing failed rows into the csv file...
Successfully written all failed rows into "failed_data.csv"
```

CSV to JSON

```
In [ ]:
         # Function to convert a CSV to JSON
         # Takes the file paths as arguments
         def make json(csvFilePath, jsonFilePath):
             # create a dictionary
             data = \{\}
             # Open a csv reader called DictReader
             with open(csvFilePath, encoding='utf-8') as csvf:
                 csvReader = csv.DictReader(csvf)
                 # Convert each row into a dictionary
                 # and add it to data
                 for rows in csvReader:
                     # Assuming a column named 'No' to
                     # be the primary key
                     key = rows['Txn Hash']
                     data[key] = rows
             # Open a json writer, and use the json.dumps()
             # function to dump data
             with open(jsonFilePath, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as jsonf:
                 jsonf.write(json.dumps(data, indent=4))
In [ ]:
         make_json('data.csv', 'data.json')
```

make json('failed data.csv', 'failed data.json')

In []: